By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For the better Execution of the Office of making and Registring Policys of Assurances in *London*.

7. *Nov.* 1687.

JAMES R.

WHereas Our late Royal Brother King Charles the Second, did by several Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England, Grant to Sir Allen Broderick and his Assigns, the Office of Making and Registring of all manner of Assurances, Policys, Intimations, Renunciations, and all other things whatsoever, that should be made upon any Ship or Ships, Merchandizes, or any other thing or things in the Royal Exchange, or in any other Place or Places within the City of London, by any manner of Person or Persons whatsoever, of what Nation, Condition or Quality soever he or they be, either going out of this Realm or coming in, or going or coming into any other Place or Places whatsoever, for his own Life, and the Life of William Broderick Merchant, and for One and thirty Years after the death of the Survivor of them, with the Fees and Profits thereof. And whereas several persons pretending to be ignorant of the said Grants, and not respecting the Publick Good, nor considering the great Advantages which Would most certainly accrue to the Merchants and other Traders of the said City of London, by a due and ready compliance therewith, Do for their own private Lucre, presume to erect and set up private Offices for making Policys of Assurances, and make no Entries thereof in the Office aforesaid, by Which means Merchants and other Traders not being able to know What Assurances are made upon any Ship or Goods, do frequently Assure more then the value of such Ship and Goods, to the great discouraging of Trade. We have therefore thought fit by this Our Royal Proclamation, With the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish and make known the said Grants of the said Office to all Our loving Subjects, to the end all Persons concerned may have recourse thereunto, and that all Frauds and Abuses touching the Execution thereof may for the future be redressed, and the Persons Interessed therein, quieted and settled in the Possession thereof, according to the purport and intent of the said Letters Patents; We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all manner of Person and Persons Whatsoever he or they be, as Well Our own Subjects as Strangers, Who within the Royal Exchange aforesaid, or in any other Place or Places Within Our said City of London, shall make or cause to be made any manner of Assurance either upon Ships, Goods or Merchandizes, or of Moneys taken upon the Hazard or Safe Proceedings of any Ship or Ships, Goods or Merchandize, or of any other thing Whatsoever touching or concerning the same, That from henceforth the same be made and Registred by the Assigns of the said Sir Allen Broderick, pursuant to the said Letters Patents, and that no other Person or Persons do presume to Erect any other Office or Offices for Making or Registring any Assurances or Policys contrary to the said Letters Patents, as they Will answer the same at their Peril.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* this 30th day of *April* 1685. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings Most Excellent Majesty. 1687.

2d.

By the King.

A PROCLAMATION

Inhibiting all Persons after the Four and twentieth day of *June* next to use the Trade of a Pedlar or Petty Chapman, unless they be Licensed according to a Course lately taken by Us in that behalf.

15. May. 1686.

JAMES R.

WHereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Nine and thirtieth year of the Reign of the late Queen Elizabeth, Entituled, [An Act for Punishing of Rogues, Vagabonds, and Sturdy Beggars] It is amongst other things Enacted, That all Pedlars, and Petty Chapmen wandring abroad, should be taken, Adjudged and Deemed Rogues, Vagabonds and Sturdy Beggars, and be Punished as by the said Act is Directed; Which Statute Was in the Seventh year of the Reign of the late King James Confirmed and Enacted to be put in due Execution: And Whereas the Trade of a Pedlar, or Petty Chapman hath heretofore been used for the Benefit and Ease of Our Loving Subjects dwelling remote from Cities and Market Towns, and for that cause the Industrious and Well disposed Petty Chapman, as well before the said Statute as since, hath been in some sort permitted to Travel and use his Trade; And Whereas under colour of using the said Trade, many Rogues and Idle Wandring Persons carrying about Trifles in the habit of Pedlars, or Petty Chapmen, so misbehave themselves, as they are indeed no other but Rebels, Sturdy Beggars or Thieves, and many of them being of no Religion, Carry abroad and Disperse Without Inspection, Schismatical and Scandalous Books and Libells, not onely to the prejudice of Us, and the Government in general, but to the Wrong of many of Our Subjects in particular: Whereupon We in Our Princely Care desiring Redress and Reformation of all Abuses in this kind; And yet that the Industrious and Honest Pedlar or Petty Chapman may be Tolerated and Incouraged to Travel in his Vocation; And finding no better Way to effect the same, then by Licensing such as should be known to be of Good and Honest Conversation, have by Our Letters Patents bearing Date the Nine and twentieth day of April now last past, Continued the Office for that purpose formerly Erected, and Appointed the same to be kept in some convenient Place within [illegible] and in any other Two or more Cities or Towns Corporate within this Our Realm of England, or the Principality of Wales, for the Licensing of Pedlars or Petty Chapmen; and by Our said Letters Patents made certain of Our Loving Subjects (of whose Care and Fidelity We have taken notice) Our Officers in Order to the Licensing the said Pedlars and Petty Chapmen, and thereby given unto them, their Deputies and Assigns, Power and Authority to Approve and Allow of such Person and Persons to use the said Trade of a Pedlar or Petty Chapman, as shall bring Testimony under the hands and Seals of the Minister and Churchwardens of the Parish where he or they shall Inhabit, Testifying the Loyalty, Honesty and Abode of such Person or Persons, and of his or their fitness to be Licensed to use the said Trade, and shall become Bound unto Us, Our Heirs and Successors in the Penal Sum of Forty pounds to be and continue of good Behaviour towards Us, Our Heirs and Successors, and all Our Liege People, and to Lodge onely in Inns or Alehouses, and not to Travel on Sundays, and that thereupon there shall be Licences Drawn and Engrossed for the said Pedlars, or Petty Chapmen, and be Sealed under the Seal of that Office, and Confirmed unto them under Our Great Seal, to continue during Our Pleasure. And because many of the former Abuses will not be clean taken away, nor the intended good of Our Loving Subjects fully perfected, without the suppressing of such Dissolute and Obstinate Vagrants as shall use the said Trade without Licence; And for that the said Pedlars and Petty Chapmen of the better sort have not yet had Publick Notice of the said Letters Patents, nor taken Licences accordingly, for that no time was appointed for their Application in that behalf; We therefore do hereby straitly Charge and Command, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, other then such as shall be Licensed by force of, and according to the true meaning of Our said Letters Patents, do attempt or presume to Wander, Travel, or Go abroad as or in the habit of a Pedlar, or Petty Chapman, to Buy, Sell or Utter any manner of Wares or Commodities whatsoever, in any Place or Places whatsoever within this Our Realm of England, or Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or in any part of them, or any of them, from and after the Four and twentieth day of June next after the Date of this Our Proclamation, upon the Pains and Penalties in the said Statutes mentioned and expressed. And We do hereby likewise strictly Charge and Command all and singular Our Justices of Assize, Justices of Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Constables, and all other Our Officers, to take notice of this Our Pleasure, and of the said Letters Patents, and to be from time to time in all things Aiding and Assisting unto Our said Officers, their Assigns and Deputies, in the due Execution thereof, and to take care that the said Statutes, and the Pains and Penalties therein contained, be duly Executed upon the Contemners or Neglecters of this Our Royal Commandment; as they tender Our Pleasure, and will answer the contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Seventh day of May 1686. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, 1686.

A PROCLAMATION

Discharging Forraign Copper-Coyn to be Imported or made use of in this Kingdom. 31. May. 1686.

JAMES by the Grace of GOD, King of *Great-Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith; To Our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers of Our Privy Council, Pursevants, Messengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part conjunctly and severally, specially constitute, Greeting: Forasmuch as We Understanding that there are Copper-Coyn, Imported from Abroad, and passing in this Our Kingdom, which is a great abuse to the Nation, and prejudice to Our Mint: We therefore, with Advice of Our Privy Council, for preventing thereof, Do hereby strictly Prohibit and Discharge, all Merchants, Skippers, Marriners and others, To Import into this Kingdom, after Publication hereof, any Doyts, or other Copper-Coyn, from *France*, *Holland*, or any place from Abroad, under the pain of Confiscation thereof, the one half to Our Use, and the other half to the Discoverer, or Informer, besides what other Punishment We, or Our Council shall think fit to inflict upon the Contraveeners. And further, We Do hereby Prohibit and Discharge the foresaid Doyts, or other Copper-Coyn, from *France*, or *Holland*, or any Copper-Coyn, but what is under Our Royal Stamp, to pass within this Kingdom hereafter, or any of Our Subjects to receive the same as Coyn, as they will be answerable: And hereby Authorize, and Require all Customers, Waiters, Collectors and others, To seize upon, and appropriat to their own use, any of the said Forraign Copper-Coyn where ever they can find, or discover the same; Requiring all Magistrates, Officers and Souldiers of Our Forces, to be concurring and assisting hereto, when required, as they will answer at their Perril; And to the end Our Pleasure in the Premisses may be made Notour and Known; Our Will is, and We Charge you strictly, and Command, That incontinent, These Our Letters seen, ye pass to the Mercat-Cross of *Edinburgh*, and other places needful, and there, in Our Royal Name and Authority, by open Proclamation, make Publication of the Premisses, that none pretend ignorance.

Given under Our Signet at Edinburg, *the Twentieth Day of* May, *One Thousand Six Hundred Eighty Six Years. And of Our Reign the Second Year.*

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilij.

WILL. PATERSON, *Cls. Sti. Concilij.*

GOD Save the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderson*, Printer to His Most Sacred Majesty, *Anno. Dom.* 1686.
This may be Reprinted at *London*, *R. L. S. May* the 28*th.* 1686. By *E. Mallet*, next Door to *Mr. Shipton's* Coffee-House, near *Fleet-Bridge*.

1d.

4

A PROCLAMATION

Againſt Slanderers and Leeſing-makers.

29. June. 1686.



A MES, by the Grace of GOD, King of *Great-Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith; To our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers of Our Privy Council, Purſevants, and Meſſengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly, and ſeverally, ſpecially conſtitute, Greeting: Whereas We are informed That divers Miniſters, and others, to promote their Seditious deſigns, Do take upon them in Sermons, and other Diſcourſes, To Allarm the People, and to raiſe diſlike of Our Perſon and Government in their Hearts, Defaming and Slandering Our Deſigns, or at leaſt, medling in Our Affairs; All which are highly puniſhable, and the Puniſhments Declared by Our Laws and Acts of Parliament; Eſpecially by the ſeventh *Act* of the eight *Parl.* of King *James* the Sixth, Our Royal Grand-Father, (of ever Bleſſed Memory) *Cap.* 134. Intituled, *Anent Slanderers of the King, His Progenitors, Eſtate and Realm*; And of which, in ſo far as relates to theſe Affaires, *The Tenor follows. Foraſmuch as it is underſtood to Our Soveraign Lord, and His Three Eſtates Aſſembled in this preſent Parliament, What great harm and inconvenient has fallen in this Realm, chiefly ſince the beginning of the Civil Troubles, occurred in the time of His Highneſs minority, through the wicked and licentious, publick and private Speeches, and untrue Calumnies of divers His Subjects, to the Diſdain, Contempt and Reproach of His* Majeſty, *His Council and Proceedings, and to the diſhonour and prejudice of His Highneſs, His Parents, Progenitors and Eſtate: Stirring up His Highneſs Subjects thereby to miſliking, Sedition, Unquietneſs, and to caſt off their due obedience to His* Majeſty, *to their evident perril, tinſel and deſtruction; His Highneſs continuing always in Love and Clemency toward all His good Subjects, and moſt willing to ſeek the ſafety and preſervation of them all; Which wilfully, needleſs, and upon plain malice, after His Highneſs Mercy and Pardon, oft-times afore granted, has procured themſelves by their Treaſonable Deeds, to be cut off as corrupt members of this Common-well: Therefore it is Statute and Ordained by Our Soveraign Lord, and His three Eſtates in this preſent Parliament, That none of His Subjects (of whatſoever Function, Degree, or Quality in time coming) ſhall preſume to take upon hand, privatly, or publickly in Sermons, Declarations, or familiar Conferences, to utter any falſe, Slanderous or untrue Speeches, to the diſdain, reproach and contempt of His* Majeſty, *His Council and Proceedings; or to the diſhonour, hurt or prejudice of His Highneſs, His Parents and Progenitors, or to meddle in the Affairs of His Highneſs, and His Eſtate preſent, bygone, and in time coming, under the pains contained in the Acts of Parliament, againſt makers and tellers of Leeſings: Certifying them that ſhall be tried Contraveeners thereof, or that hear ſick ſlanderous Speeches, and reports not the ſame with diligence, the ſaid pains ſhall be executed againſt them with all rigor, in example of others.* And to the end that ſo neceſſary and laudable a Law may receive due and punctual obedience; We therefore, with Advice of Our Privy Council, Do hereby Declare, That the Contraveeners hereof any manner of way, ſhall be examplarly puniſhed with all rigor, conform to the preſcript of the ſaid Statute in all points. And that Our Royal Pleaſure in the Premiſſes may be made publick and known, Our Will is, And We Charge you ſtrictly and Command, That incontinent, theſe our Letters ſeen, ye paſs to the Mercat Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and all other Mercat Croſſes of the head Burghs of the Shires of this Kingdom, And there, in Our Name and Authority, by open Proclamation, make publication of Our Royal Pleaſure in the Premiſſes, that all Our Leidges may have notice thereof, and give obedience thereto, as they will be anſwerable at their higheſt peril.

Given under Our Signet at Edinburgh, *the ſeventeenth day of* June, *One Thouſand ſix hundred eighty ſix Years. And of Our Reign the ſecond Year.*

Per actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii.

COLIN McKENZIE, *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

GOD Save the KING.

This may be Printed, *R. L. S. June* 28. 1686.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to His moſt Sacred *Majeſty*, *Anno Dom.* 1686.
Reprinted at *London*, for *J. L.* 1686.

By the King.

A PROCLAMATION

For the Recalling all His Majesties Subjects from the Service of Foreign Princes in *East India.*

29. July. 1686:

JAMES R.

Whereas We have been Informed by Our East India Company, That several of Our Subjects, in Order to the carrying on of the Interloping Trade, contrary to Our Express Prohibitions, have put themselves into the Service of Foreign Princes and States within the East Indies, and some of them after they had been retained by the said Company, and Transported thither at great Expences, have deserted their Service, and put themselves into the Service of the said Foreign Princes, to the great endangering of so Beneficial a Trade to Us and this Our Kingdom, unless timely Remedy be by Us applyed for preventing the growing Mischiefs which may thereby ensue: And Our said Company having humbly besought Us by Our Royal Proclamation to Recall all and every of Our said Subjects in the Service of any Foreign Prince or State within the East Indies; We by the Advice of Our Priby Council, do hereby Publish and Declare Our Pleasure to be, and do hereby strictly Charge and Command all and every of Our Subjects in the Service of the Mogul or great King of Indostan, the King of Syam, the Queen of Atcheen, or of Sumbajee Rajay, or of any other Foreign Prince or State, or of the Dutch East India Company in the East Indies Within Six Months after Publication of this Our Royal Proclamation in the East Indies, to leave the Service of all and every Foreign Prince and State in India, and to repair and render themselves to Our General and Council at Bombay, Where such as are Merchants shall have liberty to reside and Traffick as Free Merchants, and such as are Seamen and Soldiers shall be Employed in the Service of the Company at the usual Rate of Wages paid by them to Seamen and Soldiers. And in case any of Our said Subjects shall refuse to Trade and Traffick as aforesaid, or to enter into the Service of Our said Company as aforesaid, then We do hereby strictly Charge and Command Our said Subjects to repair into England, and to appear before Our Priby Council in England, Within One year after Publication of this Our Royal Proclamation in India, upon Pain and Peril that such of Our said Subjects who have deserted the said Companies Service, and shall be Apprehended there after the times limited as aforesaid, shall and may be proceeded against at a Court Martial there for such their Desertion; And upon Pain and Penalty that such others of Our said Subjects who never were in the said Companies Service, and shall not render themselves within the times aforesaid, Whensoever they shall be found or Apprehended in India aforesaid, or else Within this Our Realm, shall and may be proceeded against either in India or in this Our Realm as Contemners of Our Royal Commands, and shall incur such Fines and Forfeitures as by the utmost Rigour of Law may be Inflicted on them. And We do hereby Require Our General and Council of India residing upon Our Island of Bombay, and Our President and Council of Our City of Madrasse residing in Our Fort of St. George upon the Coast of Cormandel, to cause this Our Royal Proclamation to be Published in all usual Places in India, and to be duly Executed according to the Tenour hereof. And We do further Will and Require all Our Captains and other Officers by Sea or Land in the East Indies, to be Aiding and Assisting in the due Execution hereof.

Given at Our Court at *Windsor* the Seventeenth day of *July* 1686. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, 1686.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King.



A PROCLAMATION,

29. Sept. 1686.

Containing His Majeſties Gracious Pardon and Indemnity to the Commoners within the Shires of Argile *and* Tarbat.



AMES by the Grace of God, King of Great *Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, To Macers of Our Privy Council, or Meſſengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly and ſeverally, ſpecially conſtitute, Greeting: Foraſmuch as We being now Reſolved for the eaſe of Our good Subjects, and quieting the Shires of *Argile* and *Tarbat*, out of Our Royal Clemency and Princely Compaſſion, to Indemnifie the Commoners therein, for their acceſſion to the Late *Argiles* Rebellion, with the exception after-mentioned: Do therefore with Advice of our Privy Council hereby Give and Grant Our full, free, and ample Pardon and Indemnity to all the Commoners within the ſaids Shires of *Argile* and *Tarbat*, for their Lives only; Excepting ſuch as ſhall be found by Our Commiſſioner now ſent thither, during his ſtay there, to have been either Ring-leaders, or Officers in the ſaid Rebellion, (who are hereby excluded.) And We hereby Declare, that this Our Pardon and Indemnity ſhall be to the ſaids Commoners (not excepted as ſaid is) as valid and ſufficient, for any acceſſion they had to the ſaid late Rebellion, or for Harbouring, Reſetting, Converſing, or Correſponding with theſe Rebels, as if they and every of them had a particular Remiſſion for the ſaid Crimes paſt under Our Great Seal. And further, We hereby Declare, That it is and ſhall be free to all our Liedges, from the Date hereof, to Converſe, Correſpond, and intercommune with, Reſet, Harbour, and Entertain the Commoners Indemnified, as ſaid is, without incurring any Hazard, or Action, Civil or Criminal, upon that Account, in all time coming: And that this Our Gracious and Ample Indemnity may be Publiſhed and known, Our Will is, and We Charge you ſtrictly, and Command that incontinent theſe Our Letters ſeen, ye paſs to the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and other places needful, and there, in Our Royal Name and Authority, by open Proclamation make Publication of Our Gracious Pardon and Indemnity above-written, that all perſons concerned may have notice thereof.

Given under Our Signet at Edinburgh, *the ſixteenth day of* September, 1686. *And of Our Reign the ſecond Year.*

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilij.

COL. MCKENZIE, *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

GOD Save the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to His Moſt Sacred *Majeſty*, *Anno Dom.* 1686.
This may be Reprinted at London, R. L. S. *the* 28th. *of* September, 1686. *By* D. Mallet, *next Door to Mr.* Shipton's *Coffee-Houſe near* Fleet-Bridge.

1st.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Proroguing of the PARLIAMENT.

James R. 9. Octob. 1685.



Whereas Our Parliament begun and held at Westminster the Nineteenth day of May in the first year of Our Reign, was by Prorogations continued to the Tenth day of May last past, and was then further Prorogued to the Two and twentieth day of November next ensuing: And Our Royal Intention being to Prorogue Our said Parliament to a further day; and being Willing for the great Ease of Our Loving Subjects, the Lords, Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of Our said Parliament, to dispense with their Attendance at Westminster at the day present: We have thought fit, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish and Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, that Our said Parliament be Prorogued from the said Two and twentieth day of November next ensuing, to the Fifteenth day of February next ensuing, to be holden then at Westminster. And Our said Parliament is hereby Prorogued from the said Two and twentieth day of November next ensuing, to the Fifteenth day of February next ensuing, to be held at Westminster. And Our Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby strictly Require and Command Our said Loving Subjects, the Lords, Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of Our said Parliament, that accordingly they give their Attendance at Westminster upon the said Fifteenth day of February next ensuing, as they will Answer the contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Eighth Day of *October* 1685. in the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1685.

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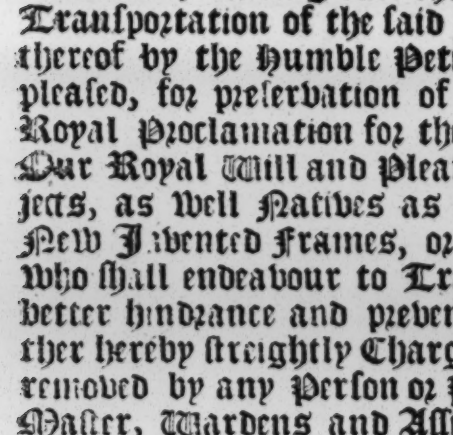
By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Prohibiting the Tranſportation of Frames for Knitting and Making of Silk-Stockings, and other Wearing Neceſſaries.

30. Oct. 1686.

JAMES R.



Whereas a very uſeful and profitable Invention was lately found out, for the better and more ſpeedy Making and Knitting of Silk ſtockings, and other Wearing Neceſſaries, in a Frame, Whereby great Quantities are Wrought off in a little time, His Majeſties Own Dominions abundantly ſupplied, and the reſt Exported into Foreign Nations, to the increaſe of His Majeſties Cuſtoms, and the improvement of Trade and Commerce: And Whereas Our Dearly beloved Brother, for the better Encouragement of thoſe Who uſe the ſaid Art and Myſtery, Was Graciouſly pleaſed to Incorporate them by His Royal Charter, by the Name of Maſter, Wardens and Aſſiſtants of the Society of Frame-Work-knitters of His Majeſties Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and of the Kingdom of England and Dominion of Wales; And upon the humble Petition of the ſaid Maſter, Wardens and Aſſiſtants, repreſenting to him the great Miſchiefs and irreparable Damage Which would inevitably fall upon His Subjects by the loſs of ſo great a Trade and Myſtery, by reaſon that ſeveral Merchant-Strangers and Foreigners were labouring to Purchaſe Frames to convey them to ſome ſecret places near the Sea-Coaſt, for their better and more eaſie Tranſportation, His ſaid Majeſty, by His Royal Proclamation, bearing date the Fifteenth day of January in the Seventeenth year of His Reign, did ſtrictly prohibit the Tranſportation of the ſaid New Invented Frames, or any parcel thereof beyond the Seas; And We being informed thereof by the Humble Petition of the ſaid Maſter, Wardens and Aſſiſtants, praying that We Would be Graciouſly pleaſed, for preſervation of ſo Conſiderable a Trade and Myſtery Within this Our Kingdom, to iſſue forth Our Royal Proclamation for the ſame purpoſes; We, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to declare Our Royal Will and Pleaſure to be, and We do hereby ſtreightly Charge and Command all and every of Our Subjects, as Well Natives as Foreigners, that they preſume not to Tranſport or cauſe to be Tranſported any of the ſaid New Invented Frames, or any pieces or parcels of Frames, nor to be Aiding or Aſſiſting to any Perſon or Perſons Who ſhall endeavour to Tranſport the ſame, as they Will anſwer the contrary at their utmoſt Perils. And, for the better hindrance and prevention of the Tranſportation of ſuch Frames, and pieces or parcels of Frames, We do further hereby ſtreightly Charge and Command, That no Frames or pieces or parcels of Frames, ſhall be bought, ſold, or removed by any Perſon or Perſons Whatſoever, from place to place, Without information thereof be firſt given to the Maſter, Wardens and Aſſiſtants of the ſaid Company of Frame-Work knitters, or any three of them, or their Deputies, to the intent they may take Cognizance Where and in Whoſe hands they be. And, that Our Will and Pleaſure herein declared, may be the better obſerved and executed, We do further ſtreightly Charge and Command all Cuſtomers, Comptrollers, Searchers, Waiters, and other Officers and Miniſters Whatſoever, attending in any of Our Ports, that they do from time to time cauſe diligent and ſtrict Search and Enquiry to be made for all ſuch Frames, and pieces and parcels of Frames, as ſhall be endeavoured to be Tranſported, and the ſame to ſeize and detein, under pain of forfeiting their reſpective Places and Imployments, in caſe they ſhould be found negligent or remiſs in the execution of theſe Our Commands. And We do further Charge and Command all Mayors, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Conſtables, and all other Officers, Civil and Military Whatſoever, that they be Aiding and Aſſiſting from time to time unto the ſaid Maſter, Wardens, and Aſſiſtants, or their Deputies, in the Searching for all ſuch Frames, and pieces and parcels of ſuch Frames, as ſhall be endeavoured to be Tranſported, or ſhall be brought unto any place near the Sea Coaſts, With intention to Tranſport the ſame, or ſhall be removed from place to place contrary to Our Pleaſure herein before declared, and in cauſing the ſame to be ſeized and deteined: And that they do from time to time Certifie unto the Lords of Our Privy Council, the Names of all ſuch Perſons Whom they ſhall find to be Offenders againſt this Our Proclamation, to the End that there may be ſuch further Proceedings againſt them, as ſhall be agreeable to the utmoſt Severity of the Law in ſuch Caſes.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty fourth Day of *October* 1686. in the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1686.

1d.

A PROCLAMATION

Offering a Reward of One hundred pound Sterling, to any who ſhall bring in the Perſon of Mr. James Renwick *(a Seditious Field Preacher) dead or alive.*

20. Dec. 1686.

JAMES *by the Grace of* GOD, *King of* Great Britain, France *and* Ireland, *Defender of the Faith; To Our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers of Our Privy Counccil, Purſevants, Meſſengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly and ſeverally, ſpecially Conſtitute, Greeting: Foraſmuch, as one Mr.* James Renwick, *a Flagitious and Scandalous Perſon, has preſumed and taken upon hand, theſe ſeveral years bygone, to Convocat together numbers of Our unwarry and Ignorant Commons, to Houſe, and Field Conventicles, (which Our Law ſo juſtly Terms the Nurſeries of Sedition, and Rendezvouſ's of Rebellion) in ſome of the Weſtern Shires of this Our Ancient Kingdom, and has frequently Preached at theſe Rebellious Meetings, hes Seditious and Traiterous Principles and Opinions, intending thereby to Debauch ſome of the Ignorant People from their bounden Duty, and Obedience they owe to Us as their Rightful Sovereign Lord and Monarch And We out of Our Royal Care and Tenderneſs to Our People, being deſirous to deliver all Our loving Subjects from the Malign Influence of ſuch a wretched Impoſture: Have therefore, with Advice of Our Privy Council (as is uſual in ſuch Caſes) not only thought fit to Declare the ſaid Mr.* James Renwick *an open an notorious Rebel, and Traitor againſt Us, and Our Royal Government; But likewiſe hereby Authoriſe and Require all Our loving Subjects to treat him as ſuch; And alſo Prohibite and Diſcharge all Our Subjects, Men or Women, that none of them offer or preſume to Harbour, Reſet, Supply, Correſpond with, Hide, or Conceal the Perſon of the ſaid Mr.* James Renwick, *Rebel as foreſaid, under the pain of incurring the ſevereſt puniſhments, preſcribed by the Acts of Parliament and Proclamations of Our Privy Council, made againſt the Reſetters of Rebels: But that they do their utmoſt endeavour to purſue him, as the worſt of* Traitors: *And to the end the ſaid Mr.* James Renwick *may the better be Diſcovered, Apprehended and brought to Juſtice: We with Advice foreſaid, Do hereby Require and Command all Our Sheriffs, Stewarts, Baillies of Regalities, Magiſtrates of* Burghs, *and Juſtices of the Peace, not only to cauſe Search for, Purſue and Apprehend the Perſon of the ſaid Mr.* James Renwick, *Rebel foreſaid, wherever he can be found within their Reſpective Juriſdictions; but likewiſe to give their Aſſiſtance to any who ſhall offer to Apprehend him: And if in purſuit of the ſaid Mr.* James Renwick, *Rebel foreſaid, he, or any of his Rebellious Aſſociats, reſiſting to be taken, any of Our ſaid Magiſtrates, or other good Subjects, ſhall happen to Kill, or Mutilate him, or any of them, We hereby Declare that they, nor none Aſſiſting them ſhall ever be called in queeſtion, or purſued Civily or Criminally therefore in tiuue-coming, but that theſe preſents ſhall be all ſufficient for their Exoneration, as if they had Our ſpecial Remiſſion, and that their doing thereof ſhall be repute good and acceptable Service unto Us: And for the better incouragement of ſuch as ſhall Apprehend, and bring in the perſon of the ſaid Mr.* James Renwick, Traitor *foreſaid,* Dead or Alive, *he, or they ſhall have the Reward of* One Hundred Pound Sterling Money, *to be inſtantly payed to him by the Commiſſioners of Our Theſaury. We Ordain theſe Preſents to be Publiſhed at the Mercat-Croſs of* Edinburgh, *and Mercat-Croſſes of the Head-Burghs of the ſeveral Shires of this Kingdom, on the South ſide of the Water of* Tay, *and other places needful, by the Shiriffs in the ſaids reſpective Shires, that none pretend Ignorrnce.*

Given under Signet rt Edinburgh, *the Ninth Day of* December, 1686. *And of Our Reign the ſecond Year.*

Per actum Dominorum Secreti Concilij.

WILL. PATERSON, *Cls. Sti. Concilij.*

GOD Save the KING

Edinburgh, *Printed by the Heir of* Andrew Anderſon, *Printer to His Moſt Sacred Majeſty,* Anno. Dom. 1686.
This may be Re-printed at *London, December* the 17*th.* R. L. S. 1686. By *D. Mallet,* next Door to Mr. *Shipton's* Coffee-Houſe near *Fleet-Bridge.*

29. Dez. 1944.

1st

10

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For further Proroguing of the PARLIAMENT.

James R. 8. Jan. 168⅞.

Whereas We did lately Prorogue Our Parliament until the Fifteenth Day of February next, We for many Weighty Reasons have thought fit to Prorogue the same until the Eight and twentieth Day of April next ensuing the Date hereof: And therefore do by this Our Proclamation Publish and Declare, That the Parliament shall be Prorogued upon and from the said Fifteenth Day of February until the Eight and twentieth Day of April next; Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses, and all others whom it may Concern, may hereby take Notice, and Order their Affairs accordingly: We letting them know, That We will not at the said Fifteenth Day of February expect the Attendance of any, but only such, as being in or about the Cities of London and Westminster, may Attend the making the said Prorogation, as heretofore in like Cases hath bin accustomed.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Seventh Day of *January*, 168⅞ In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 168⅞.

By the King.

A PROCLAMATION.

2. March. 168 7/6. For liberty of Conscience in Scotland.

JAMES R.

JAMES the seventh by the Grace of God, King of *Scotland*, *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all and sundry our good Subjects, whom these presents do or may concern, Greeting: We having taken into our Royal consideration the many and great inconveniencies which have happened to that Our ancient Kingdom of *Scotland* of late years, through the different perswasions in the Christian Religion, and the great Heats and animosities among the several Professors thereof, to the ruine and decay of Trade, wasting of Lands, extinguishing of Charity, contempt of the Royal Power, and converting of true Religion and the fear of God, into Animosities, Names, Factions, and sometimes into Sacriledge and Treason. And being resolved as much as in Us lyes, to Unite the Hearts and Affections of our Subjects to God in Religion, to Us in Loyalty and to their Neighbours in Christian Love and Charity, Have therefore thought fit to Grant, and by our Soveraign Authority, Prerogative Royal and absolute power, which all our Subjects are to obey without Reserve, Do hereby give and Grant Our Royal Tolleration to the several Professors of the Christian Religion after-named, with and under the several Conditions, Restrictions and Limitations after-mentioned. In the first place, we allow and Tollerate the moderate Presbyterians, to Meet in their private Houses, and there to hear all such Ministers, as either have or are willing to accept of Our Indulgence Allanerly, and none other, and that there be not any thing said or done contrary to the well and peace of Our Reign, Seditious or Treasonable, under the highest Pains these Crimes will Import; nor are they to presume to build Meeting-Houses, or to Use Out-Houses or Barns, but only to Exercise in their privat Houses as said is: In the mean time it is our Royal will and pleasure that Field-Conventicles and such as Preach or exercise at them, or who shall any ways Assist or Connive at them, shall be prosecuted according to the utmost severity of Our Laws made against them, seeing from these Rendezvouzes of Religion, so much Disorder hath proceeded, and so much disturbance to the Government; and for which after this our Royal Indulgence for tender Consciences there is no Excuse left. In like manner, We do hereby Tollerate Quakers, to meet and exercise in their Form, in any Place or Places appointed for their Worship. And considering the severe and cruel Laws made against *Roman*-Catholicks (therein called *Papists*) in the Minority of Our Royal Grand-Father of Glorious Memory, without his Consent, and contrary to the duty of good Subjects, by his Regents and other Enemies to their Lawful Soveraign, our Royal Great Grand-Mother Queen *Mary*, of Blessed and Pious Memory, wherein under the pretence of Religion they Cloathed the worst of Treasons, Factions, and Usurpations, and made these Laws, not as against the Enemies of God, but their own; which Laws have still been continued of Course, without design of Executing them, or any of them, *ad terrorem* only, on Supposition that the *Papists* relying on an External Power, were incapable of Duty and true Allegiance to their natural Soveraigns, and Rightful Monarchy: We of Our certain Knowledge, and long Experience, knowing that the Catholicks, as it is their principle to be good Christians, so it is to be dutiful Subjects, and that they have likewise on all Occasions shown themselves good and faithful Subjects to Us, and Our Royal Predecessors, by hazarding, and many of them actually losing their Lives and Fortunes in their Defence (though of another Raligion) and the maintenance of their Authority against the Violences and Treasons of the most violent Abbetrors of these Laws, Do therefore with Advice and Consent of Our Privy Council, by Our Soveraign Authority, Prerogative Royal, and Absolute Power aforesaid, Suspend, Stop, and Disable all Laws and Acts of Parliament, Customs or Constitutions made or Executed against any of our *Roman*-Catholick Subjects, in any time past to all intents and purposes, making void all prohibitions therein mentioned, Pains or Penalties therein Ordained to be Inflicted, so that they shall in all things be as free in all respects as any of our Protestant Subjects whatsoever, not only to exercise their Religion, but to enjoy all Offices Benefices, and others, which We shall think fit to bestow upon them in all time coming: Nevertheless it is Our Will and Pleasure, and We do hereby Command all Catholicks at their highest Pains, only to exercise their Religious Worship in Houses or Chappels; and that they presume not to Preach in the open Fields, or to Invade the Protestant Churches by force, under the pains aforesaid, to be inflicted upon the Offenders respectively, nor shall they presume to make publick Processions in the High-Streets of any of Our Royal Burghs, under the Pains above-mentioned: And whereas the Obedience and Service of Our good Subjects is due to Us by their Allegiance, and Our Soveraignity and that no Law, Custom, or Constitution, Difference in Religion, or other impediment whatsoever can exempt or discharge the Subjects from their Native Obligations and Duty to the Crown, or hinder Us from protecting and employing them, according to their several Capacities, and Our Royal Pleasure, nor restrain us from confering Heretable Rights, and Priviledges upon them, or Vacuate or Annul these Rights Heretable, when they are made or conferred: And likwise considering that some Oaths are capable of being Wrested by Men of Sinistruous Intentions, a practice in that Kingdom fatal to Religion, as it was to Loyalty; Do therefore, with Advice and Consent aforesaid, Cass, Annul and Discharge all Oaths whatsoever, by which any of Our Subjects are incapacitated or disabled from holding Places, or Offices in Our said Kindom, or enjoying their Hereditary Rights and Priviledges, Discharging the same to be taken or given in any time coming, without Our special Warrand and Consent, under the pains due to the Contempt of our Royal Commands and Authority; and to this effect, we do by Our Royal Authority aforesaid, Stop, Disable, and Dispence with all Laws enjoyning the saids Oaths, Tests, or any of them, particularly the first Act of the first Session of the first Parliament of King *Charles* the Second; the eleventh Act of the foresaid Session of the foresaid Parliament; the sixth Act of the third Parliament of the said King *Charles*; the twenty first and twenty fifth Acts of that Parliament; and the thirteenth Act of the first Session of Our late Parliament, in so far allanerly as concerns the taking the Oaths or Tests therein prescribed, and all others, as well not mentioned, as mentioned, and that in place of them, all Our good Subjects, or such of them as We or Our Privy Council shall require so to do, shall take and Swear the following Oath allanerly, I *A. B. Do acknowledge, Testifie and Declare, that* JAMES *the Seventh by the Grace of God, King of* Scotland, England, France *and* Ireland, *Defender of the Faith*, &c. *is rightful King, and Supream Governour of these Realms, and over all persons therein, and that it is unlawful for Subjects, on any pretence, or for any cause whatsoever to rise in Arms against Him, or any Commissionated by him; and that I shall never so rise in Arms, nor Assist any who shall do so; and that I shall never resist his Power or Authority, nor ever Oppose His Authority, to His Person, as I shall answer to God, but shall to the utmost of my Power Assist, Defend, and Maintain Him, his Heirs and Lawful Successours, in the Exercise of Their absolute Power and Authority, against all Deadly*, So help me God. And seeing many of Our good Subjects have, before Our Pleasure in these matters was made publick, incurred the Guilt appointed by the Acts of Parliament above-mentioned, or others; we by Our Authority and Absolute Power, and Prerogative Royal above-mentioned of our certain Knowledge, and innate Mercy, Give Our ample and full Indemnity to all those of the *Roman*-Catholick or *Popish* Religion, for all things by them done contrary to Our Laws or Acts of Parliament, made in any time past relating to their Religion, the Worship and Exercise thereof, or for being Papists, Jesuits, or Traffickers, for hearing or saying of Mass, Concealing of Priests or Jesuits, or breeding their Children Catholicks at home or abroad, or any other thing, Rite, or Doctrine, said, performed or maintained by them, or any of them: And likwise for holding or takeing of Places, Employments, or Offices, controry to any Law or Constitution, Advices given to Us or Our Council, Actions done, or generally any thing performed or said against the known Laws of that Our Ancient Kingdom; Excepting always from this Our Royal Indemnity all Murders Assassinations Thefts, and such like other Crimes, which never used to be comprehended in Our general Acts of Indemnity. And We command and require all Our Judges, or others concerned, to explain this in the most ample sense and meaning Acts of Indemnity at any time have contained: Declaring this shall be as good to every one concereed, as if they had our Royal Pardon and Remission under Our Great Seal of that Kingdom, And likwise Indemnifying Our Protestant Subjects from all Pains and Penalties due for hearing or Preaching in Houses; provided there be no Treasonable Speeches uttered in the said Conventicles by them, in which Case the Law is only to take place against the Guilty, and none other present: Providing also that they Reveal to any of our Council the Guilt so Committed, As also excepting all Fines or effects of Sentences already given; and likwise indemnifying fully and freely all Quakers for their Meetings and Worships in all time past, preceeding the publication of these Presents; and we doubt not but Our Protestant Subjects will give their Assistance and Concourse hereunto on all occasions, in their respective Capacities: In consideration whereof, and the Ease those of Our Religion and others may have hereby, and for the Encouragement of our Protestant Bishops, and the Regular Clergy, and such as have hitherto lived Orderly, We think fit to declare, that it never was our Principles, nor will we ever suffer Violence to be offered to any Mans Conscience, nor will we use Force or invinsible necessity against any Man on the account of his Perswasion, nor the Protestant Religion, but will protect Our Bishops and other Ministers in their Functions, Rights, and Properties, and all Our Protestant Subjects in the free exercise of their Protestant Religion in the Churches; and that we will and hereby promise on Our Royal Word, to maintain the Possessors of Church-Lands formerly belonging to Abbeys, or other Churches of the Catholick Religion, in their full and free possession and Right, according to our Laws and Acts of Parliament in that behalf in all time coming; and We will employ indifferrently all our Subjects, of all Perswasions so as none shall meet with any Discouragement on the account of his Religion, but be advanced and esteemed by Us, according to their several Capacities, and Qualifications, so long as we find Charity and Unity maintained; and if any Animosities shall Arise, as We hope in God there will not, We will show the severest Effects of Our Royal Displeasure against the Beginners or Fomenters thereof, Seeing thereby Our Subjects may be deprived of this general Ease and Satisfaction, We intend to all of them, whose Happiness, Prospirity, Wealth and Safety, is so much Our Royal Care, that We will leave nothing undone which may procure these Blessings for them. And Lastly to the end all our good Subjects may have notice of this Our Royal Will and Pleasure, We do hereby command Our Lyon King at Arms and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers, Pursevants and Messengers at Arms, to make timeous Proclamation thereof at the Mercat Cross of *Edinburgh*; and besides the Printing and Publishing of this Our Royal Proclamation, it is Our expres will and Pleasure that the same be past under the Great Seal of that Our Kingdom *per saltum*, without pasing any other Seal or Register: In order whereunto this shall be to the Directors of Our Chancellary and their Deputies for Writing the same, and to Our Chancellor, for causing Our Great Seal aforesaid to be Appended thereunto, a sufficient Warrand,

Given at our Court at White-hall, *the Twelfth of* February 168⅞. *And of Our Reign the Third Year.*

By His *Majesties* Command, *MELFORT.*

GOD save the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderson*, Printer to His most Sacred *Majesty*, Anno *Dom.* 1687.
This may be Reprinted *February* the 28*th*. *R. L. S.* By *George Croom*, at the *Blue Ball* in *Thames-street*, near *Baynard's-Castle*. 168⅞

1st

12

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For further Proroguing the PARLIAMENT.

James R.

19. March. 168 7/6.



Whereas We lately did Prorogue Our Parliament unto the Twenty eighth Day of April next, We for many Weighty Reasons have thought fit further to Prorogue the same until the Two and Twentieth Day of November next ensuing the Date hereof: And therefore do by this Our Proclamation Publish and Declare, That the Parliament shall be Prorogued upon and from the said Twenty eighth Day of April until the Two and twentieth Day of November next; Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses, and all others whom it may Concern, may hereby take Notice, and Order their Affairs accordingly: We letting them know, That We will not at the said Twenty eighth Day of April expect the Attendance of any, but only such as being in or about the Cities of London and Westminster, may Attend the making the said Prorogation, as heretofore in like Cases hath been accustomed.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Eighteenth Day of *March*, 168⅞ In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 168⅞.

1d

13

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For the Encouraging and better Eſtabliſhing of the Manufacture of *White Paper* in *England*.

3. May. 1687.

JAMES R.

WHereas the making of the beſt and fineſt ſorts of Writing and Printing Paper hath been by great Charge and Induſtry brought to perfection, whereby many thouſands of Our Subjects who are deſtitute of Imployment, and are Burthenſom to the Pariſhes Wherein they live Will be ſet on Work, and vaſt Sums of Money Which are daily ſent abroad for Foreign Paper, preſerved in this Our Kingdom. And Whereas the Governor and Company of White-Paper-Makers have made it appear to Us, That (to their great Loſs and Diſcouragement) ſeveral evil diſpoſed Perſons, Foreigners and others, deſigning to deſtroy the ſaid Manufacture, and to hinder its Eſtabliſhment here, have endeavoured to Corrupt, and as well by promiſes of Reward, as by Menaces, to Withdraw the Companies Servants from their Service, and have lately conveyed ſeveral of them beyond the Seas: For the preventing of ſuch and the like Deſigns and Practices for the future, and for the Encouragement of ſo good and profitable a Manufacture in this Our Kingdom, We of Our Princely Care have thought fit to give the ſaid Governor and Company all poſſible Encouragement, and to take them into Our Royal Protection; And We do by this Our Royal Proclamation, by and With the Advice of Our Priby Council, Strictly Prohibit and Forbid all and every Perſon and Perſons, of What Quality, Degree or Nation ſoever, to Corrupt, Withdraw, or Intice aWay, or attempt by any Ways or means to Corrupt, Withdraw, or Intice aWay from the ſaid Company, any Perſon or Perſons Whatſoever Who now are, or at any time hereafter ſhall be Imployed in their Service, upon pain of Our higheſt Diſpleaſure, and of being Puniſhed With the utmoſt Severity, as Violaters of Our Laws. And for the better and more ſpeedy Diſcovery and Apprehending of Offenders in this kind, We do hereby Grant unto the ſaid Governor and Company, and their Succeſſors, full Power and Authority under their Common Seal, from time to time to Conſtitute and Appoint a fit Perſon at each of their reſpective Mills, Who ſhall have Authority to Apprehend and Carry any Offender or Offenders, before ſome one of Our Juſtices of the Peace, in order to be proceeded againſt according to Law. And as a further Encouragement to the ſaid Company, We have Prohibited, and do hereby Prohibit the Exportation of all Linnen-Rags, Glovers Clippings, Parchment Shreds, Calves Pates, and Waterpieces, being neceſſary Materials for the ſaid Manufacture; And We do hereby Charge and Command the Commiſſioners, and every of the Officers of Our Cuſtoms to ſee the ſame duly Executed; And We do hereby alſo ſtrictly Charge and Command all Mayors, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, and all other of Our Officers and Miniſters Whatſoever Whom it ſhall or may concern, at all times, and upon all occaſions, to be Aiding and Aſſiſting to the ſaid Governor and Company, and their ſeveral Officers, Agents and Servants, in the due Execution of this Our Royal Will and Pleaſure herein before Declared, and in the Apprehending, Seizing and Puniſhing of all Offenders touching the Premiſſes, as they tender Our Pleaſure, and Will anſwer the contrary at their utmoſt Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Nine and twentieth Day of *April*, 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1687.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

JAMES R. For further Liberty of Conscience in Scotland. 21. July. 1687.

JAMES the Seventh, by the Grace of GOD, King of *Scotland*, *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all and ſundry Our good Subjects whom theſe Preſents do or may Concern, Greeting. Whereas by Our Royal Proclamation of the Date the 12th Day of *February* 168⅞. We were Graciouſly pleaſed, for the Cauſes, and on the Terms therein mentioned, to grant Our Royal Toleration to the Profeſſors of the Chriſtian Religion therein named; With and under certain Reſtrictions and Limitations; All which are in the ſaid Proclamation more at length expreſſed.

We now taking into Our Royal Conſideration the ſiniſtruous Interpretations which either have, or may be made, of ſome Reſtrictions therein mentioned, Have thought fit, by this Our Royal Proclamation, further to declare, That We will protect Our Archbiſhops and Biſhops, and all Our Subjects of the Proteſtant Religion, in the free Exerciſe of their Proteſtant Religion, as it is by Law Eſtabliſhed, and in the Quiet and Full Injoyment of all their Poſſeſſions, without any Moleſtation or Diſturbance whatſoever.

And We do likewiſe, by Our Sovereign Authority, Prerogative Royal, and Abſolute Power, Suſpend, Stop, and Diſable all Penal and Sanguinary Laws made againſt any for Nonconformity to the Religion Eſtabliſhed by Law in that Our Ancient Kingdom, or for Exerciſing their reſpective Worſhips, Religions, Rites and Ceremonies; All which Laws are hereby Stopt, Suſpended, and Diſabled, to all Intents and Purpoſes.

And to the End, that by the Liberty thereby granted, the Peace and Security of Our Government, in the Practice thereof, may not be Endangered, We have thought fit, and do hereby ſtraitly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects, that as we do give them leave to meet and ſerve God after their own Way and Manner, be it in Private Houſes, Chappels, or Places purpoſely Hired or Built for that Uſe, ſo that they take Care that nothing be Preached or Taught among them which may any ways tend to Alienat the Hearts of our People from Us, or our Government, and that their Meetings be peaceable, openly and publickly held, and all Perſons freely admitted to them, and that they do ſignifie and make known to ſome one or more of the next Privy Counſellors, Sheriffs, Stewards, Baillies, Juſtices of the Peace or Magiſtrats of Burgs-Royal, what Place or Places they ſet a part for theſe uſes, with the Names of the Preachers.

And that all Our Subjects may enjoy ſuch their Religious Aſſemblies with greater Aſſurance and Protection, We have thought fit, and do hereby Command, That no Diſturbance, of any kind, be made, or given unto them, under Pain of Our Royal Diſpleaſure, and to be further proceeded againſt with the outmoſt Severity; Provided always, that their Meetings be in Houſes or Places provided for the purpoſe, and not in the Open Fields, for which now, after this Our Royal Grace and Favor ſhown, (which ſurpaſſes the Hopes, and equals the very Wiſhes of the moſt Zealouſly concerned) there is not the leaſt ſhadow of Excuſe left; Which Meetings in Fields We do hereby ſtrictly prohibit and forbid, againſt all which We do leave Our Laws and Acts of Parliament in full Force and Vigor, notwithſtanding the Premiſes; And do further Command all Our Judges, Magiſtrats, and Officers of Our Forces, to proſecute ſuch as ſhall be Guilty of the ſaids Field Conventicles, or Aſſemblies with the outmoſt Rigour, as they would avoid Our Higheſt Diſpleaſure; For We are confident none will, after theſe Liberties and Freedoms We have given to All, without Reſerve, to ſerve God in their own Way, preſume to meet in theſe Aſſemblies, except ſuch as make a Pretence of Religion, to cover their Treaſonable Deſigns againſt Our Royal Perſon, and the Peace of Our Government.

And Laſtly, To the end all Our good Subjects may have notice of this Our Royal Will and Pleaſure, We do hereby Command our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers, Purſevants, and Meſſengers at Arms, to make timeous Proclamation thereof at the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*: And beſides the Printing and Publiſhing of this Our Royal Proclamation, It is Our expreſs Will and Pleaſure, that the ſame be paſt under Our Great Seal of that Our Kingdom *per ſaltum*, without paſſing any other Seal or Regiſter. In order whereunto, theſe ſhall be to the Directors of Our Chancellary and their Deputs, for Writing the ſame, and to Our Chancellor, for cauſing Our Great Seal aforeſaid to be Appended thereunto, a ſufficient Warrand.

Given at Our Court at *Windſor* the 28 day of *June*, 1687. And of Our Reign the Third Year. By His *MAJESTIES* Command.

MELFORD.

Edinburgh, July 5. 1687.

Preſent in Council

James Earl of *Perth* Lord High Chancellor.	Earl of *Linlitgow* Lord Juſtice-General.	Earl of *Airly*.	Lo. *Advocate*.
John Lord Archbiſhop of *Glaſcow*.	Earl of *Dumfermling*.	Lo. Viſcount *Tarbat*.	Lo. *Juſtice-Clerk*.
The Lord Marquis of *Athol* Privy Seal.	Earl of *Strathmore*.	Lo. Viſcount *Strathallan*.	Lo. *Caſtlehill*.
Duke of *Hamilton*.	Earl of *Landerdale*.	Lo. *Livingſton*.	General Leiutenent *Douglas*.
Duke of *Gordon*,	Earl of *Southesk*.	Lo. *Preſident of Seſſion*.	*Niddrie*.
Earl of *Arran*.			

THE above-written Proclamation from His moſt Sacred *Majeſty*, being Read in His Privy Council of *Scotland*, was in purſuance of His *Majeſties* Royal Commands ordered to be publiſhed with all due Solemnities. Extracted forth of the Records of His *Majeſties* Council by me Sir *William Paterſon* Clerk to His Majeſties moſt Honourable Privy Council.

WILL PATERSON.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

EDINBURGH, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to His moſt Sacred *Majeſty*, and Reprinted by *Thomas Newcomb*, for *S. Forreſter*, in *Kings-ſtreet Weſtminſter*, 1687.

1t

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Diſſolving this preſent PARLIAMENT.

James R. 4. july. 1687.

Whereas this Parliament which was Summoned to begin at Weſtminſter the Nineteenth day of May 1685, hath by ſeveral Prorogations been continued to the Two and twentieth day of November next enſuing; The King's moſt Excellent Majeſty, for Weighty Reaſons, hath thought fit to Diſſolve this preſent Parliament, and doth by this His Royal Proclamation Diſſolve the ſame accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes of this preſent Parliament are hereby Diſcharged from their Meeting on the ſaid Two and twentieth day of November next enſuing.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the Second Day of *July* 1687. in the Third Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings Moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1687.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Prohibiting ye Exportation of Wool, Wool fells &c.
15. July. 1687.

James R.



Whereas Our Dearest Brother of Blessed Memory, by His Royal Proclamation bearing date the Fifteenth day of September, in the Twelfth year of His Reign, for preventing the Exportation of Wooll, Wool-Fells, &c. out of this Kingdom, did strictly Charge, Prohibit and Command, That no manner of Wooll, Wooll-Fells, &c. should be at any time by any Person or Persons, Whether Denizens or Strangers, Exported, Transported, or sent out of this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or any the Isles, Ports, Creeks or Places thereof, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or any other Foreign Parts beyond the Seas, upon pain of His highest Indignation, and the severest Penalties that by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm might be Inflicted, as well upon the Offenders themselves, as their Aiders, Procurers, Abettors, and Favourers. And to the end that the Custom-house Officers, and other Ministers in and about the Ports of England might more strictly look to the Observance of His Pleasure therein, he did further Charge and Command, That if any Officers should consent, or connive at the unlawful Exportation of the said Commodities, he should not only forfeit his Place, but incur other Pains. And for the Encouragement of all such who should take care and pains to Disclose, or make Discoveries of the Frauds or other Practices to evade or defeat the true intention of the said Proclamation, did Declare His Royal Will and Pleasure, That every such Person that should be the first Discoverer of such Offenders, should be rewarded with the moiety, or one half of such Sum of Money and other Forfeiture as should come unto him by any the offences aforesaid. Now We being Graciously inclined, as well out of Our own Princely Care of the Welfare of this Our Kingdom, as induced by Our said Dear Brothers Royal Example, to prevent as much as in Us lies, so great an Evil as the Transportation of the Commodities aforesaid, by continuing the said Bounty, Do hereby Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure, for the encouragement of all such, whether Officers of the Customs or others, Bodies Politick, or private Persons, Who being legally Authorized thereunto, shall take care and pains to Seize any Wooll, Wooll-Fells, &c. or any Boats or Vessels Transporting the same contrary to the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, or shall Prosecute any Persons Offending against the said Laws, or Disclose or make Discovery of the Frauds, and other practices to evade and defeat the true intention thereof, and shall pursue the same to effect, and obtain a Certificate or Testimonial from the Lord Chief Baron of the Exchequer, and the Commissioners of the Customs for the time being, that he hath so done, that every such Officer, or other Body Politick, or private Person, shall be rewarded with the moiety, or one half of such Sums of Money, or other Forfeitures as shall come in to Us by reason of any the Offences aforesaid. And Our Lord high Treasurer of England, or Lords Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, are hereby Empowered upon such Certificate or Testimonial, by his or their Warrant, to cause such Officer or other Person to be Discharged of one moiety of such Sum of Money, or other Forfeiture, as should have come in to Us by reason of any the Offences aforesaid. And it is not hereby intended that any Seizer of such Goods shall be intituled to Our Royal Bounty as above, unless he shall effectually Prosecute in the Court of Exchequer in all cases where it shall appear such Prosecution is practicable. And further, no Composition shall be privately made upon any Seizure, betwéen the Seizer and Owner of the Goods, nor without the Direction and Allowance of the Court of Exchequer, or one of the Barons of the said Court; and that all Wooll, Wooll-Fells, &c. Boats and Vessels hereafter Seized by force of any of the said Laws, shall be brought to London, Hull, or Exeter, and there disposed, to prevent Selling them again to the Owners, as hath hitherto too frequently been practiced. Giving also Charge and Command, that all Persons of What Degree, Quality or Place soever, especially Our Officers Military and Civil do diligently observe, and readily assist the due performance of this Our Proclamation in all things, and requiring the Diligence and Faithfulness of all Our Custom-house Officers on the Penalties aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Windsor* the Eleventh Day of *July* 1687. in the Third Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings Most Excellent Majesty. 1687.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign NEEDLES.

JAMES R. 17. Aug. 1687.

FOrasmuch as Our late Royal Brother, being Informed by the Master, Wardens and Commonalty of the Art or Mystery of Needle-makers of the City of London, that great quantities of Foreign Needles were daily Imported into this Kingdom from beyond the Seas, being deceitfully made of Iron Wire altogether unfit for Service, and here new Marked, Papered, and Packed up as if they were made in England, and vended and sold in London, and other parts of Our Dominions, to the great abuse of the said Art, and to the prejudice and impoverishment of the said Company, they being by their Charter obliged to make their Needles of Steel, which costs them more Without the Workmanship than the Imported Needles are sold for: For which Reason he Was Graciously pleased to Issue forth his Royal Proclamation bearing Date the Fifth day of April, in the One and twentieth Year of his Reign, to Prohibit the Importation thereof; And forasmuch as We are also credibly informed that the Importing Needles (Wrought as aforesaid) into this Our Kingdom of England, and Dominion of Wales, is still used to this day, by which means the said Company, With their Wives and Families lie under great Detriment in their said Trade, upon the humble Petition therefore and Complaint of the Master, Wardens and Commonalty of the said Company, and for the preservation of so useful an Art and Native Manufacture, and better detecting the Enormities aforesaid, We by the Advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to Charge, Prohibit and Command, and by this Our Royal Proclamation do strictly Charge, Prohibit and Command, That no Person or Persons, Natives, Aliens, or others, do or shall from henceforth Import, Bring, or Convey, or cause to be Imported, Brought or Conveyed into this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, from or out of any part or place beyond the Seas, any Needles of What sort or kind soever, by Way of Merchandize, or to be Sold, Bartered, or Exchanged; and that no Person or Persons that now useth or use, or that hereafter shall use the Trade or Occupation of Retailing, Selling or Uttering of Needles, shall at any time hereafter directly or indirectly Buy, Bargain or Contract for or concerning the Importation of any Needles of What sort or kind soever, made or to be made in any place beyond the Seas, or Utter or Sell the same upon pain of such Punishment as by the Law of Our Prerogative Royal may be Inflicted upon the Contemners of Our Royal Authority. And We do further Charge and Command as well the Commissioners of Our Customs, Comptrollers, Searchers, Waiters, and other Officers of all Our Ports in Our said Kingdom of England, and Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, as also the said Master, Wardens and Commonalty by themselves or their Deputies, and all other Officers and Persons Whatsoever, to Seize and Destroy all such Needles that shall be Imported or Bartered, Sold or Exchanged contrary to Our Pleasure herein Declared, in Whose hands soever they shall be found, and to be in all other respects diligent and careful in and about the preventing the Importation of Foreign Needles, and Discovery of the same, and to cause the Offenders to be duly Punished as to Justice shall appertain, under pain of Forfeiting their respective Places and Employments, in case they shall be found negligent or remiss in the Execution of these Our Commands. And We do further Streightly Charge and Command all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables, and other Officers Whatsoever, to be from time to time Aiding and Assisting in all things requisite for and touching the Observation and Execution of these Our Commands, and that they do from time to time Certifie unto the Lords of Our Privy Council, the Names of all such persons Whom they shall find to be Offenders against this Our Proclamation, to the end that there may be such further Proceedings against them as shall be agreeable to the utmost Severity of the Law in such Cases.

Given at Our Court at *Windsor*, the Fourteenth Day of *August* 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, 1687.

21.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For putting in Execution the Additional Act for Improvement of Tillage.

JAMES R. *26. Nov. 1687.*



Whereas by an Act made in the Two and twentieth Year of the Reign of Our late Brother of ever Blessed Memory, Intituled, An Act for the Improvement of Tillage, and the Breed of Cattel, It was Provided and Enacted, That from and after the Nine and twentieth of June One thousand six hundred and seventy, and from thence forward, certain Rates should be paid for the Custom and Poundage of Foreign Corn and Grain Imported into this Our Kingdom according to the Prices of English Corn at the Times, Havens and Places when and where the same should be Imported. And forasmuch as no Provision was made by the said Act for ascertaining and determining of the said Prices, whereby the said Law was rendred ineffectual, One other Act was made in the First Year of Our Reign, Intituled, An Additional Act for Improvement of Tillage, Whereby it is Provided, amongst other things, That all and every Our Justices of the Peace for the several and respective Counties within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Our Town of Berwick upon Tweed, shall at their next respective Quarter-Sessions after Michaelmas and Easter yearly, by the Oaths of Two or more honest and substantial Persons of the respective Counties, being neither Merchants nor Factors for the Importing of Corn, nor any Ways concerned nor interessed in the Corn Imported, and each of them having a Free-hold Estate of Twenty pounds per Annum, or a Lease-hold Estate of Fifty pounds per Annum above all Charges and Reprizes, and being skilful in the Prices of Corn, and by such other Ways and means, as to them shall seem fit, to Examine and Determine the Common Market Prices of midling English Corn and Grain of the respective Sorts in the said former Act mentioned, as the same shall be commonly bought and sold in the said respective Counties into which any Foreign Corn or Grain shall be Imported, and certifie the same, with Two such Oaths made, as aforesaid, in Writing annext, unto Our Chief Officer and Collector of Our Customs for the time being, residing in the said respective Ports and Havens where the said Corn and Grain shall be Imported, to be hung up in some Publick Place in the Custom-house. And it is thereby likewise Enacted, That the Custom and Duty of Foreign Corn and Grain Imported into any of Our said Dominions of England, Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, appointed by the said former Act to be paid, shall be Collected and paid according to the Prices contained in such respective Certificates as aforesaid, and not otherwise. And it is further thereby Provided, That all that by vertue of the said last mentioned Act is to be done by Our Justices of the Peace at their Quarter-Sessions in their several Counties, shall be done and performed in like manner in the City of London in the Mouths of October and April yearly by the Mayor, Aldermen and Justices of the Peace there; And that the Persons making such Oaths shall be no Corn-Chandler, Mealman, Factor, Merchant, or other Person Interested in such Corn so to be Imported, but shall be some substantial House-keepers living in Middlesex or Surrey, qualified as aforesaid. And Whereas We are given to understand by the Humble Petition of several of Our Loving Subjects Trading in Corn, That through the general neglect in most parts of Our Kingdom, of putting the said last mentioned Act in Execution, by ascertaining the Prices of Corn and Grain, as is thereby directed, and by the subtile and crafty practices of unfair Dealers, by raising the Price of Corn in some few and small Markets, when Corn hath generally born but a low Price, on purpose to defraud Us of the higher Duty due by Law, and thereby to enable themselves to undersell Our Loving Subjects Trading in Corn of the growth of Our Dominions, which mischiefs were principally intended to have been prevented by the said Acts. And being fully satisfied that the said Act made in the First Year of Our Reign, is of Publick benefit to this Our Kingdom: We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to signifie and Publish Our Will and Pleasure, That the said Act made in the First Year of Our Reign, be duly and strictly put in Execution. And We do hereby Will and Command Our Mayor, Aldermen, and Justices of the Peace within Our City of London for the time being, and all and every Our Justices of the Peace for the time being for the several and respective Counties and Places within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That from henceforth they do half-yearly duly and strictly observe the Directions of the said Act, in examining and determining the Common Market-Prices of Corn and Grain within their respective Counties and Places, and make Certificate thereof to Our Chief Officers of Our respective Custom-houses, as by the said Act is Directed. And to the end they may be constantly put in mind of their Duties therein, We do strictly Charge and Command all and every Clerks of the Peace and Town-Clerks at the several Sessions of the Peace next after Easter and Michaelmas, to cause this Our Proclamation to be fixed in some open place in the respective Session houses, that it may be read by Our Justices of the Peace attending such Sessions, and to cause the same to be constantly read at the said respective Sessions. And We do strictly Charge and Command all and every of Our Chief Officers and Collectors of Our Customs in Our several Ports and Havens, that they yield Obedience to Our Royal Will and Pleasure in the due Observance of the said Act, as they will answer the contrary.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fourth day of *November*, 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1687.

2d

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For putting in Execution the Law againſt Importation and Selling of Foreign Buttons, and Prohibiting all Foreign Buttons whatſoever.

23. Nov. 1687.

JAMES R.

WHereas for the Encouragement of great Numbers of the Inhabitants of this Our Kingdom, a good and profitable Law was made in the Fourteenth Year of the Reign of Our late Brother of Bleſſed Memory, Intituled, An Act Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bonelace, Cutwork, Imbroidery, Fringe, Bandſtrings, Buttons, and Needlework, That no perſon or perſons whatſoever ſhould from and after the Twenty fourth day of June One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty two, Sell or cauſe to be Sold, or offer to Sale Within the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, or Export any Foreign Bonelace, Cutwork, Imbroidery, Fringe, Bandſtrings, Buttons or Needlework, made of Thread, Silk, or any or either of them in Parts beyond the Seas, or Import, Bring in, Send or Convey, or cauſe to be brought in, Sent or Conveyed into the Kingdom of England, or Dominion of Wales, any ſuch Foreign Bonelace, Cutwork, Fringe, Imbroidery, Bandſtrings, Buttons, or Needlework made of Thread and Silk, or any or either of them, beyond the Seas after the Firſt day of May, Which ſhould be in the ſaid Year of Our Lord One thouſand ſix hundred ſixty and two, upon Pain that all and every perſon and perſons who ſhall Sell, or cauſe to be Sold, or offer to Sale any ſuch Foreign Bonelace, Cutwork, Imbroidery, Fringe, Bandſtrings, Buttons or Needlework, ſhall Forfeit and Looſe for every Offence by him Committed contrary to the ſaid Act, the Sum of Fifty pounds, and the Whole Bonelace, Cutwork, Imbroidery, Fringe, Bandſtrings, Buttons, or Needlework ſo Sold, or cauſed to be Sold, or uttered to Sale; And upon further Pain, That all and every perſon and perſons who ſhould Import, Bring in, Send or Convey, or cauſe to be brought in, Sent or Conveyed into this Our Kingdom of England or Dominion of Wales, any ſuch Bonelace, Cutwork, Imbroidery, Fringe, Bandſtrings, Buttons or Needlework, ſhould Forfeit and Looſe for every Offence by him Committed contrary to the ſaid Act, the Sum of One hundred pounds, and the Whole Commodities aforeſaid; And although by the plain intent and meaning of the ſaid Act, all Foreign Buttons whatſoever Were Prohibited to be Imported or put to Sale Within this Our Kingdom, Yet We are given to underſtand, by the humble Petition of many of Our Poor Subjects brought up in the Trade of Button making, that ſeveral perſons of late for their own private Lucre, have Imported and Sold Within this Our Kingdom, divers great quantities of Foreign Hair Buttons, to the utter Ruine of multitudes of Families Who have been Exerciſed and Maintained in and by the Trade of Button making, as Well in and about Our City of London as other parts of Our Kingdom, Whereby the great Mitchiefs intended to be Redreſſed by the ſaid Act, are likely to fall heavy upon Our Poor Subjects, and humbly Praying the timely Interpoſition of Our Princely Care therein, We Were moſt Graciouſly pleaſed to hear the Matter Debated by the Council of the Merchants Importers, and of the Button-Makers before Our Self in Council; Upon hearing Whereof, receiving Satisfaction, That by the true meaning of the Law, all manner of Foreign Buttons Were intended to be Prohibited, and that the late Practice ſet on Foot of Importing Hair-Buttons, if continued, Will Overthrow and Fruſtrate the main Deſign of the ſaid Act, to the inevitable Ruine of Multitudes of Our Poor Subjects, as Was fully made appear to Us; And being likewiſe ſatisfied that the late Practice received Encouragement from the Doubtful Penning of ſome Parts of the ſaid Act, though the Principal Scope and Deſign of the Law Was to Exclude the Whole Manufacture of Foreign Buttons, Which poſſibly may ingage Our Poor Subjects of that Trade in many Expenſive Suits at Law: For prevention Whereof, and the Miſchiefs Which are likely to enſue upon ſuch an Evil Practice, We have thought fit, by and With the Advice of Our Privy Council to Publiſh and Declare Our Pleaſure to be, That the ſaid Act be duly and effectually obſerved and put in Execution againſt all Importers and Sellers of Foreign Buttons, according to the true intent and meaning of the ſaid Act. And to prevent all Diſputes herein for the future, We do by this Our Royal Proclamation ſtrictly Charge, Prohibit and Command, That no Perſon or Perſons, Natives, Aliens or others do, or ſhall from henceforth Import or Bring in, or cauſe to be Imported or brought into this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any Foreign Buttons Whatſoever, made or to be made in any Foreign Parts Whatſoever, by Way of Merchandize, or to be Sold, Bartered or Exchanged. And that no Perſon or Perſons ſhall at any time hereafter Directly or Indirectly Buy, Bargain or Contract for or concerning the Importation of any Foreign Buttons, of What ſort or Kind ſoever, or Utter or Sell any Foreign Buttons Whatſoever, Which from henceforth ſhall be Imported from any Parts beyond the Seas, upon Pain of ſuch Puniſhment as by Law may be Inflicted upon Contemners of Our Royal Authority. And We do further Charge and Command as Well the Commiſſioners of Our Cuſtoms, Cuſtomers, Comptrollers, Searchers, Waiters, and all other Officers of Our Cuſtom Houſes and Ports in Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Our Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and alſo all Our Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Headboroughs, Conſtables, and other Our Officers Civil Within Our ſaid Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, to Seize and Deſtroy, or to cauſe to be Seized and Deſtroyed all ſuch Foreign Buttons Which from henceforth ſhall be Imported or Bartered, Sold or Exchanged contrary to Our Royal Pleaſure herein Declared, in Whoſe hands ſoever they ſhall be found, and to Bind over, or cauſe to be Bound over, the Offenders herein, to Appear in Our Court of Kings Bench, to Anſwer their Contempt herein at Our Suit, and to be in all other Reſpects from time to time Aiding and Aſſiſting in all things requiſite for and touching the Obſervation and Execution of theſe Our Commands, as they will Anſwer to Us the contrary.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Eighteenth day of *November*, In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1687.

By the King,

PROCLAMATION

For Restraining the Number and Abuses of Hackney Coaches in and about the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and the Suburbs thereof, and Parishes comprised within the Bills of Mortality.

30. Nov. 1687.

JAMES R.

Whereas Complaint hath been made unto Us by divers of Our loving Subjects of the great Grievance and Annoyance, which the multitude of Hackney Coaches lately set up, and now Driven about the Streets of Our City of London and Westminster, and Suburbs of the same, are to them in their respective Trades and Businesses; and also of the great want of some good Rules and Orders to be observed by all such Persons, as are or shall be permitted to Keep and Drive Hackney Coaches about the said Streets. And whereas the undoubted Power of Punishing, Removing, Correcting and Restraining all publick Nusances, Annoyances and Disorders in the common Streets, High-Ways and Passages doth of Right belong unto Us, and having taken the same into Our Princely Consideration, and being desirous to remove all Grievance and Annoyance from Our loving Subjects, and to provide against the same in the best manner that We can, We have thought fit, moreover to the remedying the Mischiefs and Grievances aforesaid, to Constitute and Appoint by Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England, Our Trusty and Welbeloved John Phelipps, Colonel Thomas Napier, Thomas Price, Richard Sheldon, and Jerome Nipho, *Esquires*, to be Our Commissioners for the Licensing, Regulating, Ordering, and Governing, according to the Instructions thereunto annexed, all Hackney Coaches to be Let and Driven for Hire about the said Cities of London and Westminster, and the Suburbs thereof, or within the several Parishes comprized within the Weekly Bills of Mortality: And to the end the Regulation intended by Our said Commission may be effectual for the benefit of Our Subjects, We do hereby, by Our Proclamation, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, strictly Prohibit and Forbid all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, from and after the Tenth day of December next ensuing the Date hereof, which shall not be Licensed by Our said Commissioners, or Three or more of them, to Stand with, or Drive for Hire any Hackney Coach in any the Streets or Passages in or about the Cities or Places aforesaid, upon pain of incurring Our high Displeasure, and receiving condign Punishment, as Contemners of Our Royal Will and Command, and be further Prosecuted and Punished for the said Abuses and Annoyances, by Fine, and such other Ways as by the Laws of this Our Realm are provided against such as commit publick Nusances in the publick Streets and High-Ways: And for the due Execution of Our Pleasure herein, We do further Charge and Command the Lord Mayor and Aldermen of Our City of London, that they in their several Wards, and Our Justices of Peace within Our said Cities of London and Westminster, and the Liberties and Suburbs thereof, and all other Our Officers and Ministers to whom it appertaineth, do take especial care in their respective Limits, That this Our Command be duly observed, and that they from time to time Return the Names of all those who shall Wilfully Offend in the Premisses, to the Commissioners for Licensing and Regulating Hackney Coaches for the time being, to the end that they may be proceeded against by Indictments and Presentments for the Nusance, and otherwise according to the Severity of the Law, and demerits of the Offenders.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 25th day of *November* 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, 1687.

1d

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

21

For Prizing of *Canary* Wines. at 1s 6d ¶ quart.

19. Dec. 1687.

JAMES R.



Whereas by the Statute made in the Twenty eighth year of the Reign of King Henry the Eighth, for Prizing of Wines, it is Provided that the Lord Chancellor, Lord Treasurer, Lord President of the Kings most Honourable Council, Lord Privy Seal, and the Lord Chief Justices of either Bench, or Five, Four or Three of them, shall have Power and Authority by their Discretion to set the Prices of all kinds of Wines, as in the said Statute is expressed: By vertue whereof the Lord Chancellor, Lord President, the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of King's Bench, and the Lord Chief Justice of the Court of Common Pleas, the Twelfth day of this instant December, upon Consideration of the present State of the Canary Trade, did Order that no Canary Wine be Sold for the ensuing Year at more than Nine pence per Pint by Retail, and Twenty eight pounds per Pipe in Grois. Now that all cause of excuse may be taken away, and that such as shall be found Delinquents herein, may acknowledge their own Wilfulness to be the cause of the Danger and Penalty they fall into, after Advertisement. His Majesties Will and Pleasure is, and by the Advice of the said Lords and the rest of His Privy Council, according to one other Statute in that behalf made in the Fourth year of the Reign of his most Noble Progenitor King Edward the Third, by this His Royal Proclamation doth Publish and Declare, That for One Year next following, to be accounted from the First day of February next, Canary Wines be not Sold by Retail at more than Nine pence the Pint, and in Grois at more than Twenty eight pounds the Pipe, and according to these Rates (and no higher) in proportion for greater or lesser Quantities, either in Grois or by Retail, which Rates and Prices His Majesties Pleasure is, shall be duly observed in all his Ports and other Places within this Realm where Wines are Landed, or within Ten Miles of those Ports and Places. And it is His Majesties Pleasure, That in Places where Canary Wines by Land Carriage shall be conveyed more than Ten Miles from the next Port, the said Wines shall and may be Sold according to the Rates aforesaid, With an allowance not exceeding Four Pounds the Tun, and One peny the Quart for Carriage thereof upon Land every Thirty Miles, and according to that proportion, and not at greater Rates, strictly Charging and Commanding such of his Subjects and others whom it shall concern, That none of them during the time aforesaid presume to sell any of the said Canary Wines in Grois or by Retail at higher Rates than by this his Majesties Proclamation are appointed, under the Forfeitures and Penalties mentioned in the said Statute, and other the Laws and Statutes of this Realm Ordained in that behalf, and such further Pains and Penalties as by the Laws and Statutes of this Realm can or may be Inflicted upon Wilful Contemners of his Majesties Royal Command and Proclamation: Requiring and Commanding all Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Bailiffs, Customers and Comptrollers, and other Officers of his Majesties Ports, and all others whom it shall concern, diligently to observe and attend the Execution of this his Royal Pleasure, and to give Information to the Lords and others of the Privy Council, of the Delinquents, that they may be proceeded against, and receive Punishment according to their demerits.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Sixteenth day of *December*, 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, 1687.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

Appointing a time of Publick Thanksgiving and Prayer throughout the Kingdom.

3. Jan. 168 8/7.

JAMES R.



WHereas it having pleased Almighty God (Who in signal manner hath blessed His Majesty and this Kingdom under His Majesties Government, with great Prosperity, Peace and Plenty) to give His Majesty also apparent hopes and good assurance of having Issue by His Royal Consort the Queen, Who (through Gods great Goodness) is now With Child: And forasmuch as Increase of Issue of the Royal Family is a Publick Blessing, and (under God) a great Security of Peace and Happiness to this Kingdom: His Majesty therefore hath thought fit (at the humble request, and by the Advice of His Privy Council) to Appoint a time, upon this occasion, to render Publick and Hearty Thanks, throughout the Kingdom, for this great Blessing already begun, and to offer up Prayers to Almighty God for the continuance thereof: And His Majesty doth accordingly Appoint, Command and Require, That upon the Fifteenth day of January next, within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Ten Miles thereabout, and upon the Nine and twentieth day of the same Month, in all other Places throughout this Kingdom, Publick Thanks, and Solemn Prayers be offered up to Almighty God upon the Occasion aforesaid: And for this purpose His Majesty hath signified His Royal Pleasure to the Right Reverend Fathers in God Nathaniel Lord Bishop of Duresme, Thomas Lord Bishop of Rochester, and Thomas Lord Bishop of Peterborough (being His Majesties Commissioners Constituted for Exercising the Episcopal Jurisdiction within the Dioces of London) forthwith to prepare a Form of Prayer and Religious Service, which may be suitable to this occasion; Which Form of Prayer and Service His Majesty will cause to be Printed and Published, and by the Right Reverend the Bishops Sent and Distributed throughout their several and respective Dioceses, to be observed and used in the Churches and Chappels of this Kingdom upon the several and respective days before mentioned: And lastly, His Majesty doth Charge and Command all His loving Subjects to take notice hereof, and to demean themselves in all things accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 23d day of *December*, 1687. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 1687.

2d.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For the better putting in Execution the Law againſt the Importation and Selling of Foreign Buttons, and Prohibiting all Foreign Buttons whatſoever.

23. Jan. 168 7/8.

JAMES R.

WHereas by Our Royal Proclamation bearing Date the Eighteenth day of November laſt paſt, reciting as therein is recited, We, upon the humble Petition of many of Our poor Subjects brought up in the Trade of Button-making, were pleaſed, after having heard the matter in Council, to ſignifie Our Pleaſure, That a certain Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth year of the Reign of Our late Brother of bleſſed memory, Intituled, An Act for Prohibiting the Importation of Foreign Bonelace, Cutwork, Imbroidery, Fringe, Bandſtrings, Buttons, and Needlework, ſhould be duly and effectually obſerved and put in Execution, and more particularly in relation to Foreign Buttons of all ſorts, as by Our ſaid Proclamation may more fully appear. And Whereas ſeveral of Our Subjects Trading in Foreign Hair-Buttons have humbly repreſented to Us, That by reaſon of the doubtful Penning of ſome parts of the ſaid Act of Parliament, whereby it did not plainly appear (as they are adviſed) That Foreign Hair-Buttons were by the ſaid Act Prohibited to be Imported and Sold in this Our Kingdom, they had for ſome years laſt paſt Imported the ſaid Commodity; And humbly praying, That in regard they had made Contracts before notice of Our ſaid Proclamation, for Importing ſome quantities of Foreign Hair-Buttons, We would be graciouſly pleaſed to allow them ſome reaſonable time for Importing ſuch Foreign Hair-Buttons only, as were already Shipped, or Contracted for by them: And We having thereupon vouchſafed to cauſe all proceedings upon Our ſaid Proclamation to be ſtayed for ſome time: Now to the intent that a due remedy may be had in the Premiſſes, and that all manner of perſons whatſoever, who ſhall hereafter be found Offenders herein, may have no excuſe left, but may acknowledge their own Wilfulneſs to be the cauſe of the Danger and Penalty they fall into after timely Advertiſement, We have thought fit by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, further to Publiſh and Declare Our Pleaſure to be, and do by this Our Royal Proclamation ſtrictly Charge, Prohibit and Command, That from and after the Three and twentieth day of this inſtant January, no perſon or perſons, Natives, Aliens or others, do or ſhall Import or bring in, or cauſe to be Imported or brought into this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Port or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any Foreign Buttons Whatſoever, made or to be made in any Foreign Parts Whatſoever by Way of Merchandize, or to be Sold, Bartered, or Exchanged: And that no perſon or perſons ſhall at any time hereafter directly or indirectly Buy, Bargain or Contract for or concerning the Importation of any Foreign Buttons of What ſort or kind ſoever, or Utter or Sell any Foreign Buttons Whatſoever, Which from the ſaid Three and twentieth day of this inſtant January ſhall be Imported from any parts beyond the Seas, under the ſeveral Pains and Forfeitures provided in that behalf by the ſaid Act of Parliament, and by the Laws and Statutes of this Our Realm, and upon pain of ſuch further Puniſhments as by the utmoſt ſeverity of Law may be Inflicted upon ſuch Offenders for their Contempt of Our Royal Authority: And Whereas by Our ſaid Proclamation We did Direct all ſuch Foreign Buttons Imported, to be from time to time deſtroyed, Whereby no Encouragement is given to ſuch Perſons as ſhall be Informers or Seizers of all manner of Buttons Which ſhall be Imported as aforeſaid, We are now Graciouſly pleaſed to Grant and Declare, That all ſuch Buttons Which ſhall be Imported, Bartered or Sold contrary to this Our Proclamation, ſhall be Seized, in Whoſe hands ſoever they ſhall be found, and inſtead of deſtroying the ſame, That one Moiety thereof ſhall be to the Uſe of Us Our Heirs and Succeſſors, and the other Moiety thereof ſhall be to the Uſe of the perſon or perſons Who ſhall give Information, or Seize the ſame from time to time; And the Commiſſioners, and other the Officers of Our Cuſtoms, and all other Our Officers and Subjects are to take notice thereof, and govern themſelves accordingly. And We do hereby further Require and Command, That Our ſaid former Proclamation ſhall by all and every Our Officers, Miniſters, and Subjects be duly obſerved and obeyed in all other things, Which are not repugnant to theſe Our Royal Directions herein Expreſſed and contained. And laſtly We do hereby Declare, That nothing herein contained ſhall extend to give Liberty to any perſon or perſons Whatſoever to Import any Foreign Buttons into Our ſaid Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town or Port of Berwick upon Tweed, for or concerning Which any Contract or Agreement hath been made at any time ſince the Publiſhing of Our former Proclamation.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirteenth day of *January* 168⅞. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings Moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1687.

28

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For the more effectual Reducing and Suppreſſing of PIRATES and PRIVATEERS in *AMERICA.*

10. Feb. 168 7/8.

JAMES R.



Whereas frequent Robberies and Piracies have been, and are daily committed by great numbers of Pirates and Privateers as well on the Seas as on the Land of and in America, Which hath occaſioned a great prejudice and obſtruction to the Trade and Commerce as well of Our Subjects, as of the Subjects of Our Allies, and hath given a great Scandal and Diſturbance to Our Government in thoſe Parts. And whereas We being reſolved to take ſome effectual courſe for the putting an end to all ſuch Outragious Inſolencies, have therefore thought it requiſite to ſend a Squadron of Ships into the Parts aforeſaid, under the Command of Our Truſty and Welbeloved Servant Sir Robert Holmes, Knight, Our Governor of Our Iſle of Wight, and have otherwiſe given him all neceſſary Powers for Suppreſſing of the ſaid Pirates and Privateers, either by Force, or aſſurance of Pardon, and have Conſtituted and Appointed the ſaid Sir Robert Holmes Our Sole Commiſſioner in that Affair; Now to the end that this Our Royal Purpoſe may be the better put in Execution, and that none of the ſaid Offenders may have any cauſe of excuſe or pretence left for want of a due Advertiſement of Our Intended Mercy and Clemency towards them, upon their withdrawing themſelves from their ſaid Wicked and Piratical courſes for the future: We are Graciouſly pleaſed hereby to Promiſe and Declare, That in caſe any ſuch Pirate or Privateer Pirates or Privateers ſhall Within the ſpace of Twelve months next enſuing the Date of this Our Proclamation, either in Perſon, or by their Agents Surrender, or become obliged to Surrender him or themſelves unto the ſaid Sir Robert Holmes, or any other perſon or perſons appointed by him, or ſuch other perſon or perſons as in caſe of his Death ſhall be further Conſtituted and Appointed by Us, Within any of Our ſaid Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, or other Places on the Sea or Land, lying between the Tropiques of Cancer and Capricorn in America, and in caſe any Pirate or Privateer, Pirates or Privateers ſhall Within the ſpace of Fifteen months next enſuing the Date of theſe Preſents, Surrender, or become obliged to Surrender him or themſelves to the ſaid Sir Robert Holmes, or any others Appointed as aforeſaid, in any other parts of America, or Within Our Kingdom of England, and ſhall give ſufficient Security to be approved of by the ſaid Sir Robert Holmes, or in caſe of his Death, by ſuch other perſon or perſons as ſhall be further Appointed by Us, for his or their future good Behaviour, We Will, upon ſuch humble Submiſſion, and after ſuch Security given, Grant unto ſuch Pirate or Pirates, Privateer or Privateers, Our Gracious, Full and Ample Pardon for all Piracies or Robberies committed by him or them upon the Sea or Land before the Date of theſe Preſents. And We do hereby ſtraightly Charge and Command all and ſingular Our Admirals, Vice-Admirals, Chief Governours, Captains, Commanders, Mariners, Seamen, and all Our Officers and Miniſters of and in all and every Our ſaid Iſlands, Plantations, Colonies, and Territories Whatſoever, and of all and every Our Ships of War and other Veſſels, and all other Our Officers and Subjects Whatſoever, not only to be Aiding, Favouring and Aſſiſting in their ſeveral Places and Stations, unto the ſaid Sir Robert Holmes, and ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be appointed as aforeſaid in and for the more effectual Reducing and Suppreſſing of all manner of Pirates and Privateers Within the Limits and Parts aforeſaid, or any of them, but alſo (upon the producing a Certificate or Inſtrument under the hand and Seal of the ſaid Sir Robert Holmes, or ſuch other Perſon as in caſe of his Death ſhall be further Appointed by Us, ſignifying that any Pirate or Privateer, Pirates or Privateers hath or have Surrendred him or themſelves unto the ſaid Sir Robert Holmes, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons appointed as aforeſaid, and given Security for their future good Behaviour according to the Tenor of theſe Preſents) to permit and ſuffer the ſaid perſon or perſons lawfully to Paſs and Travel either by Sea or Land, Without any Let, Hindrance or Moleſtation Whatſoever, to or from any of Our ſaid Iſlands, Plantations or Colonies, or into Our Kingdom of England, as ſoon as conveniently may be, in Order to his or their receiving Our full and Gracious Pardon as aforeſaid, and that in the mean time no Indictment, Proceſs, or other Proceeding ſhall be had in any of Our Courts of Record, or elſewhere, againſt any ſuch perſon or perſons producing ſuch Certificate or Inſtrument, for any Piracy or Robbery by him or them committed as aforeſaid, before the Date of theſe Preſents. Provided always, That if any of the ſaid Offender or Offenders Whatſoever ſhall after the Publiſhing of this Our Proclamation, in contempt thereof, and of Our Princely Mercy and Clemency to them hereby offered, Wilfully and obſtinately perſiſt in their Piracies, Robberies and Outragious Practices, or ſhall not Surrender themſelves in manner aforeſaid; Then We do hereby expreſly Direct and Command, That all and every ſuch perſon and perſons ſhall be purſued With the utmoſt Severity, and With the greateſt Rigour that may be, until they and every of them be utterly Suppreſſed and Deſtroyed; We Declaring it to be Our Royal Purpoſe and Reſolution, That they and every of them ſhall from thenceforth be finally Excluded and Debarr'd from receiving any further Favour or Mercy. And laſtly We do hereby Revoke, Annul and make void all Proclamations by Us formerly Iſſued touching the Premiſſes herein above mentioned, or any of them.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* this Twentieth Day of *January*, 168⅞. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 168⅞.

1st

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Suppreſſing and Preventing Seditious and Unlicenced Books and Pamphlets.

14. Feb. 168[illegible]

JAMES R.

WHereas in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Fourteenth year of the Reign of Our late Dearest Brother King Charles the Second, Entituled, An Act for preventing Abuſes in Printing Seditious, Treaſonable, and Unlicenſed Books and Pamphlets, and for Regulating of Printing and Printing-Preſſes, (which ſaid Act is, by another Statute or Act of Parliament made in the First Year of Our Reign Revived and Continued) It is amongſt other things Enacted, That no perſon or perſons whatſoever, not being Licenſed in that behalf by the Lord Biſhop of the Dioceſs, nor having been Seven Years Apprentice to the Trade of Bookſeller, Printer, or Bookbinder, nor being a Freeman of the City of London by a Patrimonial Right, as Son of a Bookſeller, Printer, or Bookbinder, nor being a Member of the Company of Stationers of London, ſhall, within the City or Suburbs of London, or any other Market-Town, or elſewhere, receive, take, or buy, to barter, ſell again, change, or do away any Book or Books whatſoever, upon pain of Forfeiture of the ſame. And Whereas of late ſeveral Perſons not being qualified by the ſaid Act, and particularly great numbers of looſe and diſorderly people commonly called Hawkers and Pedlers of Books, have taken upon them to receive or buy ſeveral Unlicenſed, Seditious, and many times, Treaſonable Books and Pamphlets, framed and contrived by malicious perſons on purpoſe to amuſe and diſturb the minds of Our loving Subjects, or for other evil or indirect ends and purpoſes, and have carried, ſold, and diſperſed the ſame about the Streets, and in other places of Publick reſort, and alſo in Coffee-Houſes, Taverns, and private Families, to the great abuſe and ſcandal of Our Royal State and Government, and in open and manifeſt Breach and Contempt of Our Laws. We therefore conſidering the great Miſchief that doth enſue upon ſuch Licentious and Illegal Practices, and being Reſolved effectually to provide againſt the like Miſchiefs for the future, are pleaſed by this Our Royal Proclamation, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Command and Require that the ſaid Act be put in Execution, and duly and ſtrictly obſerved and kept: And We do alſo ſtreightly Prohibit and Forewarn, That from henceforth no perſon or perſons commonly called Hawkers, or Pedlers of Books, or any other perſon or perſons whatſoever not being qualified as aforeſaid to buy or ſell Books, do or ſhall preſume to go about the Streets, or from Houſe to Houſe, to Sell, or Expoſe to Sale any manner of Book or Books, Pamphlet or Pamphlets whatſoever, nor do or ſhall by any Ways or means whatſoever Buy or Sell, or Expoſe to Sale any manner of Books or Pamphlets whatſoever, contrary to the purport and true meaning of the ſaid Act of Parliament, under ſuch Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures as by the ſaid Act are Provided, and upon pain of incurring ſuch further Puniſhments as by the utmoſt Rigour of the Laws, and by Our Prerogative Royal may be inflicted on ſuch Offenders for their Contempt of this Our Royal Commandment: Hereby ſtrictly Charging and Commanding all Judges, Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, Conſtables, and all other Our Officers and Miniſters; as alſo the Maſter and Wardens of the ſaid Company of Stationers now and for the time being, and all other Our Subjects whom it ſhall or may concern, That they and every of them do from time to time uſe their and every of their beſt and utmoſt Powers, Skills and Endeavours reſpectively, for the utter Suppreſſing and Preventing of the Printing and Publiſhing of all ſuch Unlawful Books and Pamphlets aforeſaid, and for Proſecuting, Puniſhing, and utterly Suppreſſing all and every perſon and perſons offending in the Premiſſes, according to the utmoſt Rigour of the Law, and Our Royal intent and meaning herein Declared, as they Our ſaid Officers and Subjects do tender Our Pleaſure, and will anſwer the contrary.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Tenth day of *February* 168$\frac{7}{8}$. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. 168$\frac{7}{8}$.

1d

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

Prohibiting His Majesties Subjects to Enter into the Service of Foreign Princes and States.

3. March. 168 7/8.

JAMES R.

WHereas the King's most Excellent Majesty hath been Advertised, That divers of his Majesties Natural born Subjects, as well Mariners as others, have and daily do depart this Kingdom, and betake themselves to the Service of Foreign Princes and States without Licence had and obtained in that behalf from his Majesty, in manifest Contempt of his Royal Authority, tending to the Disservice of his Majesty, and Prejudice of his Kingdoms, Dominions and Countries: For Redress whereof for the present, and for the preventing the like Mischief for the future, the King's most Excellent Majesty by this his Royal Proclamation by and with the Advice of his Privy Council, doth streightly Prohibit and Forbid all and every Person and Persons of what Quality, Degree, or Condition soever (being his Majesties Natural born Subjects) from Entering into, or Listing themselves in the Service or Pay of any Foreign Prince or State; And doth hereby streightly Charge and Command them and every of them upon their Bounden and Known Duty and Allegiance, That they or any of them do not from henceforth withdraw him or themselves, or depart from this his Majesties Kingdom of England, or any other his Majesties Realms or Dominions, for or in Order to the Entering or Listing him or themselves into Pay, or otherwise betake him or themselves to the Service of any Foreign Prince or State either by Sea or Land, Without due Licence first had and obtained in that behalf: To all Which his Majesty Will expect, and doth Require due Obedience and Conformity, and doth hereby Publish and Declare, That all Offenders to the contrary shall not only incur his Majesties just Displeasure, but be proceeded against by Seizure of their Goods, Persons and Estates, and otherwise according to the utmost Severity of Law. And further his Majesty doth hereby Authorize and Command all and every his Governours, and other Officers of his Forts, and all and every the Captains, Masters, and other Officers Serving and Employed in any of his Majesties Ships or Vessels at Sea, and all other his Majesties Subjects Whatsoever Whom it may concern, from time to time to Stop and make Stay of all and every such Person and Persons as shall endeavour to Transport, or to Enter or List him or themselves into the Service of any Foreign Prince or State by Sea or by Land contrary to the true intent and meaning of this his Majesties Royal Proclamation, and also to Seize upon, take and bring back all such Persons aforesaid as shall endeavour or attempt to Transport, or to Enter or List him or themselves in the Service of any Foreign Prince or State as aforesaid, either by Sea or Land, as they his Majesties said Officers, Commanders and Subjects will answer the contrary at their utmost perils.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Second day of *March* 168$\frac{7}{8}$ In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 1687.

1st 1st
15. March: 1687/8

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

Commanding the Return of all His Majesties Subjects, who have taken Arms Under, and Now are in the Service of the *States General* of the *United Provinces* of the *Netherlands*, by Sea or Land.

JAMES R.

Whereas We think it for Our Service to Call home all Our Natural born Subjects who are now in the Service of the States General of the United Provinces of the Netherlands, being either Mariners and Seafaring Men, or Officers and Soldiers Serving at Land. We do therefore by this Our Royal Proclamation, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, streightly Charge, Require and Command all and singular Masters of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Seamen, Shipwrights, and other Seafaring Men Whatsoever and Wheresoever, and also all Commanders, Officers and Soldiers Serving at Land, being Our Natural born Subjects, Who have betaken themselves unto, and now are in the Pay or Service of the States General of the United Provinces of the Netherlands, or in the Pay or Service of any of their Subjects, That upon their known and bounden Duty and Allegiance, they and every of them do quit the said respective Services by Sea or Land, and return home to their Native Countries, within the times hereby prescribed, That is to say, That all Officers and Commanders at Land Whatsoever, Who are now in the Service of the said States General, in any place or part of the Netherlands or Low-Countreys, do quit the said Service, and return home Within the space of Two Kalender Months from the Date hereof, and all other Persons herein before mentioned, Wherever they are or shall be hereafter, in as short a time, and With as much speed as they shall be able, Wherein We do and Will expect all due Obedience and Conformity. And We do hereby also further Publish and Declare, That all and every the Offenders to the contrary, shall not only incur Our high Displeasure, but be Rigorously proceeded against for such their Offence, by all Ways and means according to the utmost Severities of Law. And We do hereby also Authorize and Command all and every Our Captains, Masters, and other Officers Serving and employed in any of Our Ships or Vessels at Sea, or elsewhere, and all and every other Our Subjects whom it may concern, to Seize, Take and bring away all such Officers, Mariners and Soldiers, and other Persons aforesaid as shall be found to be Employed, or to continue in the Service aforesaid, in Contempt of, and contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Our Proclamation.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fourteenth Day of *March* 168⅞. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 168⅞.

1t

A PROCLAMATION,

Commanding the Return of all His Majeſties Subjects, who have taken Arms under, and now are in the Service or Pay of the States-General *of the* United Provinces *of the* Netherlands, *by Sea or Land.*

4. April. 1688.



JAMES, by the Grace of GOD, King of Great *Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith; to Our Lyon, King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers of Our Privy Council, Purſevants or Meſſengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly and ſeverally, ſpecially conſtitute, Greeting: Foraſmuch as We having thought fit for the good of Our Service, to call home all Our Natural-born Subjects, now employed in the Service of the *States-General* of the United Provinces of the *Netherlands*, being either Officers or Soldiers ſerving at Land, or Mariners and Sea-faring Men: We therefore with Advice of Our Privy Council, ſtrictly charge, require and command all and ſundry Commanders, Officers and Soldiers Serving at Land; as alſo, all Maſters of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Sea-men, Ship-wrights, and other Sea-faring Men whatſoever, and whereſoever, being Our Natural-born Subjects, now in the Pay or Service of the *States-General* of the ſaid United Provinces, or in the Pay of any of their Subjects, to quit the ſaid reſpective Services by Land or Sea, and to return Home to their Native Countries, within the ſpace and time after-ſpecified; *that is to ſay*, that all Officers and Commanders at Land Serving in any part of the *Netherlands*, ſhall return home within the ſpace of Sixty days from the Date hereof, and all other Perſons formerly mentioned, where-ever they are, or ſhall be, in a ſhort time, and with as much ſpeed as they ſhall be able, and that upon their known and bounden duty and allegiance; with certification to them, that in caſe of their Diſobedience, they and every one of them, ſhall incur Our higheſt Diſpleaſure, and ſhall be proceeded againſt, with all the Rigour that Our Laws can allow: Hereby Authorizing and Commanding all and ſundry Our Officers, who are or ſhall be any way employed under Us, either at Sea or Land, and all Our other Loyal Subjects whom theſe Preſents may concern, to Seize, take, and away bring all ſuch Officers, Mariners, Soldiers, and others above-mentioned, that ſhall be found to be employed, or continue in the ſaid Service, in contempt of, and contrary to this Our Royal Proclamation. And to the end Our Royal pleaſure in the Premiſſes may be made known, Our Will is, and We charge you ſtrictly and command, that incontinent theſe Our Letters ſeen, yee paſs to the Market-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and remanent Market-Croſſes of the Head Burghs of the Shires of this Kingdom, and Peer and Shore of *Leith*, and there in Our Royal Name and Authority by open Proclamation, make Publication of our Royal Pleaſure aforeſaid, that all Perſons concerned may give ſtrict and exact Obedience thereto, that none may pretend Ignorance.

Given under Our Signet at Edinburgh, *the Twenty ſecond day of* March, 1688. *And of Our Reign the fourth year.*

Per actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii

4 April: 1688

COL. McKENZIE, *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

GOD ſave the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to His Moſt Sacred *Majeſty*. *Anno Dom.* 1688.

This may be Re-printed by *George Croom*, at the *Blue-Ball* in *Thames-ſtreet*, near *Baynard's-Caſtle*.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

Prohibiting His Majesties Subjects to Trade within the Limits Assigned to the Governour and Company of Adventurers of *England*, Trading into *Hudson's Bay*, except those of the Company.

JAMES R. 6 April 1688



Whereas Our Dearest Brother King Charles the Second of blessed Memory, did by his Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England, bearing Date the Second day of May, in the Two and twentieth Year of his Reign, Incorporate a Governour and Company for carrying on a Trade in the North-West parts of America within the Streights and Bay, commonly called Hudson's Streights; and did Grant unto them and their Successors, the Sole Trade and Commerce of all those Seas, Streights, Bayes, Rivers, Lakes, Creeks, and Sounds in whatsoever Latitude they should be, lying within the Entrance of the Streights commonly called Hudson's Streights, together with all the Lands, Countreys, and Territories upon the Coasts and Confines of the Seas, Bayes, Lakes, Rivers, Creeks and Sounds aforesaid, which were not then Possessed by, or Granted to any of the Subjects of Our said Royal Brother, or Possessed by the Subjects of any other Christian Prince or State, Thereby Creating and Constituting the said Governour and Company for the time being, and their Successors, the true and absolute Lords and Proprietors of the same Territories, Limits and Places aforesaid, and of all other the Premisses, With express Prohibition to all other the Subjects of Our said Royal Brother to Trade to the Parts aforesaid. And Whereas We are satisfied that the said Company hath for many years with great Industry, and at a very great Charge and Expence, Settled divers Factories, Erected several Fortifications, and maintained the Trade in the Parts aforesaid, to the great Honour and Profit of this Our Kingdom, until of late several ill-disposed Persons not being Members of the said Company, nor Licensed by them, preferring their private profit before the publick good, have contrary to the said Royal Grant, in a clandestine and disorderly manner, Traded into those parts, to the apparent prejudice, if not destruction, of the Trade aforesaid, and in manifest Contempt of Our Prerogative Royal; and the better to colour their evil practices, do frame Designs to Hire, or do Hire themselves out in the Service of, or in conjunction with Foreigners to Sail to the Parts aforesaid, to undermine and destroy the said Companies Trade. We, taking the Premisses into Our Princely Consideration, do not only give Leave and Direct, That the Persons who have so contemptuously violated the said Companies Charter, be Prosecuted in Our Name at Law, in order to their condign Punishment according to their demerits; But for prevention of the like evil practices for the future, We have thought fit, With the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish and Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, and We do hereby strictly Prohibit and Forbid that none of Our Subjects whatsoever, except the said Governour and Company and their Successors, and such as shall be duly Licensed by them at any time or times hereafter do presume to send or Navigate any Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, or exercise any Trade whatsoever directly or indirectly on their own accounts, or in the Service of, or in conjunction with any Foreigner or Foreigners whatsoever, to, in or from the said Streights and Bay, called Hudson's Streights, or to, in or from any Bayes, Rivers, Creeks or Places whatsoever, by what names or denominations soever they or any of them have been heretofore, or shall hereafter be called or distinguished, that now are or lie Within the Entrance of Hudson's Streights aforesaid, in What Latitude or Longitude soever the same or any of them do, doth or shall lie, remain or be Within the Liberties, Territories, or Priviledges of the said Company, upon pain of Our high Displeasure, and the forfeiture and loss of the Goods, Merchandizes, Ships and Vessels which shall be taken or found Trading in any the Place or Places aforesaid, or Within the Limits aforesaid. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all and every Our Subjects of What degree or quality soever, now Trading or Traffiquing, or designing to Trade or Traffique to or from the Parts aforesaid, or any of them, contrary to the true meaning of the said Companies Charter, That they forthwith do cease and forbear such their Trade and Traffique, and withdraw themselves from the parts aforesaid. And We do further hereby streightly Require and Command all and singular Our Governours, Lieutenant-Governours, Admirals, Vice-Admirals, Generals, Judges of all Our Courts of Admiralty, Commanders of Our Forts and Castles, Captains of Our Royal Ships, Justices of the Peace, Provost-Marshals, Marshals, Comptrollers, Collectors of Our Customs, Wayters, Searchers, and all other Our Officers and Ministers Civil and Military by Sea or Land, in all and every of Our Dominions or Plantations, and all other Our Subjects whatsoever and Wheresoever, to take effectual care that no person or persons whatsoever (except the said Company and their Successors, and such as shall be duly Licensed) do send or Navigate any Ships or Vessels, or exercise any Trade directly or indirectly from any of Our Kingdoms, Dominions or Plantations whatsoever, contrary to the said Charter granted to the said Company as aforesaid, to any the Places or Limits aforesaid, or from thence to any of Our said Kingdoms, Dominions, Plantations, or other Places; And if any person or persons shall presume to act or do in any Wise contrary to this Our Royal Proclamation, We do Will, Require and streightly Command all and singular Our said Governours, Lieutenant-Governours, Admirals, Vice-Admirals, Generals, Judges of Our Courts of Admiralty, Commanders of Our Forts and Castles, Captains of Our Royal Ships, Justices of the Peace, Provost-Marshals, Marshals, Sheriffs, Comptrollers, Collectors of Our Customs, Wayters, Searchers, and all other Our Officers and Ministers Civil and Military by Sea or Land in every of Our said Dominions and Plantations, and all other Our Officers, Ministers and Subjects whatsoever and Wheresoever, that as often as need shall require, they and every of them respectively be Aiding and Assisting to the said Company, their Factors, Deputies, or Assigns, to Attach, Arrest, Take and Seize all such Ship or Ships, Vessel or Vessels, Goods, Wares and Merchandizes of such person or persons as shall be Used, Employed, or Traded in contrary to the Charter Granted to the said Company, Wheresoever they shall be found, for Our Use, upon pain of Our high Displeasure, and as they will answer the contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the One and thirtieth day of *March* 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, 1688.

1st

30

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For the putting in Execution the Laws and Statutes of this Realm, for the Preventing the Exportation of Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Woollen-yarn. Mortlings, Shorlings, Wooll-flocks, Fullers-Earth, and Fulling-Clay out of this Kingdom.

10 April: 1688

JAMES R.

WHereas notwithstanding the good Provision made by divers Laws and Statutes of this Realm, Prohibiting the Transportation of Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Woollen-yarn, Mortlings, Shorlings, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, and Fulling-Clay, out of this Our Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town and Port of Berwick upon Tweed, or any the Isles, Ports, Creeks or Places thereof, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or into Foreign parts beyond the Seas; By which Laws and Statutes, besides the pecuniary Penalties and Forfeitures thereby Imposed, such Transportation is declared Felony, not only in the Transporters thereof, but also in their Aiders and Abettors; and notwithstanding the several Proclamations of Our late Dearest Brother, and Our Self, in pursuance of the said Laws; divers persons evilly-disposed to the Welfare of this Our Kingdom and Dominions aforesaid, presuming upon Our Lenity in not exacting the Penalties aforesaid, upon the Lives and Estates of such Offenders, as by Law We might, have assumed to themselves, and do daily licentiously assume to themselves in Defiance of Us, Our Government and Laws aforesaid, not only clandestinely, but by open Force and Violence with Armed Companies of Men, the Liberty to Convey and Transport the Commodities aforesaid into parts beyond the Seas; and also to Rescue the same out of the Hands and Possession of Our Officers of the Customs, and others acting in their Aid, When by vertue of Our Authority the said Commodities have been Seized, and in Riotous and Tumultuous manner have beaten and wounded Our said Officers, and those acting in their Aid; We, taking the same into Our Princely Consideration, and duly Weighing the evil consequence thereof to the Staple Manufacture of Clothing in this Our Kingdom, have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, and We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, as well in pursuance of the aforesaid Laws, as in vertue of Our Royal Prerogative, streightly Charge, Prohibit and Command that no manner of Sheep, Wooll, Wooll-fells, Woollen-yarn, Mortlings, Shorlings, Wooll-flocks, Fullers Earth, or Fulling-Clay, be at any time or times hereafter, by any person or persons whatsoever, whether Natural-born-Subjects, Denizens or Strangers, Exported, Transported, Sent or Conveyed out of Our Kingdom, or Dominions aforesaid, or any the Isles, Ports, Creeks, or places thereof, into the Kingdom of Scotland, or into any Foreign parts beyond the Seas, upon pain of Our highest Indignation, and the severest Penalties, which by the Laws and Statutes of this Our Realm may be inflicted upon the Offenders themselves, their Aiders, Procurers, Abettors and Favourers, their Lives and Estates. And We do hereby Declare, That We will cause to be effectually put in Execution the Laws and Statutes aforesaid, and Will exact the Penalties accruing, as by Law We may. And We do hereby streightly Charge and Command all Our Officers and Ministers, as well Civil as Military, to be Aiding and Assisting to Our Officers of Our Customs, and others duly Authorized to put in Execution the said Laws, and all others acting in their Aid.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Sixth Day of *April* 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 168[illegible].

By the KING,

28. May. 1688.

A PROCLAMATION.

JAMES R.

Confirming his Declaraon of Liberty of Conscience in Scotland.

JAMES the Seventh, by the Grace of God, King of Scotland, England, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all and sundry Our good Subjects, whom these Presents do or may Concern, Greeting. Since Our Accession to the Throne of Our Royal Ancestors, Our chiefest Care has been to procure the Security, Peace and Happiness of Our Subjects, by all the ways Our Paternal Care of Our People could suggest to Us, especially by removing the Pressures of Penal Laws, in matters of meer Religion, and forbidding all differencing Oaths and Tests, whose unreasonable Weight hung heavy on Us and our People, Precluding both from Our Native-freedom and Birth-right: And this We did by Our Royal Declaration of the Date the 12th. of February, 1687. In which Declaration, We were pleased, for the great and weighty Causes and Considerations therein mentioned, and by vertue of Our Soveraign Authority, Prerogative Royal, and Absolute Power, so plainly acknowledged by several Acts of Parliament, and especially by the 2d. Act of Our First Parliament; To Give and Grant Our Royal Toleration to all the Professors of the Christian Religion therein named, and with and under certain Conditions, Restrictions, and Limitations, judged by Us for the Time to be necessary. Requiring and expecting, that all Our good Subjects would give their Assistance and Concourse thereunto, on all Occasions, in their respective Capacities; Suspending, Disabling and stopping all Penal Laws, Acts of Parliament, Customs or Constitutions, made or executed against Dissenters for matters of meer Religion. And further, We did Cass, Annul and Discharge, all Oaths whatsoever, by which any were Disabled from holding Places or Offices, or enjoying their Hereditary Rights and Privileges; Discharging the same to be thence-forward given or taken, without our special Warrand; Stopping, Disabling and Dispensing, as well with all Laws enjoyning the said Oaths and Tests, as with the other Penal Laws therein mentioned; and Declaring, that it never was Our Principle, nor would We suffer Violence to be offered to any mans Conscience, or Force to be used against any man, on the account of his Perswasion; And that We would employ indifferently all Our Subjects, of all Perswasions, so as none should meet with any Discouragement on the account of his Religion, but be Advanced and Esteemed by Us, according to their several Capacities and Qualifications, so long as We should find Charity and Unity maintained: And if any Animosities should Arise, that then We would show the severest Effects of Our Royal Displeasure against the Beginners or Fomenters thereof, seeing thereby Our Subjects might be deprived of that general Ease and Satisfaction that We did intend to all of them, whose Happiness, Prosperity, Wealth and Safety were so much in Our Royal Care, that We would leave nothing undone that might procure these Blessings for them. We did likewise Declare, that We were resolved to maintain our Arch-bishops and Bishops of the Protestant Religion, with all the inferior Clergy, in the full and free Possession of their Rights and Privileges, as they now enjoy them, and all Our Protestant Subjects, in the free Exercise of their Religion; As likewise, the Possessors of Church or Abbay-Lands, in their full Right of their Possessions, according to Law, in that Case already provided; Likewise, Granting Our Indemnity, with such Exceptions, as in the foresaid Proclamation is more fully expressed. Thereafter, We thought fit to Explain and Enlarge the same, by Our second Declaration, bearing date at Windsor, the 28 day of June last by-past, of which the Tenor follows.

JAMES the Seventh, by the Grace of GOD, King of *Scotland*, *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all and sundry Our good Subjects whom these Presents do or may Concern, Greeting. Whereas by Our Royal Proclamation of the date the 12 day, of *February* 1686. We were graciously pleased for the Causes, on the Terms therein mentioned to grant Our Royal Toleration to the Professors of the Christian Religion therein named; With and under certain Restrictions and Limitations; All which are in the said Proclamation more at length expressed: We now taking into Our Royal Consideration the sinistruous Interpretations, which either have, or may be made of some Restrictions, therein mentioned; Have thought fit by this Our Royal Proclamation, further to declare, that We will Protect Our Arch-Bishops, and Bishops, and all Our Subjects of the Protestant Religion, in the free Exercise of their Protestant Religion, as it is by Law Established, and in the Quiet and full Enjoyment of all their Possessions, without any Molestation or Disturbance whatsoever. And We do likewise by Our Soveraign Authority, Prerogative Royal and Absolute Power, Suspend, Stop and Disable, all Penal and Sanguinary Laws, made against any for Non-conformity to the Religion Established by Law, in that Our Antient Kingdom, or for Exercising their respective Worships, Religions, Rites and Ceremonies; All which Laws are hereby Stopt, Suspended and Disabled to all Intents and Purposes. And to the end that by the Liberty thereby granted, the Peace and Security of Our Goverment in the Practice thereof, may not be Endangered, We have thought fit, and We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects, that as we do freely give them leave to Meet and Serve God after their own Way and Manner, be it in private Houses, Chappels, or Places purposely Hired or Built for that use, so that they take care that nothing be Preached or Taught among them which may any ways tend to Alienate the Hearts of Our People from Us, or Our Government, and that their Meetings be peaceably, openly and publickly held, and all Persons freely admitted to them, and that they do signifie and make known to some one or more of the next Privy Counsellors, Sheriffs, Stewards, Bailies, Justices of the Peace, or Magistrates of Burghs-Royal, what Place or Places they set apart for these uses, with the Names of the Preachers.

And that all Our Subjects may enjoy such their Religious Assemblies with greater Assurance and Protection, We have thought fit, and do hereby Command, That no Disturbance of any kind be made or given unto them, under pain of Our Royal Displeasure, and to be further proceeded against, with the outmost Severity; Provided always, that their Meetings be in Houses or Places provided for the purpose, and not in the open Fields, for which, now after this Our Royal Grace and Favour shown (which surpasses the Hopes, and equals the very Wishes of the most zealously concerned,) there is not the least shadow of Excuse left; Which meetings in Fields; We do hereby strictly Prohibite and Forbid, against all which We do leave Our Laws and Acts of Parliament in full force and vigour, notwithstanding the Premisses; And do further Command, all Our Judges, Magistrates, and Officers of Our Forces, to prosecute such as shall be guilty of the saids Field-Conventicles or assemblies, with the outmost Rigour, as they would avoid Our Highest Displeasure; For We are confident, none will (after these Liberties and Freedoms We have given to all, without reserve, to serve GOD in their own way) presume to meet in these Assemblies, except such as make a pretence of Religion, to cover their Treasonable Designs, against Our Royal Person, and the Peace of our Government. And Lastly, to the end all Our good Subjects may have notice of this Our Royal Will and Pleasure, We do hereby Command Our Lyon King at Arms, and his brethren Heraulds, Macers, Pursevants and Messengers at Arms, to make timeous Proclamation thereof at the Mercat-Cross of *Edinburgh*; And besides the Printing and Publishing of this Our Royal Proclamation, It is Our express Will and Pleasure, that the same be past under Our Great Seal of that Our Kingdom *per saltum*, without passing any other Seal or Register. In order whereunto, these shall be to the Directors of Our Chancery and their Deputes, for Writing the same, and to Our Chancellor, for causing Our Great Seal aforesaid to be Appended thereunto, a sufficient Warrand. *Given at Our Court at* Windsor *the* 28. *day of* June. 1687. *And of Our Reign the Third Year.*

And in pursuance of Our Royal Intentions therein expressed, We have Dissolved all Our Judicatures of Privy Council, Session, Exchequer, Justiciary, and Magistracy of Our Burghs-Royal, that by their Acceptations of new Commissions on the terms of Our Royal Pleasure as above-expressed, We might Convince the World of the Justice of Our Procedure, as the Universal thanks of Our People has manifested their Joy, for so unexpected, unhoped for Blessings, terminating at once their Persecutions, and freeing Our Self from the bad Consequences thereof, too manifest in by-past Reigns, to be forgotten in this; And yet there are still some Enemies to Us, and to their own Peace, who labour to lessen the Happiness Our People enjoy, by Fears and Jealousies, that it will not be lasting; But We will let them, and all the World know, that Our Care, shall be more indefatigable, to Prevent and Defeat their Malice, than they shall be to Contrive or Act the same. And therefore, We have again thought fit to Declare our Royal Intentions, to Stand to, and Maintain Our first Declaration, of the date the 12 of February 1687, in so far as it is above-repeated, and as it is Explained and Enlarged by Our second of the date the 28 of June, according to the true Meaning and Import of the same. And if any shall be so bold as to refuse their due Concurrence with, or Obedience to Us in these Points, they shall find the weight of Our Royal Displeasure, so as to terrifie others from the like Undutifulness to Our Royal Authority, whilst on the other part, such as Dutifully Obey and Act as become them, shall Enjoy the Comfort of Our Royal Protection and Favour. And to the end all Our good Subjects may have notice of this Our Royal Will and Pleasure, We do hereby Command Our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers, Pursevants, and Messengers at Arms, to make timeous Proclamation thereof at the Mercat-Cross of Edinburgh. For all which, This shall be to all Persons respectively, who may be therein any way Concerned, a sufficient Warrand.

Given under Our Royal Hand and Signet at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 7*th* day of *May* 1688. and of Our Reign the Fourth Year.

By His Majesties *Command*, MELFORT.

Edinburgh May 15. 1688. *Present in Council.*

The Earl of *Perth* Lord high Chancellor	The Earl of *Strathmore*	The Lord Viscount of *Tarbat*	The Lord Justice Clerk
The Lord Arch-Bishop of St. *Andrews*	The Earl of *Lauderdale*	The Master of *Balmerino*	The Lord *Castlehil*
The Lord Arch-Bishop of *Glasgow*	The Earl of *Traquair*	The Lord President of Session	General Major *Grahame* of *Claverhouse*
The Lord Marquess of *Athol* Privy Seal	The Earl of *Belcarras*	The Lord Advocat	The Laird of *Niddrie.*
The Earl of *Linlithgow*			

THe above-written Proclamation from His most Sacred *Majesty*, being Read in His Privy Council of *Scotland*, was (in pursuance of His Majesties Royal Commands) Ordered to be Published the Morrow, at the ordinary time, with all due Solemnities. Extracted forth of the Records of His Majesties most Honourable Privy Council by me

WILL. PATERSON, Cls. Sti. Consilii.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderson*, Printer to His most Sacred Majesty: And Reprinted at *London* by *George Croom*, at the *Blew Ball* in *Thames-street*, 1688. With Allowance.

PROOF

1t.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For a day of Thanksgiving for joy of a young Prince.
11. June. 1688.

JAMES R.

IT having pleased Almighty God of his great and continued Mercy to His Majesty and his Kingdoms, to Bless Him and his Royal Consort the Queen with a Son, and these his Kingdoms and Dominions with a Prince, His Majesty this day in Council hath thought fit to appoint a time of Publick Thanksgiving to Almighty God throughout this Kingdom for so great a Blessing: And his Majesty doth accordingly Appoint and Command, That upon Sunday next, being the Seventeenth day of this instant June, within the Cities of London and Westminster and Ten Miles distance, and upon the First day of July next in all other Places throughout this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, be had and Solemnized a Publick Thanksgiving to Almighty God for so great a Blessing vouchsafed to His Majesty and these His Kingdoms; And for this purpose His Majesty hath signified his Royal Pleasure to the Right Reverend Father in God Thomas Lord Bishop of Rochester forthwith to prepare a Form of Religious Service and Publick Thanksgiving, which may be suitable to this occasion; Which Form of Service and Publick Thanksgiving His Majesty will cause to be Printed and Published, and to be distributed throughout the several and respective Dioceses of this Kingdom, to be observed and used in the Churches and Chappels of this Kingdom and Dominion aforesaid, upon the several and respective days beforementioned.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Tenth day of *June* 1688. in the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

1d

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

JAMES R.

Agt Debauchery, Drunkenness & Swearing &c.
3. July. 1688.



Whereas nothing can prove a greater Dishonour to a Well-Ordered Government Where the Christian Faith is professed, than the open and avowed practice of Vice, Prophanels and Debauchery, Which amongst some men hath too much prevail'd in this Our Kingdom of late years, to the high displeasure of Almighty God, the great scandal of Christianity it self, and the ill and fatal example of Our loving Subjects, Who have been soberly Educated, and especially the younger sort, Whose inclinations would lead them to Virtuous Courses, did they not daily find repeated instances of dissolute living and open Prophanels, Which in some persons is grown so habitual, as if, in this Our Realm, there were an allow'd Custom of doing evil; For the prevention Whereof, and to the intent that Religion, Piety, and good Manners may (according to Our hearty desire) flourish and increase under Our Administration and Government, We do hereby Declare Our Royal Purpose and Resolution to be, That We will exercise the greatest severity of punishment against men of Dissolute, Debauched and Prophane Lives, of What Quality, or under What Circumstances soever they shall be. And We do expect that all Persons of Honour, or in Place and Authority, will so far contribute to the discountenancing such men, that they being reduced to shame and contempt, may be enforced the sooner to reform their ill habits and practices; and that the displeasure of good men towards them, may supply what the Laws have not of themselves, or (it may be) cannot Wholly prevent. And for the more effectual reforming these persons, Who are a discredit to this Our Kingdom, Our further Pleasure is, and We do hereby streightly Require, Charge and Command all Our Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and all other Our Officers and Ministers both Ecclesiastical and Civil, and other Our Subjects Whom it may concern, to be very vigilant and strict in the Discovery and Prosecution of all persons who shall be given to Excessive Drinking, Debauchery, Prophane Swearing, and Cursing, or any other Dissolute, Vitious and Immoral Practices, That (having first given Security for the good behaviour) they may be further proceeded against with all Rigour and Severity, and exposed to shame in such a manner as the Laws, and the just and necessary Rules of Government shall direct or permit.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty ninth day of *June* 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

1d.

A PROCLAMATION,

6. Sept. 1688. ANENT SOME

Rebels, Robers, Fugitives, and Thieves, who are, or have been lately in Arms in the Braes of Lochaber.

A M E S by the Grace of G O D, King of *Great Britain, France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, To all and ſundry our good and loving Subjects, to whoſe knowledg theſe preſents ſhall come, Greeting, Foraſmuch, as We having granted a Commiſſion of Fire and Sword to the Laird of *M'intoſh*, for recovering poſſeſſion of his Lands of *Keapoch*, and others detained from him illegally by *Coll. M'donald* and his Adherents; and having joyned with the Laird of *M'intoſh*, a Company of our Forces under the Command of Captain *M'kenzie* of *Suddy*, the ſaid *Coll.* having aſſociat to himſelf all the Outlaws, and other deſperat Thieves and Robbers bearing the Sirname of *M'donald*, and others their Aſſociats and Accomplices, to the number of Seven or Eight Hundred Men; they did in a moſt Treaſonable and Rebellious Manner, dare to Invade and Surprize ſuch as were Cloathed with Our Authority, and to Murder and Aſſaſſinat many of them: And We being fully Reſolved in all caſes to Defend and Maintain Our Subjects in their juſt Rights, Properties and Poſſeſſions, and to puniſh ſeverely ſuch as either oppoſe Our Authority, or injure them; We have thought fit and neceſſary to Commiſſionat others of Our Forces, under the Command of Captain *Charles Straiton*, to repair to the ſaid place, and to reduce by all poſſible means and methods the ſaid Rebels, and to require the Chiefs of all the Neighboring Clanns to be ready, with ſuch numbers of their Clans, Friends, and Followers, as ſhall be deſired and required to aſſiſt them in the way and manner expreſt in our reſpective Letters to them; And for the more ſpeedy and effectual ſuppreſſing of the ſaid Rebels, We do hereby declare, that whoever ſhall Maintain, Harbour, or Reſett them, by themſelves or others, give the leaſt Aſſiſtance, by Meat, Drink, Money, or any other ſupply, or ſhall omit to do their utmoſt endeavour for apprehending them, or ſhall any manner of way Intercommune with them, ſhall be puniſhed as acceſſaries to their Crimes and Accomplicies thereof, with the utmoſt ſeverity of Our Laws. We do alſo hereby Order and Command all the ſaids Chiefs of Clanns, Heretors, Woodſetters, Liferenters, Tackſmen, Chamberlains and others, Bordering upon any part of Our Seas, Firths, or Iſles, to ſecure all their Boats and Paſſages, to the end none of the ſaids Traitors be Ferried over, and that as they ſhall be anſwerable upon their higheſt peril. And for the better proſecution of all the ſaids ends and deſigns, We hereby Diſcharge any of our Subjects to Travel in the High-lands without Paſſes from their Land-lords and Maſters, and that ay and while the ſaids Rebels be fully reduced: Impowering hereby any having Commiſſion from Us, or any under their Command, to ſeize and apprehand ſuch as want Paſſes, ay until they be able to give a ſufficient account of themſelves. Expecting that all Our good Subjects will concurr in ſuppreſſing and rooting out the ſaids Barbarous and Inhumane Traitors to their utmoſt power, which We will look upon as moſt acceptable ſervice; Indemnifying hereby fully all ſuch who ſhall act or concurr in the proſecution of this Our Proclamation. And to the end our Royal Pleaſure in the Premiſſes may be made publick and known, Our Will is, and We Charge you ſtrictly, and Command that incontinent theſe Our Letters ſeen, ye paſs to the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and whole remanent Mercat-Croſſes of the Head Burghs of the Shires of this Kingdom, and other places needful, and there in Our Name and Authority make Publication of Our Royal Pleaſure in the Premiſſes, that none pretend ignorance.

Given under Our Signet *at* Edinburgh, *the Fifteenth day of* Auguſt, *One thouſand ſix hundred eighty eight Years; and of our Reign the Fourth Year.*

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii.
COLIN MACKENZIE Cls. Sti. Concilii.

GOD ſave the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to His moſt Sacred Majeſty: Reprinted at *London* by *John Wallis* within *White-Fryers Gate* next *Fleetſtreet*. 1688.

1d.

By the King,

A DECLARATION.

For ye Regulating of His Soldiers in yeir Quarters & on their March.
8. Sept. 1688.

JAMES R.

WHereas We have been Informed that divers Abuses have been committed in the Quartering of Officers and Soldiers contrary to Our Declaration bearing Date the Twenty fifth day of August, in the First year of Our Reign; We have thought fit, for the better prevention thereof, hereby to Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, That in the Quartering of Our Guards, and of all other Our Land-Forces within any City, Town or Garrison, no Officer or Soldier whatsoever shall be lodged in any Private House, without the free and voluntary Consent of the Owner, And that all Houses shall be deemed Private Houses except Victualling-Houses, and Houses of Publick Entertainment, or such as have Licences to sell Wine, or any other Liquor; That no Officer or Soldier shall presume in any case Whatsoever, to set out or Appoint, or to take up or Change any Quarters for himself or any others, Without the Direction or Appointment of the Chief Magistrates, Justices of the Peace, or Constable of the Place where any of Our Forces are or shall be Quartered; That to every Officer there be Appointed and Allotted one Bed, and to Two Private Soldiers or Servants of Officers, one Bed; Nor shall any Quarters be set out or kept for any absent Officer, Soldier, or Servant, nor for any longer time then such Officer, Soldier, or Servant shall be present at the Quarters so to be Assigned, and shall personally make use of them, all which Quarters are to be as equally Apportioned as may be, to the greatest ease of Our Subjects, by the Chief Magistrate or Justices of the Peace in every City, Town or Garrison, to whom the Care or Direction hereof does belong. And We do further strictly Charge and Command, That when the Quarters shall be set out and Assigned to any Regiment, Troop or Company, no Officer or Soldier do presume for any Reward, Composition, or consideration of Profit, to leave or change their Quarters, or to Exact, Demand or receive Money for Quarters, or for exempting any Persons from the same, under the Penalty to a Private Soldier of such Punishment as a Court-Martial shall Inflict, and to an Officer offending herein, or permitting the same, of being Cashiered and Discharged from Our Service: And that all Offenders herein may be punisht With the greatest Rigour, Our further Will and Pleasure is, That upon the committing of any Abuse in Disobedience of these Our Commands, complaint be forthWith made by the Person aggrieved, in open Quarters to the Chief Officer with the Regiment, Troop or Company to which such Offender belongs, and in Garrison to the Governour or Commander in Chief, who are forthWith to cause the Soldier or Soldiers offending, to be severely punisht, and to Suspend the Officer or Officers acting contrary hereunto, until upon Information thereof sent unto Us, he or they shall be Discharged from Our Service; And in default of a speedy Redress, the Person Injured is to make his Complaint to the Chief Magistrate or Magistrates of the Place, or to the next Justice of the Peace, Who are to take the Depositions or Informations in Writing, as Well of the Person Injured, as of any other that may be able to give Evidence in the Matter Complained of, and to transmit the same unto Us, that We may give such Order for the Punishment of the Offenders, and satisfaction of the Person Offended, as to Justice shall appertain. And forasmuch as We have been Informed of divers Abuses committed in the Impressing of Horses and Carriages upon the March of Our Forces, We have further thought fit hereby to Declare Our Pleasure, That no Military Officer or Soldier do presume at any time to Impress any Horses, Waggon or Carriage for the use of Our Forces, or upon any pretence whatsoever, but that the same be left to the Direction and Appointment of Our Justices of the Peace, and to the Bailiffs, Headboroughs or Constables of those Places where any of Our Regiments, Troops or Companies shall Pass from time to time, pursuant to such Warrants as shall be produced unto them under Our Sign Manual, nor shall any Officer refuse to pay the usual Rate of Six pence per Mile for each Waggon or Carriage Employed by him; under the like Penalty to any Officers or Soldiers offending herein, Who are to be proceeded against and punisht with the utmost Severity in the manner aforementioned.

Given at Our Court at *Windsor* the Second day of *September* 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty 1688.



J 2 R

A PROCLAMATION,

Appointing a Rendezvous of the Militia-Regiments in ſeveral Shires, and calling out the Heretors, &c.

4. Octob. 1688.

JAMES by the Grace of GOD, King of *Great Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defender of the Faith, To Our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers of Our Privy Council, Purſevants, Meſſengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly and ſeverally, ſpecially Conſtitute, Greeting: Foraſmuch, as by the Thirty ſecond *Act* of Our Firſt *Parliament*, We were Graciouſly pleaſed, for the Eaſe of Our People, to Diſcharge the ordinary Rendezvouzes of Our eſtabliſhed Militia, during Our Royal Pleaſure. And now We having thought fit for the Good of Our Service, and Security of Our Royal Government, that the Foot-Regiments of Our Militia of the Town of *Edinburgh*, Mid, Eaſt and Weſt *Lothians*, *Fife* and *Kinroſs*, *Perth*, *Stirling*, *Mers* and *Forfar*, ſhould be Rendezvouzed, at the Times, and Places, and under the Commanders after-mentioned: Therefore We with Advice of Our Privy Council, Do hereby ſtrictly Require and Command, that all Perſons lyable in Outrick of the ſaid Militia Foot Regiments, in the foreſaid Shires, do peremptorly ſend out their reſpective Proportions, as formerly, with their beſt Arms, and with Fourty Eight Hours Proviſion, *viz.* The Regiment of Our Good Town of *Edinburgh*, at the Links of *Leith*, upon *Tueſday* next, the 25 Inſtant, at Ten a Clock in the Forenoon, under the Command of the Lord Provoſt of *Edinburgh*, and in his Abſence, under the Command of the firſt Baillie; The Regiment of Mid-*Lothian*, at the ſaid Time and Place, under the Command of the Earl of *Lauderdale*; The Regiment of Eaſt-*Lothian*, the ſaid Time, at the Burgh of *Haddingtoun*, under the Command of Sir *James Hay* of *Linplum*; The Regiment of Weſt-*Lothian*, the ſaid Time, at the Burgh of *Linlithgow*, under the Command of the Earl of *Linlithgow*, Our Juſtice General; The Eaſt-Regiment of *Fife*, at the Town of *Levin*, the ſaid Day and Time, under the Command of the Earl of *Belcarras*; The Weſt-Regiment of that Shire, upon *Wedneſday* thereafter, the 26 Inſtant, the ſaid Time, at the Burgh of *Kirkcaldie*, under the Command of the ſaid Earl of *Belcarras*; The Regiment of *Sterling*-ſhire, at *Sauchenfoord*, the 25 inſtant, at the above-written Hour, under the Command of the Earl of *Callendar*; The Regiment of *Berwick*-ſhire, the foreſaid Time, at the Town of *Dunce*, under the Command of the Earl of *Hume*; The Regiment of *Forfar*, at the Burgh of *Forfar*, the ſaid Day and Time, under the Command of the Earl of *Strathmore*; The Weſt Regiment of *Perth*-ſhire, at *Auchterardor*, the foreſaid time, under the Command of Sir *John Drummond* of *Machany*, or in his abſence, *James Grahame* of *Urchle*; and the Eaſt Regiment of that Shire, at the ſame time, at the Inch of *St. Johnſtoun*, under the Command of the Marqueſs of *Athole*, Lord *Privy-Seal*, or whom he ſhall appoint: And Ordains the ſaids Regiments to continue in the reſpective places above-written, in a Body, for the ſpace of 48 hours: In which time they are to receive further Orders from Us, or Our Privy Council. Hereby ſtrictly Charging and Commanding all Heretors, Liferenters, Leaders, and others, any manner of way lyable in Out-reik of the ſaid Regiments, to give punctual obedience to this Our Royal Will and Pleaſure, under the pains contained in the Acts of Parliament anent Our Militia: Requiring alſo the ſaids perſons now nominat by Us, to ſend in exact Accounts from their ſaid firſt Meeting, to Our Chancellor, what Commiſſionat Officers are wanting in their reſpective Regiments, that We may ſupply the ſame, as in Our Royal Wiſdom We ſhall think fit; Hereby likewiſe Requiring and Commanding all perſons, whether Officers or Souldiers of the ſaids Regiments, to give cheerful obedience to thoſe intruſted by Us in this Command, and that as they will be anſwerable at their higheſt peril; And appoints and Commands the reſpective Sheriffs and their Deputs, to cauſe prepare Beacons at *North-berwick-law*, *Gairlntoun-hill*, *St. Abbs-Head*, *Coldinghame-Moor*, *Arthures-Seat*, *Dininicker-law*, *Kellie-law*, *Largo-law*, *Eaſter-Lowmont* in *Fife*, & the *Baſs*; upon which places the reſpective Sheriffs are hereby ordered to cauſe kindle Beacons, how ſoon they ſee any conſiderable number of Ships appearing on the Coaſts of this Kingdom. And ſtrictly Requires and Commands all Fencible Perſons, Our Leidges in the ſaids bounds, betwixt Sixty and Sixteen, in their beſt Arms, to repair to the reſpective places appointed for the Rendezvous of the ſaid Shires, and that immediatly upon their having notice of the Firing of the ſaids Beacons, or either of them. And likewiſe hereby Requiring all Heretors, Liferenters, and Wodſetters, to be ready with their beſt Horſes and Arms, to attend Our Hoſt, whenever they ſhall be required thereto, and that under the Pains and Penalties contained in the Acts of Parliament anent Abſents from Our Hoſt. And to the end Our Royal Pleaſure in the Premiſſes may be made publick and known, Our Will is, and We Charge you ſtrictly, and Command, that incontinent theſe Our Letters ſeen, ye paſs to the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and whole remanant Mercat-Croſſes of the Head Burghs of the Shires of this Kingdom, and other Places needful, and there in Our Name and Authority by open Proclamation, make Publication of Our Royal Pleaſure in the Premiſſes. And recommends to the Moſt Reverend the Arch-Biſhops, and Right Reverend Biſhops, to cauſe read this Our Royal Proclamation in all the Pulpits of this Kingdom, upon the firſt next Lords Day, in the Forenoon, immediatly after Divine Service, that none pretend Ignorance.

Given under Our Signet at Edinburgh, *the eighteenth Day of* September, *One thouſand ſix hundred eighty eight Years; And of Our Reign the Fourth Year.*

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii.
WILL. PATERSON, *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

GOD Save the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to His moſt Sacred Majeſty, *Ann. Dom.* 1688.
And Reprinted at *London* by *John Wallis*, within *White-Friars-Gate* next *Fleet-ſtreet*.

By the King

A PROCLAMATION,

Containing His Majesties Gracious and Ample Indemnity.

JAMES REX, 12. Oct. 1688.

JAMES the Seventh by the Grace of GOD, King of Scotland, England, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. To all and sundry Our good Subjects, whom these Presents do, or may concern, Greeting: We having been graciously pleased, by Our Proclamation for Indulgence, for the better uniting of the Hearts of Our Subjects amongst themselves, and removing of all Discords and Jealousies, which the difference of Religion, and of their several Perswasions did occasion and foment amongst them, To allow to all Our Subjects, of whatsoever Perswasion, the free Exercise of their Religion, upon the Terms, and with the Provisions mentioned in Our Gracious Proclamation for Indulgence: And We still persisting in Our Princely and Fatherly Care of the Peace, Quiet, and Prosperity of all Our Subjects, and that We may at once extinguish all Fears and Jealousies, that any of Our Subjects may have deservedly incurred, by their Crimes and Delinquencies against Our Laws, and convince all Our Subjects, even the most obstinat and irreclaimable, of their Happiness and Security under the Protection and benign Influence of Our most Auspicious and most Clement Government; Therefore, We, of Our unparalelled Clemency and Goodness, do, by vertue of Our Soveraign Authority, Absolute Power and Prerogative Royal, and from the Fulness, and Plenitude of the same, Pardon, Remit, Indemnifie, and for ever Acquit all Our Subjects, of whatsoever Quality, State, or Condition, of all Crimes, of Perduellion, Rebellion, Treason, or concealing of Treason; Harbouring, Reset, Supplying, Corresponding and Intercommuning with Rebels; and all other Species's or Kinds of Læse-Majestie, as well Common, as Statutory; and of all Crimes of Leasing-making, Depraving, or Misconstruing of Our Laws, Misconstructing of Our Proceedings, or Misrepresenting to Us any of Our Subjects, or Us to Our Subjects; with all other Crimes, Offences, Delinquencies, or Transgressions of whatsoever Nature, or Quality, committed, acted, or done by any of Our Subjects, by Word, or Writ, or any other Acts of Commission or Omission, preceding the Date of these Presents, which directly or indirectly, are, or may Import, by any Inference, or Construction, the Contravention of any Law, Act of Parliament, Custom, or Constitution of that Our Ancient Kingdom, or may Infer any Pain or Punishment against any of Our Subjects, to the prejudice of their Lives, Fortunes, Estates, Fame, or Reputations, either ad vindictam publicam vel privatam; Or for Damage and Interest: All which, We, by Vertue of Our Royal Authority, and out of the Plenitude, and Fulness of Our Power, Will, Ordain and Declare to be, and are hereby Pardoned, Acquitted, Indemnified, and put in Perpetual Oblivion, for now and ever. Declaring and Ordaining, that this General Pardon and Indemnity, shall be as Valid and effectual to all Our Subjects for their Exoneration, and Security in the Premisses, as if every particular Crime, Offence, Delinquency, or Misdemeanor were here in particularly set down; and as if Remissions were past under Our Great Seal for the same; Wherewith We, for Our Self, and Our Successors, have Dispensed, and hereby do Dispense for ever. Likeas, We do hereby Prohibite and Discharge any of Our Ministers or Judges, to call in question, any of Our said Subjects, either Criminally or Civilly for the same in any time coming: And do Declare and Ordain, that this Our General Indemnity shall be Interpreted in the most Benign, Favourable and comprehensive Sense, the same can admit of, for the Security of Our Subjects in the Premisses. Excepting always forth and from this Our Indemnity, all Forfaultures and Sentences or Downs thereof, and that as to the Estates only thereby Forfaulted, but without prejudice to the Persons hereby Indemnified, and their Memories and Posterities, against whom the said Sentences or Downs were given, and pronounced; As likewise, Excepting all Pecuniary Fines or Mulcts already paid or Transacted: And generally, Excepting all Fines exceeding One thousand Merks Scots the Fine, imposed upon Heretors and Liferenters, as to which Fines, nevertheless not paid or Transacted, and yet hereby Excepted: It is Our Royal Will and Pleasure, that all Execution, Personal or Real therefore be Suspended, for the space of one year hereafter; during the which time, We are Resolved to take the same into Our own Gracious Consideration. And further, Excepting forth, and from this Our Indemnity, the Murderers of James late Arch-Bishop of St. Andrews, the Murderers of Mr. Pearson, Minister at Carsfairn, and of Thomas Kennoway, and Duncan Stuart at Swine-Abbay; As also, all Murders, Witchcrafts, Assassinations, Depredations, Roberies, Spulzies, Thefts and Mutilations of private Persons; All which Crimes, and those guilty thereof, are no way to be Comprehended in, or have any Benefit any manner of way, by this Our Pardon and Indemnity: And likewise in particular, Excepting the Persons and Estates of Mr. Robert Ferguson Preacher, Patrick Hume, sometimes called Sir Patrick Hume, of Polwart, Andrew Fletcher, sometime of Saltoun, and Mr. Gilbert Burnet, Doctor of Theologie: As also, Coll M'donald and his Associats, who were accessory to the late Opposition made to a Party of Our Forces, under the Command of the Deceast Captain M'kenzie of Suddy, lately in Lochabor: As also, all false Coyners, and all persons now in Prison for publick Crimes, from all Benefit of the same; With which Exceptions and Restrictions allanerly, and no other, We hereby Publish and Declare our Pardon and Indemnity.

And Lastly, To the end all Our Good Subjects may have notice of this Our Royal Will and Pleasure, We Do hereby Command Our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Pacers, Pursevants, and Messengers at Arms, to make timeous Proclamation thereof, at the Mercat Cross of Edinburgh, For all which, these Presents shall be to all persons whatsoever, who may be therein any way concerned, a sufficient Warrant.

Given at Our Court at *White-Hall* the Twenty fifth day of *September*, 1688. And of Our Reign, the fourth Year.

By His *MAJESTIES* Command,

MELFORT.

GOD Save the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderson*, Printer to His most Sacred Majesty: *Anno Dom.* 1688.
And Reprinted at *London* by *John Wallis* in *White-Fryars*, near the Great Gate. 1688.

1d.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Recalling ye writs for chusing a Parliament upon ye advice of a sudden Invasion from Holland. 29. Sept. 1688

JAMES R.

WE have received undoubted Advice, That a great and sudden Invasion from Holland, with an Armed Force of Foreigners and Strangers, will speedily be made in a Hostile manner upon this Our Kingdom; And although some false Pretences relating to Liberty, Property, and Religion, contrived or worded with Art and Subtilty, may be given out (as shall be thought useful upon such an Attempt) it is manifest however, (considering the great Preparations that are making) that no less Matter by this Invasion, is proposed and purposed, then an Absolute Conquest of these Our Kingdoms, and the utter Subduing and Subjecting Us and all Our People, to a Foreign Power, which is promoted (as We understand, although it may seem almost Incredible) by some of Our Subjects, being Persons of Wicked and restless Spirits, implacable Malice, and desperate Designs, who having no Sense of former Intestine Distractions, the Memory and Misery whereof should Endear and put a Value upon that Peace and Happiness which hath long been enjoyed; nor being moved by Our reiterated Acts of Grace and Mercy, wherein We have studied and delighted to abound towards all Our Subjects, and even towards those who were once Our avowed and open Enemies, do again endeavour to Imbroil this Kingdom in Blood and Ruine, to gratifie their own Ambition and Malice, proposing to themselves a Prey and Booty in such a publick Confusion.

We cannot omit to make it known, That although We had Notice sometime since, that a Foreign Force was preparing against Us, yet We have always declined any Foreign Succors, but rather have chosen (next under God) to relie upon the true and Ancient Courage, Faith and Allegiance of Our own People, with whom We have often ventured Our Life, for the Honour of this Nation, and in Whose Defence against all Enemies, We are firmly resolved to live and die: And therefore We solemnly Conjure Our Subjects to lay aside all manner of Animosities, Jealousies and Prejudices, and heartily and chearfully to Unite together in the Defence of Us and their Native Countrey, which thing alone will (under God) defeat and frustrate the principal Hope and Design of Our Enemies, who expect to find Our People Divided, and by publishing perhaps some plausible Reasons of their coming hither, as the specious, though false Pretences of maintaining the Protestant Religion, or Asserting the Liberties and Properties of Our People, do hope thereby to Conquer this Great and Renowned Kingdom: But albeit the Design hath been carried on with all imaginable Secrecy and Endeavours to surprize and deceive Us, We have not been Wanting on Our Part, to make such Provision as did become Us, and by Gods Blessing We make no doubt of being found in so good a Posture, that Our Enemies may have cause to repent such their rash and unjust Attempt.

We did intend (as We lately Declared) to have met Our Parliament in November next, and the Writs are issued forth accordingly, proposing to Our selves, amongst other things, that We might be able to quiet the minds of all Our People in matters of Religion, pursuant to the several Declarations We have published to that effect, but in regard of this strange and unreasonable Attempt, from Our Neighbouring Countrey (without any manner of provocation) designed to divert Our said Gracious purposes, We find it necessary to recall Our said Writs, which We do hereby recall accordingly, Commanding and Requiring Our Loving Subjects to take Notice thereof, and to surcease all further proceedings thereon; And forasmuch as the Approaching danger which now is at hand, will require a great and vigorous Defence, We do hereby strictly Charge and Command All Our Loving Subjects both by Sea and Land (whose ready Concurrence, Valour and Courage as true English-men We no way doubt in so just a Cause) to be prepared to defend their Countrey; And We do hereby Command and Require all Lords Lieutenants, and Deputy Lieutenants, to Use their best and utmost Endeavours to Resist, Repel and Suppress Our Enemies who come with such Confidence and great Preparations to Invade and Conquer these Our Kingdoms. And lastly We do most expressly and strictly enjoyn and prohibit all and every Our Subjects of What Degree or Condition soever, from giving any manner of Aid, Assistance, Countenance or Succour, or from having or holding any Correspondence with these Our Enemies, or any of their Complices, upon pain of High Treason, and being prosecuted and proceeded against with the utmost severity.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 28th day of *September* 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

PUBLIC
DOMAIN

1d

29. Octob. 1688.

A PROCLAMATION,

For Calling out Heretors, &c. for His Majesties Service.

JAMES by the Grace of God, King of Great-Britain, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, To our Lyon, King at Armes, and his Brethren Heraulds, Pursevants, Messengers at Armes, our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly and severally, specially constitute, Greeting: Forasmuch, As We being obliged by the vast Preparations of the States of Holland, to put this Our Antient Kingdom in a condition of Defence, as well for the Securing of Our Own Honour, as the protecting the Lives and Estates of all Our Ledge People; Therefore, We with Advice of Our Privy Council, do hereby peremptorily Require and Command, the whole Heretors, Liferenters, and Wodsetters, and the Factors and Chamberlains of such as are Minors, out of the Kingdom, or otherwise necessarily absent, To Convein with their best Horses and Arms, and to be Rendezvouzed, under the Command, and at the Respective Places and Diets after mentioned, viz. The Shire of Nithisdale and Stewartry of Annandale, at the Town of Dumfreis, the fifteenth of October instant, under the Command of the Duke of Queensberry; The Shire of Wigtoun, the said day at Dumfreis, under the Command of the Earl of Galloway, and in his absence the Laird of Logan; the Stewartry of Kirkcudbright, the said day and Place, under the Command of the Viscount of Kenmure, or the Laird of Lagg; The Bailliary of Cunninghame, the said day at Glasgow, under the Command of the Lord Montgomery; The Baillaries of Kile and Carrist, the said day and place, under the Command of the Earl of Cassils; The Shire of Renfrew, at the said Town, the twelfth day of October instant, under the Command of the Earl of Dundonald; The Shire of Lanerk, the said day and place, under the Command of the Duke of Hamilton, and in his absence, Lord John Hamilton his Son; The Shire of Dumbartoun, the said day and place, under the Command of the Earl of Glencairn; The Shire of Tiviotdale, at Edinburgh, the tenth day of October instant, under the Command of the Earl of Lothian and the Lord Newbottle; The Shire of Berwick, the said day and place under the Command of Sir Archibald Cockburn of Lantoun Barronet; The Shires of Forrest and Peebles, the said day and place, under the Command of the Laird of Drumelzier; The Shire of East-Lothian, the said day and place, under the Command of the Lord Yester; The Shire of Mid-Lothian, the said Day and Place, under the Command of the Earl of Lauderdale; The Shires of West-Lothian, Stirling and Clackmannan, at Stirling, the said tenth day instant, under the Command of the Earl of Mar; The Shires of Fife and Kinross, the said day, at the Town of Burnt-Island, under the Command of the Earl of Belcarras; The Western Division of Perthshire, at Stirling, the forsaid tenth instant, under the Command of David Viscount of Stormonth; The Eastern Division of that Shire, the forsaid Day and place, under the Command of the Lord Murray: The Shire of Forfar, at the Burgh of Strivling, the twelfth instant, under the Command of the Earl of Southesk: The Shire of Merns, at the Burgh of Perth, the fifteenth instant, under the Command of the Lord Keith: Marshals part of Aberdene, at Brichen or Forfar, the fifteenth instant, under the Command of the Earl of Kintore: The rest of the Shire of Aberdene, with the Shire of Bamff, the said day and place, under the Command of the Duke of Gordon: All betwixt Spay and Ness, at the Burgh of Brichen, the twentieth second instant under the Command of the Lord Duffus: The Shires of Ross and Caithness, at the Burgh of Elgin, the twenty fourth instant, under the Command of the Master of Tarbat: And hereby Requires and Commands the Earl of Caithness to Levy two hundred Foot, out of the Shire of Caithness, in place of the Militia of the said Shire, sufficiently Armed and provided with fourteen days Loan, which is to be proportionably laid on by the Commissioners of Supply of the said Shire, upon all persons lyable in Outreik of the Militia, and with these to march to the head of Lochness, betwixt and the twenty ninth instant: As likewise, Requires and Commands the Lord Doun, forthwith to Rendezvous the Foot-Militia, betwixt Spey and Ness, and to make a Detachment of the third part thereof, provided with fourteen days Loan, which is to be imposed and proportioned upon these lyable in manner above-express, and with these to march to Lochness, betwixt and the twenty ninth instant. As likewise, Requires the Lord Strathnaver to Levy two hundred Men in place of the Militia of Sutherland, and to March forthwith to the head of Lochness, with fourteen days Loan, which is to be laid on and proportioned on the said Shire, in manner above mentioned; And this besides and without prejudice to the proportions of Men, formerly Ordered by Our Council, to be Rendezvouzed, and Levied by those of Our Nobility and Gentry, having interest in Our Highlands; with Certification to such as shall fail herein, they shall be punished as absents from Our Host, conform to Our Laws and Acts of Parliament. And Ordains all the saids Commanders, and all under their respective Commands, to remain at the respective above-mentioned places, till further Order from Our Council. And for the security of all persons concerned in this Our Service, We Do hereby by vertue of Our Royal Prerogative, Discharge all personal Execution for any civil Cause or Debt, against any Person, who comes out to our Host, in obedience to this Our Royal Command, and that during their attending the same: And to the end Our Pleasure in the Premisses may be made publick and known, Our Will is, and we charge you strictly and Command, that incontinent, these Our Letters seen, ye pass the Mercat-Cross of Edinburgh, and whole remnant Mercat-Crosses of the Head-Burghs of the Shires of this Kingdom, and other places needful, and there, in Our Royal Name and Authority, make open Proclamation of the Premisses, that all Persons concerned may have notice thereof, and give punctual and exact obedience thereto, as they will be answerable at their highest peril.

Given under Our Signet, at Edinburgh, *the third day of* October, 1688. *And of Our Reign the fourth Year.*

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii.

WILL. PATERSON, *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

GOD Save the KING.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderson*, Printer to His most Sacred Majesty: *Anno Dom.* 1688.
And Reprinted at *London* by *John Wallis* in *White-Fryars*, near the Great Gate. 1688.

1st

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Restoring Corporations to their Ancient Charters, Liberties, Rights and Franchises.

18. Octob. 1688.

JAMES R.

WHereas We are informed that several Deeds of Surrender, which have been lately made by several Corporations and Bodies Corporate, of and in Our Cities and Towns within Our Kingdom of England, and Dominion of Wales, of their Charters, Franchises and Privileges, are not yet Recorded or Enrolled: And that upon the Proceedings and Rules for Judgment, which have lately been had upon the Quo Warranto's or Informations in Nature of a Quo Warranto, Judgments are not yet Entred upon Record; Whereupon, notwithstanding new Charters have been granted in the Reign of Our late Dear Brother, and in Our Reign; Which said Deeds (being not Inrolled or Recorded) do not amount unto, or in Law make any Surrender of the Charters, Franchises or Liberties therein mentioned; And such of the said Corporations or Bodies Politick, against which Rules for Judgments have been made in the Life time of Our late Dear Brother, or since, in Our Court of King's Bench (but no Judgments Entred upon Record) are not Discorporate or Dissolved; And that it is in Our Power to leave such Corporations in the same Estate and Condition they were in, and to discharge all further Proceedings and Effects that may be of such Rules for Judgments, and Deeds of Surrender: We do hereby Publish and Declare, That upon due Search and Examination made, We have satisfaction that the Deeds of Surrender made by the Corporations and Bodies Politick of the said Cities and Towns, Except the Corporations following: (that is to say) Thetford, Nottingham, Bridgewater, Ludlow, Bewdley, Beverley, Tewkesbury, Exeter, Doncaster, Colchester, Winchester, Lancaston, Lisderd, Plimpton, Tregoney, Plymouth, Dunwich, St. Ives, Fowy, East-Looe, Camelford, West-Looe, Tintegall, Penryn, Truro, Bodmyn, Hadleigh, Lestwythell, and Saltash, are not Inrolled or Recorded in any of Our Courts: And that though Rules for Judgments have passed upon Informations in Nature of a Quo Warranto against the Corporations and Bodies Politick of several Cities and Towns, in Our said Kingdom and Dominion; Yet no Judgments have been or are Entred upon Record upon any such Informations, Except against the City of London, Chester, Calne, St. Ives, Pool, York, Thaxted, Llanghour, and Malmesbury: And We of Our meer Grace and Favour, being Resolved to Restore and put all Our Cities, Towns and Burroughs in England and Wales, and also Our Town of Berwick upon Tweed, into the same State and Condition they were and was, in Our late Dear Brothers Reign, before any Deed of Surrender was made of their Charters or Franchises, or Proceedings against them or the Corporations or Bodies Politick, in or of the said Cities, Towns or Burroughs upon any Quo Warranto or Informations in Nature of a Quo Warranto had. We do hereby therefore Publish, Declare, Direct and Require, That the said Corporations and Bodies Politick and Corporate of all the said Cities, Towns and Burroughs, whose Deeds of Surrender are not Inrolled, nor Judgments entred against them as aforesaid; And the Mayors, Bayliffs, Sheriffs, Aldermen, Common Council-men, Assistants, Recorders, Town-Clerks, Magistrates, Ministers, Officers, Freemen, and all and every others the Members of or in every of them respectively upon the Publication of this Our Proclamation, Take on them and Proceed to Act as a Corporation or Body Politick, and where Places are vacant by Death or otherwise, to make Elections, Constitute and Fill up the same, (Notwithstanding the usual Days and Times of Elections by the Ancient Charters and Constitutions shall happen to be past) and to Do, Execute and Perform all and every Matter and Thing as they Lawfully might and ought to have done, if no such Deeds of Surrender, Rules for Judgment, or other Proceedings upon any such Quo Warranto or Informations had been had or made. And for the better effecting Our said Intention, We have by Order made by Us in Council, and under Our Sign Manual; And We do also by this Our Proclamation made with the Advice of Our said Council, Discharge, Remove, and Dismiss all and every Person and Persons of and from all Offices and Places of Mayors, Bayliffs Sheriffs, Aldermen, Common Council-men, Assistants, Recorder, Town-Clerk, and all and every Office and Place, which they or any of them have or Claim only by Charter, Patent, or Grant from Our Dear Brother, or from Our Self since the Dates of the Respective Deeds of Surrender or Rules for Judgment; Except such Corporations whose Deeds of Surrender are Inrolled or against whom Judgment is Entred; And that all and every such Person and Persons deliver up into the Hands and Custody of the said Persons hereby appointed and intended to Act and Execute the said Offices and Places, all and every the Charters, Records, Books, Evidences, and matters concerning the said respective Corporations.

And We do hereby further Publish and Declare, That We have caused all and every the said Deeds of Surrender which can be found, to be delivered and put into the Hands of Our Attorney-General, to be by him Cancelled and returned to the Corporations and Bodies Politick of the respective Cities and Towns whom they concern; And have also given to Our said Attorney Authority, and do hereby Warrant and Command him, not only not to proceed or enter Judgment upon the said Quo Warranto's or Informations, in Nature of a Quo Warranto, or any of them, but to enter upon the respective Records, Noli prosequi's, and Legal Discharges thereof: And We do hereby Publish and Declare Our further Grace and Favour to the said Cities, Corporations and Burroughs, at any time hereafter, by any further Act to Grant, Confirm or Restore unto them all their Charters, Liberties, Franchises and Privileges, that at the respective times of such Deeds of Surrender, or Rules for Judgment made or given, they held or enjoyed. And in order to the perfecting Our said gracious Intentions, We do hereby likewise Publish and Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure as for and concerning the restoring to such of Our Cities, Corporations and Burroughs within our said Kingdom and Dominion, which have made Deeds of Surrender, or have had Judgment given against them, which Surrenders and Judgments are Entred of Record, That Our Chancellor, Attorney-General and Sollicitor-General, without Fees to any Officer or Officers whatsoever, upon Application to them made, shall, and they are hereby required to prepare and pass Charters, Instruments, Grants and Letters Patents for the Incorporating, Regranting, Confirming and Restoring to all and every the said Cities, Corporations and Burroughs, their respective Charters, Liberties, Rights, Franchises and Privileges, and for restoring the respective Mayors, Bayliffs, Recorders, Sheriffs, Town-Clerks, Aldermen, Common Council-men, Assistants, Officers, Magistrates, Ministers and Freemen, as were of such Cities, Corporations or Burroughs at the time of such Deeds of Surrender, or Judgments respectively given or had, and for the putting them into the same State, Condition and Plight they were in at the times of such Deeds of Surrender, or Judgments made or given. And whereas divers Burroughs that were not heretofore Corporations, have since the Year One thousand six hundred seventy nine, had Charters of Incorporation Granted and Passed unto them; We hereby further Express and Declare Our Royal Pleasure, to determine and annul the said last mentioned Charters and Corporations; And to that end, We have in pursuance to the Power reserved in the said Charters, by Our Order in Council, and under Our Sign Manual, Removed and Discharged; And We do also by this Our Proclamation, made with the Advice of Our said Council, Remove and Discharge all and every Person of or in the said last mentioned Corporations, of and from all Offices and Places of Mayors, Bayliffs, Recorders, Sheriffs, Aldermen, Common Council-men, Assistants, and of and from all and every other Office and Place from which We have Power reserved by the said Charters respectively, to Remove or Discharge them: And We do hereby Promise and Declare, that We will Do and Consent to all such Acts, Matters and Things as shall be necessary to render these Our gracious Intentions and Purposes effectual, it being Our gracious Intention to call a Parliament as soon as the general Disturbance of Our Kingdom by the intended Invasion, will admit the same.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 17th day of *October*, 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings Most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

15 JAN 1988



1.d

22. octob. 1688.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Watching ye Sea Coasts, & to drive away ye Horses, Oxen &c. of ye persons where ye Dutch shall Land, at least 20. miles from yeir place of Landing.

JAMES R.

Forasmuch as the Great Preparations made to Invade and Conquer this Our Kingdom, require Our utmost Care in providing for the necessary Safety and Defence thereof; Wherein We Resolve (through God's Assistance) not to be Wanting: And to the intent that Our Enemies Who will bring the heavy and sad Calamities of War, may not strengthen themselves at their coming hither by seizing the Horses, Oxen and Cattel of any of Our Subjects, Which may be useful and serviceable to them for Burthen and Draught: We have therefore thought fit, and We do by this Our Royal Proclamation (Published by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) strictly Charge, Require and Command all and every the Lords Lieutenants, and Deputy Lieutenants, of Our respective Counties adjoyning to the Sea and all Sheriffs, Justices of Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, and all and every other Officers and Ministers, Civil and Military, within their respective Counties, Cities, Towns and Divisions, that they cause the Coasts to be carefully watched, and upon the first Approach of the Enemy, to cause all Horses, Oxen and Cattel, Which may be fit for Burthen or Draught, and not actually Imployed in the Service and Defence of Us, and the Countrey, to be driven and removed by the space at least of twenty Miles from the Place where the Enemy shall Attempt to Land, and to secure the same in such Effectual manner, that they may not fall into the Hands or Power of any of Our Enemies: Wherein nevertheless it is Our Will and Pleasure, that the respective Owners may suffer as little Damage and Loss, as may be Consistent with the Great and Publick Safety of the Kingdom.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 20th day of *October*, 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

1.t

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

To Restrain the Spreading of *FALSE NEWS.*

JAMES R. 27. Octob. 1688.

ALthough since Our Accession to the Crown, We have Graciously extended Our Royal Mercy and Clemency to Our Subjects by several General Pardons, one whereof was lately Published; Yet We are sensible that divers evil disposed Persons, being not Reformed or wrought upon by such Our Grace and Favour, do, notwithstanding, make it their Business by Writing, Printing, or Speaking, to Defame Our Government with False and Seditious News and Reports, thereby intending to amuse Our loving Subjects, and, as far as they are able, to create in them an universal Jealousie and Discontent, especially in this time of Publick Danger, threatned by the intended Invasion upon this Our Kingdom, and consequently to alienate the Hearts of such of Our loving Subjects from Us, who otherwise would readily yield unto Us that Aid and Assistance, which by their Natural Allegiance they are bound to do: And whereas by the Ancient Laws and Statutes of this Realm, great and heavy Penalties are inflicted upon all such as shall be found to be Spreaders of false News, or Promoters of any malicious Slanders and Calumnies, in their ordinary and common Discourses, or otherwise, and more especially upon such who shall utter or publish any Words or Things to incite and stir up the People to Hatred or Dislike of Our Person, or the Established Government: Notwithstanding which, there have been of late more bold and licentious Discourses than formerly, and Men have assumed to themselves a Liberty, not only in Coffee houses, but in other Places and Meetings, both publick and private, to Censure and Defame the Proceedings of State, by speaking evil of Things they understand not: We therefore considering that Offences of this nature proceed from the restless Malice of evil Persons, or from the careless Demeanour of others, who presume too much upon Our accustomed Clemency and Goodness, have therefore thought fit by this Our Royal Proclamation, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, streightly to Forewarn and Command all Our Subjects, of what Estate or Condition they be, that they presume not henceforth, either by Writing, Printing or Speaking, to utter or publish any false News or Reports whatsoever, or to intermeddle with the Affairs of State or Government, or with the Persons of any of Our Counsellors or Ministers in their common and ordinary Discourses, as they will Answer the contrary at their utmost Perils.

And because all Bold and Irreverent Speeches touching matters of this high Nature, and all Malicious and False Reports tending to Sedition, or the Amusement of Our People, are punishable not only in the Speakers, but in the Hearers also, unless they do speedily reveal the same unto some of Our Privy Council, or some other of Our Judges or Justices of the Peace; Therefore that all Persons may be left without Excuse, who shall not hereafter contain themselves within that modest and dutiful regard which becomes them, We do further Declare, That We will proceed with all Severity and Rigour against all such Persons who shall be guilty of any such malicious and unlawful Practices by Writing, Printing, or other Publication of such false News and Reports, or who shall receive or hear the same, without revealing or giving Information thereof as aforesaid, in due time; We being resolved to suppress the said Enormities by a most strict and exemplary Punishment of all such Offenders as shall hereafter be discovered. And We do hereby streightly Charge and Command all and singular Our Judges, Justices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bayliffs, and all other Our Officers and Ministers whatsoever, to take effectual Care for the speedy Apprehension, Prosecution, and severe Punishment of all such Persons who shall at any time hereafter be found Offenders herein.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 26th day of *October*, 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

3. Novemb. 1688

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Prohibiting all persons not to publish, dispose, repeat, read, receive &c. any of y^e Papers & Declarations of y^e Prince of Orang^e.

JAMES R.



Whereas the Prince of Orange and his Adherents, who design forthwith to Invade Our Kingdoms, in order thereunto have contrived and framed several Treasonable Papers and Declarations, hoping thereby to Seduce Our People, and (if it were possible) to corrupt Our Army, a very great Number whereof being Printed, several Persons are sent and employed to disperse the same throughout Our Kingdoms: And although all Persons (as well in Criminal as in other Cases) are bound to take notice of the Law at their Peril; Yet to the intent that none may think to escape due Punishment, or to excuse themselves when they shall be Detected, by pretending Ignorance of the nature of their Crime; We are Graciously pleased by this Our Royal Proclamation, Published by the Advice of Our Priby Council, to forewarn and admonish all Our Subjects, of what Degree or Quality soever, that they do not Publish, Disperse, Repeat or Hand about the said Treasonable Papers or Declarations, or any of them, or any other Paper or Papers of such like nature, nor presume to Read, Receive, Conceal or Keep the said Treasonable Papers or Declarations, or any of them, or any other Paper or Papers of such like nature, without Discovering and Revealing the same as speedily as may be, to some of Our Priby Council, or to some of Our Judges, Justices of the Peace or other Publick Magistrates, upon Peril of being Prosecuted according to the utmost Severity of Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 2d day of *November*, 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

1st

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

Prohibiting the keeping of *Exeter* Fair, and other Fairs thereabouts, for ſome Time.

17. Novemb. 1688.

JAMES R.



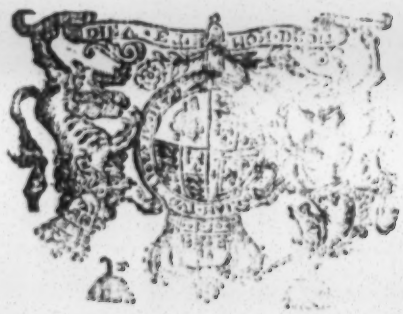
Whereas We are informed, that on or about the Sixth Day of December, a Fair hath uſually been holden and kept at and in Our City of Exeter; We in reſpect of the preſent Invaſion upon this Our Kingdom by the Prince of Orange, (who with an Armed Force of Foreigners and Rebels hath poſſeſſed Our ſaid City) and conſidering alſo that divers evil diſpoſed Perſons under pretence of going to the ſaid Fair, may repair to Our Enemies, or hold Correſpondence with them, have therefore thought fit, by Advice of Our Privy Council, to Defer and Prohibit the keeping of the ſaid Fair, and all other Fairs within Twenty Miles of Our ſaid City of Exeter, at the Times accuſtomed, and until the ſame ſhall be Licenſed by Us. And to the end that all Perſons may take Notice thereof, We do hereby Admoniſh and Require all Our Subjects, that they forbear to reſort to the ſaid Fair at Exeter, or any other Fairs within Twenty Miles of the ſaid City, until We ſhall Declare Our further Pleaſure concerning the ſame; Hereby alſo ſtrictly Enjoyning and Commanding the reſpective Lords, Owners and Proprietors of all and every the ſaid Fairs, and all other Perſons intereſted therein, that they do not preſume to hold the ſaid Fairs, or any of them, without Our Licence firſt obtained in that behalf; upon pain of ſuch Puniſhment as can or may by Law be inflicted upon ſuch as ſhall be found Offenders therein.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 16th day of *November*, 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1688.

A PROCLAMATION
BY the KING.



1.d

A PROCLAMATION,

Againſt ſpreading of Falſe News, &c.

Preſent in Council.

The Earl of Perth, *Lord High Chancelor*
His Grace the Lord Arch-Biſhop of St. Andrews.
His Grace the Lord Arch-Biſhop of Glaſgow.
The Marqueſs of Athol, *Lord Privy-Seal.*
His Grace the Duke of Gordon.
The Earl of Errol.
The Earl of Marr.
The Earl of Caſſils.
The Earl of Linlithgow, *Lord Juſtice General.*
The Earl of Drumfremling.
The Earl of Strathmore,
The Earl of Southeſque.
The Earl of Traquair.
The Earl of Belcarras
The Earl of Bradalban.
The Lord Viſcount of Tarbat, *Clerke of Regiſter.*
The Lord Strathnaver.
The Lord Maitland, *Theaſurer-Depute.*
The Lord Duffus.
The Lord Kinaird.
The Mr. of Balmerino.
The Lord Preſident of the Seſſion.
The Lord Advocate.
The Lord Juſtice Clerk,
The Lord Caſtlehill.
Lieutenant General Monro.
The Lord of Niddrie.

20. Nov. 1688

WHereas We have ſeen a Proclamation iſſued out in Name of His moſt Sacred Majeſty Declaring, that the Prince of Orange and his Adherents, have deſigned to Invade His Majeſties Kingdoms; and that now His Majeſty hath ſignified by His Royal Letter of the Date at Whitehall the fifth day of November Inſtant, that they are Landing in England, and in order thereunto, have Contrived and Framed ſeveral Treaſonable Papers and Declarations, hoping thereby to Seduce and Corrupt His Majeſties Subjects; and that ſeveral Perſons are imployed to diſperſe the ſame; and ſince ſuch Methods may be taken to Corrupt His Majeſties Subjects, in this His Ancient Kingdom; therefore We, the Lords of His Majeſties Privy Council, in His Royal Name, and by His Authority, have thought it neceſſary to Admoniſh all His Majeſties Subjects within this Kingdom, of what degree or quality ſoever, that they do not Publiſh, Diſperſe, Repeat, or Hand about the ſaids Treaſonable Papers, or Declarations, or any of them, or any other Paper or Papers of ſuch like Nature, and particularly a Declaration in the Prince of Orange's Name, and another in the Name of the States-General. nor preſume to Read, Receive, Conceal, or keep the ſaid Treaſonable Papers, or Declarations, or any of them, or any other Paper or Papers to that purport; or to diſperſe any falſe News, tending to the Amuſing His Majeſties Subjects, or to the Diſturbance of the Peace of the Kingdom, without Diſcovering, and Revealing the ſame as ſpeedily as may be, to ſome of the Privy Council, or to ſome other Judges, Juſtices of the Peace, or Magiſtrates, upon peril of being proſecuted according to the outmoſt ſeverity of Law. Extracted forth of the Records of Privy Council, by me,

WILL. PATERSON *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

GOD ſave the KING.

EDINBURGH, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to His Moſt Sacred *Majeſty*: Re-printed at *London* by *George Croom* in *Thames-ſtreet* near *Baynard's-Caſtle.* 1688.



1st

46

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

OF

PARDON.

8o any yt have joind wth yo Prince of Orange, Subjects or forigners. 24. Nov. 1688

JAMES R.



Forasmuch as several of Our Subjects have been Seduced to take up Arms, and contrary to the Laws of God and Man, to joyn themselves with Foreigners and Strangers, in a most Unnatural Invasion upon Us, and this their Native Countrey, many of whom We are perswaded have been wrought upon by false Suggestions and Misrepresentations made by Our Enemies: And We desiring (as far as is possible) to reduce Our said Subjects to Duty and Obedience by Acts of Clemency, at least resolving to leave all such as shall persist in so Wicked an Enterprize, without Excuse, Do therefore Promise, Grant and Declare, and by this Our Royal Proclamation Publish Our Free and Absolute Pardon, to all Our Subjects who have taken up Arms, and joyned with the Prince of Orange and his Adherents, in the present Invasion of this Our Kingdom, Provided they quit and desert Our said Enemies, and within the space of Twenty Days from the Date of this Our Royal Proclamation, render themselves to some one of Our Officers Civil or Military, and do not again, after they have rendered themselves as aforesaid, return to Our Enemies, or be any Way Aiding or Assisting to them: And they who refuse or neglect to lay hold of this Our Free and Gracious Offer, must never expect Our Pardon hereafter, but will be Wholly and justly Excluded of and from all hopes thereof. And lastly, We also Promise and Grant Our Pardon and Protection to all such Foreigners as do or shall come over to Us, whom We will either Entertain in Our Service, or otherwise Grant them (if they shall desire it) freedom of Passage, and liberty to return to the respective Countries from whence they came.

Given at Our Court at *Salisbury* the 22th day of *November*, 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

1st

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For the Speedy Calling of a PARLIAMENT.

1. Decemb. 1688.

JAMES R.

WE have thought fit, as the Best and most Proper means to Establish a Lasting Peace in this Our Kingdom, to Call a Parliament; and have therefore Ordered Our Chancellor to cause Writs to be Issued forth for Summoning a Parliament to Meet at Westminster, upon the Fifteenth Day of January next ensuing the Date of this Our Royal Proclamation. And that nothing may be wanting on Our part towards the Freedom of Elections, as We have already Restored all Cities, Towns-Corporate, and Boroughs throughout Our Kingdom, to their Ancient Charters, Rights and Privileges; So We Command and Require all Persons whatsoever, That they presume not by Menace, or any other undue Means, to Influence Elections, or Procure the Vote of any Elector. And We do also Strictly Require and Command all Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, and other Officers to whom the Execution or Return of any Writ, Summons, Warrant or Precept for Members to the Ensuing Parliament shall belong, That they Cause such Writ, Summons, Warrant and Precept, to be duly Published and Executed, and Returns thereupon to be fairly made according to the true Merits of such Elections. And for the Security of all Persons both in their Elections and Service in Parliament, We do hereby Publish and Declare, That all Our Subjects shall have free Liberty to Elect, and all Our Peers, and such as shall be Elected Members of Our House of Commons, shall have full Liberty and Freedom to Serve and Sit in Parliament, notwithstanding they have taken up Arms, or committed any Act of Hostility, or been any way Aiding or Assisting therein. And for the better Assurance hereof, We have Graciously Directed a General Pardon to all Our Subjects to be forthwith prepared to Pass Our Great Seal.

And for the Reconciling all Publick Breaches, and Obliterating the very Memory of all past Miscarriages, We do hereby Exhort, and kindly Admonish all Our Subjects, to dispose themselves to Elect such Persons for their Representatives in Parliament, as may not be Byassed by Prejudice or Passion, but Qualified with Parts, Experience and Prudence proper for this Conjuncture, and agreeable to the Ends and Purposes of this Our Gracious Proclamation.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirtieth day of *November*. 1688. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the Kings Most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

1t

A PROCLAMATION.

For Proclaiming ye Prince & Princess of Orange King & Queen of England.

48

13. Febr. 168 2/3.

WHEREAS it hath pleased Almighty God, in his great Mercy to this Kingdom, to vouchsafe us a Miraculous Deliverance from Popery and Arbitrary Power, and that our Preservation is due, next under God, to the Resolution and Conduct of His Highness the Prince of ORANGE, whom God hath chosen to be the Glorious Instrument of such an inestimable happiness to us and our Posterity, and being highly sensible and fully perswaded of the Great and Eminent Vertues of Her Highness the Princess of ORANGE, whose Zeal for the Protestant Religion will no doubt bring a blessing along with Her upon this Nation; And Whereas the Lords and Commons now Assembled at Westminster have made a Declaration and Presented the same to the said Prince and Princess of ORANGE, and therein desired them to Accept the Crown, who have accepted the same accordingly; We therefore the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons; Together with the Lord Mayor and Citizens of London, and others of the Commons of this Realm, do, with a full Consent, Publish and Proclaim according to the said Declaration, WILLIAM and MARY, Prince and Princess of ORANGE, to be KING and QUEEN of England, France, and Ireland, with all the Dominions and Territories thereunto belonging; who are accordingly so to be owned, deemed, accepted, and taken by all the People of the aforesaid Realms and Dominions, who are from hence forward bound to acknowledge and pay unto them all Faith and true Allegiance, Beseeching God, by whom Kings Reign, to bless King WILLIAM and Queen MARY with long and happy Years to Reign over us.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

Jo. Brown, *Cleric. Parliamentorum.*

LONDON,

Printed for *James Partridge*, *Matthew Gillyflower*, and *Samuel Heyrick*. 1689.

1st.

By the King and Queen.

A PROCLAMATION.

for ye Continuing Sheriffs, Justices of ye Peace & Officers ab.t ye Revenue in yeir places till further ord.

William R. 15. Febr. 168 9/8.

FOrasmuch as it hath pleased God to call Us to the Throne, and that thereby it is Incumbent upon Us to prevent any Inconvenience to Our Subjects that may arise by not Executing the Laws necessary or conducing to the Peace and better Government of Our People, We therefore do hereby Declare Our Royal Pleasure to be, That all Persons being Protestants, who upon the First Day of December last past, were in the Offices of Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Collectors, Receivers, and other Offices and Places concerning the Collecting, Receiving, and Paying of the Revenue of this Kingdom, shall be, and shall hold themselves continued in the said Offices and Places respectively, until Our Pleasure be further known. And that they and every of them do take on them the Execution of their said respective Offices and Places; And that Our Loving Subjects do give their due Obedience, and be Aiding and Assisting unto them therein.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, this 14*th* Day of *February*, 1688.
In the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King WILLIAM and Queen MARY.

LONDON,
Printed by *John Starkey* and *Awnsham Churchill*, 1688.

1.d

50

By the King and Queen

A PROCLAMATION

For avoiding all Dammage and Loſs to the Subjects, by the Foreign Coins by them lately Received.

21. Febr. 168 9/8.

William R.

WHereas by Reaſon of the March and Quartering of Our Forces in divers parts of this Kingdome, ſome Quantities of Dutch and Forreign Coin have been by them paid and diſperſed, We deſirous that Our Subjects ſhall in no ſort ſuffer thereby, Do, by this Our Proclamation, Require all Our Receivers, Collectors and Officers of any the Branches of Our Revenue, within the Limits and Places, and for, and during the time hereafter mentioned, (That is to ſay, All and every Our ſaid Officers within Our City of London, and Ten Miles Circuit of the ſame City, for, and during the time of one Week, And all and every other Our ſaid Officers, out of the ſaid City and Circuit, and on the Southſide of Trent, during the time of three Weeks, after the Date of this Our Proclamation) to receive from Our Loving Subjects for their Duty by them reſpectively payable, the ſeveral ſorts of Forreign Coins and Monies hereafter named, at the Rates and Values following viz. Ducatoons at Five Shillings and Sixpence a piece. Three Guilder peeces at Five Shillings and Three pence a piece. Thirty Stiver peeces, at Two Shillings and Seven Pence halfpenny a piece. Twenty eight Stiver peeces at Two Shillings Sixpence each. Crols Dollars at Four Shillings Sixpence each. Guilder Peeces at one Shilling Ninepence each. Six Stiver peeces at Sixpence halfpenny each.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, this 19*th* day of *February* 168⅘. in the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God Save King WILLIAM and Queen MARY.

LONDON:

Printed by *John Starkey* and *Awnſham Churchill*, Printers to the King and Queens Moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1689.

1d
51

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For the Diſcovery and Apprehenſion of *Robert Brent*, Gentleman.

1. March. 168$\frac{9}{0}$

WILLIAM R.



Whereas Robert Brent late of the Middle-Temple, Gentleman, being Charged with High Treaſon and Committed for the ſame, hath been unduly Bailed, and ſince hath withdrawn himſelf from Juſtice; And the Commons now Aſſembled in Parliament have applied to Us to Iſſue out Our Proclamation for Apprehending the ſaid Robert Brent, and taking him into ſafe Cuſtody: We do hereby Command and Require all Our Loving Subjects, to Take and Apprehend the ſaid Robert Brent, Wherever he may be found, and to carry him before the next Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate of City, or Town-Corporate, whom We do hereby Require to Commit him to the next Goal, there to remain until he be thence delivered by due Courſe of Law. And We do hereby Require the ſaid Juſtice or other Magiſtrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Us or Our Council; And We do Promiſe him or them that ſhall Diſcover or Apprehend the ſaid Robert Brent for a Reward, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds: And We do alſo hereby give Notice to all Perſons that ſhall Conceal the ſaid Robert Brent, or be Aiding or Aſſiſting in the Concealing of him, or furthering his Eſcape, that they ſhall be Proceeded againſt for ſuch their Offence, with the utmoſt Severity, according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the 28th Day of *February*, 168$\frac{8}{9}$. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King and Queen.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties. 168$\frac{8}{9}$.

1.d By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Requiring the Bringing in of A R M S lately Embezelled.

2. March. 168 9/8.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas divers Muskets, Piſtols, Carabines and other Arms belonging to Us, have been lately by Soldiers and others Unduly and Careleſly Loſt, Diſpoſed and Embezelled in divers Parts of this Kingdom, having on them Our Mark, commonly called the Tower Mark: We do give Notice unto, and hereby Require and Command all Our Loving Subjects, that have in their Cuſtody, or can diſcover where any of the ſaid Arms are, that they give Information thereof to the Mayor or Chief Officer of the Town, or next Juſtice of Peace of the County wherein the ſaid Arms ſhall be: And that the ſaid Mayor, Chief Officer of the Town, and next Juſtice of Peace reſpectively, is hereby Required to take the ſame into his Cuſtody, and give Notice thereof to the Maſter-General of the Ordnance in the Tower of London, to the intent the ſame may be brought into Our Stores, to be preſerved for Our Uſe.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* this 28th Day of *February*, 1688. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King and Queen.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1688.

1st 53

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

Proclaiming ye Soldiers & others now in Rebellion & their Addherents both Rebells & Traytors.
18. March. 1688/9.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in Parliament Assembled, having received Information that divers Officers and Soldiers are now in Actual Rebellion, and Levying War against Us within this Kingdom, and that divers other Soldiers and Traiterously Affected Persons are corresponding with, and adhering to them, have by their humble Address besought Us to Issue Our Royal Proclamation, to Declare the said Officers and Soldiers, and their Adherents, to be Rebels and Traitors, and to Require all Our Good Subjects to Apprehend, Subdue and Prosecute them as such: To the End none may pretend Ignorance of their Duty by Law in such case, We have therefore thought fit by this Our Royal Proclamation, to Publish and Declare all and every the said Officers and Soldiers, and all their Aiders, Abettors and Adherents, to be Rebels and Traitors to Us and Our Government: And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all and singular Lords Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Bayliffs, Headboroughs, Constables, and all others Our Officers, Civil and Military, and all Our Subjects of What Estate, Quality or Degree soever they be, to use their best and utmost Endeavours as well to Resist, Repel, and Suppress, as also to Seize and Prosecute according to the utmost Rigour of the Law, the said Rebels and Traitors, and all their Accomplices, Correspondents, and Abettors, We Resolving to make the said Criminals severe Examples of Our Just Indignation, to the Intent that all Persons hereafter may be left without Excuse, if they should be found Offending in such manner.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* this 16th Day of *March*, In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1688.

By the King and Queen,

1.st

A PROCLAMATION

In Order to their Majesties intended CORONATION.

WILLIAM R. 19. March. 168 9/8.



Whereas We have Resolved by the Favour and Blessing of God to Celebrate the Solemnity of Our Royal Coronation upon the Eleventh Day of April next at Our Palace at Westminster; and forasmuch as by Ancient Customs and Usages of this Realm, as also in Regard of divers Tenures of sundry Mannors, Lands, and other Hereditaments, many of Our Loving Subjects do Claim, and are bound to do and perform divers several Services on the said Day, and at the Time of the Coronation, as in Times precedent their Ancestors, and those from whom they Claim, have done and performed at the Coronations of Our Predecessors Kings and Queens of this Realm: We therefore out of Our Princely Care for the Preservation of the lawful Rights and Inheritances of our Loving Subjects whom it may concern, have thought fit to give Notice, and Publish Our Resolution therein, and do hereby give Notice of, and Publish the same accordingly. And We do hereby further signifie, That by Our Commission under Our Great Seal of England, We have Appointed and Authorized Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Thomas Earl of Danby, President of Our Council; Our Right Trusty and Entirely Beloved Cousin and Councellor George Marquess of Hallifax, Our Keeper of Our Priby Seal; Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Councellor Henry Duke of Norfolk, Earl Marshal of England; Our Right Trusty and Entirely Beloved Cousin and Councellor Charles Marquess of Winchester; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Robert Earl of Lindsey, Great Chamberlain of England; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor William Earl of Devonshire, Steward of Our Houshold; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Charles Earl of Dorset and Middlesex, Chamberlain of Our Houshold; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Charles Earl of Shrewsbury, one of our Principal Secretaries of State; Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Francis Viscount Newport, Treasurer of Our Houshold; the Right Reverend Father in God Henry Lord Bishop of London; Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Councellor Ralph Lord Montague, Master of Our Wardrobe; Our Trusty and Welbeloved Sir William Dolben Knt. one of the Justices of Our Court of Kings Bench; and Our Trusty and Welbeloved Sir John Powell Knt. one of the Justices of Our Court of Common-Pleas, or any Three or more of them, to receive, hear, and determine the Petitions and Claims which shall be to them Exhibited by any of Our Loving Subjects in this behalf, and We shall appoint Our said Commissioners for that purpose, to meet, and sit in the Painted Chamber of Our Palace at Westminster, upon the Twenty eighth Day of this instant March, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon of that Day, and from time to time to Adjourn as to them shall seem meet, for the Execution of Our said Commission, Which We do thus Publish to the intent, That all such Persons whom it may any Way Concern, may know When and Where to give their Attendance for the Exhibiting of their Petitions and Claims concern ng their Services before mentioned, to be done and performed unto Us at Our said Coronation. And We do hereby Signifie unto all and every Our Subjects whom it may concern, That Our Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby strictly Charge all Persons of what Rank or Quality soever they be, Who either upon Our Letters to them directed, or by reason of their Offices, or Tenures, or other Wise, are to do any Service at the said Day, or time of Our Coronation, That they do duly give their Attendance accordingly in all respects Furnished and Appointed as to so Great a Solemnity appertaineth, and answerable to the Dignities and Places which every one of them respectively holdeth and enjoyeth; And of this, They or any of them are not to fail, as they will answer the contrary at their Perils, unless upon special Reasons by Our Self, under Our Hand to be allowed, We shall dispence With any of their Services or Attendances.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* this 16th day of *March*, 1688. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's Most Excellent Majesties. 1688.

1d.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Diſſolving this preſent Parliament, and Declaring the ſpeedy Calling another.

8. Febr. 1689/90.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas We have thought fit, for divers Important and Weighty Conſiderations, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Diſſolve Our preſent Parliament, which now ſtands Prorogued to the Second Day of April next; We do for that End Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation, And do hereby Diſſolve the ſame accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the ſaid Parliament are Diſcharged from their Meeting upon the ſaid Second of April.

And to the Intent Our good Subjects may perceive the Confidence We have in their good Affections, and how Deſirous We are to Meet Our People, and have their Advice in Parliament, We do hereby make Known to Our ſaid Subjects, that We have Given Directions to Our Lords Commiſſioners of Our Great Seal, for the Iſſuing out of Writs in due Form of Law for the Calling of a New Parliament, which ſhall begin and be holden at Weſtminſter on Thurſday the Twentieth Day of March next.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Sixth Day of *February* 1689.
In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1689.

1st

7. feb. 1689/90.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

William R.

Appointing the same persons that are Comissioners for ye 2d. in ye 8. to be also Comissioners for ye Act for Review of ye Poll.

WILLIAM and MARY, by the Grace of God King and Queen of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come Greeting. Whereas in and by one Act lately Passed in this present Parliament, [Entituled, An Act for Review of the late Poll Granted to Their Majesties, and for an Additional Poll, towards the Reducing of *Ireland*,] It is Enacted, That so many of the Persons Named and Appointed to be Commissioners by an Act of this present Parliament, [Entituled, An Act for a Grant to Their Majesties of an Aid of Two shillings in the Pound for One Year,] as by Us under the Great Seal of England shall be Nominated and Appointed for that Purpose, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act for Review of the late Poll, and for an Additional Poll, as by the said A of Parliament, Relation being thereunto had, more fully may appear.

We Reposing Especial Trust and Confidence in the Abilities, Care and Circumspection of all and every the Person and Persons which were Named and Appointed to be Commissioners by the said Act, for Granting to Us an Aid of Two shillings in the Pound, that are now living, Have Nominated and Appointed, and Do by these Presents Nominate and Appoint them, and every of them, to be Our Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act of Parliament for Review of the late Poll, and for an Additional Poll, and all the Powers therein contained, Within all and every the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places, for which by the said former Act they are Appointed Commissioners.

And to them the said Commissioners, or to such or so many of them, as by the said Act for Review of the late Poll, and for an Additional Poll, are or shall be in any Case or Cases requisite and necessary, We do by these Presents Give full Power and Authority to put in Execution all the Powers contained or specified in the same Act, and generally to Do, Perform and Execute, or to Cause to be Done, Performed and Executed, all Matters or Things Whatsoever, which any Commissioners Appointed or to be Appointed by Us, may or can lawfully Do, Perform, or Execute, in Relation to the same, Within all and every of the said several and respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places, for which by the said former Act they were Commissioned and Appointed, as aforesaid: Hereby Willing and Requiring them and every of them, from time to time, to Proceed and Act according to the Rules and Directions of the said Act of Parliament, and diligently to intend the Execution of this Our Service, in all things as becometh. And these Presents shall be to them and every of them, a sufficient Warrant and Discharge in this behalf.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Sixth Day of *February*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



The MANNER of the

PROCLAIMING

OF

King WILLIAM, and Queen MARY,

At *WHITE-HALL*, and in the City of *LONDON*, *Feb.* 13. 168⅞.

15. Febr. 168⅞.

ABout half an hour paſt Ten in the Morning, the Lords and Commons came from *Weſtminſter* to *White-hall*, in their Coaches, and alighting at the Gate, went up into the Banquetting-houſe, where they preſented the Prince and Princeſs of *Orange* with an Inſtrument in Writing, for Declaring their Highneſſes King and Queen of *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, and the Dominions and Territories thereunto belonging; deſiring them to accept the Crown purſuant to the ſaid Declaration, which their Highneſſes accepting accordingly, the ſaid Lords and Commons came down again to *White-hall-gate*, preceded by the Speakers of their reſpective Houſes, each attended with a Sergeant at Arms; where they found the Heralds of Arms, the Sergeants at Arms, the Trumpets, and other Officers, all in readineſs, being aſſembled by Orders from the Duke of *Norfolk*, Earl-Marſhal of *England*. And Sir *Thomas St. George* Knight Garter, Principal King of Arms, having received a Proclamation, and an Order from the Lords Houſe to the Kings Heralds and Purſuivants of Arms, for Publiſhing or Proclaiming the ſame forthwith: The perſons concern'd, diſpoſed themſelves in order before the Court-gate, for making the ſaid Proclamation; And the Trumpets having ſounded a Call three ſeveral times, the laſt of which was anſwer'd by a great Shout of the Vaſt Multitudes of People there aſſembled; the Noiſe ceaſing, the ſaid Garter, King of Arms, read the ſaid Proclamation by ſhort Sentences or Periods, which was thereupon proclaim'd aloud by *Robert Devenish*, Eſq; *York* Herald, being the *Senior* Herald, in theſe words:

Whereas it hath pleaſed Almighty God, in his great Mercy to this Kingdom, &c.

Which being ended, and the Trumpets ſounding a Flouriſh, was anſwer'd by ſeveral repeated Shouts of the People.

And Directions being given to proclaim the ſame within *Temple-Bar*, in *Cheap-ſide*, and at the *Royal-Exchange*, the Proceeding marched in this manner:

Firſt, the ſeveral Beadles of the Liberties of *Weſtminſter*; Next, the Conſtables of the ſaid Liberties, all on foot, with the High-Conſtable on horſe-back; After them, the Head-Bailiff of *Weſtminſter*, and his Men, all with white Staves, to clear the way, on horſe-back; Then the Knight-Marſhals Men, alſo on horſe-back; Next to theſe a Claſs of Trumpets, Nine in all, *viz.* 2, 2, 2, and 3 followed by the Sergeant-Trumpeter, carrying his Mace on his ſhoulder, all likewiſe on horſe-back; Then a Purſuivant of Arms ſingle; Then a Purſuivant and a Sergeant at Arms; Another Purſuivant and a Sergeant at Arms; Then four Heralds of Arms, one after another, each with a Sergeant at Arms on his left hand, the Heralds and Purſuivants being all in their Rich Coats of the Royal Arms, and the Sergeants at Arms, each carrying his Mace on his ſhoulder, and all on horſe-back; Then Garter King of Arms in his rich Coat of Arms, carrying the Proclamation, accompanied by Sir *Tho. Duppa*, Kt. Gentleman-Uſher of the Black Rod, in his Crimſon Mantle of the Order of the Garter, and his Black Rod of Office, likewiſe on horſe-back.

Theſe immediately preceded the Marqueſs of *Halifax*, who executed the Place of Speaker in the Houſe of Lords, in his Coach, attended by Sir *Roger Harſnet*, eldeſt Serjeant at Arms, with his Mace. Then follow'd *Henry Powle* Eſq; Speaker of the Houſe of Commons, in his Coach, attended by *John Topham* Eſq; Serjeant at Arms to the ſaid Houſe, with his Mace. After the two Speakers of the Houſes, followed the Duke of *Norfolk*, Earl Marſhal, and Primier Duke of *England*, in his Coach, with his Marſhals Staff in his hand. And next to him all the Peers in order in their Coaches, And laſt of all the Members of the Houſe of Commons in their Coaches. In this Order they proceeded towards *Temple-bar*; and being come as far as the *Maypole* in the *Strand*, two of the Officers of Arms with a Sergeant at Arms, and Two Trumpets went before to *Temple-bar*, and the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Sheriffs, being by this time arrived there, and having ordered the Gates to be ſhut, the Herald at Arms knocked thereat, whereupon the Sheriffs being on Horſeback, came to the Gate, and the ſaid Herald acquainting them, *That he came by Order of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal aſſembled at* Weſtminſter, *to demand Entrance into that Famous City, for the Proclaiming of* William *and* Mary, *King and Queen of* England, France, *and* Ireland, *and the Dominions and Territories thereunto belonging; and therefore required their ſpeedy Anſwer.* The ſaid Sheriffs ordered the Gates to be opened. Whereupon leaving the Head-Bayliff, Conſtables, and Beadles of *Weſtminſter* without the Barr, the reſt of the Proceeding entred, where they found the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, Recorder, and Sheriffs, all in their Formalities and on Horſeback, except the Lord Mayor who was in his Coach, attended by the Sword-bearer, and other of his Officers, who joyfully receiving them, they made a ſtand between the two Temple-Gates, and Proclaimed their Majeſties a ſecond time. From whence they marched towards *Cheap-ſide*, a Claſs of the City-Trumpets, and the Lord Mayor's Livery-men leading the way, and the ſaid Aldermen, and Lord Mayor falling into the Proceeding: And near *Wood-ſtreet* end (the place where *Cheap-ſide*-Croſs formerly ſtood) they made another ſtand, and Proclaimed their Majeſties a third time. And arriving at the *Royal Exchange* about Two of the Clock, they Proclaimed them a fourth time; and at each Proclamation the vaſt multitudes of Spectators who thronged the Streets, Balconies and Windows, filled the Air with loud and repeated ſhouts and expreſſions of Joy. Within *Temple-bar*, and all along *Fleetſtreet*, the *Orange* Regiment of the City Militia, lined both ſides of the way, as did the *Green* Regiment within *Ludgate* and St. *Paul's Church-yard*; the *Blew* Regiment in *Cheap-ſide*, and the *White* in *Cornhil*.

LONDON: Printed for *Robert Clavel*, at the *Peacock* in St. *Paul's Church-yard*. 1689.

58 A

1st

PROCLAMATION

Against Papists. In Scotland

30. March. 1689.

THE Meeting of Estates of this Kingdom, Considering the Danger and Hazard the Religion, Peace and Quiet of the Kingdom is in, by the Growth and Increase of Popery and Papists of late, occasioned by the Imploying them in Places of greatest Trust within the Kingdom; And continuing them in Places and Offices Civil and Military, and allowing them to Exercise the same as freely in all Respects as Protestants, against the standing Laws of the Kingdom. Have thought fit to Discharge, and hereby Discharges, all Papists from Exercising any Civil or Military Offices within this Kingdom, and from Exercising as Sheriffs of Shires, Stewarts of Stewartries, Bailies of Regalities, Magistrates of Burghs, Justices of Peace, Colonels, Lieutenant-Colonels, Captains of Horse, and all other Officers in the Militia, or carrying Arms therein, under the Pains and Penalties contained in the Acts of Parliament. And for the further Security of the Publick Peace and Quiet, they Require and Command all Papists within the Kingdom, of whatsoever Rank or Condition, to deliver up their Arms (excepting Gentlemen, their ordinary wearing Swords) to the Sheriffs, Stewarts, Lords or Bailies of Regalities, and Magistrates of Burghs, within whose Jurisdiction they live, *viz.* Those on the South-side of the Water of *Esk*, within six days after Publication hereof, at the Mercat-Cross of the Head Burgh of the Shire: And these on the North-side of the said Water, within ten days after the same. Certifying such as shall be found to have any Arms after the days aforesaid *respective*, They shall be proceeded against with all Rigour, for their Contempt and Disobedience: And Ordains and Requires the said Sheriffs, and other Magistrates aforesaid, or in case of their Negligence, the Colonels or Lieutenant-Colonels of the Militia Foot, or Captains of Horse, to search for, and seize upon any Arms which they shall be Informed to be kept up undelivered, belonging to Papists, in any Houses or Places suspected, and to secure the same, and to return an exact Account of their Diligence, betwixt and the days following, *viz.* These on this side of *Esk*, betwixt and the Tenth day of *April* next, and these be-north the same, betwixt and the Twentieth day of the same Month of *April*, as they will be answerable on their highest Peril. And the said Estates do Command and Charge all Papists, not being Inhabitants of the Town of *Edinburgh*, or any place adjacent thereto, to remove Ten Miles from the said Town, or at least, to their respective Dwelling-Houses, within Forty eight hours after Publication hereof, under all highest Pains; And Grants Order and Warrand to Heraulds, Macers or Messengers at Arms, Sheriffs in that part, to pass to the Mercat-Cross of *Edinburgh*, and remanent Mercat-Crosses of the several Head-Burghs of the Shires, and make Publication hereof in the usual manner, that none may pretend Ignorance. Extracted out of the Records of the Meeting of Estates, by me

RO. MACKENZIE. Cls.

Edinburgh, the Twentieth day of *March*, 1689. Licenced according to Order.

Printed at Edinburgh. And Re-printed at *London* by George Croom, in *Thames-street*, 1689.



2d. 59



17. April. 1689

By the KING,

A

PROCLAMATION.

For calling a Parliamt in Ireland. on ye 7th of May next.

JAMES R.

WHEREAS We, by the Advice of Our Council, for certain weighty and urgent Occaſions concerning Us and this State, and the Defence of this Our Realm of *Ireland*, and the Church of the ſame, have Ordained that a Parliament ſhould be held at the City of *Dublin* in this Our Kingdom, on the ſeventh day of *May* next, in this preſent fifth year of Our Reign, and there to have Conference with the Prelates, Peers, and other Great Men of Our ſaid Kingdom concerning the ſame. Theſe are therefore by the Advice of our Council to publiſh and make known Our pleaſure therein, willing and requiring all Prelates, Dukes, Earls, and other Peers of this Realm; and alſo all Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes that ſhall be choſen for that Service, that they and every of them do make their perſonal Appearances at the day and place aforeſaid, as they and every of them will anſwer the contrary at their Peril. *Given at Our Court at* Dublin Caſtle *the* 25th. *day of* March 1689. *And in the Fifth Year of Our Reign.*

GOD Save the KING.

By the KING,

A

PROCLAMATION.

For ye forbidding all Robbing, Stealing & Plundring in Ireland.

JAMES R.

WHEREAS We are informed, that upon the noiſe of a ſudden Invaſion intended by the Prince of *Orange* to be made into this Our Kingdom of *Ireland*, ſeveral of Our Subjects here being not of Our Army, have Armed themſelves with Half-Pikes and Skeans; and as We cannot but excuſe

ſuch

ſuch of them as made no other uſe of theſe Weapons, than to have them ready to defend themſelves againſt their Common *Enemy*; ſo We cannot without great Diſlike, Reflect upon the Proceedings of others of them, who Rob and Spoyl their Neighbours, and Seized upon great numbers of Cattel and other Goods, upon pretence that the Owners thereof were in actual Rebellion againſt Us: Which if true, the ſame could be no ground for ſuch irregular Actions. For Rectifying of which Abuſes, and Preventing the like for the future, We have by the Advice of Our Privy Council thought fit, and do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all ſuch of Our Subjects of this Realm, as do know, or ſhall know of any Sheep, Cows, Horſes, or other Goods to be ſo taken and conveyed away, that they forthwith diſcover the ſame to the next Juſtices of the Peace, who are hereby Required to Reſtore the ſame to the Owners and Proprietors thereof. And in caſe the ſaid Owners or Proprietors are not to be found, or that they be ſuch who are, or have been in Actual Rebellion againſt Us, that the ſaid Juſtices of the Peace do cauſe the ſaid Sheep, Cows, Horſes, and other Goods, to be delivered to the Sheriff of the County where ſuch Goods ſhall be found, who is to give Us an Account thereof, and preſerve the ſame until he ſhall receive Our further Directions therein. And We do further ſtrictly Charge and Command all ſuch of Our People, being not of Our Army, to lay up their Half-Pikes and Skeans in their reſpective Houſes, and that they do not for the future, preſume to carry the ſaid Weapons into Fairs, Markets, or other publick places, upon pain of incurring Our Diſpleaſure, and to be proceeded againſt according to Law. And We do by the Advice aforeſaid, ſtrictly Charge and Command all Generals, or Governors of Counties, Judges, Juſtices of the Peace, Magiſtrates, Sheriffs, and all other Our Officers and Miniſters, to take all Lawful ways and means for the apprehending of all ſuch Robbers, Thieves and Plunderers, as well thoſe already guilty, as thoſe who ſhall commit any of the ſaid Crimes for the future, in order to bring them to condign puniſhment. We being fully Reſolved that ſuch Offenders ſhall be proſecuted according to the utmoſt rigour of the Law. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all the Officers and Souldiers of our Army to be aiding and aſſiſting to the Civil Magiſtrates for the apprehending and ſecuring of ſuch Malefactors.

Given at our Court at Dublin-Caſtle, *the* 25th. *day of* March 1689. *And in the Fifth Year of Our Reign.*

GOD SAVE THE KING.

DUBLIN, Printed by *Andrew Crook* and *Samuel Helſham*, Aſſigns of *Benjamin Tooke* Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty; and Re-printed at *LONDON* 1689.

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DIEV·ET·MON·DROIT

17. April. 1689.

By the KING,

A PROCLAMATION.

Promiſing protection to all perſons in Ireland not in armes, & to recall all ſuch home from Scotland & England in 40. daies.

JAMES R.

WHEREAS ſince our Arrival into this Our Kingdom of *Ireland*, We are informed that notwithſtanding the ſeveral Proclamations iſſued by Our Chief Governor and Council of this Our Realm, aſſuring all Our Subjects of Our Protection to their Perſons, Liberties and Properties, divers of them entred into Actual Rebellion within this Realm, many of them withdrew themſelves into Our Kingdoms of *England* or *Scotland*, where they have adhered to Our Enemies and Rebels; and that others of them out of fear and apprehenſion of meeting ſome ill uſage in this Realm, without any other evil intent, did tranſport themſelves into Our ſaid Kingdoms of *England* or *Scotland*, having acted nothing more contrary to their Allegiance; which removal of theirs, as it cannot be but very deſtructive to themſelves, ſo it tends much to the Depopulating of this Realm, and to the decay of Trade therein. And as We have an extraordinary regard for all Our Subjects of this Our Kingdom of what Perſwaſion ſoever in matters of Religion, who have hitherto ſince the late Diſtractions remained firm and conſtant in their Duty and Allegiance to Us, ſo We cannot but have Compaſſion and Tenderneſs of thoſe who withdrew themſelves from their Fortunes and Being, in this Countrey, upon Jealouſies and groundleſs Fears that Violence was to be uſed towards them by their Fellow Subjects, or that they ſhould be diſturbed in the exerciſe of their Religion. In order therefore to remove theſe Fears and Jealouſies, and to unite all Our Subjects of this Our Kingdom, and to quiet the minds of Our People, and for the advance of Trade and Traffick here; We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Declare, and

We

We do hereby Declare, That it is Our Royal Will and Pleaſure, that from henceforth all our Subjects within this Our Realm, may have and enjoy the free Exerciſe of their Religion, ſo that they take ſpecial care that nothing be Preached or Taught amongſt them, which may tend to Alienate the Hearts of Our People from Us, or Our Government. And that ſuch Liberty and Freedom may be enjoyed with greater aſſurance, We have thought it requiſite, and do hereby Command, with the Advice aforeſaid, that no diſturbance be made, or interruption given unto them by any Perſon whatſoever, under pain of Our Diſpleaſure, and to be further proceeded againſt according to the utmoſt Rigour of the Law. And We do further hereby Publiſh and Declare, That We ſhall from time to time equally Preſerve and Protect all Our Subjects of this Kingdom of what Perſwaſion ſoever, in matters of Religion in their Perſons, Properties and Liberties, excepting only ſuch as are now, or of late have been in actual Rebellion againſt Us. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Subjects of this Realm, now reſiding in Our Kingdom of *England* or *Scotland*, who either happened to be there before the late Troubles, or who Tranſported themſelves thither upon the Fears and Jealouſies aforeſaid, and who acted nothing more againſt their Duty and Allegiance to Us, to repare hither within Forty Days after the Date hereof, and to return to their ſeveral Habitations and Callings, hereby aſſuring all ſuch of Our ſaid Subjects, as ſhall repair to this Our Kingdom, in Obedience to theſe Our Commands, that they ſhall be protected by Us in their Perſons, Properties, Liberties, and the free Exerciſe of their Religion. And We do hereby Require and Command all Our Loving Subjects of this Kingdom of what Perſwaſion ſoever, to joyn with Us in Defence of this Realm againſt all Rebels and Enemies who ſhall endeavour to diſturb the Peace thereof.

Given at our Court at Dublin-Caſtle, *the* 25th. *day of* March 1689. *And in the Fifth Year of Our Reign.*

GOD SAVE THE KING.

DUBLIN, Printed by *Andrew Crook* and *Samuel Helſham*, Aſſigns of *Benjamin Tooke* Printer to the King's moſt Excellent Majeſty; and Re-printed at *LONDON* 1689.

A PROCLAMATION,

DECLARING

WILLIAM and MARY

KING and QUEEN of *England*, to be KING and QUEEN of *Scotland*.

18 April 1689. Edinburgh April 11. 1689.

Whereas, the Estates of this Kingdom of Scotland, by their Act of the Date of these Presents, have Resolved, That William and Mary, King and Queen of England, France and Ireland, Be, and Be declared King and Queen of Scotland, to hold the Crown and Royal Dignity of the said Kingdom of Scotland, to them the said King and Queen, during their Lives, and the longest Liver of Them; and that the Sole and Full Exercise of the Regal Power, be only in, and Exercised by the said King, in the Names of the said King and Queen, during their joynt Lives. As also, the Estates having Resolved and Enacted an Instrument of Government, or Claim of Right, to be presented with the Offer of the Crown, to the said King and Queen. They do Statute and Ordain, that William and Mary, King and Queen of England, France and Ireland, be accordingly forthwith Proclaimed King and Queen of Scotland, at the Mercat-Cross of Edinburgh, by the Lyon King at Arms, or his Deputs, his Brethren Heraulds, Pursevants, and at the Head-Burghs of all the Shires, Stewartries, Bailliaries, and Regalities within the Kingdom, by Messengers at Arms. Extracted forth of the Records of the Meeting of the Estates; by me

JA. DALRYMPLE, *Cls.*

GOD Save KING WILLIAM and QUEEN MARY.

Licensed according to Order.

LONDON, Printed by G. Croom, at the Blue-Ball in Thames-street near Baynard's-Castle. 1689.

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A PROCLAMATION,

Againſt the owning of the Late King James, *and Commanding Publick Prayers to be made for King* William *and Queen* Mary.

20. April. 1689.

Edinburgh April 13. 1689.

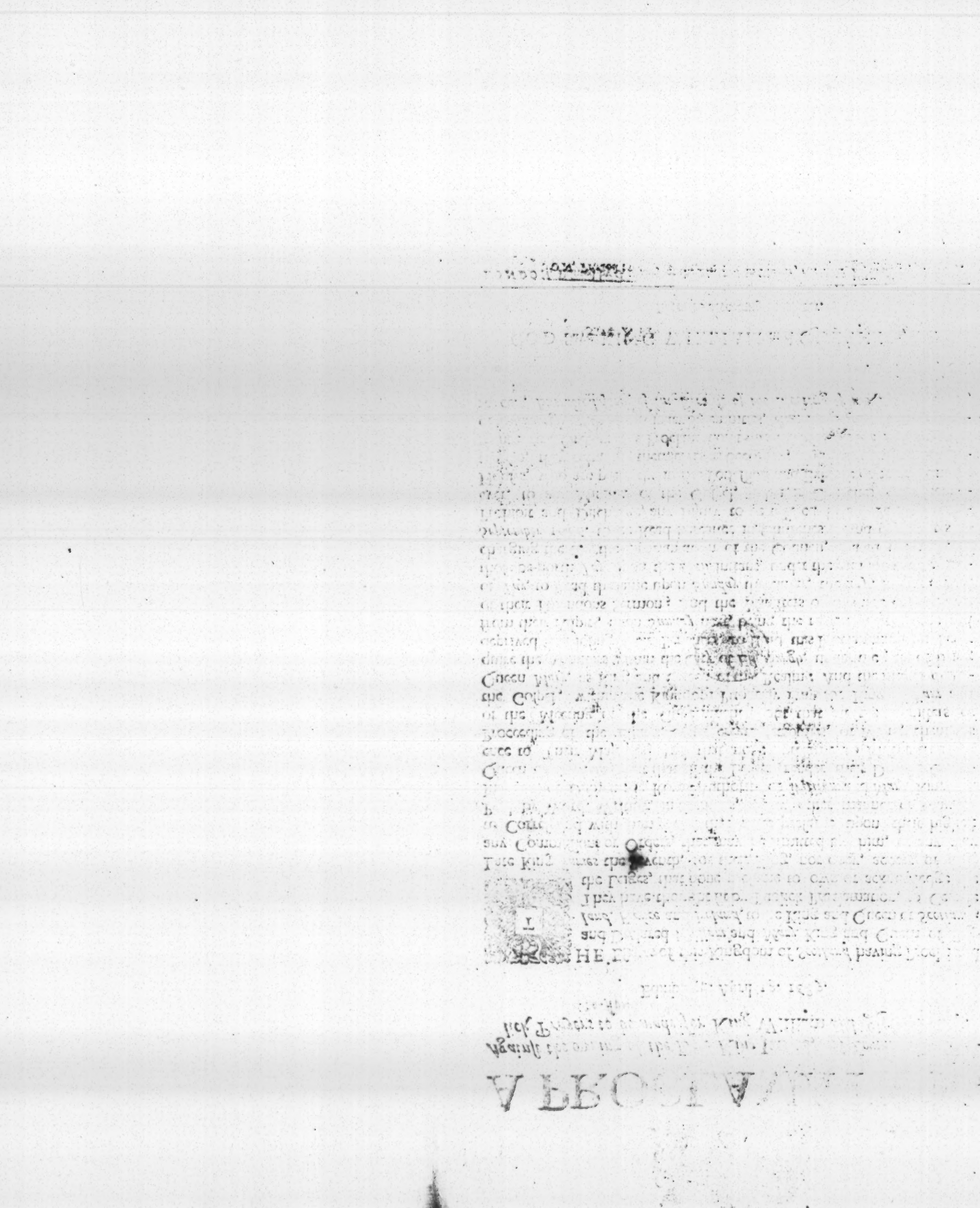
THE Eſtates of this Kingdom of *Scotland* having Proclaimed and Declared *William* and *Mary*, King and Queen of *England*, *France* and *Ireland*, to be King and Queen of *Scotland*; They have thought fit by Publick Proclamation, to Certifie the Leiges, that none preſume to own or acknowledge the Late King *James* the Seventh, for their King, nor obey, accept, or aſſiſt any Commiſſions or Orders, that may be Emitted by him, or any way to Correſpond with him; and that none preſume upon their higheſt Peril, by Word, Writing, in Sermons, or any other manner of Way, to Impugn, or Diſown the Royal Authority of *William* and *Mary*, King and Queen of *Scotland*; But that all the Leiges render their Dutiful Obedience to Their Majeſties; And that none preſume to Miſconſtrue the Proceeding of the Eſtates, or to create Jealouſies, or Miſapprehenſions of the Meeting of the Government; but that all the Miniſters of the Goſpel, within the Kingdom Publickly Pray for King *William* and Queen *Mary*, as King and Queen of this Realm: And the Eſtates do Require the Miniſters within the City of *Edinburgh*, under the pain of being deprived and loſing their Benefices, to Read this Proclamation publickly from their Pulpits, upon *Sunday* next, being the 14*th*. Inſtant, at the end of their Forenoons Sermon; And the Miniſters on this ſide of the River of *Tay*, to Read the ſame upon *Sunday* thereafter, the 21*ſt*. Inſtant; And thoſe be-north *Tay*, upon the 28*th*. Inſtant, under the pain aforeſaid: Diſcharging thereby the Proclamation of the Council, Dated the 16*th*. of *September* 1686. to be Read hereafter in Churches. And the Eſtates do Prohibit and Diſcharge, any Injury to be offered by any Perſon whatſoever, to any Miniſter of the Goſpel, either in Churches or Meeting-Houſes, who are preſently in the Poſſeſſion and Exerciſe of their Miniſtry therein, they behaving themſelves as becomes, under the preſent Government: And Ordains this Proclamation to be Publiſhed at the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, with all ordinary Solemnities, that none may pretend Ignorance. *Extracted forth of the Records of the Meeting of the Eſtates, by me,*

Ro. Mckenzie, *Cls.*

GOD Save KING WILLIAM and QUEEN MARY.

Licenſed according to Order.

LONDON, Printed by G. Croom, at the Blue-Ball in Thames-ſtreet near Baynard's-Caſtle. 1689.



gratis.

63

By the King and Queen,

A DECLARATION

For the Encouraging of French *Proteſtants to Tranſport themſelves into this Kingdom;*

29. April. 1689.

William R.



Hereas it hath pleaſed Almighty God to deliver Our Realm of *England*, and the Subjects thereof, from the Perſecution lately threatning them for their Religion, and from the Oppreſſion and Deſtruction which the Subverſion of their Laws, and the Arbitrary Exerciſe of Power and Dominion over them had very near introduced; We finding in Our Subjects a True and Juſt Senſe hereof, and of the Miſeries and Oppreſſions the *French* Proteſtants lye under; For their Relief, and to Encourage them that ſhall be willing to Tranſport themſelves, their Families and Eſtates, into this Our Kingdom, We do hereby Declare, That all *French* Proteſtants that ſhall ſeek their Refuge in, and Tranſport themſelves into this Our Kingdom, ſhall not only have Our Royal Protection for themſelves, Families and Eſtates, within this Our Realm, but We will alſo do Our Endeavour in all reaſonable Ways and Means ſo to Support, Aid and Aſſiſt them in their ſeveral and reſpective Trades and Ways of Livelyhood, as that their living and being in this Realm, may be comfortable and eaſie to them.

Given at Our Court at Whitehall *this Twenty fifth Day of* April, 1689.
In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King and Queen.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1689.

A PROCLAMATION,

For a Publick Thanksgiving.

7. May. 1689. Edinburgh April 26. 1689.

WHereas it hath Pleased Almighty GOD, by the Endeavours of *William* King of *Scotland*, *England*, *France*, and *Ireland*, To Rescue and Deliver this Nation from the great danger of Popery and Arbitrary Power, to which it was exposed; The Estates of this Kingdom Do Ordain and Appoint, Like as, it is hereby Enacted, that all the Subjects of this Kingdom, Do Keep and Observe a Day of Solemn and Publick Thanksgiving to Almighty GOD, for their great deliverance aforesaid, and for Imploring the Blessing of GOD to the said King *William*, the Glorious Instrument of their Delivery: And they hereby Appoint for the Shiers on this side the River of *Tay*, the ninth Day of *May* next; and for the Shiers be North *Tay*, the sixteenh day of *May*, for all the Liedges to meet in the Churches, or other places where they ordinarly attend Divine Service, that they may hear Sermon, and joyn together in the Solemn Thanksgiving aforesaid; And Ordains the Ministers to Intimate from their Pulpits, the Observation of the said Thanksgiving, upon the Lords Day immediately preceeding the saids respective Dayes. And appoints this Act to be Publickly Proclaimed at the Mercat-Cross of *Edinburgh*, and at the Mercat-Crosses of the Head-Burghs of all the Shires, and of the whole Royal-Burghs of this Kingdom; And appoints Printed Copies thereof to be dispatched to the Sheriffs-Clerks of the respective Shires, that they may send the same to the Magistrats of the saids Burghs to be Published, and to the several Ministers in the Shier, that they may Intimate the same, as said is. *Extracted forth of the Records of the Meeting of the Estates, by me*

WILLIAM MORE, *Cls.*

GOD Save KING WILLIAM and QUEEN MARY.

Licensed according to Order.

LONDON, Printed by G. *Croom*, at the *Blue-Ball* in *Thames street* near *Baynard's Castle*, 1689.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Prohibiting the Importation of all ſorts of Manufactures and Commodities whatſoever, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of *France*.

65 — 30. April. 1689.

WILLIAM R.

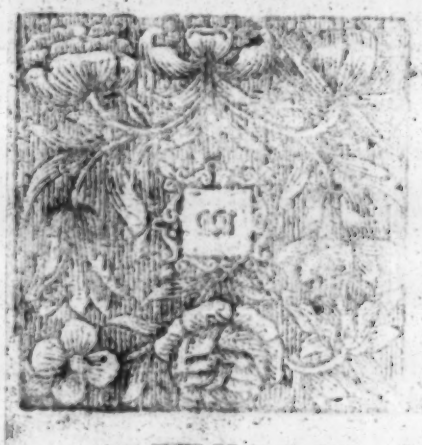


Whereas this Our Kingdom of England hath for many Years received great Damage by the extraordinary Importation and Conſumption of French Commodities, whereby the Bullion and Coyn of this Kingdom paid for the ſame is Exported, and the Uſe and Conſumption of the Goods and Manufactures of the proper Growth of this Realm is hindred and leſſened, to the great Prejudice of the Artificers and Handicrafts within this Kingdom, and the general Impoveriſhment of the ſame; We deſiring to avoid the ſaid Miſchiefs, and to encreaſe and encourage the Wealth and Manufacture of Our own Subjects, do Declare Our Royal Pleaſure to be, and do hereby ſtraitly Charge and Command, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, from and after the Sixteenth day of May now next coming, directly or indirectly, Import or Bring, or cauſe or procure to be Imported or Brought into this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, any Wine, Brandy, Silk, Linen Cloth, Paper, or any other Wares, Merchandizes or Commodities whatſoever, of the Growth, Production or Manufacture of France, or of any the Lands, Territories or Places in the Dominions or Poſſeſſion of the French King, upon Pain of Our high Diſpleaſure, and of the Loſs and Forfeiture of all and every ſuch Wines, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities as ſhall be ſo Imported, and to incur ſuch other Penalties and Puniſhments as by the Laws and Statutes of this Our Realm may juſtly be Inflicted on them, for Contempt or Neglect of Our Royal Commands herein; And We do alſo hereby ſtraitly Charge, Require and Command all Our Loving Subjects whatſoever, That they and every of them do from and after the Twenty fifth day of January next enſuing, wholly forbear, directly or indirectly, to Buy, Bargain, Contract for, Sell or Utter any ſort or ſorts of Wines, Wares, Linens, Goods, Merchandizes or Commodities of the Growth or Manufacture of the ſaid Kingdom, upon Pain of the Seizure, Loſs, and Forfeiture of the ſame, and to be further Proceeded againſt as Contemners of Our Royal Will and Pleaſure herein Declared: And We do hereby Authorize and Require all Mayors, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Bailiffs, Conſtables, and other Our Officers, Miniſters, and Loving Subjects, That they and every of them, when and as often as they, or any of them ſhall be requeſted in that behalf, be Aiding and Aſſiſting from time to time in the due Execution of the Premiſſes. And further, That all Our Cuſtomers, Collectors Searchers, Waiters, and all other Our Officers and Miniſters in Our Port of London, and all other Our Ports, Havens and Creeks within this Our Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and all others whom it may concern, do from time to time take care to Search for and Seize as Forfeit, as well all ſuch Wines, Wares, Merchandizes and Commodities of the Growth, Production and Manufacture aforeſaid, as ſhall from and after the ſaid Sixteenth day of May be Imported, Conveyed or Brought into any Our ſaid Ports, Harbours or Creeks, as all other Wines, Wares, Linens, Goods, Merchandizes and Commodities of the Growth or Manufacture aforeſaid at any time Imported, which ſhall after the ſaid Five and Twentieth day of January be Bought, Sold, or any Way Uttered, Diſpoſed or Traded in. And this ſhall be their Warrant and Diſcharge in that behalf.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty fifth Day of *April*, 1689. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1689.



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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Prohibiting Seamen from Deserting Their Majesties Service.

WILLIAM R. 66 2. May. 1689.



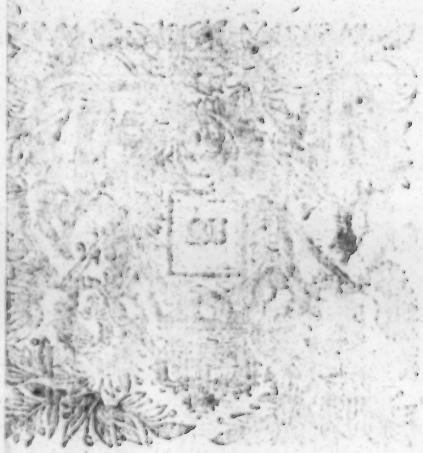
Whereas the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties have occasion to Employ Their Royal Navy for the Honour and Safety of Their Majesties Realms and Dominions, in carrying on a War against the French King; And Whereas by the Laws of this Realm, every Mariner, Seaman and Soldier receiving Press-Money to Serve the King in any of his Ships, and after refusing to Serve, or absenting himself at the Time and Place appointed unto him for his Service, doth incur Danger and Penalty of Felony, and is to be Punished and Forfeit as a Felon; Nevertheless his Majesty is Informed, that several Mariners, Seamen and Soldiers, Press'd for his Service, and having received Press-Money, do neglect to Repair to, and Desert the said Service, whereby Their Majesties Ships may be unfurnished, and Their Service disappointed, to the Dishonour of Their Majesties, and Danger of Their People, especially in this Time, when the French have already Invaded Their Majesties Dominions, and are Preparing to Deprive Their Subjects of their Priviledge of Trade and other Interests.

Their Majesties therefore in Their Princely Wisdom, foreseeing the Inconveniences which may ensue, have thought fit, with the Advice of Their Priby Council, to Publish Their Majesties Royal Proclamation, and do [illegible] Straitly Charge and Command all Mariners, Seamen and Soldiers, Who are or shall hereafter be Pres[illegible] [illegible] Ships or Vessels belonging to the said Navy, and have received, or shall receive Press-Money for that purpose, that they duly repair and come to the Places, and at the Times appointed unto them, and there continue in the Service unto which they are or shall be respectively Commanded, upon Pain of Death, and all such other Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures, as by the Law can be Inflicted or Imposed upon them. And for the speedy and effectual Prosecution of such Offenders, Their Majesties have thought fit, and do intend forthwith to Issue Commissions of Oyer and Terminer, for their Legal Tryal and Punishment according to Justice: And for the better Execution of this Their Royal Intention, do hereby Charge and Command all and singular Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Bailiffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and other Their Majesties Officers, Ministers and Subjects whatsoever within this Realm, with all Care and Diligence to make Search for, Discover, and Apprehend all and every Person and Persons offending as aforesaid, and such as shall be Apprehended, forthwith to Commit, or cause to be Committed to the next Goal of the County, City or Place where they shall be so Apprehended, there to remain until they shall be duly Proceeded against, and Delivered by Course of Law. And that the Names of the Persons so Apprehended and Committed, be forthwith sent to Their Majesties, or the Priby Council, that Care may be taken for their speedy Prosecution accordingly.

Given at Our Palace of *Hampton-Court* the Twenty Ninth day of *April*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's
Most Excellent Majesties. MDCLXXXIX.



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67

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

for discovering ye Author, Printer & Publisher of a Libell call'd a Short History of ye Convention; with ye reward of 100£

William R.

11. May. 1689.



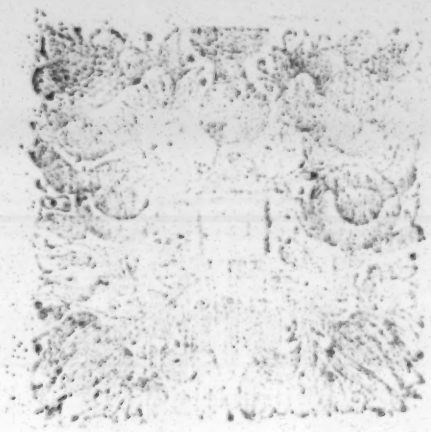
Whereas there hath been lately Printed and Published a Treasonable and Scandalous Libel, Intituled, A Short History of the Convention, or new Christened Parliament; Their Majesties by this Their Proclamation do hereby Require and Command all Their Loving Subjects to Discover and Seize the Author, Printers, and Publishers of the said Libel, and to Carry him and them before the next Justice of Peace, to the intent he and they may be Proceeded against and Punished according to Law: And for the Encouragement of such as shall Discover and Seize the said Author, Printers, and Publishers or any of them, Their Majesties (according to the Desire of the House of Commons) Do hereby Appoint and Direct, That a Reward of One Hundred Pounds shall be given and Paid to such Person and Persons as shall Discover and Seize, or cause to be Seized such Author, Printers or Publishers of the said Libel, or any of them.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* this Seventh day of *May*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



Their Majesties

DECLARATION of War.

Against the FRENCH KING.

11. May. 1689

WILLIAM R.



THat having pleased Almighty God to make Us the happy Instruments of Rescuing these Nations from Great and Imminent Dangers, and to place Us upon the Throne of these Kingdoms, We think Our Selves obliged to endeavour to the uttermost to Promote the Welfare of Our People, which can never be effectually secured, but by preventing the Miseries that threaten them from Abroad.

When We consider the many unjust Methods the *French* King hath of late Years taken to gratifie his Ambition, that he has not only Invaded the Territories of the Emperor, and of the Empire now in Amity with Us, laying Waste whole Countries, and destroying the Inhabitants by his Armies, but Declared War against Our Allies without any Provocation, in manifest Violation of the Treaties Confirmed by the Guaranty of the Crown of *England*; We can do no less then Joyn with Our Allies in opposing the Designs of the *French* King, as the Disturber of the Peace, and the Common Enemy of the Christian World.

And besides the Obligations We lie under by Treaties with Our Allies, which are a sufficient Justification of Us for taking up Arms at this time, since they have called upon Us so to do, the many Injuries done to Us, and to Our Subjects, without any Reparation, by the *French* King, are such, that (however of late Years they were not taken Notice of, for Reasons well known to the World, nevertheless) We will not pass them over without a Publick and Just Resentment of such Outrages.

It is not long since the *French* took Licences from the *English* Governor of *New-found-Land*, to Fish in the Seas upon that Coast, and paid a Tribute for such Licences, as an Acknowledgment of the sole Right of the Crown of *England* to that Island; And yet of late, the Encroachments of the *French* upon Our said Island, and Our Subjects Trade and Fishery have been more like the Invasions of an Enemy, then becoming Friends, who enjoyed the Advantages of that Trade only by Permission.

But that the *French* King should Invade Our *Charibbee* Islands, and possess himself of Our Territories of the Province of *New-York*, and of *Hudson's* [illegible] in a Hostile manner, seizing Our Forts, burning Our Subjects Houses, and enriching his People with the Spoil of their Goods and Merchandizes, detaining some of Our Subjects under the Hardship of Imprisonment, causing others to be inhumanely kill'd, and driving the rest to Sea in a small Vessel, without Food and Necessaries to support them, are Actions not becoming even an Enemy; And yet he was so far from declaring himself so, that at that very time he was Negotiating here in *England* by his Ministers, a Treaty of Neutrality and good Correspondence in *America*.

The Proceedings of the *French* King against Our Subjects in *Europe*, are so Notorious, that We shall not need to enlarge upon them; His countenancing the Seizure of *English* Ships by *French* Privateers, forbidding the Importation of great part of the Product and Manufactures of Our Kingdom, and imposing exorbitant Customs upon the rest, notwithstanding the vast Advantage he and the *French* Nation reap by their Commerce with *England*, are sufficient Evidences of his Designs to destroy the Trade, and consequently to ruine the Navigation, upon which the Wealth and Safety of this Nation very much depends.

The Right of the Flag, inherent in the Crown of *England*, has been Disputed by his Orders in Violation of Our Sovereignty of the Narrow Seas, which in all Ages has been Asserted by Our Predecessors, and We are resolv'd to Maintain, for the Honour of Our Crown, and of the *English* Nation.

But that which must nearly touch Us, is his unchristian Prosecution of many of Our *English* Protestant Subjects in *France*, for Matters of Religion, contrary to the Law of Nations, and expres Treaties, forcing them to abjure their Religion by strange and unusual Cruelties, and Imprisoning some of the Masters and Seamen of Our Merchants Ships, and Condemning others to the Gallies, upon pretence of having on Board, either some of his own miserable Protestant Subjects, or their Effects. And Lastly, as he has for some Years last past, endeavoured by Insinuations and Promises of Assistance, to overthrow the Government of *England*; So now by open and violent Methods, and the actual Invasion of Our Kingdom of *Ireland*, in support of Our Subjects in Arms and in Rebellion against us, he is promoting the utter Extirpation of Our good and Loyal Subjects in thar Our Kingdom.

Being therefore thus necessitated to take up Arms, and Relying on the Help of Almighty God in Our Just Undertaking, We have thought fit to Declare, and do hereby Declare War against the *French* King, and that We will in Conjunction with Our Allies, vigorously Prosecute the same by Sea and Land (since he hath so unrighteously begun it) being assured of the hearty Concurrence and Assistance of Our Subjects in support of so good a Cause; Hereby Willing and Requiring Our General of Our Forces, Our Commissioners for Executing the Office of High Admiral, Our Lieutenants of Our several Counties, Governors of Our Forts and Garisons, and all other Officers and Soldiers under them, by Sea and Land, to do and execute all Acts of Hostility in the Prosecution of this War against the *French* King, his Vassals and Subjects, and to oppose their Attempts, Willing and Requiring all Our Subjects to take Notice of the same, whom We henceforth strictly forbid to hold any Correspondence or Communication with the said *French* King or his Subjects. And because there are remaining in Our Kingdoms many of the Subjects of the *French* King, We do Declare and Give Our Royal Word, That all such of the *French* Nation as shall demean themselves Dutifully towards Us, and not Correspond with Our Enemies, shall be safe in their Persons and Estates, and free from all Molestation and Trouble of any kind.

Given at Our Court at Hampton Court, *the Seventh Day of* May, 1689. *In the First Year of Our Reign.*

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.

DECLARATION

1st

By the King and Queen,

69

A PROCLAMATION.

For Enforcing the late Act of Parliament for amoving Papists from London & ten miles round.

William R.

13. May. 1689.



Whereas by the Act of this present Parliament, Intituled, An Act for the Amoving Papists, and Reputed Papists, from the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and ten Miles distance from the same; The great numbers of Papists resorting to the said Cities are Declared to be, and to have been found Dangerous to the Peace of this Kingdom, and Ways and Methods thereby Provided and Enacted, as well for Discovering as Amoving the said Persons out of the said Cities and Places (except only as in the said Act is excepted;) Their Majesties having daily Experience of the Wicked and mischievous Designs, practised and carried on in and about the said Cities amongst Their Loving Subjects, tending to the Ruine and Destruction of all Protestants, and Restoring Popery into these Kingdoms; And being hereunto desired by the Commons in Parliament Assembled, do by this Their Proclamation strictly Require and Command all Papists and Reputed Papists (except such as in the said Act are Excepted) forthwith to Depart out of the said Cities, and Ten Miles adjacent; And do hereby further Require and Command, that if any of the said Papists or reputed Papists (not excepted in the said Act) shall remain within either of the said Cities, or Ten Miles adjacent, That the Lord Mayor of London, and all and every Justice of Peace within the said Cities and Limits, do proceed against them as Persons Conspiring against the Peace and Welfare of the Government.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* this Ninth Day of *May*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.

27 Englund The Breife for ye Irish Protestants

15. May. 1689 70.

WILLIAM and MARY,

By the Grace of God, King and Queen of England, France, and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, &c. TO ALL and singular Archbishops, Bishops, Archdeacons, Deans, and their Officials, Parsons, Vicars, Curates, and all other Spiritual Persons: And also to all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables, Churchwardens, Chapelwardens, Headboroughs, Collectors for the Poor, and their Overseers: And also to all Officers of Cities, Boroughs, and Towns Corporate, And to all other Our Officers, Ministers and Subjects whatsoever they be, as well within Liberties as without, to whom these Presents shall come, Greeting.

WHEREAS the Distressed and Despoiled Protestants, late of Our Kingdom of Ireland, have (by their humble Petition to Us) set forth the Great Hazard of their Lives, in making this Kingdom their Refuge; And that they were forced to leave their Personal and Real Estates behind them, which are since seized and possessed by the Irish Papists; Who, being lately put into Trust and Power, are now improving that Power for the Final Extirpation of the British and Protestant Interest, out of that Our Kingdom, out of mere Hatred to their Nation and Religion; Whereby Multitudes of Families, who are already here, and others who are daily coming, being many of them Persons of Good Birth and Quality, such as formerly lived in Prosperity and Plenty, are now reduced to great Want and Necessity; And many of them, who heretofore Relieved others, being now no longer able to support themselves, must inevitably perish unless speedily Relieved by the Charitable help of Good and Pious Christians. These Persons and their Sufferings being so well known, it is hoped, That they, who manifested so Great a Zeal and Readiness to support Foreign Protestants, will be ready to express the like or Greater Zeal to relieve their own Country-men, Suffering upon the same Account; Who, we hope, by God's Blessing on the Forces now raising for their Relief, may soon be restored to their former Estates, which We commend to the hearty Prayers, as We do the Conditions of the aforesaid Persons to the Charity of Pious and Well-disposed Christians, not doubting but they will, in a Bountiful manner, contribute towards their present Relief and Comfort in this their great Affliction.

KNOW YE THEREFORE, That of Our Especial Grace and Princely Compassion, We have Given and Granted, and by these Our Letters Patents, under Our Great Seal of England, do Give and Grant unto the said Distressed Protestants, and to their Agents, who shall be Lawfully Authorized on their Behalf, Full Power, Licence and Authority, to ask, gather, receive and take (according to the Rules specified in these Presents,) the Alms and Charitable Benevolence of all Our Loving Subjects, not only Householders, but also Servants, Strangers, and others, within all and every the Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Towns-Corporate, Privileged Places, Parishes, Chapelries, Towns, Villages, Hamlets, and all other Places whatsoever in Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed.

WHEREFORE We Require and Command all and singular the Archbishops and Bishops of all the Provinces and Dioceses within Our Kingdom of England, and Dominion of Wales (unto whose Paternal Care and Inspection We chiefly Recommend the pursuit of these Our Letters Patents) that they, and every of them, do give a particular Recommendation and Command to all the Parsons, Vicars and Curates of all and every the Parishes, and other places, as well within Liberties as without, within their respective Dioceses, for the Advancement of this so pious and charitable a Work.

AND the said Parsons, Vicars and Curates, upon the first Lords-Day, or second at farthest, (after that the true Copies of these Our Letters Patents shall be delivered to them,) shall deliberately and affectionately publish and declare the Tenor of the same unto Our said loving Subjects; and earnestly persuade, exhort, and stir them up, to contribute freely and chearfully towards the Relief of these distressed Protestants. And the Churchwardens are hereby required upon the Week-days next following the said Lords-Day, to go from House to House, to Ask and Receive from all the Parishioners, as well Masters, Mistresses and Servants, as others in their Families, their Christian and Charitable Contributions, and to take the Names in Writing of all such as shall Contribute thereunto and the Sum or Sums of Money by them respectively given. And after such Collection made, they are, in the presence of the respective Inhabitants, on the next Lords-Day following, to subscribe the whole Sum upon the said Briefs, under their Hands, and also to enter them into Books of Accompts, for the said Parishes and Chapelries respectively, and the Places where, and the time when, such Sums were Collected: And they are also to deliver the same to the said Parsons, Vicars and Curates respectively, and the said Parsons, Vicars and Curates are to send the said Moneys, together with the said Briefs, unto their respective Archdeacons, their Registers or Officials: Or if the Parish be exempt, to the Archdeacon within the compass of whose Archdeaconry the said Parish lies; and the said several Archdeacons, their Registers or Officials, upon Receipt of the Moneys aforesaid, are to give Receipts to the respective Persons that pay the Money to them; and they are to pay the same as hereafter is declared and directed. And for the better performance of this so pious and charitable a Work, the said Parsons, Vicars and Curates respectively are required (where conveniently they may) to accompany the Churchwardens in Asking and Receiving such Contributions, or procure some other chief Inhabitants in the said Parishes respectively to do the same.

And Our Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby, for the better Advancement of these Our Pious Intentions, Will, Require and Command the Bishops, Dignitaries of the Church, to make their Contributions distinctly to be returned in the several Provinces to the respective Archbishops of the same. And all Our loving Subjects of this Kingdom, of what Dignity, Degree or Quality whatsoever, may manifest their Zeal in so good a Work, We do Require, both Our Chief Governors of Counties, and also to the Judges and Officers of all and every Our several

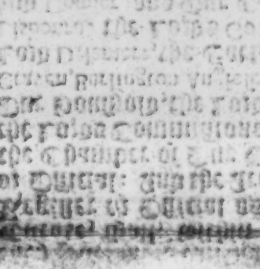
Courts, together with the said Briefs, to the respective Archdeacon, Register or Official: And the Archdeacon, Register or Official of the several Dioceses shall likewise return or pay the said Moneys within twenty days next following into the Chamber of Our City of London: From whence We do hereby Authorize, Nominate and Appoint the Lords Archbishops of Canterbury and York for the time being, the Lords Commissioners of Our Great Seal, the Lord President and all others the Lords of Our Privy Council, the Lord Privy Seal, the Lord High Steward of Our Household, the Lord Chamberlain of Our Household, the Duke of Ormond, Our Principal Secretaries of State, the Earls of Darby, Bedford, Northampton, Clarendon, Craven, Burlington, Angleſey, Macclesfeild, Radnor and Faulconbrigde, the Lords Bishops of London, Winchester, Salisbury, Bristol, Bath and Wells, and St. Asaph, the Lord Wharton, the Lord Delamere, the Earls of Kildare, Roscomon, Meath, Mountrath, Drogheda, Donnegall, Ranalagh, the Lords Viscount Shannon, Dunganon, Charlmount, Pourscourt, Blessington, and Lisbourn, the Lords Gorges, Colloony, Santry, the Archbishop of Dublin, the Archbishop of Tuam, the Lord Bishop of Kilmore, the Bishop of Kildare, the Bishop of Downe and Comier, and Our Chief Justices of the Kings Bench and Common Pleas, the Lord Chief Baron of Our Exchequer, Our Attorney General, Our Solicitor General for the time being, the Lord Mayor, Court of Aldermen, Recorder and Sheriffs, of Our City of London for the time being, Sir John Trevor, Sir John Lowther of Whitehaven, Sir Robert Southwell, Sir Charles Porter, Sir Thomas Clarges, Sir Peter Colliton, Sir Patience Ward, Sir Oliver St. George, Sir Charles Meredeth, Sir Walter Plunket, Sir Paul Ricault, Sir Michael Cole, Sir Robert Clayton, Sir John Cutler, Sir William Turner, Sir Peter Vandeput, Sir Richard Reynolds, Sir George St. George, John Osborne Esq; Dr. Birch, Robert George Dr. of Laws, Nehemiah Donnolan, Henry Howard, Philip Savage, and Thomas Keightley, Esquires, the Dean of St. Pauls, the Dean of Canterbury, the Dean of Peterborough, the Dean of Windsor, the Dean of Norwich, Dr. Tennison, Dr. Cave, Dr. Horneck, Thomas Fermin Gent. William Wake, and Thomas Chambray, Clerks; and they, or any five or more of them, so as always Two of the Persons following, that is to say, the Earl of Clarendon, the Earl of Craven, the Earl of Burlington, the Lord Bishop of London, Lord Gorge, the two Chief Justices, the Lord Chief Baron, the Attorney General, the Solicitor General, the Lord Mayor and Recorder of London, Henry Howard, Sir Charles Porter, Sir Robert Clayton, Sir Peter Colliton, Sir Patience Ward, Sir Thomas Clarges, Sir William Turner, Sir Peter Vandeput, Dean of Canterbury, Dean of St. Pauls, Dr. Tennison, Dr. Horneck, William Wake, and Thomas Fermin be of the said Quorum of five, to dispose and distribute the Money which shall be Collected by Virtue hereof, in such manner as may best answer the Ends for which these Our Letters Patents were intended: And the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them, whereof two of the number to be of the Quorum as aforesaid, shall meet for Executing the Power herein mentioned, once, or oftner in every Week at or in the Temple, London, or at such convenient place and day or days, as shall be appointed by the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them, whereof two of the Quorum to be of the number as aforesaid. And that no Orders for Money be issued but from the Commissioners, or any five of them, whereof two to be of the Quorum.

AND to the End, That all Persons, who shall give unto, or receive from this Christian Charity, may have entire Satisfaction from time to time of the Sums received and disposed, We do hereby Order, that the aforesaid Commissioners take Care, that a Registry be kept of Receipts and Disbursments, to be always ready for Our Royal View, and the View of Benefactors, or others concerned. And also, that the particular Sum each Parish gave may remain as a perpetual Record of their Charity, and as an Incouragement to future Ages: For which Care of the said Register, the said Commissioners, or any five or more of them (whereof two to be of the Quorum as aforesaid) are hereby impowered to make such Allowances to such Person or Persons as they shall appoint for that purpose, and for the more effectual carrying on this Charitable Work, as in their Discretions shall seem meet.

AND LASTLY, We do hereby Direct and Command, That the several Archdeacons, Registers or Officials, do return an Account unto the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury of what Moneys they have received, at the same time when they shall pay or return the same into the Chamber of London, and the said Accompts subscribed with their own Hands: And the Ministers, Churchwardens or Collectors of every Parish, are also hereby required to give an Account by Letter directed to Mr. Thomas Fermin (in Three Kings Court in Lombard-street, London, within ten days after the Collection is made, of what Sum they have collected or paid to their respective Archdeacon, Register or Official, together with the Names of the Parish and County, and each Minister is to set his Name on the outside of the Letter he shall write to Mr. Fermin; And whereof they are not to fail at their Peril of Our Displeasure; Any Law, Statute, Act, Ordinance or Provision heretofore made to the contrary hereof in any wise notwithstanding. IN WITNESS whereof, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patents, and to continue Two whole Years from the Date hereof, and no longer. WITNESS Our Selves at Westminster the Twenty Sixth Day of April, in the First Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING AND QUEEN. FALL.

In the *Savoy*: Printed by *Edward Jones*, for *William Fall* in *Wild-street*, MDCLXXXIX.



By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Nominating and Appointing Commissioners for putting in Execution the ACT of Parliament lately Passed for Raising Money by a Poll, and otherwise, towards the Reducing of *IRELAND*.

William R.

17. May. 1689.

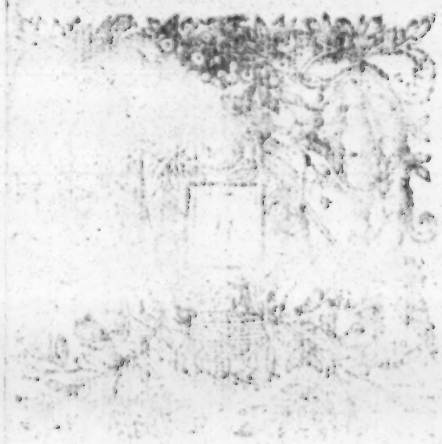


WILLIAM and MARY, by the Grace of God King and Queen of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come Greeting. Whereas in and by one Act lately Passed in this present Parliament (Entituled, An Act for Raising Money by a Poll, and otherwise, towards the Reducing of *Ireland*) It is Enacted, That so many of the Persons named and appointed to be Commissioners by another Act of this present Parliament, (Entituled, An Act for Granting a present Aid to Their Majesties) as by Us under the Great Seal of England shall be Nominated and Appointed for that purpose, shall be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act for Raising Money by a Poll, and otherwise, as by the said Act of Parliament, relation being thereunto had, more fully may appear; We reposing especial Trust and Confidence in the Abilities, Care and Circumspections of all and every the Person and Persons which were named and appointed to be Commissioners by the said Act for Granting to Us a present Aid, that are now living, have Nominated and Appointed, and do by these Presents Nominate and Appoint them, and every of them, to be Our Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act of Parliament for Raising Money by a Poll, and otherwise, and all the Powers therein contained Within all and every the several and respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places, for which by the said former Act they are Appointed Commissioners: And to them the said Commissioners, or to such or so many of them as by the said Act for Raising Money by a Poll, or otherwise, are or shall be in any Case or Cases requisite and necessary; We do by these Presents give full Power and Authority to put in Execution all the Powers contained or specified in the same Act, and generally to do, perform or execute, or to cause to be done, performed or executed, all Matters or Things whatsoever, which any Commissioners Appointed, or to be Appointed by Us, may or can lawfully do, perform or execute in Relation to the same, Within all and every of the said several and respective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places for which by the said former Act they were Commissioned and Appointed as aforesaid: Hereby Willing and Requiring them, and every of them, from time to time to proceed and act according to the Rules and Directions of the said Act of Parliament, and diligently to intend the Execution of this Our Service in all things as becometh; And these Presents shall be to them, and every of them, a sufficient Warrant and Discharge in this behalf. In Witness whereof We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patents. Witness Our Selves at Westminster the Thirteenth Day of May, in the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's Most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



1t 72

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

By and with the Advice of Their Majesties Privy Council, For preventing of False Musters and Injuries which may be done, either to the Soldiery or Subjects.

18. May. 1689

William R.



Whereas We have received Information, That notwithstanding the great Care that hath been taken by Us from time to time since Our Accession to the Crown, to furnish Money constantly for the Subsistance of Our Forces, (and so far as the Necessity of Our Affairs would admit) for the Clearing of their Pay; yet some of the Officers of Our Army, respecting more their own Profit then Our Service, or the Ease or Safety of Our Subjects, have presumed by False Musters to Defraud Us, and by detaining part of the Moneys which should have been paid unto the Soldiery, have given Occasion of Disorders amongst them, and to Abuses and Injuries which have been put upon Our Subjects where the Soldiers have been Quartered: We having Resolved to use Effectual Means to have all Our Troops and Companies compleat, and that the Soldiers who Serve Us shall be justly and duly Paid from time to time without any Injury to be done them by their Officers, and to prevent all Oppressions in the Counties which might be committed by the Soldiery, by Non-payment of their Quarters, or otherwise, have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Give Commission under Our Great Seal to several of the Nobility and Gentry, and thereby Authorizing and Empowering them, or any three of them, to make diligent Examination and Enquiry in all Places where any of Our Troops or Companies have been, are, or shall be Quartered, Whether the same Troops or Companies respectively, have been, or shall be compleat in their Numbers, and what Deficiencies are, or may be in them, or any of them, and Whether the Subsistance Money and Clearings have been, or shall be duly paid as they ought, and what Injuries or Abuses have been, or shall be Committed in the Countreys in the Soldiers Quarters, or otherwise, and to Redress the same, and from time to time to make such Representations unto Us, as Our Service, and the Good of Our Subjects shall Require in these Cases, or any of them; And therefore We have thought fit to make Publick these Presents; to the end any of Our Subjects or Soldiers who shall receive any Wrong or Injury in the Premisses, may know where and how to seek Redress.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the Thirteenth day of *May*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



WILLIAM R

By the Grace of God, King of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c.

1st 73

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Prohibiting the Importation, or Retailing of any Commodities of the Growth or Manufacture of *France*.

William R.

23. May. 1689.



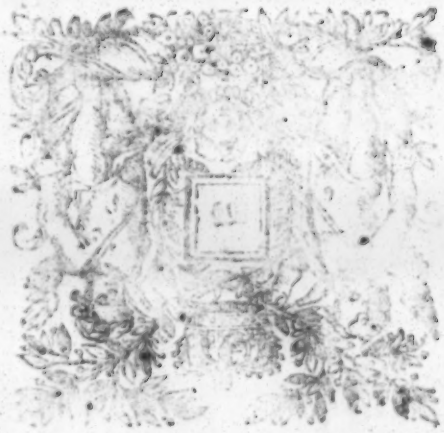
Whereas the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties, Considering the great Prejudice and Damage to the English Artificers and Handicrafts, and the general Impoverishment of this Kingdom, by the extraordinary Importation and Use of the Commodities and Manufactures of France: And Resolving with the help of Almighty God by a Just and necessary War, to Deliver this Kingdom, and other Their Dominions, from the Injuries, Aggressions, and Dangers done, made, and occasioned by the French King, did Issue Their Proclamation bearing Date the Twenty fifth day of April last, Intituled (A Proclamation Prohibiting the Importation of all sorts of Manufactures and Commodities whatsoever, of the Growth, Production, or Manufacture of *France*) which War Their Majesties have lately Declared. Now Their Majesties finding it expedient to alter the said Proclamation, and to the Intent to render Their Royal Purposes more duly and effectually Practicable, have thought fit by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council, to Discharge the said Proclamation; and by the same Advice, do hereby Publish and Declare, and straitly Charge and Command, That no Goods, Merchandizes, or Commodities whatsoever of the Growth, Product, or Manufacture of France, or of the Dominions of the French King, shall at any time after the Five and twentieth day of this instant May, be brought or Imported into any of Their Majesties Realms or Dominions, or any Port or Creek of the same; Or if so brought or Imported, shall not be Retailed, Uttered, Bartered or Sold by any Person or Persons Whatsoever, upon pain of Confiscation and Forfeiture thereof to Their Majesties Use; Of which Confiscation and Forfeitures, Their Majesties are pleased the Informer shall have one Moiety; And hereof Their Majesties Pleasure is, That all Persons whom it may Concern, do take Notice at their Peril; And to that End, do straitly Charge and Command as well all and every the Officers of the Admiralty, as also all and singular Customers, Comptrollers, Searchers, Waiters, and other Officers, and all other Their Loving Subjects, that they and every of them respectively take special Care, that this Their Royal Pleasure and Command be put in due Execution.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the Eighteenth day of *May*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



A PROCLAMATION

74

1st 74

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For a GENERAL FAST,

William R.

29. May. 1689.



Whereas Their Majesties have found Themselves obliged, for the necessary Defence and Safeguard of this Realm, and other Their Dominions, and the Vindicating and Preserving Their own and Their Subjects Rights, to Declare War against the French King, and vigorously to Prosecute the same both by Sea and Land, and to set out and employ Ships of War, and Land-Forces, for Reducing to Their Obedience the Kingdom of Ireland, at this time supported in Rebellion against Their Majesties by the said French King; Their Majesties putting Their Trust in Almighty God (who hath mercifully and wonderfully preserved and blessed Their Majesties hitherto, and this Kingdom by Their means) That he will vouchsafe a special Blessing to this their Righteous Undertaking, Do, by and with the Advice of their Privy Council, hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Fast and Humiliation to be observed throughout this Kingdom, That so both Their Majesties and Their Subjects may humble Themselves before Almighty God, in order to obtain Pardon for Their Sins, and may in most devout and solemn manner lend up Their Prayers and Supplications to him, for Imploring his Blessing and Assistance on Their Majesties Arms, and for Restoring and Perpetuating Peace, Safety, Honour, and Prosperity to all Their Majesties Kingdoms and Dominions. And for the more decent and uniform performance thereof, Their Majesties do hereby Publish and Declare to all Their Loving Subjects, and do straitly Charge and Command, That on Wednesday being the Fifth day of June next ensuing, this Fast be Religiously and Solemnly kept and observed Within the Cities of London and Westminster, and within Ten miles distance of the same: And that on Wednesday the Nineteenth of the same June the like Fast be kept and duly observed through the rest of the Whole Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And for the more orderly Solemnizing thereof, Their Majesties have given Directions to the Arch-Bishops and Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayers suitable to this Occasion, to be used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and have given Charge for the Dispersing thereof through Their several Dioceses in the Whole Kingdom. And Their Majesties do expressly Charge and Command, That the said Fasting and Prayers be soberly, reverently, and decently performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of such Punishments as Their Majesties can justly inflict upon all such as contemn or neglect so Religious a Work.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court*, this 23th Day of *May*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties, 1689.

God save the King and Queen.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen.

FOR A GENERAL FAST.

WILLIAM R.

1st 75

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

Forbidding all Persons to trade wth any in Ireland wthout leave & to hold correspondence wth any there not in obedience to this governmt

William R.

10. June. 1689.



Whereas the French King hath lately Caused Our Kingdom of Ireland in a Hostile manner to be Invaded by a great number of Officers, Soldiers, and others, and hath Raised and Carried on a War against Us in Our said Kingdom, and Furnished Our Rebellious Subjects there with Arms, Ammunition, and Money, to the apparent Danger and Hazard of that Our Kingdom; We have therefore thought fit, and by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, We do by this Our Royal Proclamation, strictly Prohibit and Forbid all and every Our Loving Subjects, and all other Persons Whatsoever, within these Our Dominions, to Trade or Traffick with any Person or Persons Whatsoever in Our said Kingdom of Ireland, without Our Leave first Obtained in that behalf, or Correspond or have Communication with any Person in any Parts or Places within the same, except such as are in Obedience to Our Government, upon pain of Our utmost Displeasure, and of being proceeded against as Persons holding Correspondence with Rebels and Enemies. And We do hereby Require and Command all and singular Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables, and other Our Officers and Subjects, to use their Endeavours in and for the Discovery and Apprehending of all Offenders herein, to the intent that they may be Prosecuted and Punished according to the utmost Rigour and Severity of Law.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court*, the Sixth Day of *June*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY*.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Collecting and Levying the Arrears of HEARTH-MONEY.

13. Junii 1689.

William R.



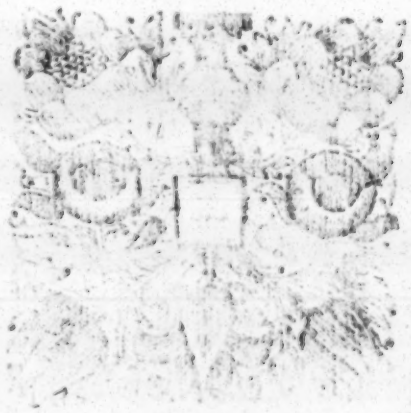
Whereas His Majesty having been Informed, that the Revenue of hearth-money was grievous to the People, was Pleased by His Gracious Message sent to the Commons Assembled in this present Parliament, to signifie His Pleasure, either to Agree to a Regulation of it, or the taking it Wholly away, as should be thought most convenient by the said Commons: Whereupon the said Commons being filled with a most humble and grateful Sense of His Majesties unparallelled Grace and Favour to His People, not only by restoring their Rights and Liberties which had been Invaded contrary to Law, but in desiring to make them happy and at Ease, by taking away such Burthens as by Law were fixed upon them (by which His Majesty would erect a lasting Monument of His Goodness in every House in the Kingdom) did most humbly beseech His Majesty, that the said Revenue of hearth-money might be Wholly taken away and abolished for the future; And thereupon it was Enacted in and by one Act made in this present Parliament, Entituled, [An Act for the taking away the Revenue arising by Hearth-money] That the several Acts of Parliament for the Establishing, Ordering and Collecting the said Revenue, and every the Clauses and Articles in the said several Acts contained, should be Wholly Repealed and made void, With a Proviso, That nothing in the said Act contained, should be taken or construed to hinder or prejudice the Collecting, Levying, Answering or Paying the said Revenue which should grow due on the Five and twentieth day of March in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred eighty nine, or any Arrears of the said Duty which were then due and payable by the said former Acts; But that all the Powers and Articles in the said former Acts relating to the Collecting and Levying of the said Duty, and the Arrears thereof, should continue and remain in force for the Collecting, Levying, and Recovering of the said Duty of Hearth-money so growing due on the said Twenty fifth day of March One thousand six hundred eighty nine, and all Arrears of the said Duty, as if the said Act had not been made. Nevertheless, some Ill-advised Persons do raise and revive several Questions and Disputes concerning the Payment of the said Revenue and the Arrears thereof now due, With intent to obstruct and hinder the Answering and Paying of the said Arrears, albeit the said entire Revenue is for the future by Their Majesties Grace Wholly remitted and taken away for ever; And albeit the said Questions and Disputes are contrary to Acts of Parliament made concerning the said Duty. Wherefore to the intent no Persons may pretend Ignorance in the Premisses, and for the more speedy and easie Collecting and Answering the Duty and Arrears due as aforesaid, and preventing Disputes about the same, Their Majesties have thought fit to Charge and Require, and by the Advice of Their Privy Council, do hereby Charge, Require and Command all and every Their Subjects whom it may concern, That they readily, and Without Dispute, pay all and singular the Arrears of the said Duty, in pursuance of the said Acts, and that all Justices of the Peace proceed in the Hearing and Determining of all Matters relating to the same as by Law they ought; And that they, and all Sheriffs, Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and all other Officers Whatsoever, be Aiding and Assisting in the Collecting, Receiving and Levying the same accordingly; And hereof they, each and every of them, are not to fail in any wise, as they will answer the same at their Peril.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton Court* the Sixth Day of *June*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

L O N D O N,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's Most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



17
1d.

77

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

For apprehending Sr Adam Blair & Dr Robt Grey for high treason in dispersing King James declaration

William R.

29. June. 1689.



Whereas Sir Adam Blair and Robert Grey Doctor in Physick, being Charged with High Treason for Dispersing a Treasonable Paper, Entituled, A Declaration of King *JAMES* the Second, have withdrawn themselves and fled from Justice; And the Commons now Assembled in Parliament having applied to Us to Issue out Our Proclamation for Apprehending the said Sir Adam Blair and Robert Grey, and taking them into safe Custody: We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Command and Require all Our Loving Subjects, to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Sir Adam Blair and Robert Grey where ever they may be found, and carry them before the next Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, whom We do hereby Require to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they be thence delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Us or Our Council; And We do Promise him or them that shall Discover or Apprehend the said Sir Adam Blair and Robert Grey for a Reward, the Sum of One hundred pounds for each of them: And We do also hereby give Notice to all Persons that shall Conceal the said Sir Adam Blair and Robert Grey, or be Aiding or Assisting in the Concealing of them, or furthering their Escape, that they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence, with the utmost Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton Court*, the Twenty fourth Day of *June*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.

1t '78

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For the Discovery and Apprehending of High-way-men and Robbers, and for a Reward to the Discoverers.

William R.

12. July. 1689



Whereas Robberies upon the High-ways have been frequently committed of late, to the great Terrour and Damage of Our Loving Subjects, and in Contempt of the Laws and Well Established Government of this Realm; And We being desirous to Provide most effectually for the Common Peace and Safety of Our People, by Suppressing and Preventing the said Wickedness, and bringing the Offenders to condign Punishment, Do therefore (by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) hereby straitly Charge and Command all Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, Constables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, and other Our Officers, Ministers and Subjects to whom it doth or shall appertain, That they and every of them in their respective Places and Stations, do use their utmost Endeavours for Discovering and Apprehending all High-way-men and Robbers: And for the Encouragement of all such Persons to put in Execution this Our Proclamation, We are Graciously Pleased, and do hereby Declare, That all and every Person and Persons, who shall at any time within One year now next ensuing, Discover to any Justice of Peace, or any other Officer of Justice, any Person that hath committed, or shall commit any Robbery on the High-way, and shall Apprehend, or cause to be Apprehended such Offender, shall within Fifteen Days after Conviction of such Offender so Apprehended upon such Discovery, have a Reward of Ten pounds for every such Offender so Apprehended and Convicted: And all and every Sheriff and Sheriffs of the respective Counties where such Conviction shall be had, are hereby Required, upon the Certificate of the Judge, or under the hand of Two or more Justices before whom such Conviction shall be had, to pay unto such Person or Persons who shall Discover and Apprehend such Offender, or upon whose Discovery such Offenders shall be Apprehended, the said Reward of Ten pounds, within the time aforesaid, for every Offender so Apprehended and Convicted, out of the Publick Moneys received by him in that County, which shall be allowed unto him upon his Account in Our Exchequer; For Allowance whereof, this Proclamation shall be a sufficient Warrant.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Eighth Day of *July*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties. 1689.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King.

WILLIAM R.

A PROCLAMATION,

For Calling out the Heretors, and others in the Shires of *Perth* and *Forfar*, and others beyond the Water of *Tay*.

26. July. 1689. At Edinburgh *July* the 16*th*. 1689.

WHereas, His Grace the Lord High Commissioner, and the Lords of His Majesties Privy Council, are sufficiently informed, that there are some numbers of Irish Papists and others Shipped at Craig-Fergus, in three Men of War, and that they have past the Mule of Kintire, and Sailed betwirt Isla and Jura, and are probably before this time Landed in some Place of the Isles or Highlands about Innerlochie; Therefore the Lord High Commissioner and the Lords of his Majesties Privy Council, have thought fit in his Majesties Name and Authority, to certifie the Leidges annent the Invasion and Descent of these Barbarous and Bloudy People, who will certainly Joyn with the Viscount of Dundee, and other Rebels that are in Arms with him; and do require the Leidges, That none of them take in hand to Correspond with, Reset, Supply, or any ways Assist these Rebels and Papists; but on the contrary, all Sheriffs, Bailies of Regalities, or Bailiaries, Stewarts, and all other Magistrates whatsoever within the Sheriffdom of Perth and Forfar, and all others upon the North side of the Water of Tay, are hereby expresly Required and Commanded, to attend General Major Mackay, Commander in Chief of His Majesties Forces in this present Expedition, for Reducing of these Rebels and Invaders, and that they receive and Obey his Orders from time to time, either in Convening the Heretors and other and other Inhabitants of the Respective Shires in Arms, to His Majesties Host, at what Times or Places he shall think fit to appoint; or in furnishing Provisions, Baggage-Horses, and what else may be necessary for His Majesties Service in this Expedition, as they shall be advertised by the said General-Major Mackay, or his Order: Requiring likewise the Heretors and Inhabitants of the several Shires to obey punctually the Orders that shall be given to them by the respective Sheriffs, Stewarts, Baillies, and Magistrates, to the Effect foresaid: And his Grace the the Lord High Commissioner, and Lords of Privy Council, Do Certifie, That if any of the Magistrates or Inhabitants of these Shiers of Perth, Forfar, and others beyond Tay, shall be negligent or refractory in Convening in Arms, when required in manner foresaid, or giving their Assistance for the Maintenance of his Majesties Troops, furnishing of Horses, or the carrying and transporting of their Ammunition, Provision and Baggage at this time, when the Country is Invaded by Barbarous Papists, joyned with Intestine Rebels, that they shall be proceeded against to the outmost extremity of Law. And Ordain these Presents to be Published at the Mercat-Cross of Edinburgh, and at the Mercat-Crosses of Perth, Forfar,, and other Mercat-Crosses needful beyond the Water of Tay.

An Act for Furnishing of Baggage-Horse to his Majesties Host at *Edinburgh*, the seventeenth day of *July*, 1689.

HIs Majesties High Commissioner, and Lords of his Majesties Privy Council, Considering that it is requisite and necessary a competent provision of Baggage be sent alongst with the Forces under the Command of Major-General *Mackay*, who is now to March Northwards against the Viscount of *Dundee*, and other Rebels that have joyned him in opposition to His Majesties Authority, They do therefore Ordain the Leade s of the Militia Horses within the Shiers of *Fife*, *Kinross*, *Edinburgh*, *Linlithgow*, *Striviling* and *Clackmannan*, to send out each of them two sufficient Baggage-Horses for each Militia-Horse they-lead, sufficiently furnished and graithed with Soods, and Sack, an pair of Backets or Creils, with a Man for each two Horse: with ten dayes Provision to the said Servant, half Meal, half Money, extending the said Baggage-Horse for the Shiers of *Fife* and *Kinross* the Towns not included, to the number of three hundred fifty two Horse: For the Shier of *Edinburgh*, to the number of an hundred forty eight;

eight; for the Shier of *Linlithgow*, to the number of eighty four; and for the Shiers of *Striviling* and *Clackmannan*,, the number of an hundred ſeventy ſix Horſe: And appoints the Magiſtrats of the ſeveral Burghs under-written to ſend out the Proportion of Horſe and Men after mentioned, *viz.* The Magiſtrats of the Town of *Edinburgh*, the number of an hundred Horſes and fifty Men, or ſuch a number of Carts as Major General *Mackay* ſhall appoint-in lieu of the aforeſaids Horſes, or any number of the ſame; the Magiſtrats of St. *Andrews*, the number of Twelve Horſes, and ſix Men; the Magiſtrats of *Dyſart*, ſix Horſes, and three Men; Magiſtrats of *Kirkaldie*, Twelve Horſes, and ſix Men; the Magiſtrats of *Cowper*, ſix Horſes and three Men; the Magiſtrats of *Burntiſland*, ſix Horſe and three Men; the Mageſtrates of *Innerkeithing* three Horſes and two Men, the Mgiſtrats of *Kinhorn*, two Horſes and one Man, the Magiſtrats of *Pittenweem*, three Horſes and two Men; the Mageſtrates of *Dumfermling*, four Horſes and two Men; the Magiſtrats of *Anſtruther*, Weſter two Horſes and a Man; the Magiſtrats of *Crail*, ſix Horſes and three Men; and Magiſtrats of *Kilrinni*, one Horſe and one Man; and the Magiſtrats of *Striviling*, five Horſes and three Men; all ſufficiently furniſhed with Graith, Furniture and Proviſion, in manner above-mentioned, and the ſaids Lords Ordains the number of an hundred and forty eight Horſe, with a proportion of Men correſponding thereto, as part of the number of the Horſe and *Men*, to be furniſhed and put out by the Shires of *Fife* and *Kinroſs*, and Towns thereof, to repair and go to the Town of *Burntiſland*, on *Saturday* next, the twenty day of *July* Inſtant, by eight a Clock in the morning according as they ſhall Receive direction from the Sheriff deput of *Fife*, for that Effect, and appoints the Remainder of the ſaids Horſes, and Men that are to be ſent out by the ſaids Shires of *Fife* and *Kinroſs*, and Towns thereof, and by the other Shires and Burghs above-mentiond, to repair to the places, and upon the days particularly after mentioned, *viz.* The Remainder of theſe furniſhed by the ſaids Shiers of *Fife* and *Kinroſs*, and Towns thereof, to the Town of *Perth*, upon *Tueſday* next the twenty third day of the ſaid Month, before three a Clock in the afternoon; Theſe ſent out by the Shire of *Striviling*, and Town thereof, at *Striviling* upon *Monday* the twenty ſecond day, by eight a Clock in the Morning; Theſe by the Shire of *Linlithgow*, and Town of *Edinburgh*, on *Tueſday* next, at the ſaid Town of *Striviling*, before eight a Clock in the Morning; and theſe of the Shire of *Edinburgh*, at the ſaid place on *Wedneſday* the twenty fourth day at the hour aforeſaid. And for the more ready and better Outreik of the Horſes reſpectively abovementioned, The Lords of His Majeſties Privy Council, give and grant full Power and Warrant to each of the ſaids Leaders, to preſs Horſe or Hoſes he is lyable to furniſh within any part of his Locality, the Horſe not Exceeding the value of 48 Pound *Scots*; and appoints the ſaids Leaders, to draw up an Accompt of the value of the ſaid Horſe or Horſes, as they ſhall be priſed by three honeſt Neighbours upon Oath, with their Graith, not exceeding forty ſhillings *Scots* for the ſaid Graith if they ſhall not return, or if they do return of what they ſhall be priſed worſe and of ten days Proviſion for the *Men* which go along with the ſaid Horſe, and according to the Extent of the Accompt; They ordain each Heretor within the Leaders Localitie, to be anſwerable for the Leaders relief, according to the preportion of his valued Rent; and if they make not ready payment thereof, the Commiſſioners of the *Milita* or any two of them upon application, are to grant Warrants for poynding for the ſaid proportion to be Appriſed according to the Poynds for Deficiency of the *Militia*, and the Heretors are allowed to take their Relief for their proportions by Pole of the Tennents and Inhabitants within the Bounds, the Cottars and Tradeſmen being reckoned to a Third. And further, the ſaids Lords Grants Warrants to every Leader to preſs a *Man* to go along with every two Horſes, out of any part of his Localitys in caſe of refuſal, and appoints the Foot *Militia* to concur with the Leader to Guard the *Men* and Horſes to the reſpective places appointed for their *Meeting*; And declares, that every Leader who ſhall be deficient, ſhall be lyable on payment of the Sum of ſixty Pounds *Scots* for each Deficient Horſe, to be applyed for the relief of any other Horſe that ſhall be preſſed through his default; and further, ſhall be lyable to be Puniſhed in his Perſon and Goods at the Councils pleaſure, as Diſſafected to the Government, and his *Majeſties* Service: And in like manner the ſaids Lords of Privy Council Allow, and Impower the *Magiſtrates* of the Burghs Reſpectively above-named, to preſs the Horſes and *Men* to be ſent out by them within their own Juriſdiction, and to Stent the Burgeſſes and Inhabitants for a proportional Relief thereof, and of the Graith and Proviſions to be ſent along with them, the value of each Horſe not exceeding fourty eight Pounds *Scots*, and the Garith fourty Shillings money foreſaid, and the Eſtimat to be made, either for the full price of the Horſe and Graith, if he ſhall not return, or in ſo far as the Horſe ſhall be pryſed worſe, than he was at his going out, if he do return. And Ordains theſe Preſents to be Printed and Publiſhed by the Sheriffs, their Deputes or Clerks, at the Head-Burghs of their Shires, at the receipt thereof and at the Paroch Churches within their reſpective Shires, upon *Sunday* next after Divine Service in the Forenoon, and by the *Magiſtrates* of the other Burghs above mentioned, at the *Mercat*-Croſſes of their ſaid Burghs upon their receivng the ſame. Extracted by me,

GILB. ELIOT, *Cls. Sti Concilii.*

GOD Save King WILLIAM and Queen MARY.

Printed at *Edinburgh*: And Re-printed at *London*, by *G. Croom* in *Thames-ſtreet*. 1689

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

To Prohibit the Exportation of SALT PETRE.

26. July. 1689.

William R.



Whereas We, together with most of the Princes and States in Christendom, are Engaged in a War against the French King, and forasmuch as Salt Petre is the Principal Material of which Gunpowder is made, which is that kind of Ammunition wherein the strength of War consists, and is at this time absolutely necessary for the Defence and Safety of this Realm: Now We being given to understand that considerable quantities of Salt Petre are about to be Exported privily out of this Realm into Foreign Parts, whereby We and Our good Subjects may be disfurnished and destitute of the said necessary Commodity, and Our Enemies furnished with the same; Therefore to the intent that the said Mischiefs may be prevented, and that none may pretend Ignorance for Want of timely Notice herein, We do by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, strictly Charge, Prohibit, and Command, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, do at any time during the present War, presume to Transport out of this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town or Port of Berwick upon Tweed, any Salt Petre, or to Ship or Lade any Salt Petre on board any Ship or Vessel, in order to Transporting the same into any the Parts beyond the Seas, Without Our Licence in that behalf first obtained, upon pain of incurring and suffering the greatest Punishments and Forfeitures which by Law can fall or be inflicted on such Offenders; We Declaring, That We will cause all such Persons to be proceeded against with the utmost Rigour and Severity. And We do hereby Require and Command all Customers, Comptrollers, Collectors, Searchers, Surveyors, and other Officers of Our Customs within Our said Kingdom and Dominion, to be Watchful and diligent in seeing this Our Royal Proclamation duly observed and kept; And also all Mayors, Bailiffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and other Officers and Subjects, to be Aiding and Assisting from time to time in the Discovering and Prosecution of the Offenders, and preventing the Exportation of Salt Petre, as aforesaid, when and as often as occasion shall be or require.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the 22th Day of *July*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1689.

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81

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

To Summon ye Lord Griffin to surrend[r] himself before ye 20th of Sept. next. to ye House of Lords if Sitting; or one of ye principal Secretaries of State.

William R.

12. Aug. 1689.



Whereas Edward Lord Griffin Baron of Brabrooke, having been Summoned by several Letters, and otherwise, to Attend Our House of Peers, but he being withdrawn from his Houses, doth not appear, and the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Assembled having Applied to Us to Issue out Our Proclamation to Summon the said Lord Griffin to Render himself (at a certain Day to be by Us limited and appointed) to the said House of Peers, if then Sitting, or to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, if the said House be not then Sitting; We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Command and Require the said Lord Griffin to Render himself before the Twentieth day of September next ensuing, to the House of Peers, if then Sitting, or to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, if the said House be not then Sitting, upon Pain of being Proceeded against according to the utmost Rigour and Severity of Law, in case of Neglect and Contempt of this Our Royal Command.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton Court* the Eighth Day of *August*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1689.

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A PROCLAMATION

Indemnifying ſuch Rebels as ſhall lay down their Arms. *in Scotland.*

82

22. Aug. 1689

At Edinburgh, *the* 14 *day of* Auguſt 1689.

WHEREAS Their Majeſties, King William and Queen Mary, being moſt deſirous to Reſtore the Peace of this Their Antient Kingdom, and to Unite all Their Subjects in a Chearful Obedience to Their Government, They are Graciouſly Pleaſed to extend Their Mercy, even to thoſe who have been Miſled and Seduced to Riſe in open Arms and Rebellion againſt Their Authority; His Majeſty by his Royal Letter, dated at Hampton-Court the Eight Inſtant, direct to his Privy Council, did Authorize and Impower them to Iſſue forth a Proclamation of Indemnity, to all thoſe who are now in Rebellion againſt Their Majeſties Authority, in the Kingdom of Scotland, who ſhall lay down their Arms betwixt and the days after-ſpecified, and ſhall ſubmit themſelves to, and acknowledge Their Majeſties Authority, take the Oath of Allegiance, and give Security for their future Good Behaviour: And to the effect that Their Majeſties Gracious Intentions may be made Effectual, that the Minds of theſe Perſons may be Quieted from the Fears and Apprehenſions that the juſt Puniſhments may be Inflicted upon them, which their Crimes deſerve; Therefore the Lords of His Majeſties Privy Council, by His Majeſties ſpecial Warrand, and in Their Majeſties Name and Authority, Do Indemnifie, Secure and Pardon all ſuch Perſons as are in open Arms and Rebellion within this Kingdom, or have been acceſſory thereto, by Converſe, Reſet, Intercommuning with, or any way aſſiſting the Rebels; Providing always the perſons foreſaid ſhall lay down their Arms within eight days after the Proclamation of this Indemnity, at the Mercat-Croſſes of the Head-Burghs of the Shires where they dwell, or ſtay for the time; and that in Teſtimony of their Submiſſion to, and Acknowledgment of His Majeſties Authority, all Noblemen, Gentlemen, Chiftains of Clanns, Heretors and Officers ſhall apply to Major-General Mackay, Commander in Chief of His Majeſties Forces, and before him Swear and Sign the Oath of Allegiance to Their Majeſties, betwixt and the third day of September, in this inſtant Year of God 1689, or before the Lords of [illegible] Majeſties Privy Council at Edinburgh, betwixt and the tenth day of the foreſaid Month of [illegible] ſuch Security as they are able for their future Good Behaviour; And that all other Yeomans, and ſuch as are below the degree of Heretors, or Officers, ſhall Repair to the Sheriffs of the reſpective Shires where they dwell, or their Deputs, or to ſuch other Perſons as may be appointed by the Council, and before them acknowledge Their Majeſties Authority, and Swear and Sign the Oath of Allegiance: And the Lords of His Majeſties Privy Council Do Aſſure and Declare, all ſuch Perſons who ſhall lay down their Arms, and fulfil the Conditions foreſaid, that they ſhall be altogether Free, Safe and Secure from all manner of Puniſhment, Pains and Penalties that can be inflicted upon them for open Rebellion, Acts of Hoſtility, or any manner of acceſſion to Rebellion againſt Their Majeſties: And that ſuch as continue Obſtinat and Incorrigible, after the Offer of ſo great Mercy and Favour, ſhall be Puniſhed as Traitors and Rebels to the utmoſt extremity of Law; And Requires and Commands all Judges and Miniſters of the Law, to interpret this preſent Indemnity in the moſt favourable manner; Declaring always, Likeas it is hereby expreſly Declared, that this preſent Indemnity ſhall not be Extended or Beneficial to any perſons in Perſon, who have been under His now Majeſties Pay, and guilty of any of the Crimes above-mentioned. And Ordains theſe Preſents to be Printed, and Publiſhed at the Mercat-Croſſe of Edinburgh, and all the other Mercat-Croſſes of the Head-Burghs of the Shires of the Kingdom, by Heraulds, Meſſengers, Purſevants, or Meſſengers at Arms. Extracted by me

GILB. ELIOT, *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

Follows the Oath of Allegiance.

I *Do ſincerely promiſe and Swear, that I will be Faithful, and bear True Allegiance to their Majeſties, King* William *and Queen* Mary. *So help me GOD.*

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

Licenſed *Auguſt* 21, 1689. *J. Fraſer.*

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*; and Reprinted by *Edw. Jones* in the *Savoy*. 1689.

83

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Prolonging and Appointing the Time for the First General Meeting of Their Majesties Commissioners for Executing the Act of Parliament lately made for Granting to Their Majesties an Aid of Twelve pence in the Pound for One Year, and for Authorising and Impowering the respective Commissioners to Proceed and Act accordingly.

4. Sept. 1689.

William R.

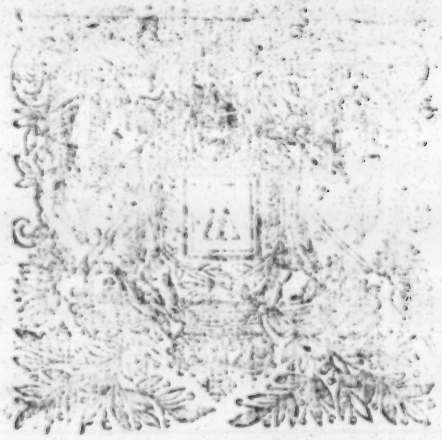
WILLIAM and MARY, by the Grace of God King and Queen of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defenders of the Faith, &c. To all to whom these Presents shall come Greeting. Whereas in and by one Act lately made in Parliament, Entituled, An Act for a Grant to Their Majesties of an Aid of Twelve pence in the Pound for One Year, for the Necessary Defence of Their Realms, and by an Additional Act also lately made in Parliament, for appointing Commissioners for Executing the other Act aforesaid, it hath been Provided, That it should and might be lawful for Us to Issue, or cause to be Issued out under the Great Seal of England, such and so many Commissions as We should think fit, and therein and thereby to Nominate, Constitute and Appoint such and so many Persons, being Qualified as in the said Acts, or either of them, is Prescribed or Directed, as We should think convenient, to be Commissioners for putting in Execution the said Act of Parliament for Granting unto Us the said Sum of Twelve pence in the Pound; Which said Commissioners so as aforesaid to be Nominated and Appointed, were, and are by the said Acts, or one of them, Directed and Enjoyned in the respective Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Divisions, Towns and Places for which they should be appointed Commissioners respectively, to meet together at the most usual or common Place of Meeting, within each of the said Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Divisions, Towns or Places respectively, at or before the Third Day of this Instant September, or such other Day as We should Appoint, and further to Do, Perform and Execute as in and by the said Acts, or one of them, is Required and Commanded, and as by the same, relation being thereunto respectively had, may more fully appear.

And whereas We have Issued, or are now Issuing under the Great Seal of England several Commissions for Executing the Act of Parliament for the Aid aforesaid; But it being necessary that (pursuant to the Power given Us in the same Act) a further time be Appointed for the First General Meeting of the said Commissioners, We have thought fit by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council to Appoint, and We do by these presents Appoint the respective Commissioners by Us Nominated and Constituted, or to be Nominated and Constituted for the Execution of the said Acts, and either of them in the respective Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Divisions, Towns and Places for which they are or shall be Appointed Commissioners respectively, to Meet together at the most usual or common Places of Meeting, within each of the said Counties, Cities, Boroughs, Divisions, Towns and Places respectively, at or before the Thirtieth Day of this Instant September: And We do hereby Direct, Authorise and Command the said Commissioners, or so many of them as by the said Acts or either of them are requisite, not only at the First General Meetings to be at or before the said Thirtieth Day of this Instant September, as aforesaid, but at all other Times, and in all Cases and Respects whatsoever, to Proceed and to Act, Do, Perform and Execute, and to cause to be Done, Performed and Executed, all Matters and Things whatsoever by the said Acts, or either of them, Authorised, Entrusted or Impowered to be Acted, Done, Performed or Executed, according to the true intent and meaning of the same; And these Presents shall be to them, and every of them a sufficient Warrant and Discharge in this behalf.

Given at Our Palace of *Hampton-Court* the Second Day of *September*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For the Sitting of the Parliament on the 19th of *October* next.

26. Sept. 1689

William R.

WHereas Our Houſes of Parliament (purſuant to Our Pleaſure in that behalf ſignified) are Adjourned to the Nineteenth Day of October next; And Our Purpoſe being, that they ſhall not only Meet upon the ſaid Day, but ſhall Sit for the Diſpatch of divers Urgent and Weighty Affairs; And We being deſirous (in reſpect of the Importance of thoſe Affairs) to have then a full Aſſembly of the Members of both Houſes of Parliament, Have (With the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Declare and Publiſh the ſame; And do hereby Charge and Require the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes, and every of them, to Appear and give their Attendance at Weſtminſter, on the ſaid Nineteenth Day of October accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton Court*, the Six and Twentieth Day of *September*, 1689. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1689.



A PROCLAMATION,

Diſcharging the Payment of the Rents of the Biſhopricks to any, but the Perſons named by the Council.

1. Oct. 1689.

WHereas the Meeting of the Eſtates of this Kingdom, in their Claim of Right, of the Eleventh of *April* laſt, that Prelacy, and the Superiority of any Office in the Church, above Presbyters, is, and hath been a great and inſupportable Grievance to this Nation, and contrair to the Inclinations of the Generality of the People, ever ſince the Reformation; And that their Majeſties, with Advice and Conſent of the Eſtates of Parliament, have by their Act of [illegible] Date the Fifth day of *July* laſt bypaſt, aboliſhed Prelacy, and all Superiority of any Office in the Church above Presbyters: And His Majeſty conſidering the Prejudice it may be to His Intereſt, if the Perſons be not appointed to look after, and receive the Rents and Emoluments, particularly thoſe conſiſting of Tithes, which formerly did belong to the Biſhops. Hath therefore ſignified His Royal Pleaſure, That the Lords of His Majeſties Privy Council ſhould give Warrand to *Alexander Hamilton* of *Kinkell*, for Drawing and Uplifting the Tithes and other Rents of the Archbiſhoprick of *St. Andrews*, he giving ſufficient Security for his faithful Performance of his duty in the ſaid Office; and hath alſo left it to the Council to appoint fit Perſons for Drawing and Uplifting the Tithes of other Biſhopricks for this preſent Cropt and year of God 1689. that none concerned ſuffer prejudice: Except the Biſhoprick of *Orkney*, which His Majeſty is reſolved to have Uplifted with the Rents of the Lordſhip. And the ſaids Lords of the Privy Council having in obedience to His Majeſties Commands, Nominat and Appointed fit and qualified Perſons for Drawing of the Tithes, and Uplifting of the Rents formerly belonging to the Biſhops, Deans, or any other Perſon of ſuperior Order and Dignity in the Church above Presbyters; And leaſt before the time that ſome of them can be able to come to this place, and find Caution for their faithful diſcharging of that Truſt, and make Intimation of their reſpective Commiſſions to uplift the ſaids Rents for the ſaid Cropt and Year of God foreſaid, to the Perſons lyable in Payment thereof, The Teinds and other Rents of the Arch-biſhopricks and Biſhopricks, and other foreſaids may be Imbazled, and Intrometted with by Perſons who have no Right thereto; Therefore the ſaids Lords of Privy Council, in their Majeſties Name and Authority foreſaid, Prohibite and Diſcharge all and ſundry Heretors, Feuers, Life-renters, Tacks-men of Teinds, Tennents and others whoſe Teinds were formerly in uſe to be drawen, and who were lyable in Payment of any Rent or Duty to the ſaids late Arch-biſhops or Biſhops, or others foreſaids, to draw or ſuffer their Teinds to be drawen, or from Payment of any Rental-Bolls, Feu, Blench or Tack-Duties, and other Rents, Caſualities and Emoluments, formerly payable to the ſaids late Arch-biſhops, Biſhops, and others foreſaid, except to ſuch Perſons as ſhall be authorized by the ſaids Lords of Privy Council for uplifting thereof; with Certification to them, if they do any thing in the contrary hereof, they ſhall be lyable therefore, notwithſtanding of any pretended Diſcharge that may be Impetrat or Obtained from any other Perſon or Perſons for the ſaid Cropt and Year of GOD foreſaid. And Ordains theſe Preſents to be Printed and Publiſhed by Macers of Privy Council at the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and by Meſſengers at Arms at the Mercat-Croſſes of the Head-Burghs of the other Shires within this Kingdom, that none may pretend Ignorance.

At *Edinburgh*, the Ninteenth day of *September* 1689.

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii.

GILB. ELIOT, *Cls. Secreti Concilii.*

GOD Save King WILLIAM and Queen MARY.

Printed at *Edinburgh*: And Re-printed at *London* by *G. Croom* for *Thomas Watſon*, 1689.

A

PROCLAMATION,

By [illegible] Duke of SCHONBERG,

[illegible] Force in IRELAND.

[illegible] Thefts and Robberies.

[illegible] 1689. 7. F.

[illegible] Irish People, have of late [illegible] and dayly continue [illegible] ing the Army. [illegible] hereby to declare, [illegible] the Army, and un- [illegible] the Country [illegible] who shall, [illegible], follow the [illegible] ected excepted) [illegible] And the [illegible] to seize [illegible] Quality.

SCHONBERG.

[illegible] 11th Day of *September*, 1689.

A SECOND

PROCLAMATION,

By the Duke of SCHONBERG &c.

[illegible] Additions to the Army.

[illegible] free- [illegible] and [illegible] the [illegible] Carriers; [illegible] and [illegible] of [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

A THIRD PROCLAMATION,

By His Grace

FREDERICK

Duke of Schonberg,

[illegible] Forces in IRELAND.

[illegible] September 14 1689.

[illegible] F.

[illegible] We are [illegible] That there has [illegible] the Proper- [illegible] and Ancient [illegible] Habitations in [illegible] Protestant [illegible] been removed [illegible] whereby great [illegible] Robberies, [illegible] been committed [illegible] being desirous to [illegible] to publish and declare, [illegible] restored to [illegible] the respective Corporations to their [illegible] and the several Protestant Justices to their Ancient Limits [illegible] impowering them to do, and execute, all, and every [illegible] as they could, or might do, by virtue of their respective Commissions, or any Commission of the Peace formerly granted, during their Majesties Pleasure. The said Justices of the Peace, in their respective Stations, are hereby required to take care [illegible] not suffer any to exact on any Tenant, not being able to pay his [illegible] or on demand, they taking it into their consideration, [illegible] in Peace, Estates and Devastations; but that when the Law is open, to take their Course by Law.

Given at our Head-Quarters at *Dundalk*, the 14th of *September*, 1689.

In the First Year of Their Majesties Reign.

SCHONBERGE.

London, Printed for Rich. Baldwin in the *Old-Bayly*, 1689.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For the careful Cuſtody and well Ordering of the New River brought from *Chadwell* and *Amwell* to the North Parts of the City of *London*.

William R.

7. Octob. 1689

WHereas by Authority of two ſeveral Acts of Parliament Made and Ordained in the Third and Fourth Years of the Reign of King James the Firſt, Our Royal Anceſtor of Bleſſed Memory, the River now running from Chadwell and Amwell in Our County of Hertford, to the North Parts of Our City of London, was at the great Charge of the ſaid King, and other the Undertakers, happily made and finiſhed; Since which time the Water thereof is diſperſed by Pipes and Branches through the ſeveral Streets and Places of Our ſaid City, and the Liberties and Suburbs of the ſame, and elſewhere, to the Benefit and Eaſe of Our Subjects there Inhabiting, as well for the cleaning and ſweet keeping of them in the times of Infection, as the preſervation and ſafety of the Houſes and Buildings, Goods and Riches therein, from the fearful danger of Fire caſually happening; And ſuch was the Care and Providence of his ſaid Majeſty King James the Firſt, that the Water in any place in the courſe thereof, ſhould not at any time be troubled or corrupted (whereby the Health or Lives of the People might ſuffer or be endangered) that by his Letters Patents of Incorporation, dated the One and twentieth day of June, in the Seventeenth Year of his Reign over this Our Realm of England, he Created and Erected a Governour and Company, ſucceſſively to Regulate, and carefully to Overſee all things appertaining to the ſaid River; And ſeveral ſtrict Orders and Commands were Made and Given by the ſaid late King, for preſervation of the ſaid River, and preventing of ſuch things as might be prejudicial thereunto; Notwithſtanding which, the preſent Governour and Company have Repreſented unto Us, That great Abuſes are daily committed: We therefore taking into Our Princely Conſideration, That the preſervation of the ſaid River is of great and eſpecial Conſequence, are Graciouſly pleaſed by this Our Royal Proclamation (with the Advice of Our Priby Council) ſtraitly to Charge and Command, That all and every the Grants, Clauſes and Reſtrictions in the ſaid Acts of Parliament, Letters Patents, and in all other Letters Patents, Orders and Proclamations concerning the ſaid River, Enacted, Made, Eſtabliſhed, Granted or Confirmed, be from time to time carefully obeyed, obſerved and performed; And We do hereby ſtrictly prohibit and forbid all and ſingular the Inhabitants of Our City of London, the Suburbs and Liberties thereof, Our City of Weſtminſter, and alſo the Inhabitants of Our ſeveral Counties of Middleſex and Hertford, and likewiſe all the Plummers, Paviers, and other Artificers whomſoever, and every of them, That they nor any of them, do or ſhall preſume at any time or times hereafter, without the priBity, permiſſion and allowance of the Governour and Company aforeſaid for the time being, to intermeddle with the ſaid Works, or any of the Pipes or Branches thereof, or to convey or derive any Pipe or Branch, Pipes or Branches of the ſaid Water, into their, or any of their Houſes, or other Places, nor ſhall fetch or carry the Water out of the ſaid River, the Pipes or Branches thereof, or otherwiſe hinder, waſte or conſume, diſturb, infect, abuſe or corrupt the ſame River, by ſetting up of Grates, overflowing of Grounds, making of Trenches or Drains, filling of Ponds, Fiſhing, Watering of Cattel, keeping of Geeſe or Ducks thereupon, caſting of Carrion thereinto, waſhing themſelves therein, or by doing or permitting any Miſuſance, Annoyance, Let, Stoppage or Preſudice whatſoever, to the Stream of Our ſaid River in any part of the Currant thereof, nor ſhall cut, ſpoil, take away or deſtroy any of the Branches, Bridges, Wharfs, Poſts, Rails, Banks, Mounds or Fences to the ſaid River in any wiſe belonging or appertaining, or therewith enjoyed, or lying near or behoobful to the ſame; And that the ſaid Governour and Company, their Officers and Servants ſhall have free liberty in the day-time, in the preſence of a Conſtable, to Search any Houſe, Yard or Back-ſide, where they ſhall ſuſpect any Branch or Branches are laid contrary to their knowledge, upon Pain of Our High Diſpleaſure, and of ſuch Pains, Penalties and Puniſhments, as by the Law and Statutes of this Kingdom, or Our Prerogative Royal, can and may be inflicted upon the Offenders for Contempt of Our Royal Will and Pleaſure herein Declared. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Mayors, Juſtices of the Peace, Commiſſioners of Sewers, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Conſtables, Headboroughs, and all other Our Officers, Miniſters and Subjects within Our ſaid Cities of London and Weſtminſter, the Suburbs and Liberties thereof, Our Counties of Middleſex and Hertford, whom the ſame ſhall or may concern, That they and every of them hereafter be vigilant and circumſpect, that Our Royal Will and Pleaſure herein Declared, be from time to time effectually obſerved; And that they and every of them in their ſeveral Offices and Places reſpectively, without Excuſe or Delay, be upon all Occaſions Aiding and Aſſiſting to the ſaid Governour and Company, their Officers and Miniſters, in the ſtrict Obſervance and Execution of all and ſingular the Powers and Authorities, Limitations and Reſtraints herein before mentioned, and in the Grants and Prohibitions aforeſaid contained, according to the true intent and meaning of theſe Preſents, when they ſhall be thereunto required by them or any of them, as they and every of them tender Our Pleaſure, and will anſwer the contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the Six and twentieth Day of *September*, 1689. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King and Queen.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1689.

1d

89

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye apprehending Col. Ludlow, who stands attainted of High Treason by act of Parliam^t for ye murd^r of King Charles ye 1st

William R.

15. Nov. 1689

Whereas We have received Information, That Edmond Ludlow, commonly called Colonel Ludlow, Who stands Attainted of High Treason by Act of Parliament, for the Horrid and Execrable Murder of Our Royal Grandfather, hath presumed to come into this Our Kingdom, and therein privily Lurketh, and is Concealed; We have therefore thought fit by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Proclamation; And do hereby Command and Require all Our Loving Subjects, to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Edmond Ludlow Where ever he may be found, and to carry him before the next Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate, whom We do hereby Require to Commit him to the next Goal. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Us, or Our Council: And We do promise to him or them, that shall Discover or Apprehend the said Edmond Ludlow for a Reward, the Sum of Two Hundred Pounds. And We do also hereby give Notice to all Persons that shall Conceal the said Edmond Ludlow, or be Aiding or Assisting in the Concealing of him, or furthering his Escape, that they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence, With the utmost Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fourteenth Day of *November*, 1689. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the King and Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1689.



1d.

90

25. febr. 1689/90.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

For a GENERAL FAST. for implowing Gods assistance during this warr.

WILLIAM R.

WHereas for about a Year last past, a Wicked Rebellion hath been Carried on and Maintained against Their Majesties in Their Kingdom of Ireland (Which) is known to be inseparably Annexed to the Imperial Crown of England) Which Rebellion hath been Contrived, Incouraged, and chiefly Supported by the French King, Designing by that means to make an Absolute Conquest of the said Kingdom, and hold it as a Province, or else to bring a total Ruine and Destruction upon the same; for which and other Causes, Their Majesties have been Obliged to enter into a Just and Necessary War against the said French King. And whereas His Majesty is Resolved by the Assistance of God, Vigorously to Prosecute the said War by Sea and Land; And so Effectually to Reduce that Kingdom to its due Obedience, that Their Majesties good Subjects there may not only be Rescued from the present Force and Violence, but be Secured against all such Aggressions for the Future, and be Settled in a firm and lasting State of Peace, Safety and Prosperity: For which Purpose His Majesty hath Determined to make a Royal Voyage and go thither in Person, putting His Trust in Almighty God (Who hath by His Marvellous Providence hitherto Preserved and Conducted His Majesty) that he Will Vouchsafe a special Blessing on this His Righteous Undertaking, and thereby Consummate the Deliverance of these Kingdoms. Their Majesties taking the Premisses into Their most serious Consideration have thought fit to Appoint, and do by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council, hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Fast and Humiliation to be Observed throughout this Realm in most Devout and Solemn manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for Pardon of our Sins, and Imploring his Blessing and Protection in the Preservation of His Majesties Sacred Person, and Prosperity of His Arms in Ireland, and the Naval Forces, to be Religiously Kept and Observed on Wednesday the Twelfth Day of March next, throughout Their Majesties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and thenceforward to be Observed on the Third Wednesday in every Month successively during the present War. And for the more orderly Solemnizing of the said several Fast Days, Their Majesties have given Directions to the Right Reverend the Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayers suitable to this Occasion, to be used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and have given Charge for the Dispersing thereof through their several Dioceses in the Whole Kingdom: And Their Majesties do most Expresly Charge and Command, that the said Fastings and Prayers be Soberly, Reverently and Decently Performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of such Punishments as Their Majesties can justly inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Work.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twentieth Day of *February* 1689. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1689.

A PROCLAMATION

BY THE KING

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gt. Brit. & F

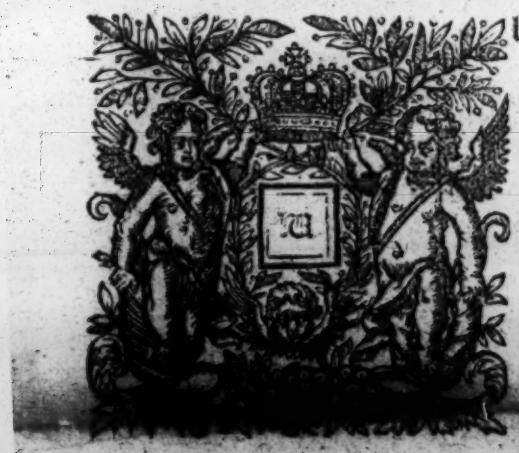
1. March. 16$\frac{89}{90}$

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Requiring all Seamen and Mariners to Render themſelves to Their Majeſties Service.

WILLIAM R.

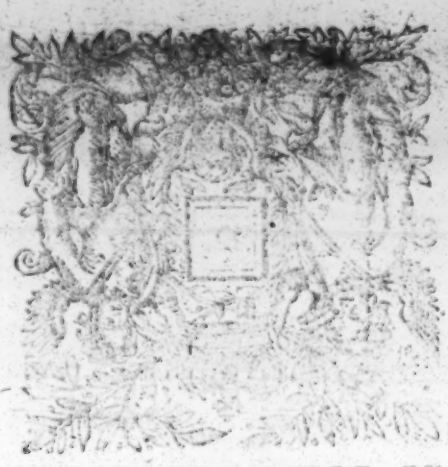


Whereas divers Seamen and Mariners have lately left their uſual and ordinary Places of Abode, and have removed themſelves into ſome private and obſcure Places in the Inland Countreys, endeavouring thereby to avoid the Search that is now made for Men of that Calling and Condition, and to eſcape the Preſs that is gone out for Their Majeſties preſent Service; Their Majeſties therefore, by the Advice of Their Priby Council, have thought fit to Publiſh this Their Royal Proclamation, and do hereby ſtraitly Charge and Command all Seamen and Mariners remaining in any County of England or Wales, **and not Liſted in Their Majeſties Service, that they forthwith Render themſelves unto the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of the Navy** in London, **or to the Commiſſioners of the Navy at** Portſmouth, **or to the Mayor of** Newcaſtle, **or to the Mayor of** Hull, **or to the Bayliffs of** Yarmouth, **or to Mr.** John Addis **at** Plymouth, **or to** Robert Henley **Merchant at** Briſtol, **or to Captain** Greenhill **at** Leverpoole, **in order to their being received into Pay, and ſent on Board ſuch of Their Majeſties Ships as ſhall be found moſt expedient for Their Majeſties Service: And if any of them ſhall hereafter be found out or diſcovered, who have neglected to obey this Their Majeſties Royal Command, they ſhall be Proceeded againſt with all Severity. And their Majeſties do hereby Require all Mayors, Bayliffs, Sheriffs, Juſtices of Peace, Conſtables and other Officers to whom it doth or may appertain, That they cauſe diligent Search to be made within all and every of their Precincts, for the ſaid Seamen and Mariners, and to Seize and Secure the Perſons of ſuch of them as ſhall there be found; And alſo all looſe and unknown Perſons whatſoever, who may juſtly be ſuſpected to be Seamen or Watermen, and to cauſe them to be ſent to the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Their Majeſties Navy in** London, **or to ſuch other of the Perſons and Places aforeſaid, to which they may be moſt conveniently ſent, in order to their further Employment. And they are hereby further Required to take notice of, and Certifie to Their Majeſties in Council, the Names of all ſuch Perſons as ſhall refuſe or neglect to give Aſſiſtance in the Premiſſes, or ſhall contribute to the Concealing or Eſcape of any Seamen or Mariners, as aforeſaid; And hereof they are not to fail, as they will Anſwer the contrary at their Peril.**

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty ſeventh Day of *February* 16$\frac{89}{90}$. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 16$\frac{89}{90}$.



WILLIAM R.

1t.

92

Great Britain and Ireland
William and Mary

92

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Encouraging Seamen and Mariners to Enter themſelves on Their Majeſties Ships of War.

23. Jan. 169 1/0.

MARIE R.

WE being Willing and Deſirous to give all due Encouragement to ſuch Seamen as have already Voluntarily Entred, or ſhall Voluntary Enter themſelves in Our Service on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Priby Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch able Seamen as have already Entred themſelves Voluntarily on Board any of Our Ships of War of the Firſt, Second or Third Rates, ſince the Firſt Day of December laſt, ſhall receive Six Weeks Pay as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, which ſhall be paid them before the reſpective Ships to which they belong ſhall Sail from the Buoy of the Nore. Provided that the ſaid Seamen do within Twelve days after the Date of this Our Proclamation, Repair on Board the reſpective Ships on which they have ſo Entred themſelves, and give their conſtant Attendance for Fitting out to Sea ſuch Ship as each of them ſhall belong unto, notwithſtanding any Leave which may have been given from their Commanders for being abſent (otherwiſe they are not to expect to receive Wages Arrear from the time of their Firſt Entry;) Nevertheleſs, if they ſhall ſo Repair on Board within Twenty days after the Date hereof, they ſhall receive as of Our Gift and Bounty, Six Weeks Pay; And if they ſhall ſo Repair on Board before the Twentieth of February next, they ſhall receive as of Our Gift and Bounty, One Months Pay. And We do further Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch able Seamen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves on Board any of Our Ships of the Firſt, Second and Third Rates within Twenty Days after the Date hereof, ſhall likewiſe receive, as of Our Free Gift, and Royal Bounty, Six Weeks Pay; And ſuch as ſhall ſo Enter themſelves before the Twentieth Day of February next, ſhall receive One Months Pay, to be paid as aforeſaid, before the Ships to which they belong ſhall Sail from the Buoy of the Nore. And We are alſo Graciouſly pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall likewiſe be Allowed to ſuch able Seamen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true meaning of this Our Proclamation. And for the Prevention of any Deceits and Abuſes that may happen by any Perſon or Perſons leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our ſaid Ships, as aforeſaid, in order to the Obtaining of the Bounty Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare and Command, That ſuch Seamen belonging to any of Our Ships or Veſſels whatſoever, as ſhall leave any the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships in order to the Obtaining of the ſaid Bounty Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but ſhall alſo be ſeverely puniſhed according to their Demerits.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Fifteenth Day of *January*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1690.

God Save King William and Queen Mary

1d. 93 24. Jan. 16 89/90.

A PROCLAMATION,

For Levying of Sea-Men, and bringing in the Accompt due by the Soldiers.

Edinburgh, *the tenth day of* January, 1690 years.

WHereas His Majesty having by His Royal Letter, of the date at *Kensingtoun*, the fourth day of *January* instant, Manifested His tender Care, and great Concern for the Peace and Security of this Kingdom, and satisfying the Minds of His People, in that He had given Instructions to his Commissioner, for Redressing their Grievances, and Publishing the same by His Authority; And in sending to this Nation Forces, with Ammunition and Arms, and maintaining the saids Forces: But also being further Resolved to ease this Kingdom of Charge as much as possible, Has Declared, That four Regiments of Foot more shall be Payed, and Intertained upon His Own proper Charge, from and after the first of *January* current, and has Recommended to the Care and Prudence of the Lords of His Privy Council, to fall upon Methods for providing Subsistence for such Regiments of Foot, and what Horse and Dragoons shall be found necessar to be continued upon the *Scotish* Establishment; And hath Authorised the saids Lords to call for the particular Accompts of what is due by the Soldiers of the several Regiments, under the Command of Major General *Mckay*, The Earl of *Levin*, Sir *James Lesly*, Colonel *George Ramsay*, Colonel *Lawder*, Colonel *Bayridge*, and Sir *Thomas Livingstons*, as well as any other of the Forces, Horse, Foot, or Dragoons, gone from this Kingdom to *Ireland*, in the several Shires, and Ordained them to Transmit the same to the Secretary of State. And His Majesty Having Recommended to the saids Lords, to find out a way for Raising a competent number of *Scots* Sea-men for His Service, being Resolved that *Scots* Men (if Prisoners) shall be equally Relieved with the *English*, and that *Scots* Trading Ships shall have Protection on Board, for preventing their Mens being Pressed: Therefore the saids Lords of Privy Council, in Their Majesties Name and Authority, Do hereby Require and Command, the Commissioners of Assessment, or Excise, or either of them within the respective Shires, where any of the Forces above specified have been Quartered, upon sight hereof, to cause make Intimation, by Beating Drums, and publick Proclamation at the Mercat Crosses of the whole Burghs Royal, and of the Regalities, Stewartries, and Bailliaries within the saids respective Shires, to all the Lands-Lords, and such others as have furnish'd the Soldiers with Meat, Drink, & Forradge, That they in the Terms of the former Proclamation of Council, may compear before any two of the saids Commissioners of Assessment, or Excise, & verifie by Writ, or their own Oaths, what is resting to them by any of the saids Forces, under command, or gone out of the Kingdom, in manner abovemention'd, & report the same to the Council, betwixt and the twenty day of *February* next; with Certification to the saids Lands-lords and others, to whom the saids Forces are adepted, that if the saids Accompts be not reported to the Council, betwixt and the said day, that thereafter they shall be understood as satisfied; As also, The saids Lords DO, in Their Majesties Name and Authority foresaid, Require and Command, all the Magistrats of the several Maritine Burghs Royal and other Sea-Towns, To cause Beat Drums, and make Intimation upon a Mercat day, for Levying Seamen for serving in His Majesties Fleet, within their own Jurisdiction, and the next adjacent Sea Towns, expreset in their several Letters, sent to them for that effect; And they do hereby grant Warrant to the saids Magistrats, to promise and pay fourty shillings *Sterling* of Levy or Advance Money, and six pence a day to each Sea-man that shall List themselves in their Majesties Service, until they shall be shipped aboard the Fleet, at which time they are to enter on *English* Pay; And they hereby give Assurance of Allowance and Re-payment of what they shall so advance, out of the Excise, payable by the respective Burghs, and how far the same falls short, out of the Excise of the Shires, payable at the Term of *Whitsunday* next; And they do promise to such who shall affectionately shew their forwardness on that occasion, that they shall have particular Protections on Board, each one of their Ships, given them to be free from any Pressure here, or by any of His Majesties Men of War, or in any of His Ports. And they Do, in Name and Authority aforesaid, Require the saids Magistrats of *Maritine* Burghs Royal, and other Sea-Towns. to give in a Report to the Council what Sea-men they have so taken on, in the Terms foresaid, with an exact List of the whole other Sea-men, and Fisher men within their bounds, and other Sea-Towns expreset in their Letters, betwixt and the days following, *viz.* All on this side of *Tay*, and this side of the Mouth of *Clyde*, betwixt and the first day of *February* next, and all to *Aberdene inclusive*, and be west the Mouth of *Clyde*, betwixt and the tenth day of the said Moneth; and all the rest of the Kingdom, betwixt and the twentieth day thereof, that the Council may Consider how far the number of Sea-men to be Levied to Their Majesties Fleet falls short, that so they may take the next effectual Course, to compleat a Competent number of Seamen for Their Majesties Service, and have them in readiness before the Fleet shall go to Sea. And the saids Lords Declares, That they will take special care, that just and due Consideration be had of such Towns, wherein the Seamen shall voluntarily List themselves, when they fall upon the other Method above-mentioned, for effectuating the said Levy. And Ordains this Presents to be Printed, and Published at the Mercat-Cross of *Edinburgh*, and whole other Mercat-Crosses of the Burghs Royal, and of Regalities, Stewartries, and Bailliaries within this Kingdom, by Macers of Privy Council, Messengers at Arms, Sheriffs in that part, that none may pretend ignorance.

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii,
GILB. ELIOT, *Cls. Sti. Concilii.*

God Save King William and Queen Mary.

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderson*, by Order of Privy Council, *Anno Dom.* 1690.
And Re-printed for *Langley Curtiss* near *Fleet-Bridge*, London.

God Save the King

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Diſcovering and Apprehending the late Biſhop of *Ely*, *William Penn*, and *James Grahme*.

7. febr. 169⅟0.

Marie R.



Whereas Their Majeſties have received Information, That Francis late Biſhop of Ely, William Penn Eſquire, and James Grahme Eſquire, with other Ill-affected Perſons, have Deſigned and Endeavoured to Depoſe Their Majeſties, and Subvert the Government of this Kingdom, by procuring an Invaſion of the ſame by the French, and other Treaſonable Practices, and have to that end held Correſpondence, and Conſpired with divers Enemies and Traitors, and particularly with Sir Richard Grahme Baronet, (Viſcount Preſton in the Kingdom of Scotland) and John Aſhton Gent. lately Attainted of High Treaſon; For which Cauſe ſeveral Warrants for High Treaſon have been Iſſued out againſt them, but they have withdrawn themſelves from their uſual Places of Abode, and are fled from Juſtice: Their Majeſties therefore have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Their Priby Council, to Iſſue this Their Royal Proclamation; And Their Majeſties do hereby Command and Require all Their Loving Subjects to Diſcover, Take and Apprehend the ſaid Francis late Biſhop of Ely, William Penn and James Grahme, wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they be thence Delivered by due Courſe of Law; And Their Majeſties do hereby Require the ſaid Juſtice or other Magiſtrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Them or Their Priby Council. And Their Majeſties do hereby Publiſh and Declare to all Perſons that ſhall Conceal the Perſons above named, or any of them, or be Aiding or Aſſiſting in the Concealing of them, or furthering their Eſcape, that they ſhall be Proceeded againſt for ſuch their Offence with the utmoſt Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fifth Day of *February*, 169⅟0. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1690.

1st

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Requiring all Seamen and Mariners to Render themſelves to Their Majeſties Service.

10. Febr. 169½.

Marie R.



Whereas divers Seamen and Mariners have lately left their uſual and ordinary Places of Abode, and have removed themſelves into ſome private and obſcure Places, endeavouring thereby to avoid or eſcape from Our preſent Service: We therefore, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; And do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Seamen and Mariners remaining in any County of England or Wales, and not Liſted in Our Service, That they forthwith Render themſelves unto the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Our Navy in London, or to the Commiſſioners of the Navy at Chatham, or to the Commiſſioners of the Navy at Portſmouth, or to the Store-keeper and Muſter-maſter for the Navy at Harwich for the time being, or to Henry Greenhill Agent for the Navy at Plymouth, or to Robert Henley at Briſtol, or to Samuel Atkinſon at Highlake and Leverpoole, or to the reſpective Collectors of the Cuſtoms for the ſeveral Ports and Places following, *Viz.* Ipſwich, Wells, Lynn, Boſton, Scarborough, Sunderland, Whitby, Southampton, Cowes, Poole, Weymouth, Lyme, Topſham, Dartmouth, Falmouth, Looe, Fowy, Truro, Pembroke, Newcaſtle, Hull, and Great Yarmouth, in order to their being Received into Pay and Sent on Board ſuch of Our Ships as ſhall be found moſt expedient for Our Service; And if any of them ſhall hereafter be found out or diſcovered to have neglected to Obey this Our Royal Command, they ſhall be Proceeded againſt with all Severity. And We do hereby Require all Mayors, Bayliffs, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Conſtables and other Officers to whom it doth or may appertain, That they cauſe diligent Search to be made within all and every their Precincts, for the ſaid Seamen and Mariners, and to Seize and Secure the Perſons of ſuch of them as ſhall be there found, and alſo all looſe and unknown Perſons whatſoever, who may juſtly be ſuſpected to be Seamen or Watermen, and cauſe them to be ſent to the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Our Navy in London, or to ſuch other of the Perſons and Places aforeſaid, to which they may moſt conveniently be ſent, in order to their being Employed in Our Service; And alſo ſend up to Our Privy Council a Liſt of the Names of all ſuch Seamen and Mariners as they ſhall procure for the Service aforeſaid, together with the Names of the reſpective Perſons to whom, and Places to which they ſhall ſend them. And the ſaid Principal Officers and Commiſſioners, and other Perſons aforeſaid, ſhall give Receipts in Writing for the ſeveral Seamen and Mariners delivered to them in purſuance hereof. And We do hereby ſtraitly Charge and Command, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, do preſume to Conceal, or to Further or Favour the Eſcape of any Seamen or Mariners, or looſe and unknown Perſons aforeſaid, upon Pain that all and ſingular Perſons offending herein, be forthwith Committed to Priſon by the next Juſtice of the Peace or other Magiſtrate, and Proſecuted with all Severity according to Law, as Perſons Conſpiring againſt Us and the Safety of Our Kingdom. And We are hereby pleaſed further to make known, That We have given effectual Orders to the reſpective Officers and Perſons herein above Appointed, to Receive the ſaid Men, and for Paying forthwith to the Conductors the Impreſt and Conduct-Money diſburſed upon this Service.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Ninth Day of *February*, 169⅟₁. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 169⅟₁.



By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Appointing Commiſſioners for putting in Execution an Act of this preſent Parliament for Raiſing Money by a Poll and otherwiſe, towards the Reducing of *Ireland*, and Proſecuting the War againſt *France*. 16. May. 1690.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas in and by one Act lately paſſed in this preſent Parliament (Entituled, An Act for Raiſing Money by a Poll and otherwiſe, towards the Reducing of *Ireland*, and Proſecuting the War againſt *France*) it is Enacted, That for the better Aſſeſſing, Ordering, and Levying of the ſeveral Sums of Money limitted and appointed to be paid by the ſaid Act, and for the more effectual putting of the ſame in Execution, the Perſons named and appointed to be Commiſſioners by an Act of the laſt Parliament (Entituled, An Act for a Grant to Their Majeſties of an Aid of Two ſhillings in the Pound for One Year) together with thoſe Members of this preſent Houſe of Commons, which were not named Commiſſioners in the ſaid Act, ſhall be Commiſſioners for putting in Execution the ſaid Act for Raiſing Money by a Poll and otherwiſe, and the Powers therein contained, within all and every the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places for which they ſhall be appointed Commiſſioners reſpectively, as by the ſaid Act, relation being thereunto had, more fully may appear. The King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties repoſing eſpecial Truſt and Confidence in the Abilities, Care and Circumſpections of all and every the Perſon and Perſons which were named and appointed to be Commiſſioners by the ſaid Act for granting to Their Majeſties an Aid of Two ſhillings in the Pound, that are now living, do hereby Appoint and Declare them and every of them to be Their Commiſſioners for putting in Execution the ſaid Act of this preſent Parliament for Raiſing Money by a Poll and otherwiſe, and all the Powers therein contained, within all and every the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Cities Boroughs, Towns and Places for which by the ſaid former Act they are appointed Commiſſioners. And Their Majeſties Repoſing the like Truſt and Confidence in the Care and Circumſpections of thoſe Members of this preſent Houſe of Commons which were not named Commiſſioners in the ſaid Act, do by theſe Preſents likewiſe Appoint and Declare them to be alſo Commiſſioners for putting in Execution the ſaid Act for Raiſing Money by a Poll and otherwiſe, and all the Powers therein contained, within the ſeveral Counties, Cities and Boroughs for which they reſpectively ſerve in this preſent Parliament; and where they or any of them do ſerve for any particular Cities, Boroughs, or Ports, they ſhall act as Commiſſioners for the reſpective Counties in which ſuch Cities, Boroughs, or Ports are; And to them the ſaid Commiſſioners, or to ſuch or ſo many of them as by the ſaid Act for Raiſing Money by a Poll and otherwiſe, are or ſhall be in any Caſe or Caſes requiſite and neceſſary, Their Majeſties do hereby give full Power and Authority to put in Execution all the Powers contained or ſpecified in the ſame Act, and generally to Do, Perform and Execute, or cauſe to be Done, Performed or Executed, all Matters or Things whatſoever, which any Commiſſioners appointed or to be appointed by Their Majeſties, may or can lawfully Do, Perform or Execute, in relation to the ſame, within all and every of the ſaid ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Towns and Places for which they are Commiſſioned and Appointed, as aforeſaid: Hereby Willing and Requiring them and every of them from time to time to Proceed and Act according to the Rules and Directions of the ſaid Act of Parliament, and diligently to intend the Execution of this Their Majeſties Service as becometh. And this ſhall be to them and every of them a ſufficient Warrant and Diſcharge in this behalf.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirteenth Day of *May*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1690.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For a GENERAL FAST. in Ireland.

WILLIAM R. 4. June 1690.



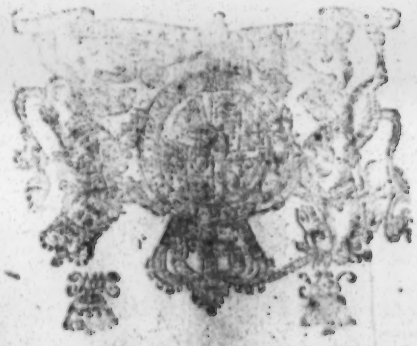
Whereas for above a Year last past a Wicked Rebellion hath been Carried on and Maintained against Their Majesties in Their Kingdom of Ireland, which hath been Contrived, Encouraged, and chiefly Supported by the French King, designing by that means to make an absolute Conquest of the said Kingdom, and hold it as a Province, or else to bring a total Ruine and Destruction upon the same; for which (amongst other Causes) Their Majesties have been Obliged to enter into a Just and Necessary War against the said French King. And Whereas His Majesty is Resolved, by the Assistance of God, Vigorously to Prosecute the said War by Sea and Land; And so effectually to Reduce that Kingdom to its due Obedience, that Their Majesties good Subjects there may not only be Rescued from the present Force and Violence, but be Secured against all such Aggressions for the Future, and be Settled in a Firm and Lasting State of Peace, Safety, and Prosperity: For which purpose His Majesty hath determined to make a Royal Voyage and go thither in Person, putting his Trust in Almighty God (Who hath by his marvellous Providence hitherto Preserved and Conducted His Majesty) That he will vouchsafe a special Blessing on his Righteous Undertaking, and thereby Consummate the Deliverance of these Kingdoms. Their Majesties taking the Premisses into Their most Serious Consideration, have thought fit to Appoint, and do by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council, hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Fast and Humiliation to be Observed throughout the said Kingdom of Ireland, in most Devout and Solemn manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for Pardon of Our Sins, and Imploring his Blessing and Protection in the Preservation of his Majesties Sacred Person, and Prosperity of his Arms, to be Religiously Kept and Observed on Wednesday the Five and twentieth day of June next, throughout the said Kingdom of Ireland, and thenceforward to be Observed on the Third Wednesday in every Month successively, during the present War. And for the more Orderly Solemnizing of the said several Fast Days, Their Majesties have taken Care to Transmit herewith a Form of Prayers suitable to this Occasion, to be used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship within the said Kingdom; And have given Charge for the Dispersing thereof through the said Kingdom. And Their Majesties do most Expresly Charge and Command that the said Fastings and Prayers be Reverently and Decently Performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of such Punishments as Their Majesties can Justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Work.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirtieth Day of *May*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.

A PROCLAMATION



1d

98

3. June. 1690.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.

for ye discovry & apprehending Certain persons herein named for Conspiring to raise Rebellion, & listing themselvs.



Whereas Their Majesties have received Information upon Oath, That the Persons herein after particularly named, have Conspired together, and with divers other Disaffected Persons, to raise Rebellion, and for that purpose have made Provision of Arms, and have Listed themselves in several Regiments, Troops and Companies, under pretence of Commissions from the late King James; Their Majesties have thought fit, by the Advice of Their Privy Council, to Issue out this Their Royal Proclamation, and do hereby strictly Charge and Command Thomas Tildesley,

Moleneux,

Tempest, Towneley,

Garlington,

Standish, Gerrards

Thomas Tildesley,

Son, Henry Butler,

Ralph Tildesley,

Richard Butler, Alexander

Thomas Carus,

Butler, Harrington,

Westby, Massey,

Robert Moleneux, Carus,

Penny,

Byerley, *alias* Barlow,

Goodwin a Romish Priest, William Westby, George Carus

of Sellett, Thomas Butler, Stanley,

Penalt, Knipe,

Coale, Carus,

Woolfall, Duckett,

Colton, and David Thornton of Oldsteds in the County of York,

and every of them, forthwith to Render themselves to some one of Their Majesties Justices of the Peace. And in case they do not Render themselves, Their Majestes do hereby Require and Command all Their Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend them wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, Who are hereby required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they be thence delivered by due course of Law. And Their Majesties do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Them or Their Council. And Their Majesties do hereby give Notice to all Persons that shall Conceal the Persons above named, or any of them, or be Aiding or Assisting in the Concealing of them, or furthering their Escape, That they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence with the utmost Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirtieth Day of *May*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.



K. Taylor

1d.

99

19. June. 1690.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.

Requiring Certain persons to send themselves who have listed ymselves in Troops & Companies.



HErreas Their Majesties have received Information upon Oath, That the Persons herein after particularly named, have Conspired together, and with divers other Disaffected Persons, to raise Rebellion, and for that purpose have made Provision of Arms, and have Listed themselves in several Regiments, Troops and Companies, under pretence of Commissions from the late King James; Their Majesties have thought fit, by the Advice of Their Privy Council, to Issue out this Their Royal Proclamation, and do hereby strictly Charge and Command Thomas Tildesley of the Lodge in Mairs Cough in the County of Lancaster, John Girlington of Thurland Castle in the same County, Esq; Thomas Tildesley of the Lodge in Mairs Cough aforesaid, Gent. Ralph Tildesley of the same place, Gent. Henry Butler Son of Richard Butler of Rancliffe in the said County of Lancaster, Esq; Richard Butler another of the Sons of the said Richard Butler, Alexander Butler of Tanderstaffe in the [illegible] Thomas Carus Son of Christopher Carus of Westhall in the said County, Esq; William [illegible] Francis Westby of Mairs Cough aforesaid, Gent. Goodan late of Orkhill in the [illegible], George Carus of Sellet-Hall in the said County, Gent. Thomas Butler Gent. another of the Sons of the said Richard Butler, Esq; Knype Eldest Son of William Knype of Hallinghall in the County of York, Gent. Cole late of Thurland Castle, Gent. William Mollineux, Esq; Son of Caryll Lord Viscount Mollineux of the Kingdom of Ireland, William Gerrard, Son of Sir William Gerrard of Garswood in the said County of Lancaster Baronet, Thomas Westby of Mowbruck in the said County of Lancaster, Esq; Robert Molineux of Mosborough in the said County of Lancaster, William Massey of Puddington in the County of Chester, Esq; Christopher Carus of Halton in the said County of Lancaster, Esq; Richard Stanley Son of Thomas Stanley of Eccleston in the said County of Lancaster Esq; George Carus Son of the said Christopher Carus of Halton, Charles Townely Son of Richard Townely of Townely in the said County of Lancaster Esq; William Standish of Standish in the said County of Lancaster, Esq; Richard Woolfall of Highton in the said County of Lancaster, Gent. Thomas Duckett late of Standish aforesaid, Gent. Robert Dalton of Thurnham in the said County of Lancaster, Esq; Edmund Threlfall of the Ashes in the said County of Lancaster, Gent. Thomas Worthington junior of Wiggan in the said County of Lancaster, Chirurgeon, Goodwin a Romish Priest; and also the several Persons lately called by the names hereafter mentioned, Viz. Captain Harrington, Captain Penny, Lieutenant Penalt, Colonel Tempest, Captain Byerley, *alias* Barlow, David Thornton of Oldsteds in the County of York, and Colton of Oldsteds aforesaid, and every of them, forthwith to Render themselves to some one of Their Majesties Justices of the Peace. And in case they do not Render themselves, Their Majesties do hereby Require and Command all Their Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend them wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, who are hereby required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they be thence delivered by due course of Law. And Their Majesties do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Them or Their Council. And Their Majesties do hereby give Notice to all Persons that shall Conceal the Persons above named, or any of them, or be Aiding or Assisting in the Concealing of them, or furthering their Escape, That they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence with the utmost Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirtieth Day of *May*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.

LONDON, Printed by Charles Bill and Thomas Newcomb, Printers to the most Excellent Majestie. 1689.

God save King William and Queen Mary.



A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen



1.t

100

K
K. B. and Q. Mary

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Commanding all Papiſts, and Reputed Papiſts, forthwith to depart from the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and from within Ten Miles of the ſame.

20. Junr. 1690

Marie R.



Whereas notwithſtanding the ſeveral Acts of Parliament, Whereby the Reſorting of Papiſts to the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Places thereunto adjacent, are declared to be dangerous to the Peace and Safety of this Kingdom, and the Ways and Methods Provided and Enacted as well for Diſcovering as Anoying them; And notwithſtanding the Manifeſtation of Their Majeſties Princely Diſpoſition to extend Their Protection and Royal Grace to all and every of Their Subjects that will live Quietly and Peaceably under Their Government, divers Popiſh Recuſants, being ill affected to Their Majeſties Government, and of reſtleſs Spirits, have lately Reſorted to the ſaid Cities and Places in great numbers, and thereby having opportunity to Meet, have taken great Boldneſs to Conſult and Proſecute divers Miſchievous and Treaſonable Deſigns and Practices, contrary to the Duty of their Allegiance: Their Majeſties have therefore thought fit (by the Advice of Their Priby Council) to Iſſue out this Their Royal Proclamation, and do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Popiſh Recuſants, and Perſons reputed ſo to be, (Except Merchant Strangers, and ſuch other Perſons as in the ſaid Acts are Excepted) on or before the Seven and twentieth Day of this inſtant June, to depart out of the ſaid Cities, and from all Places within the diſtance of Ten Miles of the ſame. And Their Majeſties do hereby further Require and Command, That if any of the ſaid Popiſh Recuſants, or ſo reputed, ſhall preſume to remain Within either of the ſaid Cities, or Ten Miles adjacent, or repair or return to the ſame, they be Proceeded againſt as Perſons Conſpiring againſt the Peace and Welfare of the Government. And Their Majeſties do hereby ſtraitly Charge and Command the Lord Mayor of London, and all and every the Juſtices of the Peace, Conſtables, and other Their Majeſties Officers and Miniſters of Juſtice Within the ſaid Cities, and either of them, and Within Ten Miles of the ſame, That they do make ſtrict Search and Enquiry for, and With all Vigour Proceed againſt all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be found Within the ſaid Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Within Ten Miles of the ſame, contrary to the Effect of any of the ſaid Statutes, and the Purport of this Their Majeſties Proclamation. And Their Majeſties do further ſtrictly Charge and Command, That immediately after the ſaid Seven and twentieth Day of June, the Conſtables, Churchwardens, and other Officers within the ſaid Cities and Places, do go from Houſe to Houſe in their ſeveral Pariſhes, Hamlets, Conſtableries and Diviſions reſpectively, and there take an Account of the Names and Sirnames of all ſuch Perſons as are Popiſh Recuſants, or reputed ſo to be, as well Houſholders as Lodgers or Servants, and to carry a Liſt of their Names to the two next Juſtices of the Peace, Who are hereby Required and Enjoyned to Send for, and Proceed againſt them (Excepting always Merchant Foreiners, Settled Houſholders, and other Perſons in the ſaid Acts Excepted) as aforeſaid: And they the ſaid Juſtices are likewiſe Required, When they ſhall have received ſuch Liſt or Liſts, to certifie the ſame, together with their Proceedings thereupon, to Their Majeſties moſt Honourable Priby Council.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Seventeenth Day of *June*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. M. DC. XC.

ΔΙΑΚΟΣΜΗΤΙΚΟ

1st.

101

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+27

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For the Confinement of Popiſh Recuſants within Five Miles of their reſpective Dwellings.

21. June. 1690.

Marie R.

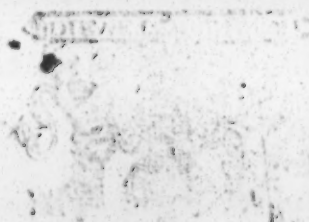
Their Majeſties having received Information, That divers Popiſh Recuſants holding Correſpondence With, or Favouring Their Majeſties Enemies, do Withdraw from their Habitations, Deſigning and Endeavouring to Corrupt and Seduce Their Majeſties Subjects, and them Excite to Sedition and Rebellion, at this time, Whilſt Their Majeſties With moſt of the Princes of Chriſtendom are Engaged in a neceſſary War againſt the French King, for Their common Security, and the particular Preſervation of theſe Kingdoms, Whereon the Intereſt and Safety of all and ſingular Their Majeſties Subjects do depend; have thought fit (With the Advice of Their Priby Council) to Iſſue this Their Royal Proclamation, and do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Popiſh Recuſants, being above the Age of Sixteen-years, born Within any of Their Majeſties Realms or Dominions, or made Denizens, That they and every of them do (according to the Statutes in that behalf made) repair to their reſpective Places of Abode, and if they have no Places of Abode, then to the Places Where the Father or Mother of ſuch reſpective Perſon is, or ſhall be then dWelling, and do not thereafter Remove or Paſs above Five Miles from thence. And Their Majeſties do hereby further ſtraitly Charge and Command all Their Judges, Juſtices, Magiſtrates, Miniſters and Officers, That if ſuch Popiſh Recuſant, or Perſon reputed ſo to be, ſhall not repair to his or her Place of Abode, and there continue Without Removing or Paſſing above Five Miles from thence, according to the true Intent and Tenour of the Statutes in that behalf, That then ſuch Popiſh Recuſants, or Perſons ſo reputed reſpectively, be Proſecuted and brought to Puniſhment, as well by Tendring unto them the Oaths mentioned in an Act of Parliament made in the Firſt Year of Their Majeſties Reign, Entituled [An Act for the Abrogating the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and Appointing other Oaths] as by putting in Execution the ſevereſt Laws which are now in Force againſt them.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Seventeenth Day of *June*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties, 1690.



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1d. 102

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Requiring all Seamen and Mariners to Render themſelves to Their Majeſties Service.

8. July. 1690.

Marie R.

Whereas divers Seamen and Mariners have lately left their uſual and ordinary Places of Abode, and have removed themſelves into ſome private and obſcure Places, endeavouring thereby to avoid or eſcape from Their Majeſties preſent Service: Their Majeſties therefore, by the Advice of Their Priby Council, have upon the preſent Extraordinary Occaſion, thought fit to Publiſh this Their Royal Proclamation; And do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Seamen and Mariners remaining in any County of England or Wales, and not Liſted in Their Majeſties Service, That they forthwith render themſelves unto the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Their Majeſties Navy in London, or to the Commiſſioners of the Navy at Chatham, or to the Commiſſioners of the Navy at Portſmouth, or to Joſeph Fownes Stone-keeper and Muſter-maſter for the Navy at Harwich, or to John Addis Stone-keeper and Muſter-maſter for the Navy at Plymouth, or to the Bayliffs of Great Yarmouth, or to the Mayor of Hull, or to the Mayor of Newcaſtle, or to Robert Henley at Briſtol, or to Atkinſon at Highlake and Leverpoole, in order to their being received into Pay, and ſent on Board ſuch of Their Majeſties Ships as ſhall be found moſt expedient for Their Majeſties Service; And if any of them ſhall hereafter be found out or diſcovered to have neglected to obey this Their Majeſties Royal Command, they ſhall be Proceeded againſt with all Severity. And Their Majeſties do hereby Require all Mayors, Bayliffs, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Conſtables and other Officers to whom it doth or may appertain, That they cauſe diligent Search to be made within all and every of their Precincts, for the ſaid Seamen and Mariners, and to Seize and Secure the Perſons of ſuch of them as ſhall be there found; And alſo all looſe and unknown Perſons whatſoever, who may juſtly be ſuſpected to be Seamen or Watermen, and to cauſe them to be ſent to the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Their Majeſties Navy in London, or to ſuch other of the Perſons and Places aforeſaid, to which they may moſt conveniently be ſent, in order to their being Employed in Their Majeſties Service; And that they ſend up to Their Majeſties Priby Council a Liſt of the Names of all ſuch Seamen and Mariners as they ſhall procure for the Service aforeſaid, together with the Names of the reſpective Perſons to whom, and Places to which they ſhall ſend them. And the ſaid Principal Officers and Commiſſioners, and other Perſons aforeſaid, ſhall give Receipts in Writing for the ſeveral Seamen and Mariners delivered to them in purſuance hereof. And Their Majeſties do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, do preſume to Conceal, or to further or favour the Eſcape of any Seamen or Mariners as aforeſaid, upon Pain that all and ſingular Perſons offending herein, be forthwith Committed to Priſon by the next Juſtice of the Peace or other Magiſtrate, and with all Severity Proſecuted, as Perſons Conſpiring againſt Their Majeſties and the Safety of the Kingdom. And Their Majeſties are hereby pleaſed to make known, That Money is already lodged in the hands of the Perſons above named, for Repaying the Conduct Money, and other Charges incident to this Service.

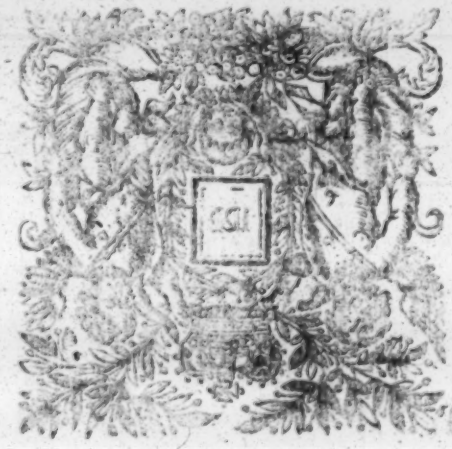
Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fifth Day of *July*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1690.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen



1t

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14. July. 1690.

THE

DECLARATION

OF

William and Mary,

KING and QUEEN of *England*, *Scotland*, *France*, and *Ireland*. To all the People of Our Kingdom of *Ireland*, whom it may Concern.

In nature of a pardon to all who will surrender yᵉir Arms & come in by 1. Aug. next.

WILLIAM R.

AS it hath pleaſed Almighty God to bleſs our Arms in this Kingdom, with a late Victory over Our Enemies at the *Boyne*, And with the Poſſeſſion of Our Capital City of *Dublin*, and with a General Diſperſion of all that did Oppoſe Us; We are now in ſo happy a Proſpect of Our Affairs, and of Extinguiſhing the Rebellion of this Kingdom; That We hold it reaſonable to think of Mercy, and to have Compaſſion upon thoſe whom We judge to have been ſeduc'd. Wherefore we do hereby declare, We ſhall take into our Royal Protection all poor Labourers, Common Soldiers, Country Farmers, Ploughmen, and Cottiers whatſoever; As alſo all Citizens, Townſmen, Tradeſmen and Artificers, who either remained at home, or having fled from their Dwelling, ſhall by the Firſt Day of *Auguſt* next, repair to their uſual places of Abode; ſurrendring up what Arms they have, to ſuch Juſtices of the Peace as are, or ſhall be Appointed by Us, not only to Receive the ſame, but alſo to Regiſter the Appearance of ſuch of the ſaid Perſons as ſhall come and ſubmit unto Our Authority. For our Royal Intention is, and We do hereby Declare, That We will not only Pardon all thoſe poor ſeduced People, as to their Lives and Liberties, who ſhall come in by the time aforeſaid, for all Violences they have done or committed by the Command of their Leaders, during the War; but We do alſo promiſe to ſecure them in their Goods, their Stocks of Cattle, and all their Chattels Perſonal whatſoever; Willing and Requiring them to come in, and where they were Tenants, there to preſerve the Harveſt of Graſs and Corn for the ſupply of the Winter. But foraſmuch as many of them had a Legal Right to the Tenancy of ſeveral Lands; ſome holden from Proteſtants, and ſome held from Popiſh Proprietors, who have been concerned in the Rebellion againſt Us: Our Will and Pleaſure is, That all thoſe Tenants who held from Our good Proteſtant Subjects, do pay their Rents to their Reſpective Landlords; And that the Tenants of all thoſe, who have been concerned in the preſent Rebellion againſt Us, do keep their Rent in their hands, until they have notice from the Commiſſioners of our Revenue, unto whom they are to account for the ſame. And as we do hereby ſtrictly forbid all Violence, Rapine, and Moleſtation to any, who ſhall thus come in, and remain Obedient to Us; ſo for thoſe of this or any other Rank or Quality, who are already in our Quarters, and within Our Power and Obedient to Us; We do hereby Charge and Require, that they be not diſquieted in any ſort, without Our particular Command. For the deſperate Leaders of the preſent Rebellion, who have violated thoſe Laws, by which this Kingdom is United and Inſeperably Annexed to the Imperial Crown of *England*; who have called in the *French*, who have Authoriſed all Violences and Depredations againſt the Proteſtants, and who Rejected the Gracious Pardon We offered them in Our Proclamation of the Twenty ſecond of *February* 1688. As We are now by Gods great favour, in Condition to make them ſenſible of their Errors; ſo are We reſolved to leave them to the Event of War; unleſs by great and manifeſt Demonſtrations, We ſhall be convinced they deſerve Our Mercy, which We ſhall never Refuſe to thoſe who are truly Penitent.

Given at Our Royal Camp at Finglas *near* Dublin *the Seventh Day of* July 1690. *In the Second Year of Our Reign.*

Printed by *Edw. Jones* at the *King's Hoſpital* in *Oxman-Town*, *Dublin*, for the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties.
And Reprinted for *Richard Baldwin* in the *Old-Baily*. 1690.

1d. 104 104

18. July. 1690

By the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties;

A PROCLAMATION.

For reducing ye value of King Jamos Copper money & Pewter pence to its true value.

WILLIAM R.

HAving taken into Our Conſideration the great Oppreſſions and Abuſes committed by Our Enemies in this Our Kingdom of *Ireland*, by Coyning and making Current Braſs Money of Copper or mixt Metal, and raiſing the Value thereof to an extravagant height, thereby to enable them to continue the War againſt Us, and to impoveriſh Our Loving Subjects in Our ſaid Kingdom: We have therefore thought it Neceſſary to put ſtop thereto, and to the end, that ſuch part of the ſaid Copper or mixt Metal Money which remains in the Hands of Our ſaid Subjects, may not wholly be loſt, We have thought fit, to Reduce the former Value of the ſaid Copper Money, to the Value or Standard of the like Copper Money formerly Currant in this Our Kingdom, and accordingly We do hereby Will and Require all Our Subjects, within Our ſaid Kingdom of *Ireland*, to take and receive all ſuch Copper or mixt Metal Money, lately Coined in the Mint Erected in Our City of *Dublin*, at the ſeveral and reſpective Valuations following, and that the ſame do paſs Currant in Exchange of Money, and for all manner of Goods and Proviſions whatſoever, and ſhall be received by all the Officers and Collectors of Our Cuſtoms, Exciſe, or other Branches of Our Revenue accordingly, *viz.*

The large Half Crown of Copper Money, together with Crown Pieces of like Metal and Weight, lately Stamp'd, ſhall paſs at One Peny *Sterl.*

The ſmall Half Crown of Copper, lately Stamp'd, ſhall paſs at Three Farthings.

The large Copper Shilling ſhall paſs at a Half Penny *Sterling.*

The ſmall Shilling, lately Stamp'd, and Six-Pence, ſhall paſs each at One Farthing.

And Our Will and Pleaſure is, That all ſuch Pewter Pence as have been lately Coined in the ſaid Mint, ſhall paſs for Half-Pence, and all the Half-Pence of the like Metal, ſtamp'd in the ſaid Mint, ſhall paſs Currant for Farthings.

Which ſeveral ſorts of Coyn ſhall be deemed as Currant Money at the Rates before-mentioned, in all Payments whatſoever within this Our Kingdom.

Given at Our Camp by Dublin this Tenth Day of *July*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING and QUEEN.

Printed by *Edward Jones* at the *King's Hoſpital* in *Oxman-Town*, *Dublin*, for the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties, and Re-printed by him in the *Savoy*, 1690.

17. July. 1690.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

Marie R.

For yᵉ taking & apprehending yᵉ Earls of Litchfield & Aylesbury
Ld montgomry, Ld Castlemain, Ld Preston, Ld Bolasit, Sr Edwd Hales
& Sordal Abby.

Whereas Their Majesties have received Information, That the Persons herein after particularly Named have Conspired together, and with divers other disaffected Persons, to Disturb and destroy Their Government, and for that purpose have Abetted and Adhered to Their Majesties Enemies in the present Invasion, for which cause several Warrants for High Treason have lately been Issued out against them, but they have withdrawn themselves from their usual places of Abode, and are fled from Justice; Their Majesties therefore have thought fit by the Advice of Their Privy Council, to Issue this Their Royal Proclamation: And Their Majesties do hereby Command and Require all Their Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend Edward Henry **Earl of** Litchfeild, Thomas **Earl** of Aylesbury, William **Lord** Montgomery, Roger **Earl of** Castlemaine, Richard **Viscount** Preston, Henry **Lord** Belasyse, **Sir** Edward Hales, **Sir** Robert Thorold, **Sir** Robert Hamilton, **Sir** Theophilus Oglethorp, **Colonel** Edward Sackvile, **Lieutenant Colonel** Duncan Abercromy, **Lieutenant Colonel** William Richardson, **Major** Thomas Soaper, **Captain** David Lloyd, William Pen **Esq**; Edmund Elliot **Esq**; Marmaduke Langdale **Esq**; **and** Edward Rutter **wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate; who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they be thence delivered by due Course of Law: And Their Majesties do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Them or Their Privy Council: And Their Majesties do hereby Publish and Declare to all Persons that shall Conceal the Persons above named, or any of them, or be Aiding or Assisting in the Concealing of them, or furthering their Escape, that they shall be proceeded against for such their Offence with the utmost Severity according to Law.**

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fourteenth Day of *July*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.





K. Kingston
1st. Worc.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

Marie R.

For adjourning ye Assizes for a month longer. till ye end of August.
22. July, 1690.

THe King and Queens most Excellent Majesties taking into Their Princely Consideration, That the holding the next Assizes for the several Counties of this Kingdom at the Days and Times first intended, might greatly obstruct the good Endeavours of Their Majesties Subjects, for the Common Defence of the Kingdom at this time of Invasion by the French, and desiring Graciously to Provide that Their good People may not suffer in their Private Affairs, whilst they are so unanimously Attending the Service and Safety of the Publick: Their Majesties therefore, by the Advice of Their Privy Council, having thought fit to Command Their Judges of the respective Circuits, to Appoint other more convenient Times for holding the said Assizes; And in Obedience thereunto, the Judges having Appointed the Times and Places of holding the same in manner following; That is to say,

Home Circuit.

Lord Chief Justice *Holt*.
Mr. Justice *Rokeby*.

Hertford, Monday 1. *September* at the Town of *Hertford*.
Essex, Wednesday 3. *September* at *Chelmsford*.
Surrey, Monday 8. *September* at *Kingston upon Thames*.
Sussex, Thursday 11. *September* at *Horsham*.
Kent, Tuesday 16. *September* at *Maidston*.

Midland Circuit.

Lord Chief Justice *Pollexfen*.
Mr. Baron *Letchmere*.

Northampton, Tuesday 26. *August* at *Northampton*.
Rutland, Friday 29. *August* at *Oakham*.
Lincoln, Monday 1. *September* at the Castle of *Lincoln*.
City of *Lincoln*, The same day in the City of *Lincoln*.
Nottingham, Friday 5. *September* at *Nottingham*.
Town of *Nottingham*, The same day at the Town of *Nottingham*.
Derby, Monday 8. *September* at *Derby*.
Leicester, Friday 12. *September* at the Castle of *Leicester*.
Borough of *Leicester*, The same day in the Borough of *Leicester*.
Coventry City, Monday 15. *Sept.* in the City of *Coventry*.
Warwick, Tuesday 16. *September* at *Warwick*.

Oxford Circuit.

Lord Chief Baron *Atkins*.
Mr. Justice *Eyre*.

Berks, Monday 25. *August* at *Reading*.
Oxon. Wednesday 27 *August* at *Oxford*.
Glouceſter, Saturday 30. *August* at *Glouceſter*.
City of *Glouceſter*, the same day at the City of *Glouceſter*.
Monmouth, Thursday 4. *September* at *Monmouth*.
Hereford, Saturday 6. *September* at *Hereford*.
Salop, Thursday 11. *September* at *Shrewsbury*.
Stafford, Tuesday 16. *September* at *Stafford*.
Worceſter, Saturday 20. *September* at *Worceſter*.
City of *Worceſter*, The same day at the City of *Worceſter*.

Norfolk Circuit.

Mr. Baron *Nevill*.
Mr. Baron *Turton*.

Bucks, Wednesday 10. *September* at *Aylesbury*.
Bedford, Friday 12. *September* at *Bedford*.
Huntingdon, Monday 15. *September* at *Huntingdon*.
Cambridge, Tuesday 16. *September* at *Cambridge*.
Suffolk, Thursday 18. *September* at St. *Edmondsbury*.
Norfolk, Tuesday 23. *September* at *Norwich*.
City of *Norwich*, the same day at the New Hall of the same City.

Northern Circuit.

Mr. Justice *Dolben*.
Mr. Justice *Powell*.

Lancaster, Friday 22. *August* at the Castle of *Lancaster*.
Westmorland, Thursday 28. *August* at *Appleby*.
Cumberland, Saturday 30. *August* at the City of *Carliſle*.
Town of *Newcaſtle* upon *Tyne*, Thursday 4. *September* at the Guildhall of the Town of *Newcaſtle* upon *Tyne*.
Northumberland, the same day at the Castle of *Newcaſtle* upon *Tyne*.
Durham, Monday 8. *September* at *Durham*.
City of *York*, Friday 12. *September* at the Guildhall of the City of *York*.
York, the same day at the Castle of *York*.

Western Circuit.

Mr. Justice *Gregory*.
Mr. Justice *Ventris*.

Southampton, Wednesday 27. *August* at the Castle of *Winchester*.
Wilts, Saturday 30. *August* at *New Sarum*.
Dorset, Wednesday 3. *September* at *Sherborne*.
Cornwall, Wednesday 10. *September* at *Launceſton*.
City of *Exon*, Tuesday 16. *September* at the Guildhall of the City of *Exeter*.
Devon, The same day at the Castle of *Exeter*, in the County of *Devon*.
Somerset, Wednesday 24. *September* at the City of *Wells*.
City of *Briſtol*, Saturday 27. *September* at the Guildhall of the City of *Briſtol*.

It is therefore Their Majesties Pleasure, That all their Loving Subjects be Discharged from Attendance at the Assizes, Sessions of Oyer **and** Terminer, **and General Goal Delivery, at any other Times then as herein before is particularly mentioned. And all and singular Mayors, Sheriffs,** Bayliffs, Constables, Headboroughs, **and all other Their Majesties Officers, Ministers and Subjects whatsoever whom it may concern, are required to take notice hereof, and govern themselves accordingly. Provided always, and Their Majesties are hereby Graciously pleased to Direct and Command, That no more or further Fees or Charges shall be paid by any of Their Majesties Subjects, for or by reason of the Altering, Amending, Renewing or Sealing of any Writs or Records of** Nisi prius, **or other Proces or Records, on occasion of this Proclamation.**

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Nineteenth Day of *July*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.



9 Aug. 1690.

A PROCLAMATION

By the KING and QUEEN's most Excellent Majesties.

[redacted]

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GOD Save the K[redacted] and Q[redacted]

Printed by [redacted] *Printer to the* [redacted] *in* Duncan-Town, *Dublin*, for the [redacted] and Queen's most Excellent Majesties: and Reprinted by him in the Savoy, 1690.



1d. 108

W. 3. R. M 2.



11: Tuesday Aug: 1690:

THE SECOND DECLARATION OF William and Mary,

KING and QUEEN of *England*, *Scotland*, *France* and *Ireland*.

To all the People of Our Kingdom of *Ireland*, whom it may Concern.

Declaring a pardon to such ab will come in & surrender themselves by ye 25th of this Month.

WILLIAM R.

ALthough Our former Declaration, of the 7th of *July* laſt paſt, hath not hitherto produced thoſe Effects of Gratitude and Obedience from ſeveral of Our Rebellious Subjects which We juſtly expected: Yet being willing to Compaſſionate thoſe who are Miſ-led, and to extend Our farther Grace, as well in granting unto ſome a longer time to lay hold of the Advantages already offered, as to enlarge Our Clemency unto others; We do now farther Declare, That as to all poor Labourers, Common Soldiers, Country Farmers, Ploughmen, and Cottiers whatſoever; As alſo to all Citizens, Townſmen, Tradesmen, and Artificers who remained at home, or who having fled from their Dwellings, ſhall by the Five and twentieth day of this Inſtant *Auguſt* repair to their uſual place of abode, ſurrendring up what Arms they have to ſuch Juſtices as are, or ſhall be appointed by Us, not only to Receive the ſame, but to Regiſter the Appearances of ſuch as ſhall Submit to Our Authority; We do hereby Declare, That We will not only Pardon them as to their Lives and Liberties, for all Violence they have done and committed by Authority of their Superiors during the Rebellion, but We do alſo promiſe to Secure them in their Goods, their Stocks, and Cattle, and all their Chattels perſonal whatſoever; Willing and Requiring them to come in; and where they were Tenants, there to preſerve the Harveſt of Graſs and Corn for Supply of the Winter. But foraſmuch as many of them had a legal Right to the Tenancy of ſeveral Lands; ſome holden from Proteſtants, and ſome held from Popiſh Proprietors, who have been concerned in the Rebellion againſt Us: Our Will and Pleaſure

Pleaſure is, that all thoſe Tenants who hold from our good Proteſtant Subjects, do pay their Rents to their Reſpective Landlords; And the Tenants of all thoſe who have been concerned in the preſent Rebellion againſt Us, do keep their Rents in their hands, untill they ſhall have notice from the Commiſſioners of Our Revenue, unto whom they are to Account for the ſame. But whereas We are farther Advertiz'd, that ſeveral of theſe Ranks aforementioned, who have adher'd to Our ſaid Declaration, do complain of Ill Treatment from Our Soldiers, and of the loſs of Goods and Stock, on pretence that ſuch Stock and Goods were formerly by them Plunder'd from the *Engliſh*; and therefore praying not only the Security of Our General Declaration, but of particular Protections to be granted to ſuch as ſhould deſire the ſame: As We abhor all manner of Violence done to Our Loving Subjects of what Religion ſoever, againſt the Tenour of Our ſaid Declaration, which being under the Great Seal of this Our Kingdom, is above all other Securities: Yet to gratify Our ſaid Subjects, and to deter all Offenders, We ſhall order particular Protections to be granted to ſuch as deſire the ſame: And ſhall farther Require upon pain of Our higheſt Diſpleaſure, that they become effectual to all ſuch of Our Loving Subjects, as ſhall remain ſtedfaſt in their Duty to Us, and who have not ſince the Publiſhing of Our Declartion aforeſaid, Plundred Our Proteſtant Subjects, or ſheltered under ſuch Protections as already they may have had, the Goods and Stocks of Our Enemies who continue obſtinate in their Diſobedience; for in either of theſe Caſes, they cannot expect but to remain Accountable for what they have done, unleſs they forthwith make Reſtitution of all ſuch Plundered Goods to the Right Owners; and alſo diſcover immediately to ſome of Our Juſtices of the Peace, what Goods and Stock they have ſo conceal'd.

As for others of Superior Rank and Quality, and alſo ſuch as have born Office under Our Enemies, whether Military or Civil; That which at preſent We do Declare, is this: That if any of them ſhall within the time aforeſaid ſurrender themſelves to Our Obedience, and ſhall be content, during the Rebellion in this Kingdom, to betake themſelves to ſuch Town or City as ſhall be aſſign'd them, they ſhall be ſecure in their Lives, and have the Liberty of ſuch Town or City; and if they are deſtitute and in want, ſhall alſo have a Subſiſtence allow'd them, according to their reſpective Qualities; and the ſame ſhall be paid them by the Commiſſioners of Our Revenue, till by the Bleſſings of Peace We may have leiſure to conſider the Condition of all Our Subjects, and thoſe in particular, who ſhall have been moſt early in their Obedience towards Us. As to Strangers, of what Nation ſoever they be, who have taken Service in this Kingdom againſt Us, We do farther Declare, That if they ſhall forſake the Enemy, and come into Our Quarters within the time aforeſaid, they ſhall not only receive Our Protection whilſt they are in the Kingdom, but forthwith have Paſports given them to go directly home into their reſpective Countries.

But if theſe Manifeſtations of Our Grace and Favour ſhall not be valued as they deſerve; or if any ſhall perſiſt in that Barbarous and Unchriſtian way of Burning and Deſolation, which in ſome places hath of late been practiſed; We ſhall hold Our Selves diſcharged of thoſe Conſequences and Calamities which muſt inevitably follow, ſince thoſe who are obſtinate againſt Our Mercy become the Authors of their own Confuſion.

Given at Our Court at Chapel-Iſard, *this firſt day of* Auguſt, 1690. *in the Second Year of Our Reign.*

GOD Save the KING and QUEEN.

Printed by *E. Jones* at the *King's Hoſpital* in *Oxman-Town*, *Dublin*, for the King and Queen's moſt Excellent Majeſties; And Reprinted for *Richard Baldwin* in the *Old-Bailey*. 1690.

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12. Aug. 1690.

By the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties,

A PROCLAMATION

For a FAST. in Ireland

To be observed on ye 15th instant & so every Friday in

WILLIAM R. duly with during ye warr.

WHereas We have, under the Protection of Almighty God, taken upon Us, the Deliverance of Our good Protestant Subjects of Ireland, from the Oppressions of Popery and Arbitrary Power, under which they lately groaned; And having been already Blest, with some happy Progress in this Work, and resolving still to persevere therein, till the Rebellious parts of this Kingdom shall be also reduc'd, in due Obedience to Our Crown of England, We cannot but hold it needful, to Invoke the Assistance of Almighty God, who hath hitherto been so Propitious to Us, and pour forth Our Prayers, in Publick and Solemn Manner, that he would vouchsafe to Bless the future Progress of Our Arms, and bring Us to a speedy Enjoyment of Peace and Quietness in the Land.

Wherefore We do hereby Order and Appoint, that Friday the Fifteenth day of August Instant, be solemnly Observed and Kept, as a Day of Publick Fasting, Prayer, and Humiliation, in and throughout all the Parts of this Our Kingdom, under Our Obedience, for Supplicating Almighty God, for the Pardon of Our Sins, and for Imploring His Blessing upon Us, and upon Our Forces by Sea and Land, and that constantly during the War, Friday in every Week, be set apart for the same Ends and Purposes. And to the end Our good Subjects may be the better prepar'd for the said Work, and Instructed in their Duty, when they are Assembled to perform it, We have thought fit to Direct and Appoint the Archbishops and Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer, proper for the Occasion, to be made use of in all Churches, Chapels, and other Publick Places of Worship in this Our Kingdom.

And We do hereby strictly Charge and Require all Our Loving Subjects to Assemble together in their respective Parish Churches, or Publick Places of Worship, at the Times and to the Ends aforesaid. And We also Charge and Require all Parsons, Vicars, Curates, and others that have Cure of Souls, that they Officiate accordingly, in their respective Churches, Chapels, or Places of Publick Worship, and that they give Notice hereof, by Reading this Our Proclamation, every Sunday, during the present War.

Given at Our Court at *Chapelizard* this First day of *August*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

GOD Save the KING and QUEEN.

Printed by *Edward Jones* at the *King's Hospital* in *Oxman-Town*, *Dublin*, for the King and Queen's most Excellent Majesties; And Reprinted by him in the Year, 1690.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Requiring the Attendance of the Members of both Houſes of Parliament on the Second day of *October* next.

13. Sept. 1690.

WILLIAM R.

THE King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties having Prorogued the Parliament to Thurſday the Second day of October now next coming, With a full purpoſe and Reſolution to keep to that Time; And being deſirous alſo, for Weighty Conſiderations, to have then a full Aſſembly of the Members of Parliament: Their Majeſties therefore (with the Advice of Their Priby Council) have thought fit to Declare and Publiſh, and do hereby Declare and Publiſh Their ſaid Reſolution. And alſo by this Their Proclamation do Require all and every the Peers of this Realm, and all and every the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons, to give Their Attendance at Weſtminſter on the ſaid Second day of October next, preciſely; Wherein Their Majeſties do expect a ready Conformity to this Their Royal Will and Pleaſure.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twelfth Day of *September*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1690.

W.3.R.M.2.



BY THE

Lords Juſtices of Ireland.

29. Sept. 1690.

SYDNEY. THO: CONINGSBY.



WHEREAS it is of great Importance, as well to the Inhabitants of the City of *Dublin*, as alſo that part of Their Majeſties Army that is Gariſoned here, That the Markets of the ſaid City be well ſupplied with Proviſions, which for ſome time hath been Obſtructed by the Abuſes committed on the Perſons, Horſes and Goods of People going to the ſaid Markets, by ſeveral Officers and Soldiers, for their own private Advantage, though under the pretence of Their Majeſties Service; We do therefore ſtrictly Charge and Command all Their Majeſties good Subjects within this Kingdom, That they do not, upon any pretence whatſoever, preſume to diſturb or prejudice any Perſon or Perſons repairing to the ſaid Markets of the City of *Dublin*, nor Preſs any Horſe or Horſes of any perſons whatſoever within Ten Miles of the ſaid City, without ſpecial Warrant in Writing firſt had and obtained from Us for that purpoſe, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Peril.

Given at Their Majeſties Caſtle of Dublin, *the 16th day of* September 1690. *and in the Second Year of Their Majeſties Reign.*

Jo. DAVIES.

BY



BY THE

Lords Juſtices of Ireland.

SYDNEY. THO. CONINGSBY.

WHEREAS the City of *Dublin* hath uſually been furniſhed with Coals from *Whitehaven* and *Moſton*, and other Parts and Places in the Kingdom of *England* and Dominion of *Wales*, from which Parts very ſmall Quantities have of late been imported, by reaſon that the Mariners and Seamen that ſhould import the ſame are under apprehenſions of being Preſſed, and taken out of their Veſſels, under pretence of Their Majeſties Service; We have, for the prevention of the great Inconvenience which would arrive to the ſaid City of *Dublin*, by the want of Fuel this Winter-Seaſon, thought fit hereby to give Our Protection to all ſuch Ships and Mariners as ſhall be employed in Tranſporting Coals from any part of *England* or *Wales* unto the ſaid City of *Dublin*; And We do hereby accordingly ſtrictly Charge and Require all Commanders of Ships, Preſs-Maſters, and all other Their Majeſties Subjects, not to moleſt or diſturb any of the Ships aforeſaid, nor Preſs any of the Mariners belonging to ſuch Ships, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Peril.

Given at Their Majeſties Caſtle of Dublin, *the* 16*th day of* September 1690. *and in the Second Year of Their Majeſties Reign.*

GOD Save the KING and QUEEN.

Jo. DAVIS.

Dublin: Printed by *Andrew Crook*, Aſſignee of *Benj. Tooke*, Printer to the King and Queens Moſt Excellent Majeſties; And Re-printed at *London* for Him. 1690.



30. Sept. 1690.

By the Lords Justices of Ireland,

A PROCLAMATION.

SYDNEY. THO. CONINGSBY.

WHereas several Irish Papists within this Kingdom, notwithstanding the Grace and favour extended to them by Their Majesties gracious Declaration, and the protection they enjoyed under Their Government, have most ungratefully relapsed into their former treasonous courses, and whilst they feignedly pretended to pay allegiance unto Their Majesties, have most treacherously Aided and Assisted Their Majesties Enemies, not only by giving them intelligence, but also by assembling themselves in great numbers to terrify, plunder, and destroy Their Majesties good Protestant Subjects. We do therefore for the prevention of the like evils for the time to come, and for the greater security of Their Majesties good Subjects, and the peace of this Kingdom, strictly charge and command all persons of the Popish Religion within this Kingdom, upon pain of Imprisonment That they do not without Special Licence from Us, or the General of Their Majesties Forces, or from some one of Their Majesties Justices of Peace of this Kingdom, Depart, or Travel out of the Parish where they respectively Inhabit or Dwell, unless to the Market Town next to such their Dwelling, and upon Market-days, except in Cities or great Towns, and there not to go out of the Liberties and Precincts of such Cities and Towns, unless to the next Market as aforesaid. Excepting also that the foresaid Irish Papists may, during the time of this present Parliament, for their lawful and necessary occasions, travel three miles beyond the Parish in which they dwell, and no farther; And if they shall presume to act contrary hereunto, We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Magistrates, Constables, Petty-Constables, and other Their Majesties good Subjects, to Arrest the Offenders, and to bring them before the next Justice of Peace, who is hereby required to commit them to safe custody, as persons who contemn the Royal Authority, and design the disturbance of the Peace of this Kingdom. And all Justices of Peace are commanded to forbear Bayling any person so committed, until they have given Us an account

count of the Reaſons inducing them ſo to do, and receive Our directions therein; and We hereby will and require all Juſtices of the Peace to take care that they Licenſe no perſon, but ſuch as they perſonally know to be of quiet deportment, and who have ſome ſetled place of Abode within five miles of the habitation of the Juſtice of Peace granting ſuch Licence, and before the granting of ſuch Licence, ſhall make ſome reaſonable cauſe appear for their deſiring the ſame. All which qualifications are to be inſerted in the ſaid Licence, and all Juſtices of Peace are to keep a Regiſter of the names of all perſons they ſhall ſo Licence, which ſhall be tranſmitted every three Months to ſuch perſon or perſons as We ſhall Order. And laſtly, no Juſtice of Peace ſhall take more than Fourpence for granting ſuch Licence.

Given at Their Majeſties Caſtle of *DUBLIN*, *September* 18. 1690.
In the Second Year of Their Majeſties Reign.

GOD Save the KING and QUEEN. Jo. DAVIS.

BY THE

Lords Juſtices of Ireland,

A PROCLAMATION.

SYDNEY. THO. CONINGSBY.

BEing certainly informed, That ſeveral Soldiers of Their Majeſties Army in Ireland, do daily Defert their Colours, and by Confederacy with Maſters and Owners of Ships and Veſſels, and other Seafaring-men, Tranſport themſelves into England, and other Parts beyond the Seas. To prevent which Inconvenience, ſo Prejudicial to Their Majeſties Service, We do ſtrictly Will and Command all Maſters and Owners of Veſſels, and all other Seamen, That they do not take, or permit to be taken on Board their Reſpective Veſſels, any Officers or Soldiers Enlifted in Their Majeſties ſaid Army, or any Perſons whatſoever, in Order to their being Tranſported beyond Seas, unleſs they be noted Merchants and Traders, or of known Quality, not of Their Majeſties ſaid Army, or ſuch as ſhall produce Licenſes from Us, or the Lord General of Their Majeſties Army in Ireland; And We do hereby declare, that all thoſe that ſhall be taken acting contrary to this our Proclamation ſhall be Proceeded againſt as Accellaries too, and Abettors of Fugitive Soldiers, and Contemners of Their Majeſties Authority. And all Their Majeſties Officers and Miniſters within the ſeveral Ports of this Their Majeſties Kingdom, are hereby required to apprehend all Perſons with their Ships and Veſſels that Offend herein, and give Us forthwith an Account thereof.

Given at Their Majeſties Caſtle of *Dublin*, *September* 19. 1690.

GOD Save the KING and QUEEN.

Jo. DAVIS.

Dublin: Printed by *Andrew Crook*, Aſſignee of *Benj. Tooke*, Printer to the King and Queens Moſt Excellent Majeſties. And Re-printed at *London* for Him. 1690.

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4. Octob. 1690.

113 By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

For appointing Sunday 13. Oct. instant for a Day of Thanksgiving for his late victory & Success in Ireland.

WILLIAM R.

Whereas it hath pleased Almighty God, in his Providence towards Us and Our People, to manifest his Power and Mercy in giving Us Success and Victory over Our Enemies and Rebellious Subjects in Ireland; We cannot, upon the due Consideration hereof, but with all Humility adore the Goodness of God therein signally manifested: And We look upon it as an Invitation from Heaven, to Us and all Our People, unto most intire Thankfulness for the same. And to the end some Solemn Time may be set apart for the Publick Performance of this Duty, and that We and all Our Subjects in England and Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, may pay Our just Tribute of Praise and Thanksgiving to Almighty God, We do hereby Publish and Declare, and also strictly Charge and Command, That Sunday the Nineteenth of this Instant October be Observed as a Day of Publick Thanksgiving in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship throughout the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And for the more Orderly Performance thereof, We, by the Advice of Our Reverend Bishops, have Directed to be Composed, Printed and Published the Forms of such Prayers and Publick Thanksgivings, as We have thought fit to be used in all Churches and Places at these Publick Meetings; and have given Charge to Our Bishops to disperse the same throughout the Whole Kingdom. And We do also Direct and Appoint, That this Our Proclamation be publickly Read in all Churches and Chappels on some Lords-Day precedent to the said Day of Thanksgiving hereby Appointed, to the end that Notice may be taken thereof, and due Thanks and Praise may upon the said Day be offered up unto Almighty God; and that humble Supplications be poured out before him for his continual Assistance, and Improvement of this, and all his Mercies, to the Honour of his great Name, and the Peace and Benefit of Us and Our People; Willing and strictly Commanding all Persons within Our said Realm and Dominions, with all Sobriety, Reverence and Thankfulness to observe this Day, as becomes so Solemn an Occasion.

And it is Our Royal Will and Pleasure, That the Monthly Fast appointed by Our Proclamation of the Twentieth day of February last, be for the present Discontinued until We shall give further Order therein.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the First Day of *October*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.

God save King William and Queen Mary.



A PROCLAMATION.

By the King and Queen.



2d.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Apprehending of Robbers on the High-way, &c. And for a Reward to the Discoverers, &c.

WILLIAM R. 12. Nov. 1690.



Whereas many heinous Murders, Robberies on the High-way, and Burglaries, and other Breaking of Dwelling-houses, have been committed, and many lewd, disorderly and wicked Persons, who betake themselves to commit such Murders, Robberies and Burglaries, have been, and in time to come may be emboldened to the like Offences, by reason of the negligence of due keeping of Watch and Warding, and for want of that Pursuit which ought to be of Robbers on the High-way by Hue and Cry; and sometimes they are emboldened to commit such Rapines through the refusal of Persons to give that Aid they ought to do, in being Assistant to the Constables and other Publick Officers, in Following and Apprehending of Felons, and many times by reason of the Concealment of them and their Horses by Inn-keepers, Hostlers and others, where such Felons do set up and keep their Horses, to Ride out and commit such like Thefts, Burglaries and Robberies, and by the Connivance of Persons keeping Horses to Lett out to Hire, and also by other Persons who keep Lodgings where such Felons and Robbers do privately harbour, and are harboured by evil disposed Persons, and frequently by the private, unlawful and clandestine Practices of Brokers and others who buy stoln Goods, and who have sufficient cause to suspect, but will not Apprehend the Felons, and who often upon Enquiry refuse to produce what Goods they Buy or take to Pawn, and by many the indirect Practices of such as Receive and Conceal the said Felons and Robbers, and share with them their stoln Goods: And We being given to understand, that many of Our Loving Subjects Travelling on the High-ways and other Parts, upon their lawful Occasions, are daily Set upon, and put in fear and peril of losing of their Lives, and others Our Subjects are by frequent Burglaries, and Felonious Breaking of their Houses, much disquieted in their Dwellings and Habitations, and spoiled of their Goods: And being informed, That John Smith *alias* Ely Smith, Charles Rawlinson *alias* Lloyd, Edward Poor, Anthony St. Leger, Jonathan Compton, Elias Carroll, Henry Howell, Charles Browne, Richard Awson *alias* Old Mobb, Thomas Randall, Thomas Walters, Nicholas Gradin, Anthony Dunn, Henry Vaughan *alias* Phillips, Trelawney, and William Jennings, are Persons notoriously known to be such as do daily commit such Offences in despite and defiance of the Law, and are some or most of them Indicted or Accused upon Oath, and all of them are known to be of one Party and Knott, and commonly do keep Company the one with the other, and all of them fly from Justice, although great Endeavour, Pains and Cost have been used for their Apprehension: And We being minded, and Graciously inclined to preserve Our Loving Subjects in their Lives and Estates, against such and all other like Rapine and Violence, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Command all Our Loving Subjects and Officers of Justice, that they do use all their best Endeavours for the Discovering and Apprehending, as well the Persons particularly before mentioned, as all such other Persons who have committed, or shall commit any of the Offences aforesaid, to the end they may be proceeded against according to Law for their Offences.

And in Order thereto, We do hereby Declare Our Will and Pleasure to be, and do hereby Require and Command all and every Our Justices of the Peace throughout this Our Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That upon Notice of this Our Royal Proclamation they do take Order and see that due Watch and Ward be constantly kept by Horse and Foot; And that after Notice to them given of any Murder, Robbery on the Felons pursued with the utmost Diligence that the Law requireth for the Apprehending of the Offenders. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command, That all Vintners, Keepers of common Ordinaries, Gaming-Houses, Inn-keepers, House-keepers, and Persons keeping Lodgings, Chamberlains, and Keepers of Common Hostleries, Goldsmiths, and Workers in Gold and Silver, and Common Buyers, and Takers to Pawn of Goods, and all other Persons whatsoever where any such Robber on the High-way, Burglarer, Breaker of Houses or Murderer shall resort unto, come, or be, or such Person as they have cause to suspect to be Robbers on the High-way, Burglarers, or to have committed any Murder, that they immediately stop them with their Goods suspected to be stoln, and cause the said Offenders to be Apprehended, and carry them before some of Our Justices of the Peace to be Examined upon such Suspicions, and proceeded against according to Law. And they the said Goldsmiths and Workers in Gold and Silver are hereby Required upon any Melted Silver in Ingot or otherwise to be brought unto them, to be well satisfied of the Person who bring the same unto them, that such Silver is honestly come by, and Who melted down the same, and Why the same was so melted down, or to stay such Person so offering the same to Sell, and to cause them to be brought before some Justice of Peace, that the same Suspicion may be further enquired after, as they the said Goldsmiths, and Workers in Gold and Silver will answer their Negligence therein at their Peril. And for the Suppression of High-way Robbers, Burglarers, Breakers of Houses, and Murderers; and for the Encouragement of all such Persons as have Discovered and Apprehended, and shall from henceforth Discover and Apprehend, and cause to be brought into Custody, Prosecuted and Convicted any Person or Persons who already have, or hereafter shall commit any Murder, Robbery, Burglary or Breaking any Dwelling-House in the day time, and commit any Murder or Rapine therein, We are graciously pleased, and do hereby Declare, That such Person or Persons who already have or hereafter at any time, until Our Pleasure be known to the contrary, shall Discover, Apprehend, and cause to be brought into Custody, Prosecuted and Convicted the Persons particularly before mentioned, or any one or more of them, or any other Person or Persons who already have committed, or hereafter shall commit any Murder, Robbery on or near the High-way, or Burglary, or Break any Dwelling-House or Houses in the Day-time, and commit any Murder, or Felonious Rapine therein, for Which by the Laws of this Our Kingdom they ought to Receive Judgment of Death, shall for every of the Persons before herein particularly mentioned, have and receive the Reward of Twenty Pounds; and for every other Offender so Discovered, Apprehended and Convicted the Reward of Ten Pounds of lawful Money of England Within Fifteen Days after Conviction of such Offender or Offenders. And all and every Sheriff and Sheriffs of the respective Counties where such Conviction shall be had, are hereby Required upon the Certificate of the Judge, or Two or more of the Justices before Whom such Person or Persons shall be Convicted, to Pay unto the Person and Persons who Discover, Apprehend, and cause to be brought into Custody, Prosecuted, and Convicted, or upon whose Discovery and Apprehension the Offenders herein before particularly Named, or any other Offender or Offenders shall be Convicted, the Reward of Twenty Pounds for each of the said Persons before particularly Named; and the Reward of Ten Pounds for every other like Offender so Apprehended and Convicted, out of the Publick Moneys received by him in that County where such Conviction shall be had, Without any Demand or Defalcation of any part of the said Reward, upon any pretence of charge for passing such Sheriffs Accompt for the same in Our Exchequer, or otherwise, or other matter whatsoever, and for Allowance whereof this Our Proclamation shall be a Discharge to such Sheriff for such Money by any Sheriff paid (The said Sheriff or Sheriffs producing a Receipt of Payment according to the Tenor of the Certificate of the Judge or Justices certifying for Payment of the said Rewards, which shall be Allowed unto such Sheriffs, paying the same Without Fee or other Demand.) And to that purpose We do hereby Direct, and give in Command to Our Under-Treasurer and Chancellor of Our Exchequer, and Barons of the said Court of Exchequer, and all other Our Officers of Our said Court of Exchequer, and to every of them, to Allow unto every Sheriff and Sheriffs so from time to time paying the said Rewards, such Moneys as he or they shall actually pay upon such Certificate for the Reward as aforesaid, Without any Charge unto, or Fee, or Money to be Demanded of such Sheriff for passing such part of his said Accompt in Discharge from Us of so much Money by him so paid, or to be paid, or for Allowance to be made unto such Sheriff, for Re-imbursing him or them any Money so from time to time paid and to be paid in Obedience to this Our Proclamation for the Purposes above mentioned.

And for the more effectual Execution of the Laws against such Offenders, and for the Preservation of Our Peace, and the Preventing for the future of Robberies and Violences to Our said Loving Subjects, We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all and every of Our Justices of the Peace, that they do forthwith meet, and in their several Districts assemble themselves together, and cause publick Notice to be given of this Our Proclamation, and Intentions and Pleasure for the Apprehending of Offenders, and Punishment of them above mentioned, to all Inn-keepers, Hostlers, and such as Lett Horses to Hire; And to all Brokers, and such as Buy, or take to Pawn any Goods, that if any of them do furnish any Person who shall commit any the Offences aforesaid, With Horses, or shall in any manner receive, comfort, harbour, maintain, countenance or conceal any such or other Felons that they shall be proceeded against, and punished according to the severity of Law. And for the furthering of the good Purposes We desire to be effected by this Our Royal Proclamation, We strictly hereby Charge and Command Our said Justices of the Peace, and they are hereby Enjoyned to meet once in every Month in their several Divisions of their Counties and Places, and to Enquire after, and to take an Account of the Constables, of the Defaults of Watch, Warding, and of the Defaults of Hue and Cry and Pursuit of Felons, and to take care that all Persons and Places making Default herein, be Presented and Prosecuted to Conviction for such their Defaults; And also the said Justices are to Enquire after the Defaults of the Constables, Headboroughs, and other Officers of Justice, to see that they do their respective Duties as they are of Office to perform, in discovery of all Persons committing any Murders, Robberies and Burglaries, and other Felonies, and to Present their Default at every next Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and to see them Prosecuted for the same. And also Our said Justices are Monthly to take an Accompt from the said Constables, of all Inn-keepers, Hostlers, and Keepers of Horses at Livery, and of such as keep and Lett out Horses to Hire, and of Persons either publickly or privately driving the Trade of Pawn-Brokers, and common Buyers of Goods, and of their Demeanour in their said Employments; And also What suspected Persons there are, and Where and by Whom they are Lodged, Harboured or Resort unto in their Constableries, to the end the Offenders and their Harbourers, Aiders and Countenancers may be proceeded against according to Law. And to that end the said Justices of the Peace are hereby Required to cause the Constables to make frequent Searches after all Persons suspected to be of evil Life, and guilty of any of the said heinous Offences, their Abettors and Harbourers, to the end Our said Justices may proceed against them for the Preservation of Our Peace, as there shall be occasion: And Our said Justices of the Peace, and every of them, Committing any Person brought before them, for any Robbery on the High-way, Burglary, or Breaking and Robbing of any Dwelling-House in the Day-time, are hereby Required and Enjoyned, that With all convenient speed they do transmit a Copy of such Persons Commitment to some of Our Judges of Our Court of Kings-Bench, With such Description as they can give of such Person Charged With, or suspected to have committed any Robberies, Burglaries or House-breakings, as above mentioned, and of their Horses, and With a particular of What Goods are taken With such Offender, to the end Our said Judges may give further Direction for Prosecuting and Trial, or for Charging them in Custody With any other Robberies and Burglaries which such Offenders have committed, as shall be requisite, so as they may in no Wise escape from Justice, but receive a just Punishment for their Wildoings. And Lastly, We do hereby Charge and Command all Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs and other Officers and Persons Whatsoever, to take notice of this Our Royal Proclamation, and to give due Obedience thereunto, in being Aiding, and giving Assistance in all things tending to the Execution hereof according to the Laws and Statutes of this Kingdom, as they tender Our Pleasure, and upon Pain of being proceeded against as Contemners of Our Royal Authority, in a Matter of so great Concern to the Publick, according to the strict Rules of Justice.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirtieth Day of *October*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.

1a

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye apprehending & seizing the Persons y^t Stole Mrs Mary Wharton.
19. Nov. 1690.

William R.



Whereas We have received Information, That James Campbell, commonly called Captain Campbell, Archibald Montgomery, and Sir John Johnston, together with divers other ill disposed Persons, designing to Ravish, and against her Will to Marry Mary Wharton, only Child of Philip Wharton Esq; being a Virgin of great Estate, and of about the Age of Thirteen Years, for that Purpose did Arm and Assemble themselves, and having found an Opportunity on Friday the Fourteenth Day of this instant November in the Evening at Great Queen-street, did in a forcible manner Seize upon the said Mary Wharton, and carried her away: We have therefore thought fit (by the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Command and Require all Our Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said James Campbell, Archibald Montgomery, Sir John Johnston, and all other their Confederates wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate; whom We do hereby Require to Commit them to the next Goal. And We do also hereby give Notice to all Persons that shall be Aiding or Assisting in the Concealing of the said James Campbell, Archibald Montgomery, Sir John Johnston, or any of their Confederates, or Furthering their, or any of their Escape, that they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence with the utmost Rigour and Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whiteball* the Fifteenth Day of *November*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

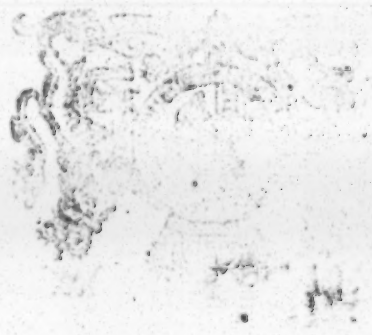
God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King.



1d

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

Comanding all Marinds & Seamen belonging to any Ships of Warr to repair to yir respective Ships & not to goe on board ye Merchants Ships now going.

William R.

21. Nov. 1690.



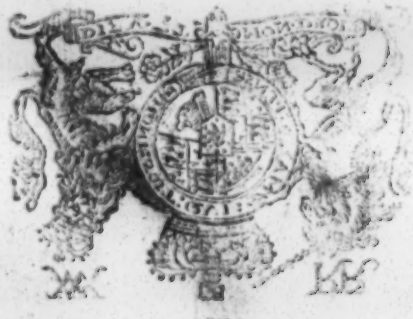
Whereas We have received Information, That divers Seamen and Mariners, who have been hired and Impressed in Our Service, and do belong to Our Ships of War, do absent themselves from Our said Ships, and betake themselves on Board several Merchant Ships and Vessels, with an intent to depart out of this Our Kingdom without Our Royal Licence in that behalf first obtained, We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Require and Command all and singular Seamen, Mariners, and Seafaring Men belonging to any of Our Ships of War, and absenting themselves from the same, as aforesaid, that they, and every of them, do forthwith upon the Publishing of this Our Proclamation, repair on Board such of Our respective Ships or Vessels unto which they do belong, upon Pain of their being Punished as Deserters; Hereby Declaring, That as We are very desirous of giving all due Encouragement to such Seamen and Mariners employed in Our Service, as shall be found doing their Duty in their several Stations and Employments; So We are Resolved to Proceed with the utmost Severity of Law against all such as shall neglect to give Obedience to this Our Proclamation. And We do hereby Command all Captains, Commanders, and other Officers of Our Ships whom it may concern, to make diligent Search on Board all Merchant Ships, for any such Seamen who do or shall absent themselves from Our Service, and upon finding them, to take them from on Board such Merchant Ships, and Secure them, in order to their being brought to Condign Punishment.

Given at Our Court at *Whiteball* the Twentieth Day of *November*, 1690. In the Second Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1690.



By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For a General FAST.

Marie R.

11. April. 1691.

Their Majeſties taking into moſt ſerious Conſideration the great War, in which Their Majeſties (together with moſt of the Princes and States of Europe) are engaged, againſt the French King; And that upon the Succeſs thereof the common Safety of this Realm doth, under God, wholly depend; And putting Their Truſt in Almighty God, that he will vouchſafe a ſpecial Bleſſing on Their Majeſties Righteous Undertaking, and thereby conſummate the Deliverance of theſe Kingdoms: Have thought fit to Appoint, and do, by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council, hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Faſt and Humiliation, to be Obſerved throughout this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in moſt Devout and Solemn manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for Pardon of our Sins, and Imploring his Bleſſing and Protection in the Preſervation of Their Majeſties Sacred Perſons, and Proſperity of Their Arms both at Land and Sea, to be Religiouſly Kept and Obſerved on Wedneſday the Nine and twentieth Day of this Inſtant April, and from thenceforth on the Third Wedneſday of every Month during the preſent War. And for the more orderly Solemnizing of the ſaid ſeveral Faſt-Days, Their Majeſties have given Directions to the Right Reverend the Biſhops of this Kingdom to Compoſe a Form of Prayer ſuitable to this Occaſion, to be Uſed in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worſhip; And have given Charge for the Diſperſing thereof through their ſeveral Dioceſſes in the whole Kingdom. And Their Majeſties do moſt expreſly Charge and Command, That the ſaid Faſtings and Prayers be Soberly, Reverently and Decently Performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon pain of ſuch Puniſhments, as Their Majeſties can juſtly Inflict upon all ſuch as ſhall Contemn or Neglect ſo Religious a Work.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Ninth Day of *April*, 1691. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. M DC XCI.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Concerning PAPISTS, and other Disaffected Persons.

MARIE R. *11. April. 1691.*

Whereas Their Majesties, as well by the Regular and Impartial Administration of Justice to all Their Subjects, and Their abundant Mercy and Grace to such of them as have bæn liable to Penalties, as also by Prosecuting a necessary War against France by Sea and Land (on the Success of which the Common Safety of this Realm, and all other Their Majesties Kingdoms and Dominions doth Depend) have manifested Their Princely Care and Zeal for the Preservation, Ease and Welfare of all Their Subjects; and might justly Expect suitable Returns of Loyalty and Obedience from every of them: Nevertheless divers Papists and reputed Papists, and some other Persons Ill-affected to Their Majesties Government, and of Restless Spirits, abusing the Clemency which hath bæn used, have Resorted to, and Assembled in the Cities of London and Westminster, and other Places, and taken great Boldness by Seditious Discourses and Libels, and with Insolent Behaviour to Defame and Affront the Government; And also do Consult and Prosecute divers Mischievous and Treasonable Designs and Practices tending to the Disturbance of the Publick Peace, and the Destruction of Their Native Countrey. Their Majesties resolving not to suffer such Notorious Contempts of the Laws to go unpunished, and to Prevent the Evil Consequences of the same, have thought fit (with the Advice of Their Priby Council) to Issue this Their Royal Proclamation; And do hereby Require and Command all Lords Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, and all other Officers and Magistrates Whatsoever, That they be Circumspect and Vigilant in their Respective Charges and Jurisdictions, and Perform their Duties in Suppressing the Insolencies, Designs and Practices aforesaid; and that from time to time they cause diligent Search and Inquiry to be made after the said Offenders, and them being Discovered, cause to be Prosecuted, and brought to Condign Punishment according to Law.

And Their Majesties do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Popish Recusants, Natives or Denizons, being above [illegible] years, That they do (according to the Statutes in that behalf made) Repair to their respective Places of Abode, and if they have none, then to the Places where their respective Father or Mother is or shall be dwelling, and do not thereafter Remove or Pass above Five miles from thence. And Their Majesties do likewise Charge and Command all Papists, and Persons reputed so to be, (Except Merchant Strangers, settled Housholders, and other Persons Excepted in the Statutes made in this behalf) on or before the Twenty third day of this instant April, to depart out of the said Cities of London and Westminster, and from all Places within the distance of Ten miles of the same. And Their Majesties do hereby Command the Lord Mayor of London, and all other Justices of the Peace, and other Officers within the said Cities and Ten miles of the same, that they make strict Search for, and Proceed against all such of them as shall presume to remain, repair or return within the Limits aforesaid, according to the Statutes in that Case provided; and particularly the Statute made in the First Year of Their Majesties Reign, Intituled (An Act for the Amoving Papists and Reputed Papists from the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Ten miles distance from the same) by Tendering to them the Declaration therein mentioned, and otherwise according to the said Act.

And Their Majesties do likewise Charge and Command the aforesaid, and all other Justices of Peace Whatsoever, Who shall Know or be Informed that any Person is, or is suspected to be a Papist, to Tender unto such Person the Declaration aforesaid, and proceed thereupon according to one other Act made in the said First Year of Their Majesties Reign, Entituled, (An Act for the better Securing the Government, by Disarming Papists and Reputed Papists.) And for the better Discovery of Persons Disaffected to the Government, and that being discovered, their Disloyal and Wicked Purposes and Attempts may be disappointed, Their Majesties do strictly Charge and Command all Justices of the Peace, and other Officers in that behalf Authorised, That where they shall find, or be informed of any Person, who by reason of his Conversation, Discourse, or other Demeanour, shall be suspected not to be Well-affected to Their Majesties Government, they do Tender unto such Person the Oaths appointed by an Act made in the First Year of Their Majesties Reign, Entituled, (An Act for the Abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance, and appointing other Oaths;) And that in case of Refusal to Take the same, due Prosecution be made thereupon. And for the more effectual Performance thereof, the said Justices of Peace are to make and keep Entries or Records of such their Proceedings, in order to the Tendring the said Oaths again to the Person so Refusing; it being Their Majesties Pleasure, that the said Law be Executed to the utmost against such Offenders. And Their Majesties do hereby Charge, and particularly Require all Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace, That they do Meet Monthly to Enquire into and Inform themselves of the Affairs of their respective Counties and Divisions, in relation to the Premisses, and take special care to preserve the Peace, and prevent all Unlawful Meetings and Assemblies against Their Majesties and Their Government, and that from time to time they give Information of their Proceedings and Discoveries, to the Lords of Their Majesties most Honourable Priby Council.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Ninth Day of *April*, 1691. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill* and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1691.

1st.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Concerning COALS.

WILLIAM R. 25. April. 1691.



Whereas an Act of Parliament was lately made for Regulating the Prices of Coals, and Supplying the Navigation of the Coal-Trade; And in pursuance of the same, Our Lord Mayor and Aldermen of Our City of London, and Our Justices of Peace of Our County of Middlesex, and City of Westminster, have acted With great Industry, Care and Prudence, by Settling and Moderating the Prices of Coals, and Providing by good and discreet Means for the Relief of Our People, Inhabiting in, and about those Places, (of whose Performance and good Service in the Premisses We do highly Approve.) Yet nevertheless there hath happened lately a great Scarcity and Dearth of Coals, occasion'd partly by divers Colliers staying in Port, or by the Way With their loaden Vessels, during such time as the Wind serv'd, and Was proper for their Sailing, and partly by the Pressing, or fear of Pressing of their Seamen, to Serve on Board Our Ships of War, and also the Neglects or Miscarriages of some Officers imployed for Convoys. Now in tender Compassion and Care for Our good Subjects, being earnestly desirous to do all that in Us lieth for providing against any Want or Distress, likely to befall them on this Occasion, We have thought fit, by and With the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue out this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Declare and Command, That no Seaman, either English or Foreigner, that shall be Imployed in any Ship or Vessel, Bringing or Carrying Coals from Our Town or Port of Newcastle upon Tine, or Sunderland, or other Adjacent Ports or Places unto Our Port of London, shall be Pressed or otherwise Hindred or Molested, either Coming or Returning, by any of Our Press Masters, or other Officers or Ministers, until the Twentieth day of July next. (So as the Seamen Imployed on Board such respective Ship or Vessel, do not exceed the Number of Four Men for every Hundred Tun, Such Seamen only excepted, for the time of their present Voyage only, as are already gone out of the River of Thames on Board any Ship or Vessel bound to Newcastle, Sunderland, or Ports Adjacent, or are now on Board any Ship or Vessel at this time Loaden and Bound from the said Places or Ports to the Port of London. Our Intent being that such and so many of the said Seamen, as are not Absolutely necessary for the Safety of such Ship or Vessel, shall during the time of their said present Voyage, and at their now expected Arrival be liable to be Pressed for Our Service. Provided always, That if any Colliers shall stay by the Way, or make any Delays, in order to raise the Price of Coals, or shall put into any Port by the Way, unless for necessity, by reason of Tempest and unavoidable Peril of the Sea, this Exemption from Pressing shall not be extended to them. And We do hereby make known to Our Loving Subjects, That for the Security of the Persons and Ships bringing and conveying Coals, as aforesaid, We have given effectual Order, that from time to time there shall be provided sufficient Convoys for their safe Passage and Conduct to and from the Parts and Places aforesaid. And Our Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby Declare, That if any Officers belonging to any Convoy imployed in this Service, shall neglect their Duty, or misdemean themselves, they shall lose their Places and Commands, and be further punished according to their Demerits. And to the end that all convenient Expedition may be used in Discharging all Ships and Vessels (that shall bring any Coals into the said Port of London) in order to their returning and renewing their Voyages, We do Require and Command, That no such Ship or Vessel shall be above Ten Days in Unlading, the said Days to begin and be reckoned from the time of Coming into the Pool or Place of Unlading. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Officers, Ministers, and Subjects whatsoever, both by Sea and Land, That they take Notice of Our Royal Will and Pleasure, published in this Our Proclamation, and give due Obedience thereunto at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twenty third Day of *April*, 1691. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1691.



W. 3. R. M. 2.

1d

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DIEU ET MON DROIT

A PROCLAMATION

Indemnifying ſuch as have been in ARMS before the firſt of JUNE *laſt. in Scotland.*

10. Sept. 1691.



WILLIAM and *MARY*, by the Grace of GOD, KING and QUEEN of *Great-Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defenders of the Faith; To Our *Lyon* King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Purſevants, Macers of our Privy Council, Meſſengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly and ſeverally, ſpecially conſtitute, Greeting: Whereas We did allow *John* Earl of *Bradalbin*, to meet with the Highlanders, and others in Arms againſt Us, and Our Authority, in order to the Reducing of them to Our Obedience, and by a Repreſentation made to Us in their Names, We underſtand their willingneſs to render themſelves in ſubjection to Our Authority and Laws, humbly asking Pardon for what is paſt, and Our Aſſiſtance, for accommodating ſome Differences and Feuds, which do at preſent, and have very long troubled theſe places; And We being ſatisfied, that nothing can conduce more to the Peace of the Highlands, and Reduce them from Rapine and Arms, to Virtue and Induſtry, than the taking away of the occaſions of theſe Differences and Feuds, which prevail with them, to neglect the opportunities, to Improve and Cultivate their Countrey, and to accuſtom themſelves to Depredations and Idleneſs; In order whereunto, We are reſolved Graciouſly to Pardon, Indemnifie, and Reſtore all that have been in Arms againſt Us and Our Government, who ſhall take the Oath of Allegiance, preſcribed by Our Act of Parliament, before the firſt day of *January* next. Therefore We, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, Do Indemnify, Pardon, and Forgive all that have been in Arms againſt Us or Our Government, before the firſt day of *June* laſt, of all Treaſons, Rebellions, Robberies, Depredations, Seditions, Leaſing-making, Hearing, and not Revealing of Treaſon; and generally, every thing that can be objected againſt any of the perſons foreſaids, for being in Arms or Rebellion, preceding the date hereof: Reſtoring and Reponing, all and every one of the ſaids perſons, who have been in Arms againſt Us, before the time foreſaid, to their Lives, Eſtates, Dignities, Fame and Blood, als fully and freely, as if they had never been guilty or had never been condemned for the Crimes foreſaids, and als fully and effectually as if each of them had particular Remiſſions, containing a ſpecial enumeration of their Crimes, duely and orderly expede under Our Great Seal for the ſame; upon this expreſs Condition always, That the perſons foreſaids, who have been in Arms before the time foreſaid, and ſhall plead, and take the benefit of this Our Gracious Indemnity, Swear and Sign the Oath of Allegiance to Us by themſelves, or the Sheriff Clerks ſubſcribing for ſuch as cannot Write, and that before famous VVitneſſes, betwixt and the firſt day of *January* next to come, in preſence of the Lords of Our Privy Council, or the Sheriff, or their Deputs of the reſpective Shires, where any of the ſaids perſons live; Requiring hereby, and Commanding the ſaids Sheriffs, their Deputs and Clerks, before whom any ſhall ſwear the ſaid Oath of Allegiance, for the benefit of this Our Indemnity, to tranſmit to the Clerks of Our Privy-Council, exact Liſts of all perſons by their ordinary Deſignations, who ſhall ſubſcribe the ſaid Oath in their preſence, and take the benefit of Our ſaid Indemnity, betwixt and the tenth day of the ſaid Month of *January* next, as they will be anſwerable at their highest peril. And VVe with Advice foreſaid, Do aſſure and Declare, all ſuch perſons who have been in Arms before the firſt of *June* laſt, and ſhall betwixt and the firſt of *January* next, take the benefit of this Our Gracious Indemnity, by Swearing and Signing, as ſaid is, the ſaid Oath of Allegiance to Us, that they ſhall be altogether free, ſafe, and ſecure from all manner of Puniſhment, Pains and Penalties, that can be inflicted upon them for open Rebellion, or any other of the Crimes above ſpecified,

fied; and that ſuch as ſhall continue obſtinate, and incorrigible, after this Gracious offer of Mercy, ſhall be puniſhed as Traytors and Rebels, and otherways, to the outmoſt extremity of Law: And VVe, with Advice foreſaid, Require and Command, all Judges and Miniſters of Our Law, to Interpret this preſent Indemnity in the moſt favourable and ample manner; Prohibiting and Diſcharging them to call in queſtion any of the perſons foreſaids, who ſhall take the benefit hereof in manner abovementioned, for any of the Crimes above-written, in time coming. OUR VVILL IS HEREFORE, and VVe Charge you ſtraitly and Command, that incontinent, theſe Our Letters ſeen, ye paſs to the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and to the remanent Mercat-Croſſes of the Head-Burghs of this Our Ancient Kingdom, and there, in Our Name and Authority, by open Proclamation, make intimation of the Premiſſes, as ye will anſwer to Us thereupon. And Ordains theſe Preſents to be Printed, and Publiſhed in manner foreſaid: The which to do, VVe commit to you, conjunctly and ſeverally, as ſaid is, Our full Power, by theſe Preſents, delivering them by you, duely Execute, and indorſed again to the bearer.

Given under Our Signet at Edinburgh, *the Twenty ſeventh day of* Auguſt, 1691. *And of Our Reign the Third Year.*

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii, & in Supplementum Signeti,

GILB. ELIOT, *Cls. Secreti. Concilii.*

GOD Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY.*

A PROCLAMATION,

For Adjourning the Parliament from the Sixteenth of Sept. 1691. *to the Fourteenth of* January, 1692.

WILLIAM and *MARY*, by the Grace of GOD, KING and QUEEN of *Great-Britain*, *France* and *Ireland*, Defenders of the Faith; To Our Lyon King at Arms, and his Brethren Heraulds, Macers of Our Privy Council, Purſevants, Meſſengers at Arms, Our Sheriffs in that part, conjunctly, and ſeverally, ſpecially conſtitute, Greeting: Forasmuch as We, with Advice of the Lords of Our Privy Council, Did by Our Proclamation of the date the fourth day of *May* laſt, Adjourn the current Parliament of this Our Ancient Kingdom of *Scotland*, from the Fifteenth of the ſaid Month, to the ſixteenth day of *September* next enſuing; And now in regard of our Abſence out of *Britain*, and that the preſent State of Our Affairs doth not require the Meeting of Our Parliament, ſo ſoon as the ſaid Sixteenth day of *September*, to which it was Adjourned; And that the Members of Parliament may not be put to the Trouble and Charge of Meeting upon the ſaid day: We therefore with Advice of the Lords of Our Privy Council, hereby Adjourn Our ſaid current Parliament, until the Fourteenth day of *January*, in the Year One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety two; Hereby requiring all the Members of Our Parliament, to attend that Day at *Edinburgh*, in the uſual way, and under the Certifications contained in the ſeveral Acts of Parliament. OUR WILL IS HEREFORE, and We Charge you ſtrictly, and Command, that incontinent theſe Our Letters ſeen, ye paſs to the Mercat-Croſs of *Edinburgh*, and remanent Mercat-Croſſes of the Head-Burghs of this Our Antient Kingdom, and there in our Name and Authority, by open Proclamation, make Intimation of the ſaid Adjournment of Our Parliament of this Kingdom, from the ſaid Sixteenth day of *September* next enſuing, to the ſaid Fourteenth of *January* thereafter, in the ſaid Year, One thouſand ſix hundred and ninety two; and Ordains theſe Preſents to be Printed and Publiſhed, as ye will anſwer to Us thereupon: The which to do, We commit to you conjunctly and ſeverally, as ſaid is, Our full Power by theſe Preſents, delivering them be you duly Execute and Indorſed again to the Bearer.

Given under Our Signet at Edinburgh, *the Twenty ſeventh day of* Auguſt, *and of Our Reign the Third Year,* 1691.

Per Actum Dominorum Secreti Concilii, & in Supplementum Signeti,

DA. MONCRIEF, *Cls. Secreti. Concilii.*

GOD Save King *WILLIAM* and Queen *MARY.*

Edinburgh, Printed by the Heir of *Andrew Anderſon*, Printer to Their moſt Excellent MAJESTIES, *Anno Dom.* 1691.

And Re-printed for *Richard Baldwin*, near the *Oxford-Arms-Inn*, *Warwick-Lane.*

By the King and Queen,
A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring the Attendance of the Members of both Houſes of Parliament.

MARIE R.



WE being deſirous that the Members of both Houſes may have convenient Notice of the time when their Attendance in Parliament will be Requiſite, to the end they may order their Affairs as that there may then be a full Aſſembly, have (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Declaring and Publiſhing Our Will and Pleaſure, That Our Parliament ſhall on the Fifth of October next, (to which Day the ſame is now Prorogued) be further Prorogued unto Thurſday the Two and twentieth Day of the ſame Month. In order to which Prorogation, We ſhall expect the Attendance only of ſuch Members as ſhall be Reſident in or near Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter. And Our purpoſe being, That Our ſaid Houſes of Parliament ſhall not only meet upon the ſaid Two and twentieth of October, but ſhall Sit for the Diſpatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs, We do therefore hereby Charge and Require all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons to give their Attendance at Weſtminſter on the ſaid Two and twentieth Day of October next accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twenty fourth Day of *September*, 1691. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1691.

A PROCLAMATION
By the King and Council



1st K Great Britain now Ireland Wm & Mary

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By the King and Queen,

27. Oct. 1691.

A PROCLAMATION

For a Publick THANKSGIVING.

For ye preservation of ye Kings person & reducing of Ireland, to be kept on. 26. Novemb. 1691.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas Their Majesties in serious Consideration of the War in which Their Majesties (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) were (and still are) Engaged against the French King, did, by Their Royal Proclamation bearing Date the Ninth day of April last, Appoint a General Monthly Fast to be kept throughout this Kingdom, by Solemn Humiliation and Repentance of Our Sins, and by humble Supplications to Almighty God for the Preservation of Their Majesties Sacred Persons, and the Prosperous Success of Their Arms, which hath been Religiously kept and observed accordingly. And forasmuch as it hath pleased Almighty God of his Infinite Goodness, in answer to the Prayers offered up on that Occasion, to Protect His Majesty from great and manifold Dangers in his late Expedition beyond the Seas, and bring him back in Safety, and to Preserve Their Majesties and Their Government against all the Wicked Machinations and Designs of Open and Secret Enemies, and by a Wonderful Success of Their Arms to Reduce the Kingdom of Ireland entirely to Their Obedience, Whereby Their Majesties are now Established in the full Possession of Their Three Kingdoms, and in a Condition, With the Blessing of God, to Settle the same in a firm and lasting state of Safety, Honour, and Prosperity. Their Majesties therefore with all Humility Adoring the Mercy of the Divine Providence manifested to Them and Their People, and duly considering that Publick and Signal Blessings do call for Publick and Solemn Acknowledgments, have thought fit, and by, and With the Advice of Their Privy Council do hereby Appoint and Command that a General and Publick Thanksgiving to Almighty God for these great Blessings be Observed throughout this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in most Devout and Solemn manner on Thursday the Six and twentieth Day of November next ensuing. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing of the same, Their Majesties have given Direction to the Most Reverend the Arch-Bishops, and the Right Reverend Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely dispersing of the same through their respective Dioceses. And Their Majesties do strictly Charge and Command, That the said day of Publick Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of such Punishments as Their Majesties can justly inflict for the Contempt or Neglect thereof.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Two and twentieth Day of *October*, 1691. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. M DC XCI.



By the King and Queen,

A DECLARATION

Requiring all Officers and Soldiers to Obſerve ſtrict Diſcipline, and for Payment of Quarters.

10. Dec. 1691

WILLIAM R.



Whereas after the Succeſs wherewith it has pleaſed Almighty God to bleſs Our Arms in the Reduction of Our Kingdom of Ireland, It is neceſſary that many of Our Forces Employed therein be Tranſported into this Kingdom in Order to be otherwiſe diſpoſed of, as Our Service ſhall Require; And to the end that the ſaid Forces be kept in good Order and Diſcipline, and that Our Subjects may not ſuffer by any Diſorders or Misbehaviour of any Officers or Soldiers Within Our Pay or Entertainment; We have thought fit hereby to Declare Our Royal Will and Pleaſure, That in what place ſoever any of Our Forces ſhall Paſs or Remain, they ſhall duly pay their Quarters at the Rates and Allowances Limited and Directed by Act of Parliament in that behalf, beyond which no private Soldier or Officer of any Regiment, Troop or Company is to be truſted for any Proviſions or Sum of Money on any Account or Pretence whatſoever in their Quarters. And We do likewiſe ſtrictly forbid all Our Officers and Soldiers to uſe any Violence or Threatning Words to any Perſon Whatſoever, or to give any Offence, or Juſt Cauſe of Complaint: And in caſe any of Our ſaid Officers, or Soldiers ſhall Preſume to Commit any Spoil or Diſorder, or uſe any Violence or Threatning Words, or otherwiſe Misbehave themſelves, We do hereby further Declare that beſides the Ordinary courſe of Juſtice for Redreſs, if the Perſons Agrieved ſhall make known the ſame to the Superiour Officers, the ſaid Officers ſhall and are hereby Required to cauſe Satisfaction immediately to be made, and that if ſuch Officers to whom complaint is made, ſhall Forbear or Delay the cauſing due Satisfaction to be given as aforeſaid, the Perſons to whom the Wrong is done, may then further preſent their Complaint to Us, that We may Order ſpeedy Juſtice to be done them, by Reparation of the Injury, and by cauſing the Officers and Soldiers ſo Offending to be forthwith Caſhiered, and ſuch further Puniſhments to be Inflicted on them as the Nature and Quality of their Offences ſhall Deſerve. And We do further Declare Our Will and Pleaſure to be, That no Officer or Soldier in their March or Quarters, ſhall be Lodged in any Private Houſe Whatſoever, Without the Free and Voluntary Conſent of the Owner, and that in caſe any Officers or Soldiers ſhall for any Reward or Conſideration Leave or Change the Quarters Appointed them, or ſhall Demand or Exact Money for Quarters, or to Exempt any Perſons from the ſame, they ſhall be Puniſhed by Caſhiering, and loſs of their Pay. And We do likewiſe Strictly Prohibit and Forbid all Officers and Soldiers to Deſtroy or Diſturb the Game in any manner Whatſoever, Without Leave from Us, the Lords of the reſpective Manors, or others to whom it may belong to Grant the ſame: It being Our Royal Intention and Command, That all Officers and Soldiers in Our Service behave themſelves Orderly in all things according to Law and Military Diſcipline, as becomes them, upon Pain of the Severeſt Conſequences of Our High Diſpleaſure.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Third Day of *December*, 1691. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. M DC XCI.





gratis.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Encouraging Seamen and Mariners to Enter themſelves on Their Majeſties Ships of War.

29. Dec. 1691.

WILLIAM R.



E being deſirous to give all due Encouragement to ſuch Seamen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, have thought fit by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation: And We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch Seamen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves on Board any of Our Ships of War, of the Firſt, Second, and Third Rates, before the Twentieth Day of January next, ſhall receive Six Weeks Pay, as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, which ſhall be paid them before the reſpective Ships to which they belong ſhall Sail from the Buoy of the Nore. And We do hereby further Declare, That no ſuch able Seamen that ſhall ſo Voluntarily Enter themſelves within the time before mentioned on Board any of Our Ships of the Firſt, and Second Rates, ſhall be Turned Over to other Ships. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen to Repair on Board the reſpective Ships on which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and give their Conſtant Attendance, for fitting out to Sea ſuch Ships as each of them do belong unto. And We are alſo Graciouſly pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall likewiſe be Allowed to ſuch able Seamen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true meaning of this Our Proclamation. And for the prevention of any Deceits and Abuſes that may happen by any Perſon or Perſons leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our ſaid Ships, as aforeſaid, in Order to the Obtaining of the Bounty-Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare, and Command, That ſuch Seamen, belonging to any of Our Ships or Veſſels whatſoever, as ſhall leave any the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships, in Order to the Obtaining of the ſaid Bounty-Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship, which they ſhall ſo leave, but ſhall alſo be ſeverely Puniſhed according to their Demerits.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the One and twentieth Day of *December*, 1691. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1691.

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gratis.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring all Seamen and Mariners to Render themſelves to Their Majeſties Service.

WILLIAM R. 4. Feb. 169½



Whereas divers Seamen and Mariners have lately left their uſual and ordinary Places of Abode, and have removed themſelves into ſome private and obſcure Places, endeavouring thereby to Avoid or Eſcape from Our preſent Service: We therefore, by the Advice of Our Priby Council, have thought fit to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; And do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Seamen and Mariners remaining in any County of England or Wales, and not Liſted in Our Service, That they forthwith Render themſelves unto the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Our Navy in London, or to the Commiſſioners of the Navy at Chatham, or to the Commiſſioners of the Navy at Portſmouth, or to the Stores-keeper and Muſter-Maſter for the Navy at Harwich for the time being, or to Henry Greenhill Agent for the Navy at Plimouth, or to Robert Henley at Briſtol, or to the reſpective Collectors of the Cuſtoms for the ſeveral Ports and Places following, *Viz.* Ipſwich, Wells, Lynn, Boſton, Scarborough, Sunderland, Whitby, Southampton, Cowes, Poole, Weymouth, Lyme, Topſham, Dartmouth, Falmouth, Looe, Fowy, Truro, Pembroke, Newcaſtle, Hull, Leverpoole, and Great Yarmouth, in order to their being Received into Pay, and Sent on Board ſuch of Our Ships as ſhall be found moſt expedient for Our Service: And if any of them ſhall hereafter be found out or diſcovered to have neglected to Obey this Our Royal Command, they ſhall be proceeded againſt with all Severity. And We do hereby Require all Mayors, Bayliffs, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, Conſtables, and other Officers to whom it doth or may appertain, That they cauſe diligent Search to be made within all and every their Precincts, for the ſaid Seamen and Mariners, and to Seize and Secure the Perſons of ſuch of them as ſhall be there found, and alſo all looſe and unknown Perſons whatſoever, who may juſtly be ſuſpected to be Seamen or Watermen, and Cauſe them to be ſent to the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Our Navy in London, or to ſuch other of the Perſons and Places aforeſaid, to which they may moſt conveniently be ſent, in order to their being Employed in Our Service; And alſo ſend up to Our Priby Council a Liſt of the Names of all ſuch Seamen and Mariners as they ſhall procure for the Service aforeſaid, together with the Names of the reſpective Perſons to whom, and Places to which they ſhall ſend them. And the ſaid Principal Officers and Commiſſioners, and other Perſons aforeſaid, ſhall give Receipts in Writing for the ſeveral Seamen and Mariners delivered to them in purſuance hereof. And We do hereby ſtraitly Charge and Command, That no Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, do preſume to Conceal, or to Further or Favour the Eſcape of any Seamen or Mariners, or looſe and unknown Perſons aforeſaid, upon Pain that all and ſingular Perſons offending herein, be forthwith Committed to Priſon by the next Juſtice of the Peace or other Magiſtrate, and Proſecuted with all Severity according to Law, as Perſons Conſpiring againſt Us and the Safety of Our Kingdom. And We are hereby pleaſed further to make known, That We have given effectual Orders to the reſpective Officers and Perſons herein above appointed, to Receive the ſaid Men, and for Paying forthwith to the Conductors the Impreſt and Conduct-Money Diſburſed upon this Service.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twenty eighth Day of *January*, 169½. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 169½.



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By the King and Queen,
A PROCLAMATION.

Agt Deserting & Absenting of Seamen.
4. febr. 169½

WILLIAM R.

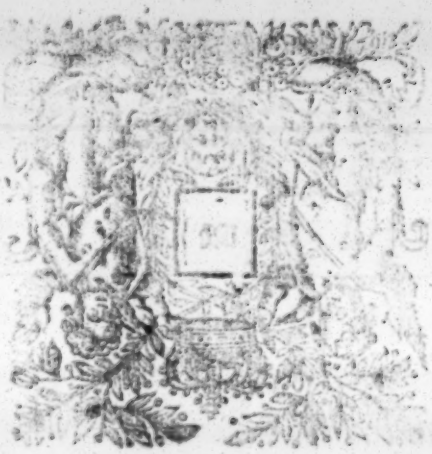


Whereas We have received Information, That divers Seamen and Mariners, who have been Hired and Impressed in Our Service, and do belong to Our Ships of War, do absent themselves from Our said Ships, and betake themselves on Board several Merchant Ships and Vessels, with an intent to depart out of this Our Kingdom without Our Royal Licence in that behalf first Obtained; We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Require and Command all and singular Seamen, Mariners, and Seafaring Men belonging to any of Our Ships of War, and Absenting themselves from the same, as aforesaid, that they and every of them, do forthwith upon the Publishing of this Our Proclamation, Repair on Board such of Our respective Ships or Vessels unto which they do belong, upon Pain of their being punished as Deserters; Hereby Declaring, That as We are very desirous of giving all due Encouragement to such Seamen and Mariners Employed in Our Service, as shall be found doing their Duty in their several Stations and Employments, So We are resolved to Proceed with the utmost Severity of Law against all such as shall neglect to give Obedience to this Our Proclamation. And We do hereby Command all Captains, Commanders, and other Officers of Our Ships, whom it may concern, to make diligent Search on Board all Merchant Ships, for any such Seamen who do or shall Absent themselves from Our Service, and upon finding them, to take them from on Board such Merchant Ships, and Secure them, in Order to their being brought to Condign Punishment.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty eighth Day of *January*, 169½. In the Third Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 169½.



A PROCLAMATION

BY THE KING.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Concerning PASSES.

19. March. 169½

MARIE R.



Whereas by the Treaties concluded between Our Royal Uncle King Charles the Second, and the Government of Algiers, the Tenth day of April, One thousand six hundred eighty two, and the Fifth day of April, One thousand six hundred eighty six, It is Agreed, That all Merchants Ships and other Vessels of Our Subjects should be obliged to produce a Pass under the Hand and Seal of the Lord High Admiral, or Commissioners for Executing that Office; And whereas of late several Merchants Ships of Our Subjects having (as We are informed) neglected to take such Passes on board them, have in their Voyages been Seized for want of the same: We being desirous that none of Our Subjects hereafter may run into the like Inconvenience by their Negligence and Remissness in a matter that so much concerns them, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation; And do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Magistrates and Officers of the Customes in all and every the Ports of Our Dominions, to give Notice thereof to all Our Loving Subjects whatsoever therein concerned, and that they may have Passes for their several Ships and Vessels, upon demanding them from Our Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or Our High Admiral for the time being, according to the Rules prescribed and used in granting the same.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Seventeenth Day of *March*, 169½. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 169½.



1d.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Proroguing the PARLIAMENT.

On ye 12th of April. unto ye 24th of May. after.

19. March. 169½

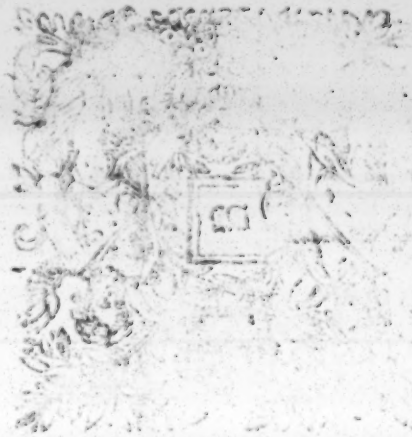
Marie R.

HEREAS Our Houſes of Parliament (purſuant to Our Pleaſure in that behalf ſignified) are Adjourned to the Twelfth Day of April next: We Judging it not Requiſite that they ſhould Sit at that time, have (With the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Declaring and Publiſhing Our Will and Pleaſure, That Our Parliament ſhall on the ſaid Twelfth Day of April be Prorogued unto the Four and Twentieth Day of May next; at which Prorogation We ſhall Expect the Attendance only of ſuch Members as ſhall be Reſident in or near Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter. And We do hereby further Declare, That convenient Notice ſhall be given by Proclamation of the time when Our Parliament ſhall Meet, and Sit for the diſpatch of Buſineſs, to the end that the Members of both Houſes may Order their Affairs accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Seventeenth Day of *March*, 169½ In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 169½.



By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Commanding all Papiſts, and Reputed Papiſts, forthwith to depart from the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and from within Ten Miles of the ſame.

4. May. 1692.

MARIE R.



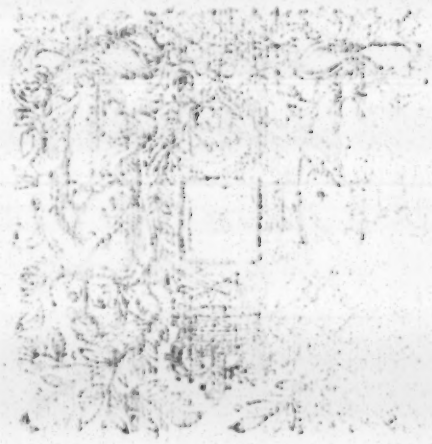
Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the First Year of Our Reign, Entituled, An Act for the Amoving Papiſts, and Reputed Papiſts from the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and Ten Miles diſtance from the ſame; It is thereby required that the Lord Mayor of London for the time being, and Juſtices of the Peace of the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Borough of Southwark, and County of Middleſex, ſhould within their reſpective Limits cauſe to be brought before them every Perſon or Perſons not being a Merchant-Stranger Within the ſaid Cities, or Ten Miles diſtance of the ſame, as were, or Were Reputed to be Papiſts, and Tender unto him or them the Declaration mentioned in the ſaid Act; and upon Refuſal to Make and Subſcribe the ſaid Declaration, he or they ſhould Suffer as a Popiſh Recuſant Convict. And whereas notwithſtanding the ſaid Act, and ſeveral other Acts of Parliament againſt Papiſts Reſorting to the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Places thereunto adjacent, We are Informed that divers Popiſh Recuſants intending to Diſturb the Peace and Safety of this Our Kingdom, have lately Reſorted to the ſaid Cities and Places in great Numbers, and thereby having the Opportunity to Meet, have taken great Boldneſs to Conſult and Proſecute divers Miſchievous and Treaſonable Deſigns and Practices againſt Us and Our Government: We have therefore thought fit (by the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Papiſts and Reputed Papiſts (Except Merchant-Strangers, and ſuch other Perſons as in the ſaid Act are Excepted) on, or before the Ninth Day of this inſtant May, to Depart out of the ſaid Cities, and from all Places Within the Diſtance of Ten Miles of the ſame.

And We do hereby ſtraightly Charge and Command the Lord Mayor of London, and all Juſtices of the Peace of the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Borough of Southwark, and all Conſtables, and other Our Officers, and Miniſters of Juſtice Within the ſaid Cities and Places, that they do make ſtrict Search and Enquiry for, and with all Vigour Proceed againſt all and every Perſon or Perſons who ſhall be found Within the ſaid Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Within Ten Miles of the ſame, contrary to the Effect of the abovementioned Acts, and the Purport of this Our Proclamation. And We do further ſtrictly Charge and Command, That immediately after the ſaid Ninth Day of May, the Conſtables, Churchwardens, and other Officers Within the ſaid Cities and Places, do go from Houſe to Houſe in their ſeveral Pariſhes, Hamlets, Conſtableries and Diviſions reſpectively, and there take an Account of the Names and Sirnames of all ſuch Perſons as are Popiſh Recuſants, or Reputed ſo to be, as Well Houſholders as Lodgers or Servants, and to carry a Liſt of their Names to the two next Juſtices of the Peace, Who are hereby required to Send for, and Proceed againſt them (Excepting always Merchant-Forreigners, Settled Houſekeepers, and other Perſons in the ſaid Acts Excepted) as aforeſaid. And they the ſaid Juſtices are likewiſe Required, When they ſhall have received ſuch Liſt or Liſts, to Certifie the ſame, together With their Proceedings thereupon, to Our Privy Council.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Third Day of *May*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1692.



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By the King and Queen, A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring the Attendance of the Members of both Houſes of PARLIAMENT. on ye 24th of May. 1692.

6. May. 1692.

Marie R.



Whereas by Our Proclamation bearing Date the Seventeenth Day of March laſt, We did Declare, That convenient Notice ſhould be given by Proclamation of the Time when Our Parliament ſhould Meet, and Sit for the diſpatch of Buſineſs, We have therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Iſſue this Our Proclamation, hereby Declaring and Publiſhing Our Will and Pleaſure, That Our Parliament, which is now Prorogued to the Four and twentieth Day of this Inſtant May, ſhall on the ſaid Day Meet and Sit for the Diſpatch of ſuch Weighty and Important Affairs, as may be Requiſite for the Safety of this Our Kingdom, in a time when it is Threatned with a Powerful Invaſion from Abroad: And We do hereby Charge and Require all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons, accordingly to give their Attendance at Weſtminſter on the ſaid Four and twentieth Day of this Inſtant May.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fifth Day of *May*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1692.

1d.

131

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For ye Discovering & Apprehending ye Earl of Scarsdale, Earl of Litchfield & others for treason, who are fled.

Marie R.

10. May. 1692.



Whereas Their Majesties have received Information that the Persons herein after particularly Named, have Conspired together, and with divers other disaffected Persons, to Disturb and Destroy Their Government, and for that Purpose have Abetted and Adhered to Their Majesties Enemies: For which Cause several Warrants for High Treason have lately been Issued out against them; but they have Withdrawn themselves from their usual Places of Abode, and are Fled from Justice. Their Majesties have therefore thought fit (by the Advice of Their Privy Council) to Issue this Their Royal Proclamation, and Their Majesties do hereby Command and Require all Their Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend Robert Earl of Scarsdale, Edward Henry Earl of Litchfield, Edward Lord Griffin, Charles Earl of Newburgh, Charles Earl of Middleton, Charles Earl of Dunmore, Lord Forbes, Eldest Son of the Earl of Granard, James Griffin Esq; Sir John Fenwick, Sir Theophilus Oglethorpe, Sir Andrew Forrester, Colonel Henry Slingsby, James Grahme Esq; Orby, Second Son of Sir Thomas Orby, Deceased; Colonel Edward Sackvile, Oliver St. George, Esq; Son of Sir Oliver St George; Major Thomas Soaper, Charles Adderley Esq; David Lloyd Esq; George Porter Esq; Son of Thomas Porter Esq; Deceased, and Edward Stafford Esq; whereever they may be found; and to Carry them before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to Remain until they be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And Their Majesties do hereby Require the said Justice, or other Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Them, or Their Privy Council. And Their Majesties do hereby Publish and Declare to all Persons that shall Conceal the Persons above Named, or any of them, or be Aiding and Assisting in the Concealing of them, or Furthering their Escape, that they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence with the utmost Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Ninth Day of *May*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1692.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen,
A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring the PARLIAMENT shall be Prorogued until the Fourteenth Day of June next.

17 May 1692.

Marie R.



Whereas Our Parliament is now Prorogued to the Four and twentieth Day of this Instant May; And whereas by Our Proclamation of the Fifth of this Month, for the Reason therein mentioned, We thought fit to Declare Our Pleasure, That Our Parliament should not only Meet on the said Four and twentieth Day of May, but should Continue then to Sit for the Dispatch of their [illegible] Affairs. We taking it into Our Royal Consideration, That Our Navy being now at Sea, and Joyned with that of Our Allies, and in a readiness (by the Blessing of God) to Resist and Repel the Designs and Attempts of Our Enemies: And being unwilling to Call Our Subjects from their Habitations at this Season of the Year, unless in case of Necessity, have therefore thought fit (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Publish and Declare, and We do hereby Publish and Declare Our Royal Pleasure, That Our Parliament shall upon the said Four and twentieth Day of May, be further Prorogued to the Fourteenth Day of June next, Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of the House of Commons, and all others whom it may concern, may hereby take Notice, and Order their Affairs accordingly. We letting them know, That We will not at the said Four and twentieth Day of May expect the Attendance of any, but such as being in or about the Cities of London and Westminster, may Attend the making of the said Prorogation, in such manner as heretofore in like Cases has been accustomed. And We do hereby further Declare, That convenient Notice shall be given by Proclamation, of the time when Our Parliament shall Meet and Sit for the Dispatch of Business, to the end that the Members of both Houses may Order their Affairs accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Sixteenth Day of *May*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1692.

God save King William and Queen MARY.

A PROCLAMATION
By the King and Queen.



MARIE R.

Declaring the PARLIAMENT shall be Prorogued until the
Fourteenth Day of June next.

1d.

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By the King and Queen,

A DECLARATION,

Requiring all Officers and Soldiers to Obſerve ſtrict Diſcipline, and for Payment of Quarters.

24. June. 1692

MARIE R.



TO the end Our Forces may be kept in good Order and Diſcipline, and Our Subjects not Suffer by any Diſorders or Misbehaviour of any Officers and Soldiers Within Our Pay and Entertainment, We have thought fit hereby to Declare Our Royal Will and Pleaſure, That in What Place ſoever any of Our Forces ſhall Paſs or Remain, they ſhall duly Pay their Quarters, according to the Inſtructions We have given them for that purpoſe; Which ſaid Inſtructions We have Commanded the Colonel or Officer in Chief With any Regiment, Troop or Company, to Communicate and Publiſh to the Chief Magiſtrate of the City, Town or Village where he is or ſhall be Quartered, and alſo to all others Who ſhall be concerned, as ſoon as he Marches into the ſame, beyond Which no Officer or Private Soldier is to be Truſted on any Account or Pretence whatſoever, in their ſaid Quarters; And Whereas We have already Charged and Required the Officers of Our Army to make or cauſe Satisfaction to be made for all Injuries already done by themſelves, or Soldiers under their Command, upon Pain of Our heavy Diſpleaſure; So We do for the future ſtrictly Forbid all Our ſaid Officers and Soldiers to Uſe any Violence or Threatning Words to any Perſon whatſoever, or give any Offence or juſt Cauſe of Complaint.

And in caſe any of Our ſaid Officers or Soldiers ſhall preſume to Commit any Spoil or Diſorder, or uſe any Violence or Threatning Words, or otherwiſe Misbehave themſelves, We do hereby further Declare, That beſides the ordinary Courſe of Juſtice for Redreſs, if the Perſons agrieved ſhall make known the ſame to the Superiour Officers, the ſaid Officers ſhall, and are hereby Required to cauſe Satisfaction immediately to be made; and that if ſuch Officers to Whom Complaint is made, ſhall Forbear or Delay the cauſing due Satisfaction to be given, as aforeſaid, the Perſons to whom Wrong is done, are to make their further Complaint to any two Juſtices of the Peace of the County, City, or Place where the Offence is committed, Which ſaid Juſtices We do Require to repreſent the ſame forthwith to Us, That We may order ſpeedy Juſtice to be done by Reparation of the Injury, and cauſing the Officers and Soldiers ſo Offending, to be puniſhed as the Nature and Quality of their Offences ſhall deſerve. And We do further Declare Our Will and Pleaſure to be, That no Officer or Soldier in their March or Quarters ſhall be Lodged in any Private houſe Whatſoever, without the Free and Voluntary Conſent of the Owner, and that in caſe any Officers or Soldiers ſhall for any Reward or Conſideration, Leave or Change the Quarters appointed them, or ſhall Demand or Exact Money for Quarters, or to Exempt any Perſon from the ſame, they ſhall be puniſhed by Caſhiering and Loſs of their Pay. And We do likewiſe ſtrictly Prohibit and Forbid all Officers and Soldiers to Deſtroy or Diſturb the Game in any manner Whatſoever, Without Leave from Us, the Lords of the reſpective Manors, or others to Whom it may belong to grant the ſame, it being Our Royal Intention and Command, that all Officers and Soldiers in Our Service behave themſelves Orderly in all things, according to Law and Military Diſcipline as becomes them, upon Pain of the Severeſt Conſequences of Our High Diſpleaſure.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty third Day of *June*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the Kings and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1692.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

To Explain a Clauſe in a late Proclamation [*for Encouraging Seamen and Mariners to Enter themſelves on Their Majeſties Service*] Dated the One and twentieth Day of *December*, 1691.

1. Aug. 1692

MARIE R.



Whereas in Our ſaid Royal Proclamation there is this following Clauſe [And We do hereby further Declare, That no ſuch able Seamen that ſhall ſo voluntarily Enter themſelves within the time before mentioned on Board any of Our Ships of the Firſt and Second Rates, ſhall be turned over to other Ships] **which Clauſe as it may be underſtood, may prove prejudicial to Our Service, and not according to Our Royal Intentions, for by the purport thereof, ſuch able Seamen as did Enter themſelves on Board of any of Our Firſt and Second Rate Ships as abovesaid, may claim of right to be Cleared and Paid off, in caſe by Accident or Streſs of Weather ſuch Ship at her firſt going out ſhould happen to be diſabled from the Summers Service, or elſe ſuch Seamen ſo Entring themſelves will have Pay for no Service, if they may not be turned over to other Ships, during the time the Ship on which they are Entred is Refitting. Wherefore to avoid ſuch Inconveniencies, and that ſuch able Seamen who Entred themſelves, as aforeſaid, may have the benefit of Our Royal Intentions and Encouragement to them; We do hereby, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, Explain the ſaid Clauſe, and Declare by this Our Royal Proclamation, That when any of Our Ships of the Firſt or Second Rates ſhall be ſent in to be Refitted or Repaired, and not laid up, the Men belonging to ſuch Ship or Ships, though Voluntiers, and Entred as aforeſaid, may be turned over to any other Ship or Ships in Our Royal Navy, by Directions from the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord high Admiral of England, according as our Service ſhall require, during ſuch time only as ſuch Ship or Ships ſo ſent in, as aforeſaid, ſhall be Repairing or kept in Pay: And We do further Declare, That when ſuch Ship or Ships ſhall be Repaired, and ſent out to Service again, the ſame Men, being Voluntiers, and turned over as aforeſaid, ſhall be again returned to their Ship or Ships on which they Entred themſelves Voluntiers, unleſs they deſire to continue in the Ships to which they ſhall be turned over, that when ſuch Ship or Ships ſhall be laid up, and put out of Pay, ſuch Voluntiers may be Paid off, and Cleared; In Order to which, We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command Our Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord high Admiral of England, not to turn over ſuch Voluntiers into any Ship or Ships, that ſhall be Employed in any Foreign Voyages, but into ſuch Ship or Ships that ſhall be Employed in Our Main Fleet, or Chanel-Service only.**

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty eighth Day of *July*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1692.



A PROCLAMATION

To Excite a Charitable Collection for the Relief of the Poor.

At the Court at the Queen's Palace, the Seventh Day of December, 1781.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATIOI

For the better Diſcovery of Seditious Libellers.

MARIE R.

17. Sept. 1692.



E being ſenſible that divers Evil Diſpoſed Perſons being not Reformed or Wrought upon by Our Grace and Favour, notwithſtanding We have extended Our Royal Mercy and Clemency to Our Subjects, as well by Our General as Particular Pardons, ſince Our Acceſſion to the Crown, do make it their buſineſs as well to Write as Print ſundry Falſe, Infamous, and Scandalous Libels, endeavouring thereby not only to Traduce and Reproach the Eccleſiaſtical and Temporal Government of this Kingdom, and the publick Miniſters of the ſame, but alſo to ſtir up and diſpoſe the minds of Our Subjects to Sedition and Rebellion: For the diſcovery of which Wicked Offenders, and to the intent they may receive ſuch Puniſhments as the Laws of this Our Realm in ſuch Caſes direct, We (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) do by this Our Royal Proclamation Publiſh and Declare, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall diſcover or make known to either of Our Principal Secretaries of State, or to any Juſtice of the Peace, the Perſon or Perſons to whom any ſuch Libel at any time ſince Our laſt General Pardon, hath been, or ſhall hereafter be brought, and by him or them received, in order to Print, or Tranſcribe the ſame, or the place where ſuch Libel ſhall be Printing, or Tranſcribing, whereby the ſame ſhall happen to be Seized, or the Perſon or Perſons by whom any ſuch Libel at any time ſince Our ſaid General Pardon hath been or ſhall hereafter be Printed, Tranſcribed, or otherwiſe Publiſhed, or ſhall diſcover and make known to either of Our ſaid Principal Secretaries of State, or to any Juſtice of Peace, any Preſs kept contrary to Law by any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, he or they making every ſuch Diſcovery ſhall have and receive as a Reward from Us the Sum of Twenty Pounds. And We do further hereby Publiſh and Declare, That if any Perſon or Perſons ſhall Diſcover and make known to either of Our ſaid Principal Secretaries of State, or to a Juſtice of the Peace, the Author of any ſuch Libel, which at any time ſince Our ſaid General Pardon has been or ſhall hereafter be deviſed and made, or the Perſon or Perſons Who at any time ſince Our ſaid General Pardon have, or hath handed, or brought, or ſhall hereafter hand or bring any ſuch Libel to the Preſs, or to any Perſon or Perſons in order to Print the ſame, ſo that they may be brought to Puniſhment, he or they making ſuch Diſcovery ſhall receive and have from Us the Sum of Fifty Pounds. And to the end that the Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery may without any Charge or Attendance immediately after the ſame made, receive the reſpective Rewards hereby propoſed, We do by this Our Royal Proclamation Require the Commiſſioners of Our Treaſury, or Our High Treaſurer of England for the time being, that upon a Certificate from either of Our Principal Secretaries of State, or any Juſtice of the Peace of any ſuch Diſcovery made, he or they do ſatisfie and pay the ſaid reſpective Sums to the Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery without any Delay or Abatement whatſoever. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all and every Our Juſtices of the Peace, to whom ſuch Diſcovery ſhall be made, that he or they with all poſſible ſpeed do give Notice thereof to Us, or to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, to the end that the ſaid Libels may be Suppreſſed, and the Parties offending effectually proſecuted.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirteenth Day of *September*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

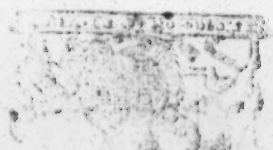
God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1692.

A PROCLAMATION

For the better Discovery of Seditious Libels

By the King and Queen.



17.

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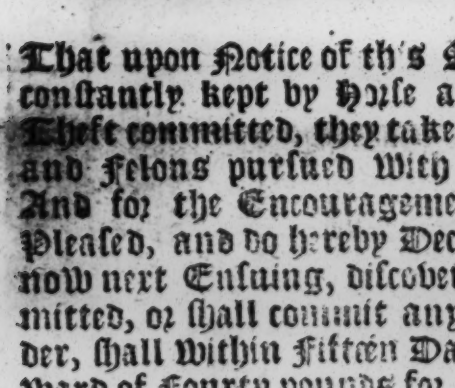
By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Discovery and Apprehending of Highway Men and Robbers, and for a Reward to the Discoverers.

Marie R.

17. Sept. 1692



Whereas in Contempt of the Laws and Well Established Government of this Kingdom, many Robberies upon the Highways have been of late frequently committed, to the great Terrour and Damage of Our Loving Subjects; and We being desirous to secure all Our People in Travelling and Going about their Lawful Occasions by Suppressing and Preventing the said Mischiefs, and Bringing the Offenders to condign Punishment, do therefore (by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) hereby straightly Charge and Command all Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Bayliffs, Constables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, and other Our Officers, Ministers and Subjects, to whom it doth or may appertain, That they and every of them in their respective Places and Stations do use their utmost Endeavours for the Discovery and Apprehending all Highway Men and Robbers. And in order thereunto, We do hereby Declare Our Will and Pleasure to be, and do hereby Require and Command all and every Our Justices of the Peace throughout this Our Realm of England, Dominion of Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That upon Notice of this Our Royal Proclamation they do Take Order, and See that due Watch and Ward be constantly kept by Horse and Foot, and that after Notice to them given of any Robbery on the Highway, or other Theft committed, they take Care that Hue and Cry be made after Robbers, and other Pursuit be made and raised, and Felons pursued With the utmost Diligence that the Law requireth for the Apprehending of the Offenders. And for the Encouragement of all Persons to put in Execution this Our Proclamation, We are Graciously Pleased, and do hereby Declare, That all and every Person and Persons who shall at any time within One Year now next Ensuing, discover to any Justice of Peace, or any other Officer of Justice, any Person that hath committed, or shall commit any Robbery on the High Way, and shall Apprehend or cause to be Apprehended such Offender, shall Within Fifteen Days after Conviction of such Offender so Apprehended upon such Discovery, have a Reward of Fourty pounds for every such Offender so Apprehended and Convicted, and all and every Sheriff and Sheriffs of the respective Counties where such Conviction shall be had, are hereby required upon the Certificate of the Judge, or under the Hand of Two or more Justices before Whom such Conviction shall be had, to pay unto such Person or Persons who shall Discover and Apprehend such Offender, or upon whose Discovery such Offender shall be Apprehended, the said Reward of Fourty Pounds within the time aforesaid, for every Offender so Apprehended and Convicted, out of the Publick Money received by him in that County, which shall be allowed to him upon his Account in Our Exchequer. And to that purpose We do hereby Direct and Command Our Under-Treasurer, and Chancellor of Our Exchequer, Barons, and all other Our Officers of Our said Court and every of them, to allow unto every Sheriff and Sheriffs, so from time to time paying the said Rewards, such Monies as he or they shall actually pay upon such Certificate for the Reward as aforesaid, without any Charge unto, or Fees or Money to be demanded of such Sheriff for passing such part of his said Account, in Discharge from Us of so much Money by him so paid or to be paid, or for allowance to be made unto such Sheriff for Reimbursing him or them any Money so from time to time paid or to be paid in Obedience to this Our Proclamation for the Purposes abovementioned, for Allowance whereof this Our Proclamation shall be a sufficient Warrant.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirteenth Day of *September*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1692.



By the King and Queen,
A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring the Attendance of the Members of both Houſes of PARLIAMENT.

MARIE R.

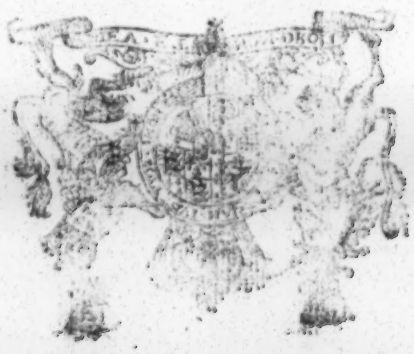


E being deſirous that the Members of both Houſes may have convenient Notice of the time when their Attendance in Parliament will be Requiſite, to the end they may order their Affairs, ſo as that there may then be a Full Aſſembly, Have (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Declaring and Publiſhing Our Will and Pleaſure, That Our Parliament ſhall on the Six and twentieth Day of this Inſtant September (to which Day the ſame is now Prorogued) be further Prorogued unto the Fourth Day of November next. In order to which Prorogation, We ſhall expect the Attendance only of ſuch Members as ſhall be Reſident in or near Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter. And Our Purpoſe being that Our ſaid Houſes of Parliament ſhall not only Meet upon the ſaid Fourth Day of November next, but ſhall Sit for the Diſpatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs, We do therefore hereby Charge and Require all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons, to give their Attendance at Weſtminſter on the ſaid Fourth Day of November next accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Two and twentieth Day of *September*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1692.



1d

138

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Recalling and Prohibiting Seamen from Serving of Foreign Princes and States.

15. Oct. 1692.

MARIE R.



Hereas We have been Advertised, That great number of Mariners and other Seafaring Men (being Our Natural-born Subjects) have betaken themselves to the Service of Forreign Princes and States, in this time of War, when there is occasion to use Men of their Sort and Calling; We for Redress thereof at present, and for Preventing the like for the future, by this Our Royal Proclamation (With the Advice of Our Privy Council) do strictly Charge and Command all Masters of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Seamen, and other Seafaring Men Whatsoever, and Wheresoever (being Our Natural-born Subjects) Who are in Service of any Forreign Prince or State, or do Serve in any Forreign Ships or Vessel, That forthwith they and every of them do Withdraw themselves, and depart from such Forreign Services, and return home to their Native Countries. And further, We do hereby strictly Prohibit and Forbid all Masters of Ships, Mariners, Seamen, and other Seafaring Men Whatsoever (being Our Natural-born Subjects) from Entring themselves, and do hereby strictly Charge and Command them and every of them from henceforth to forbear to Enter themselves into Pay, or otherwise betake themselves to the Service of any Forreign Princes or States, or to Serve in any Forreign Ship or Vessel, without Our Special Licence first had and Obtained in that behalf; to all Which We expect due Obedience, and exact Conformity. And We do hereby Publish and Declare, That the Offenders to the contrary shall not only incur Our just Displeasure, but be proceeded against for their Contempt according to the utmost Severities of Law. And further, We do hereby Authorize and Command all Our Officers and Ministers in Our respective Ports, and all Captains, Masters, and other Officers Serving or Employed in any of Our Ships or Vessels at Sea, to Stop and make Stay of all such Person and Persons as shall endeavour to Transport or Enter themselves into the Service of any Forreign Prince or State, contrary to the true intent and meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation; and also to seize upon, take, and bring away all such Mariners, Seamen, and other Persons aforesaid, as shall at any time after the First day of February next be found to be Employed, or Serving in any Ships or Vessels belonging to any Forreign Prince or State, or to any Merchant, or other Person or Persons, being Subjects of any Forreign Prince or State. And We do hereby further Declare, That in case any Mariner, Seamen, or other Persons aforesaid, Serving in any Ships or Vessels belonging to any Forreign Prince or State, or to any Merchants, or other Persons, being Subjects of any other Prince or State, shall at any time after the said First day of February next be taken in such Service by any Ships of War belonging to the Governments of Algiers, Tunis or Tripoli, they shall be left to remain in Slavery according to the Treaties and Capitulations betwixt Us and the said Governments in that behalf, and are not to expect to be demanded by Us.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Tenth Day of *October*, 1692. In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1692.

1t 139

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring Their Majesties Pleasure for continuing the Seamen belonging to Their First, Second and Third Rate Ships in Their Service during this Winter, and for Payment of their Wages before the Fleet shall set Sail for the next Summers Expedition.

19. Octob. 1692.

MARIE R.



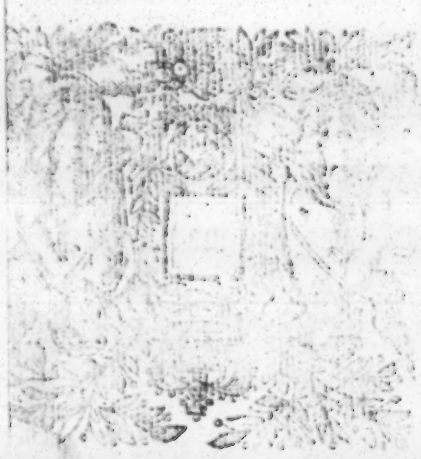
Whereas, We have thought it necessary for Our Service and the Good of Our Kingdoms, That the Seamen belonging to Our First, Second and Third Rate Ships, should be continued in Our Service and Pay during the whole Winter ensuing, that Our Fleet may be in a Readiness early the next Year: And whereas for the Encouragement of Our said Seamen, We have thought fit, and accordingly given Directions to Our Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of England, that upon any of Our said Ships coming in to be Refitted, which are not intended to be kept Abroad in the Winter, half the Company belonging to each Ship, who shall desire it, and have served longest in the Ship, according to their Entry on the Book, shall have Leave given them to be Absent upon their own private Affairs till the Twentieth of December next, and the other half of the said Company belonging to each Ship, shall likewise have Leave to be Absent from the said Twentieth of December to the First of February following, so as that the whole Company may be on Board again by the First day of February next. We have therefore thought fit, to the end that none of Our said Seamen may pretend Ignorance of Our Royal Pleasure herein, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and to Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, and We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Officers, Seamen and others belonging to any of Our First, Second or Third Rate Ships, That they or either of them do not presume at any time to be Absent from their respective Ships without Leave. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our said Seamen, who shall have Leave for such Time as is herein before mentioned, to be Absent from their Service, That they and every of them return to their respective Ships at the several Times appointed them, upon Pain of Incurring Our highest Displeasure. And We do hereby further Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, That if any of Our said Officers or Seamen shall Absent him or themselves from their Ships without Leave, or having Leave to Absent themselves, shall not return to their respective Ships at the several Times appointed them, That every one of them so Offending shall irrecoverably lose their Wages for all the time of their Service, and suffer such Punishment as may be inflicted on them, according to the utmost Rigour of the Law. And We do hereby further Promise and Declare, That Our Seamen who shall continue in Our Service according to Our Royal Pleasure signified in this Our Proclamation, shall be Paid their Wages to Michaelmas, One thousand six hundred ninety two, before Our Fleet shall set Sail for next Summers Expedition.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fourteenth Day of *October*, 1692. In the Fourth year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1692.



1d

140

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a Publick THANKSGIVING.

24. Oct. 1692.

WILLIAM R.

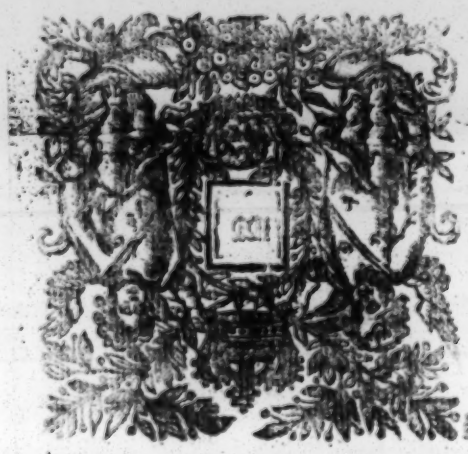
Whereas Their Majesties having a deep and serious Consideration of the War in which they (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) were and still are ingaged against the French King, did by Their Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the Four and twentieth Day of March last, Appoint a general Monthly Fast to be kept throughout this Kingdom, for Imploring the Blessing and Protection of Almighty God in the Preservation of Their Majesties Persons, and in Prospering Their Arms both at Sea and Land, which has been observed accordingly. And forasmuch as it hath pleased Almighty God of his Infinite Goodness in Answer to the Prayers humbly and devoutly Offered up to him, to preserve Their Majesties and Their Government against the Designs and Attempts of Their Open and Secret Enemies; To give Their Majesties a Great and Signal Victory at Sea against the French Fleet; To Protect his Majesties Person from the many and great Dangers of the War in his late Expedition beyond the Seas; To Disappoint and Defeat the Barbarous and Horrid Conspiracy for taking away his Sacred Life by Assassination; And to bring Him back in Safety to this Kingdom: Their Majesties therefore Adoring the Divine Goodness and duly Considering that such Great and Publick Blessings do call for Publick and Solemn Acknowledgements, have thought fit, and (With the Advice of Their Privy Council) do hereby Appoint and Command, That a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God for these his Mercies be observed throughout Our Cities of London and Westminster and elsewhere within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, on Thursday the Twenty seventh day of this Instant October; and in all other Places throughout this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Thursday the Tenth day of November next ensuing. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing of the same, Their Majesties have given Directions to the Most Reverend Arch-Bishops, and Right Reverend Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely dispersing of the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And Their Majesties do strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick day of Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of Suffering such Punishments as Their Majesties can justly inflict for the Contempt or Neglect thereof.

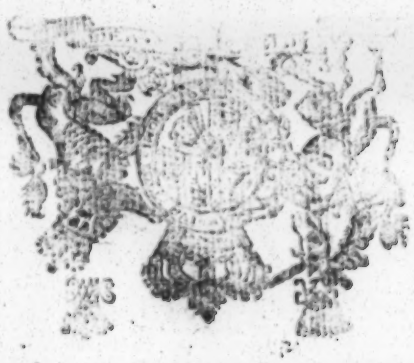
Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Two and twentieth Day of *October*, 1692. In the Fourth year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1692.





141

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring all Seamen and Mariners to Render themselves to Their Majesties Service.

WILLIAM R.

13. febr. 169 2/3.

Whereas divers Seamen and Mariners have lately left their usual and ordinary Places of Abode, and have removed themselves into some private and obscure Places, endeavouring thereby to avoid or escape from Our present Service: We therefore, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, have thought fit to Publish this Our Royal Proclamation; And do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Seamen and Mariners remaining in any County of England or Wales, and not Listed in Our Service, That they forthwith Render themselves unto the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy in London, or to the Commissioners of the Navy at Chatham, or to the Commissioners of the Navy at Portsmouth, or to the Store-keeper and Muster-master for the Navy at Harwich for the time being, or to Henry Greenhill Agent for the Navy at Plymouth, or to Major Robert Yate at Bristol, or to the respective Collectors of the Customs for the several Ports and Places following, *Viz.* Ipswich, Wells, Lynn, Boston, Scarborough, Sunderland, Whitby, Southampton, Cowes, Poole, Weymouth, Lyme, Topsham, Dartmouth, Falmouth, Looe, Fowy, Truro, Pembroke, Newcastle, Hull, Leverpool, and Great Yarmouth, in order to their being Entred into Pay and Sent on Board such of Our Ships as shall be found most expedient for Our Service; And if any of them shall hereafter be found out or discovered to have neglected to Obey this Our Royal Command, they shall be proceeded against with all Severity. And We do hereby Require all Mayors, Bayliffs, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, Constables and other Officers to whom it doth or may appertain, That they cause all diligent Search to be made within all and every their Precincts, for the said Seamen and Mariners, and to Seize and Secure the Persons of such of them as shall be there found, and also all loose and unknown Persons whatsoever, who justly may be suspected to be Seamen or Watermen, and cause them to be sent to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy in London, or to such other of the Persons and Places aforesaid, to which they may most conveniently be sent, in order to their being Employed in Our Service; And also send up to Our Privy Council a List of the Names of all such Seamen and Mariners as they shall procure for the Service aforesaid, together with the Names of the respective Persons to whom, and Places to which they shall send them. And the said Principal Officers and Commissioners, and other Persons aforesaid, shall give Receipts in Writing for the several Seamen and Mariners delivered to them in pursuance hereof. And We do hereby Straitly Charge and Command, That no Person or Persons whatsoever, do presume to Conceal, or to Further or Favour the Escape of any Seamen or Mariners, or loose and unknown Persons aforesaid, upon Pain that all and singular Persons offending herein, be forthwith Committed to Prison by the next Justice of the Peace or other Magistrate, and Prosecuted with all Severity according to Law, as Persons Conspiring against Us and the Safety of Our Kingdom. And We are hereby further pleased to make known, That We have given effectual Orders to the respective Officers and Persons herein above Appointed, to Receive the said Men, and for Paying forthwith to the Conductors the Impress and Conduct-Money discounted upon this Service.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Ninth Day of *February*, 169⅔. In the Fourth year of Our Reign.

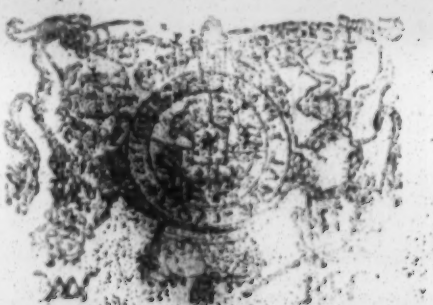
God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 169⅔.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen



gratis.

142

142

74

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Encouraging Mariners and Seamen to Enter themſelves on Their Majeſties Ships of War.

24. Febr. 169 2/3

WILLIAM R.



E being deſirous to give all due Encouragement to all ſuch able Seamen as have not been in Our Service the laſt Year (or being in the Service have been regularly Diſcharged therefrom) who ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Priby Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch Seamen as either have already, ſince the Fifteenth of January laſt, Voluntarily Entred themſelves, or ſhall, before the Twentieth of March next, Voluntarily Enter themſelves with a Commiſſion or Warrant Officer of any of Their Majeſties Ships, or with a Juſtice of Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate of a Corporation, to ſerve on Board any of Their Majeſties Ships of the Firſt, Second or Third Rates, or of the Fourth Rate of Sixty Guns and upwards, and ſhall actually Appear on Board the Ship for which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves by the Second of April next. and whoſe Entry, as aforeſaid, ſhall appear by Certificate under the Hands of the Juſtices of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, or by the Oaths of the Officers of the Ships with whom they ſhall be Entred, ſhall Receive a Months Pay as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, which ſhall be Paid them before the reſpective Ships to which they belong ſhall Sail. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen to Repair on Board the reſpective Ships on which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and give their conſtant Attendance, for fitting out to Sea ſuch Ships as each of them do belong unto. And We are alſo Graciouſly Pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall likewiſe be Allowed to ſuch able Seamen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true Meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation. And for the Prevention of any Deceipts and Abuſes that may happen by any Perſon or Perſons, leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our ſaid Ships, as aforeſaid, in order to the obtaining of the Bounty-Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare and Command, That ſuch Seamen belonging to any of Our Ships or Veſſels whatſoever, as ſhall leave any of the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships, in order to the obtaining of the ſaid Bounty-Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but alſo be ſeverely Puniſht according to their Demerits.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Three and twentieth Day of *February*, 169⅔. In the Fifth year of Our Reign

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties, 169⅔.



By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

9. March. 169⅔

WILLIAM R.



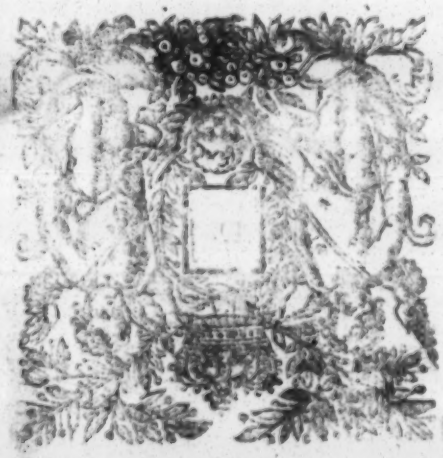
Whereas in Order to the Holding a Correspondence With Their Majesties Enemies, and the Carrying on other Wicked and Treasonable Designs, divers Passes, and also divers Warrants for Seising of Persons have been Forged, and thereto the Hand and Seal of Daniel Earl of Nottingham, Their Majesties Principal Secretary of State have been Counterfeited; by Means whereof not only the Peace of the Kingdom may be Disturb'd, but great Danger may Ensue to Their Majesties Royal Persons, unless some Speedy and Publick Notice be given of the said Forgeries: Their Majesties therefore, With the Advice of Their Privy Council, have thought fit by this Their Royal Proclamation to Notifie the Premisses to all Their Loving Subjects. And to the End they may not hereafter be Deceived or Imposed upon by such Forged Warrants or Passes, the Impression of the said Counterfeited Seal is Described, and Imprinted in the Margin of this Their Majesties Proclamation. And for the future and more certain Avoiding the Mischiefs which may be Occasioned by the said Forgeries, and lest Well-meaning Persons may be Deceived by any Resemblance between the said Counterfeit Seal and the True and Real Seal formerly made use of (Their Majesties said Principal Secretary of State having, by Their Express Command, Caused a New Seal of a different Impression to be Prepared, which is to be Used for the Future) Their Majesties do by this Their Proclamation, With the Advice of Their Privy Council, Revoke and Discharge all Passes, and all Warrants whatsoever for Apprehending or Seising any Person or Persons heretofore Sealed With any Seal Which shall Resemble the Impression made in the Margin of this Proclamation, hereby Willing and Requiring all Justices of Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs and Officers belonging to the Ports, and all other Officers and Persons whatsoever, to take Notice hereof, and Commanding them, and every of them upon their Duty and Allegiance, That they do not at any time hereafter Yield Obedience to any Warrants or Passes whatsoever, Which shall be Sealed With the said Counterfeit Seal, or any Seal Which shall Resemble the said Impression in the Margin hereof. And also that they and every of them do use their utmost Endeavours to Apprehend and Seise such Persons as shall use or produce any of the said Counterfeit Warrants or Passes, and cause them to be Committed to the next Goal, there to remain until they shall be delivered by due Course of Law: And that as soon as such Persons shall be Apprehended, they do give Notice thereof immediately to Their Majesties, or Their Privy Council, or to Their Principal Secretary of State. And Their Majesties are Graciously Pleased hereby to Promise and Declare, That Whosoever shall Discover any Person who has been Guilty of making or Forging the said Counterfeit Warrants or Passes, or of Dispersing or Using the same, so as such Person may be Convicted by due Course of Law, shall have and receive as a Reward for such good Service, immediately upon the Conviction of any such Offender, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Ninth Day of *March* 169⅔. In the Fifth year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

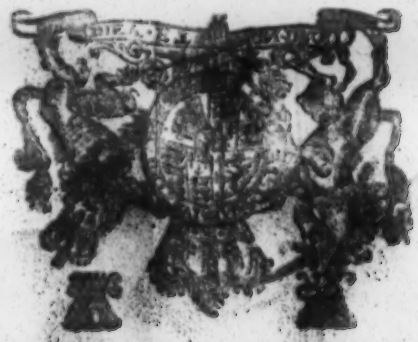
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 169⅔.



WILLIAM R

A PROCLAMATION

BY the KING and QUEEN.



144

144

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

Promising a Pardon & ye Reward of 500l to such as shall discover & accomplices in ye making ye Counterfeit Passes & Warrants of ye Secretary of State.

William R.

17. March 169 2/3



Whereas Their Majesties by Their Royal Proclamation of the Ninth of this Instant March, were Graciously pleased to Promise and Declare, That Whosoever should Discover any Person who had been Guilty of Making or Forging any of the False and Counterfeit Warrants and Passes in the said Proclamation mentioned, or of Dispersing or Using the same, so as such Person might be Convicted by due Course of Law, should have and Receive, as a Reward for such Good Service, immediately upon the Conviction of any such Offender, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: Now Their Most Excellent Majesties, with the Advice of Their Privy Council, have Thought fit, and Do, by this Their Proclamation, further Promise and Declare, That if any Person who hath been Guilty of Making, Forging, Dispersing or Using the said False and Counterfeit Passes, shall, before the First Day of May next ensuing, Render himself to Their Majesties Principal Secretary of State, or to any of Their Majesties Judges or Justices of Peace, and make a Discovery of his Accomplices, so as they or any of them may be Apprehended, such Person so making Discovery, shall forthwith have Their Majesties Most Gracious Pardon for his said Offence, and shall also Receive the Reward mentioned in the said former Proclamation.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Sixteenth Day of *March*, 169⅔ In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

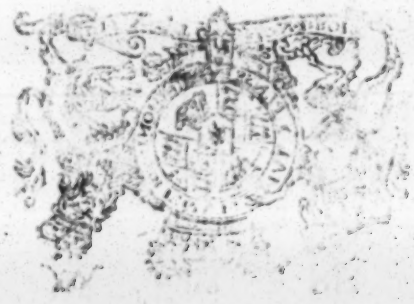
God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 169⅔.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen.



WILLIAM R.

1d

145

145

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For a General FAST.

Appointing it. — on ye 8th of April & so ye second Wensday in ev'ry month after.

MARIE R.

26. March. 1692.

Their Majesties taking into most serious Consideration the continued War, in which Their Majesties (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) are Engaged against the French King; And that upon the Success thereof the common Safety of this Realm doth, under God, wholly depend; And putting Their Trust in Almighty God, that he will vouchsafe a special Blessing on Their Majesties Righteous Undertakings, and Consummate the Deliverance of these Nations, by Settling the same in a firm and lasting state of Peace, Security and Prosperity: have thought fit to Appoint, and do, (by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council) hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Fast and Humiliation, to be Observed throughout this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in most Devout and Solemn manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for the Pardon of our Sins, and for Imploring his Blessing and Protection in the Preservation of Their Majesties Sacred Persons, and Prosperity of Their Arms both at Land and Sea, to be Religiously Kept and Observed on Friday the Eighth Day of April next, and thenceforth on the Second Wednesday of every following Month during the present War. And for the more orderly Solemnizing of the said several Fast-Days, Their Majesties have given Directions to the Right Reverend the Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship; And have given Charge for the Dispersing thereof through their several Dioceses in the whole Kingdom. And Their Majesties do most expressly Charge and Command, That the said Fastings and Prayers be Soberly, Reverently and Decently Performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon pain of such Punishments, as Their Majesties can justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Work.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twenty fourth Day of *March*, 169½ In the Fourth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1692.



MARIE R.

A PROCLAMATION

By the K.

K. England
Hall
gratis.
146

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Altering ſome of the Times Appointed for Holding the next Aſſizes.

WILLIAM R. 3. March. 169 2/3

THeir Majeſties Conſidering that by reaſon of the preſent great Snow the Highways in divers Parts of this Kingdom are Obſtructed, and the Paſſage therein rendred ſo Difficult and Dangerous, that Perſons concerned to give their Attendance at the next Aſſizes, cannot in many Places with Convenience and Safety, and in ſome not poſſibly Travel and Repair to the ſaid Aſſizes at the Times now Appointed for Holding the ſame; And having Commanded Their Judges for the reſpective Circuits to Appoint other more Convenient Times where it ſhould be found Neceſſary; And in Obedience thereunto, the Judges having found it Neceſſary to make Alterations in Four of the Circuits; And having Appointed the Times and Places for Holding the ſaid Aſſizes in thoſe Circuits in manner following, Viz.

Home Circuit.

Lord Chief Juſtice *Treby*.
Mr. Baron *Lechmere*.

Eſſex, Munday the Twentieth Day of *March* at *Chelmsford*.
Hertford, Thurſday, the Twenty third Day of *March* at the Town of *Hertford*.
Suſſex, Munday, Twenty ſeventh Day of *March* at *Eaſt-Grinſted*.
Surrey, Wedneſday, Twenty ninth Day of *March* at *Kingſton upon Thames*.
Kent, Munday, Third Day of *April* at *Maidſton*.

Weſtern Circuit.

Mr. Juſtice *Dolben*.
Mr. Juſtice *Powell*.

Dorſet, Thurſday, the Sixteenth Day of *March* at *Dorcheſter*.
Cornwall, Wedneſday, the Twenty ſecond Day of *March* at *Launceſton*.
City of *Exon*, Munday, Twenty ſeventh of *March* at the Guildhall of the ſaid City.
Devon, The ſame Day at the Caſtle of *Exon* in the County of *Devon*.
Somerſet, Munday, Third Day of *April* at the Caſtle of *Taunton*.
Wilts, Friday, Seventh Day of *April* at *New Sarum*.
Southampton, Tueſday, Eleventh of *April* at the Caſtle of *Winton*.

Midland Circuit.

Mr. Juſtice *Nevill*.
Mr. Juſtice *Gregory*.

Northampton, Tueſday, the One and twentieth Day of *March* at *Northampton*.
Rutland, Friday, the Four and twentieth Day of *March* at *Okeham*.
Lincoln, Munday, the Seven and twentieth Day of *March* at the Caſtle of *Lincoln*.
City of *Lincoln*, The ſame Day at the City of *Lincoln*.
Nottingham, Saturday, The Firſt Day of *April* at *Nottingham*.
Town of *Nottingham*, The ſame Day at the Town of *Nottingham*.
Derby, Munday, the Third Day of *April* at *Derby*.
Leiceſter, Friday, the Seventh of *April* at the Caſtle of *Leiceſter*.
Borough of *Leiceſter*, Saturday, the eighth Day of *April* at the Borough of *Leiceſter*
City of *Coventry*, Munday, the Tenth of *April* at the City of *Coventry*.
Warwick, Tueſday, the Eleventh of *April* at *Warwick*.

Northern Circuit.

Mr. Baron *Tarton*.
Mr. Baron *Powell*.

Lancaſter, Saturday, *April* the Firſt at the Caſtle of *Lancaſter*.
City of *York*, Munday, *April* the Tenth at the Guildhall of the ſaid City.
York, The ſame Day at the Caſtle of *York*.

But do not find it neceſſary to make any Alteration concerning the Norfolk Circuit, or the Oxford Circuit, in regard that the ſeveral Aſſizes in both thoſe Circuits may be conveniently holden at the Times before Appointed. All which Their Majeſties Graciouſly Approving, have therefore thought fit, (by the Advice of Their Priby Council) to Iſſue this Their Proclamation, hereby Declaring Their Royal Pleaſure, That all Their Loving Subjects be Diſcharged from Attendance at the Aſſizes, Seſſions of Oyer and Terminer, and General Goal Delivery for the ſeveral Counties and Places in the ſaid Home Circuit, Weſtern Circuit, Midland Circuit, and Northern Circuit, at any other Times then as herein before is particularly mentioned. And all and ſingular Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Conſtables, Headboroughs, and all other Their Majeſties Officers, Miniſters and Subjects whatſoever, whom it may concern, are required to take Notice hereof, and Order themſelves accordingly.

Provided allways, and Their Majeſties are hereby Graciouſly pleaſed to Direct and Command, That no more or further Fees or Charges ſhall be paid by any of Their Subjects for or by reaſon of the Altering, Amending, Renewing or Sealing any Writs or Records of Niſi prius, or other Proceſs or Records on this Occaſion.

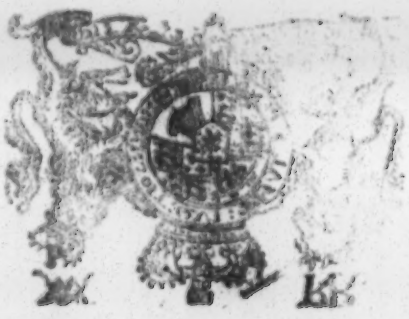
Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Second Day of *March* 1692. In the Fifth year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1692.

A PROCLAMATION

BY the KING and QUEEN.



WILLIAM R.

For Altering some of the Terms Appointed for Holding the next ALLOW-

1st

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14. April. 1693.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For a General FAST.

MARIE R.

Their Majesties taking into most serious Consideration the continued War, in which Their Majesties (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) are Engaged against the French King; and that upon the Success thereof the Common Safety of this [illegible] depend; And putting Their trust in Almighty God, that he will Vouchsafe a Special Blessing on Their Majesties Righteous Undertakings, and Consummate the Deliverance of these Nations, by Settling the same in a firm and lasting State of Peace, Security, and Prosperity; have thought fit to Appoint, and do (by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council) hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Fast, and Humiliation, to be Observed throughout this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in most Devout and Solemn Manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for the Pardon of our Sins, and for Imploring his Blessing and Protection in the Preservation of Their Majesties Sacred Persons, and Prosperity of Their Arms both at Land and Sea, to be Religiously kept and observed on Wednesday the Tenth Day of May next, and thenceforth on the Second Wednesday of every following Month, until further Order. And for the more orderly Solemnizing of the said several Fast-Days, Their Majesties have given Directions to the Right Reverend the Bishops of this Kingdom to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship; And have given Charge for the Dispersing thereof through their several Dioceses in the Whole Kingdom. And Their Majesties do most expressly Charge and Command, That the said Fastings and Prayers be Soberly, Reverently and Decently Performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of such Punishments, as Their Majesties can justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Work.

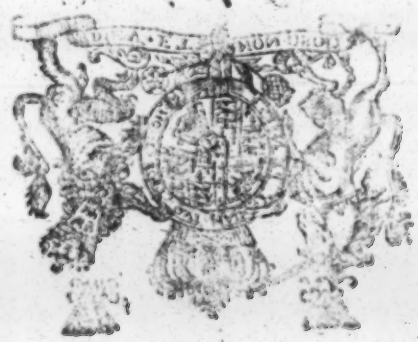
Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Thirteenth Day of *April*, 1693. In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1693.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen



MARIE R.

1st

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For the Preventing of the Stealth and Imbezilment of Their Majesties Stores of War.

MARIE R. 12. Aug. 1693.



Whereas notwithstanding divers good Laws Made and Enacted for the Preventing of the Stealth and Imbezilment of Their Majesties Stores of War, and for the Punishing the same, Their Majesties do find by Experience, that whether by the Negligence or Unfaithfulness of Their Officers, or through the Difficulty of the Work, those Frauds, Stealths and Imbezilments are not prevented (as they ought) but are daily practised, particularly in Stores relating to the Navy, not only to the great Prejudice of Their Majesties Service, but likewise to the Hindrance and Discouragement of such Tradesmen, whose Profession and Livelyhood it is to make and sell such Stores and Commodities to Merchants Ships, Who finding a cheaper Way for Furnishing their Ships, by Buying the Stores Purloyned and Imbeziled, as aforesaid, decline the lawful Sellers of such like Provisions: For the Preventing these and the like Abuses for the future, Their Majesties are pleased hereby strictly to Charge and Command all Their Officers (and particularly those of the Customs lately Authorized thereunto) not only to endeavour the Discovery of the said Abuses, as aforesaid, but also strictly to prosecute the Persons offending, according to the Rigour of the Laws in such cases provided. And for the more ease discovery of the same, and to the end the receiver of such stolen Goods may not pretend ignorance, Their Majesties have thought fit hereby to Publish and Declare the Marks of the Stores belonging to Their Navy; Namely, That all the Cordage of Three Inches and upwards is Wrought with a White thread laid the contrary way; and the smaller Cordage (viz. from Three Inches downwards) with a Twyne in lieu of a White thread, laid the contrary way, as aforesaid; That all the Canvas Wrought and unWrought is marked with a Blue Streak in the middle; And all other Stores with the Broad Arrow, by Stamp, Brand or otherwise. And Their Majesties do hereby forbid all Artificers to make any Stores or Provisions so marked (except for the Use of Their Majesties Navy or Ordnance) and do likewise hereby Command all Their Majesties Loving Subjects, That they forbear to buy or receive from any Person whatsoever any Stores marked, as aforesaid, (without particular Order and Leave from the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Their Majesties Navy) upon Pain of being proceeded against as Receivers of Stolen Goods, and as Imbezilers of Their Majesties Stores. And for the better Discovery of such as shall (notwithstanding this Their Majesties Proclamation) Imbezil any of Their Stores, as aforesaid, Their Majesties are pleased to Declare, That any Person who shall discover to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Their Majesties Navy, or any of them, any Anchors, Cables, Cordage, Sails, Canvas, Iron-Work, or other Stores, Imbezzled or Purloyned out of Their Majesties Yards, Ships or Stores, shall receive as a Reward and Encouragement for such his Discovery, upon the Delivery thereof into any of Their Majesties Stores, one full Third part of the Value of such Stores so discovered. Provided that he likewise discover either the Imbeziler or Purloyner of them, or at least the Receiver of the same.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, this Tenth Day of *August*, 1693. In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1693.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King and Queen.



MARIE R.

For the Preventing of the Accomplishment of the

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

Declaring the PARLIAMENT ſhall be Prorogued until the Third Day of *October* next.

2. Sept. 1693.

Marie R.

Whereas this preſent Parliament ſtands Prorogued to the Nineteenth Day of September next, We, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, for Weighty Reaſons Us eſpecially moving, do hereby Publiſh and Declare Our Royal Pleaſure, That the ſame Parliament ſhall, upon the ſaid Nineteenth Day of September, be further Prorogued unto the Third Day of October next enſuing; Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons, and all others whom it may Concern, may hereby take Notice, We letting them know, that We will not, at the ſaid Nineteenth Day of September next, expect the Attendance of any, but ſuch as being in and about Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter may Attend the Making of the ſaid Prorogation, in ſuch manner as heretofore in like Caſes hath been Accuſtomed. And We do hereby further Declare, that convenient Notice ſhall be given by Proclamation, of the Time when Our Parliament ſhall Meet and Sit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, to the End that the Members of both Houſes may Order their Affairs accordingly.

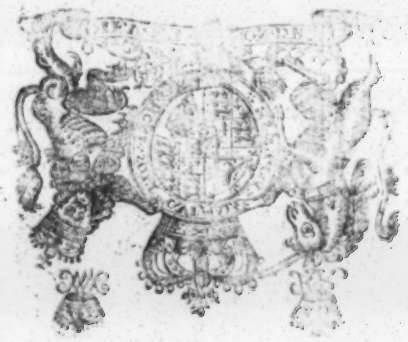
Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* this One and thirtieth Day of *Auguſt*, 1693. In the Fifth Year of our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1693.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King.



By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring Their Majesties Pleasure for continuing the Seamen belonging to Their First, Second and Third Rate Ships in Their Service during this Winter, and for Payment of their Wages before the Fleet shall set Sail for the next Summers Expedition.

MARIE R.



Whereas We have thought it necessary for Our Service and the Good of Our Kingdoms, That the Seamen belonging to Our First, Second and Third Rate Ships, should be continued in Our Service and Pay, that Our Fleet may be in Readiness early the next Year: To the end therefore that none of Our Seamen may pretend Ignorance of Our Royal Pleasure herein, We have thought fit by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and to Declare Our Royal Will and Pleasure to be, and We do hereby Promise and Declare, That all such of the Seamen and others belonging to any of Our First, Second or Third Rate Ships coming in to be Refitted for the next Years Service, Which are not intended to be kept abroad in the Winter, Who shall remain on Board the respective Ships to which they belong, after their coming in to be Refitted, shall be continued in Wages and Victuals as fully as if they were in Our Service at Sea; And that such of them as shall happen to be absent from their Respective Ships after they are come in and unrigged, and shall return on Board their said Ships, at or before the First Day of January next, and from thence Remain and Abide on Board the said Ships in Our Service, shall have Wages for the time of such their Absence, and from the time of such their Return, shall be received into Victuals also; And that such of them as shall happen to be absent, as aforesaid, and shall not return to their Ships by or before the said First Day of January next, and yet shall return on Board the respective Ships to which they belong, at or before the Twentieth Day of February next, and shall then Remain and Abide on Board their said Ships in Our Service, shall lose their Wages for the time of such their Absence only, and from the time of such their Return, shall be received into Wages and Victuals; And that such of them as shall not return to Our Service on Board the said Ships to which they belong, by or before the said Twentieth Day of February next, shall irrecoverably lose their Wages for all the time of their Service, and suffer such Punishment as may be inflicted on them according to the utmost Rigour of Law. And We do hereby further Promise and Declare, That Our Seamen who shall continue in Our Service on Board the said Ships, and such of them as shall happen to be absent, as aforesaid, and yet return into Our Service on Board their respective Ships by the respective times aforesaid, according to Our Royal Pleasure signified in this Our Proclamation, shall be paid their Wages to Michaelmas, One thousand six hundred ninety and three, before Our Fleet shall set Sail for the next Summers Expedition.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twelfth Day of *September*, 1693. In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the Kin. and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1693.

1st

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring the Attendance of the Members of both Houſes of PARLIAMENT. ons^d 26.th of Oct. next.

29. Oct. Sept. 1693.

Marie R.



E being deſirous that the Members of both houſes may have convenient Notice of the Time when their Attendance in Parliament will be Requiſite, to the end they may Order their Affairs, ſo as that there may then be a full Aſſembly, Have (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Declaring and Publiſhing Our Will and Pleaſure, that Our Parliament ſhall on the Third Day of October next (to Which Day the ſame is now Prorogued) be further Prorogued unto Thurſday the Six and twentieth Day of October next. In Order to Which Prorogation, We ſhall Expect the Attendance only of ſuch Members as ſhall be Reſident in or near Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter. And Our Purpoſe being that Our ſaid Houſes of Parliament ſhall not only Meet upon the ſaid Six and twentieth Day of October next, but ſhall Sit for the Diſpatch of divers Weighty and important Affairs, We do therefore hereby Charge and Require all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons to give their Attendance at Weſtminſter on the ſaid Six and twentieth Day of October next accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty eighth Day of *September*, 1693. In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1693.





A PROCLAMATION,

By the King and Queen.

For Prohibiting the Exportation of Corn to France, and Encouragement of Prices thereof at Home, and for Securing the Poor of York-

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Preventing the Exportation of Corn to *France*, and Enhaunsing of Prices thereof at Home, and for Setting the Poor on Work.

21. Oct. 1693.

MARIE R.

Whereas a good and profitable Law was made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of the Reign of King Edward the Sixth, against Regrators, Forestallers, and Ingrossers of Corn, and other dead Victuals, and the Execution of that Law was enforced, and other useful Directions relating thereto were given by another Act of Parliament made in the Fifth Year of the Reign of Queen Elizabeth, touching Badgers of Corn, and Drovers of Cattle to be Licensed; Notwithstanding which good Laws (still in Force) yet for want of the true and careful Execution thereof, divers evil disposed Persons have, and do presume to Engross, and get into their hands great Quantities of Corn and Grain, with intent to Sell the same again, some without any Licence at all, and others, though Licensed, yet contrary to the said Acts, and their Licences, and Securities thereupon, do keep the Corn in their hands, and do not Sell the same again, in such manner, and within the time appointed for so doing, nor observe other the Matters which those Acts and their Licences and Securities require; by means whereof not only the Prices of Corn and Grain in and about Our Cities of London and Westminster, and Places Adjacent, are greatly Enhaunsed, far exceeding the Prices in Our Midland and more Remote Counties, but the Exportation of Corn to France, or the French Kings Dominions (where the great Scarcity and excessive Prices invite the Importation) is rendred the more easie, and evil affected Persons, notwithstanding the Penalty of a Præmunire Inflicted upon Offenders in such unlawful Exportation, by Act of Parliament made in the Third and Fourth Year of Our Reign, against Corresponding with Our Enemies, are not deterred from so evil an Action. And forasmuch as it will much conduce to the Good and Benefit of Our Subjects, that all the Laws in Force for Setting the Poor on Work throughout Our Kingdom, should be duly Observed and put in Execution; We therefore out of Our Princely Care and Tenderness for the Good and Welfare of Our Subjects, and for their Ease and Relief in the Premisses, have thought fit (by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Publish this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Charging and Commanding all and every of Our Judges, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bayliffs, and all other Our Magistrates, Officers and Ministers whatsoever, and wheresoever, within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That they and every of them within their respective Places and Jurisdictions, do cause the said Acts made in the Fifth and Sixth Years of King Edward the Sixth, against Regrators, Forestallers and Ingrossers, and the said other Act made in the Fifth Year of Queen Elizabeth, and all other Acts relating to the same Matters, and all Laws in Force for the Setting the Poor on Work, to be in all and every the Parts and Branches thereof put in speedy and effectual Execution; And that they do take Care, and give effectual Directions, That no Licences be granted to any Badger, Lader, Kidder, Carrier, or Buyer of Corn or Grain, but only according to the Directions of those Acts, and to such Persons only as are or shall be duly qualified for the same, and under such Surety by Recognizance or otherwise, as those Acts require; And also to take care that all Persons who shall presume to Buy and Engross any Corn, Grain, or other dead Victuals, without Licence, and all such as having Licences for that purpose, shall not duly and strictly comply with and observe the Conditions and Terms of their Licences and Securities, be effectually Prosecuted and Proceeded against, according to the Purport and Effect of the said Statutes; And that all Fines, Forfeitures and Penalties arising thereby, be duly Levied, Answered and Paid as those Acts direct. And in regard it is most probable that the Exporters of Corn to France, or the French Kings Dominions, are such as Buy and Engross the same, contrary to the said Statutes of King Edward the Sixth, and Queen Elizabeth, For the further Prevention therefore of such Exportation, We do hereby strictly Charge and Command, as well all Our Judges, Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Magistrates, and the Commissioners of Our Customs, and all other Our Officers and Ministers, for the time being, of and belonging to Our Custom-houses and Ports, within this Our Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and all other Our Officers, Ministers, and Loving Subjects whatsoever, that they and every of them in their respective Places, Stations and Employments, do use all Lawful Ways and Means for the Discovering and Preventing of all Exportation of Corn to France, or other the French Kings Dominions: We being Resolved, and do hereby strictly Command, That the said Act against Corresponding with Our Enemies, be in all Parts thereof strictly Executed, and all Offences and Offenders against the same Punished according to the utmost Rigour of the Law. And if it shall or may be Discovered, or upon reasonable Grounds Suspected, that any Corn or Grain is Intended or Bought to be Exported to France, or any the French Kings Dominions, or to be Exported by any Persons that got the same into their hands, by Buying or Engrossing contrary to Law, that due, strict and speedy Prosecution be made of such Offenders and Offences, according to the utmost Rigour of Law. And for the better Encouragement of all such as shall make Discovery of any Persons, who, since the making the said Act against Corresponding with Our Enemies, have, or hereafter shall Carry or Transport any Corn or Grain to France, or any of the French King's Dominions, We do hereby Declare, That the Person or Persons (other then the Master of the Ship or Vessel, wherein such Transportation hath been, or shall be made, and the Parties Interested in the Corn) making such Discovery, and giving Evidence in order to Conviction, shall, upon Certificate from the Judges or Magistrates before whom such Offender shall be Convicted, not only have and receive a Reward of Two hundred Pounds for every Ship and Vessel, so Transporting, or having Transported Corn as aforesaid, to be Paid by the Lords Commissioners of Our Treasury, or Lord Treasurer for the time being, but also shall have and receive Our Gracious Pardon for such Offences, so as Discovery be made of Offences past, within the Space of Three Months next ensuing the Date hereof, and of future Offences within the like Space of Three Months next after the Time of such Transportation. And We do hereby Require and Charge all Our Officers, Ministers and Loving Subjects whatsoever, to be Aiding and Assisting in the due Execution of Our Royal Will and Pleasure herein Expressed, under the Pain of Our High Displeasure, and of such Pains and Punishments as may by Law be Inflicted upon the Contemners of Our Royal Authority.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Nineteenth Day of *October*, 1693. In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens Excellent Majesties. 1693.

Excellent Majesty, 1583.

Lord, Primate of Canterbury's Bill, and the Petition of Master Travers, to the Queen Majesty.

Cod. Ms. Mus. Brit. Harl. 6848.

Copy of Our Lord's Answer to the Archbishop of Canterbury's Letter.

1d.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a Publick THANKSGIVING.

WILLIAM R. 4. Nov. 1693.



Whereas Their Majesties having a deep and serious Consideration of the War in which they (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) were and still are ingaged against the French King, did, by Their Royal Proclamation, bearing Date the Thirteenth Day of April last, Appoint a general Monthly Fast to be kept throughout this Kingdom, for Imploring the Blessing and Protection of Almighty God in the Preservation of Their Majesties Sacred Persons, and Prosperity of Their Arms both at Land and Sea, which has been observed accordingly: And forasmuch as it hath pleased Almighty God of his Infinite Goodness in Answer to the Prayers humbly and devoutly Offered up to him, to preserve Their Majesties and Their Government against the Designs and Attempts of Their Open and Secret Enemies; And to Protect his Majesties Person from the many and great Dangers of the War in his late Expedition beyond the Seas; And to bring Him back in Safety to this Kingdom: Their Majesties therefore Adoring the Divine Goodness and duly Considering that such Great and Publick Blessings do call for Publick and Solemn Acknowledgments, have thought fit, and (with the Advice of Their Privy Council) do hereby Appoint and Command, That a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God for these his Mercies be observed throughout Our Cities of London and Westminster, and elsewhere within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, on Sunday the Twelfth day of this Instant November; and in all other Places throughout this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Sunday the Six and twentieth day of this Instant November. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing of the same, Their Majesties have given Directions to the Most Reverend Arch-Bishops, and Right Reverend Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely dispersing of the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And Their Majesties do strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick Days of Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of Suffering such Punishments as Their Majesties can justly Inflict for the Contempt or Neglect thereof.

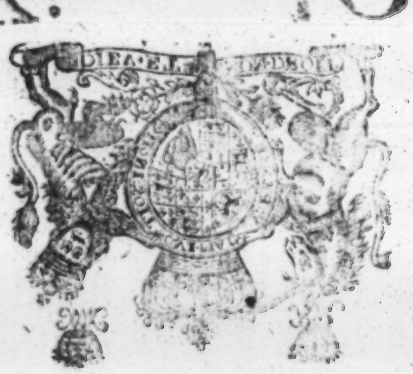
Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Second Day of *November*, 1693. In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

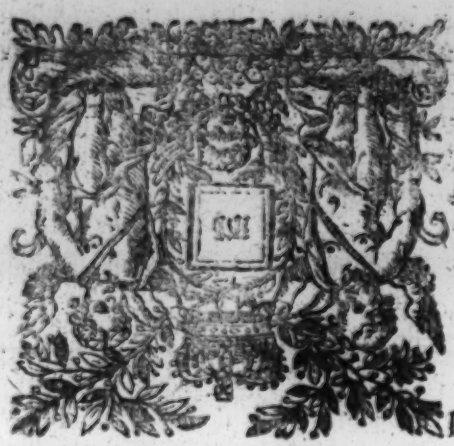
God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens Most Excellent Majesties. 1693.

A PROCLAMATION,

By the King and Queen.





WILLIAM R.

For a Publick THANKSGIVING

gratis.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Apprehending of Sir *James Montgomery*, *Charles Mackallough*, and *Thomas Smith*.

WILLIAM R. 19. Jan. 169 3/4.



Whereas Sir James Montgomery being in Custody for High Treason, did upon Tuesday night last make his Escape, by the help and Assistance of Charles Mackallough and Thomas Smith, and all the said Persons, do Absent and Abscond themselves, flying from Justice; We have therefore thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Require and Command all Our Loving Subjects whatsoever, to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Sir James Montgomery (being a Little Thin Man about Fourty years of Age, usually wearing a Brown Periwig, and looks very pale and wasted with Sickness) and the said Charles Mackallough (being about Two and thirty years of Age, a Slender Little Man, wearing his own hair, being of a Dark Brown Colour and Lank, his Eyes Gray, and Eye-brows Brown, he speaks thick, and with a broad Scotch Accent, thin Visaged and of an indifferent ruddy Complexion, and hath a small rising Ridge on his Nose) and also the said Thomas Smith (who is about Fourty years of Age, a middle sized Man, his hair Short and Black and a little Curling, his Eye-brows Black, and hath a thin pale Face, with a small Scar on his Right Cheek) and such of them as shall be Apprehended to carry before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate of City or Town Corporate; whom We do hereby Require to Commit them to the next Goal, there to Remain, until they shall be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or Chief Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Us or Our Council. And We do hereby Promise, that Whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the said Sir James Montgomery, Charles Mackallough and Thomas Smith, or any of them, shall have and Receive the Rewards following, That is to say, For the said Sir James Montgomery the Sum of Five hundred Pounds, and for each of the said other Two Persons the Sum of One hundred Pounds. And We do hereby Authorize and Require Our present Commissioners of Our Treasury, and Our High Treasurer and Commissioners of Our Treasury for the time being, to make Payment of the said Sums accordingly. And We do hereby Publish and Declare, That if any Person or Persons, after this Our Royal Proclamation, shall directly or indirectly, Conceal Harbour, Retain, Keep or Maintain any of the said Offenders, or shall Contrive or Connive at any Means, whereby they or any of them may Escape from being Taken or Arrested, such Person or Persons shall be Prosecuted with the utmost Severity of Law. And We do hereby Declare, that in Case the said Charles Mackallough and Thomas Smith, or either of them, shall Discover and Apprehend the said Sir James Montgomery, so that he shall be brought before Our Chief Justice of the Kings Bench, or some other of the Judges of the said Court, or Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate of City or Corporation, such of them so Discovering and Apprehending the said Sir James Montgomery, shall not only have and Receive Our Gracious Pardon for his or their Offence aforesaid, but shall also have and Receive the said Reward of Five hundred Pounds before Promised for the Apprehension of the said Sir James Montgomery.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, this Eighteenth Day of *January*, 169¾ In the Fifth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens Most Excellent Majesties. 169¾.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a General FAST.

MARIE R.

15th May. 1694.



Their Majesties taking into most serious Consideration the continued War, in which Their Majesties (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) are Engaged against the French King, and that upon the Success thereof the Common Safety of this Realm does, under God, Wholly depend; And putting Their trust in Almighty God, that he will Vouchsafe a Special Blessing on Their Majesties Righteous Undertakings, and Consummate the Deliverance of these Nations, by Settling the same in a firm and lasting State of Peace, Security, and Prosperity; have thought fit to Appoint, and do, by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council, hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Fast, and Humiliation, to be Observed throughout this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in most Devout and Solemn Manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for the Pardon of our Sins, and for Imploring his Blessing and Protection in the Preservation of Their Majesties Sacred Persons, and Prosperity of Their Arms both at Land and Sea, to be Religiously kept and observed on Wednesday the Three and Twentieth Day of this Instant May, throughout the Cities of London and Westminster, and within the Bills of Mortality; and throughout the Whole Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Wednesday the Thirteenth of June next ensuing. And for the more orderly Solemnizing of the said Fast, Their Majesties have given Directions to the Right Reverend the Bishops of this Kingdom to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship; and have given Charge for the Dispersing thereof through their several Dioceses in the Whole Kingdom. And Their Majesties do most expresly Charge and Command, That the said Fasting and Prayers be Soberly, Reverently and Decently Performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon such Pain of Punishments as Their Majesties can justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Work.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Tenth Day of *May*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1694.

156.

By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Publiſhing the ſeveral Marks or Stamps to be uſed for Velum, Parchment and Paper, purſuant to a late Act of Parliament for Charging certain Duties thereupon.

MARIE R.

13. June 1694.

Whereas in and by an Act made in the laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament (Intituled, An Act for Granting to Their Majeſties ſeveral Duties upon Velum, Parchment and Paper for Four years, towards Carrying on the War againſt *France*) it is Enacted, That from and after the Eight and twentieth day of June in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety four, there ſhall be, throughout the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, Raiſed, Collected and Paid unto Their Majeſties, during the Term of Four years, for the ſeveral and reſpective things therein mentioned, which ſhall be Written or Ingroſſed during the Term aforeſaid, the ſeveral and reſpective Rates, Impoſitions, or Duties therein expreſſed; And that Commiſſioners, to be appointed by Their Majeſties, ſhould, within the time by the ſaid Act limited, provide ſix ſeveral Marks or Stamps differing from each other, for the ſeveral and reſpective Duties thereby Granted; And that the ſaid ſeveral Marks and Stamps ſhould be publiſhed by Proclamation, in ſuch manner as by the ſaid Act (amongſt other things therein contained, relation being thereunto had) may more fully appear: Their Majeſties are graciouſly pleaſed by this Their Royal Proclamation under the Great Seal of England, to Publiſh and give Notice, and do hereby Publiſh and give Notice to all perſons who are or may be concerned, That Their Majeſties Commiſſioners, namely, Chriſtopher Montague, John Stanley, Edward Lloyd, Henry Cornith, Henry Harris, Jacob Vander Eſch, and James Iſaacſon, Eſquires, who are appointed under the Great Seal of England, for Marking and Stamping of Velum, Parchment and Paper, and for the Execution of ſeveral other Matters and Things in the ſaid Act contained, and who keep their Head Office in Lincolns-Inn, Have, purſuant to the Direction of the ſaid Act of Parliament, provided Six ſeveral Marks or Stamps, to Stamp, or Impreſs all Velum, Parchment and Paper, upon which any the Records, Deeds, Inſtruments, Writings, Copies, or other things by the ſaid Act charged, may be Ingroſſed or Written, That is to ſay,

One Mark or Stamp (the Impreſſion whereof is here made in the Margin) for all Velum, Parchment and Paper by the ſaid Act charged with the Payment of Forty Shillings, Namely, For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment, on which any Grants or Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England, or the Seal of the Dutchy or County Palatine of Lancaſter, or of any Honour, Dignity, Promotion, Franchiſe, Liberty or Privilege to any Perſon or Perſons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, or Exemplifications of the ſame, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum, Parchment or Sheet of Paper, on which any Pardon of or for any Crime, or Offence, or of any Sum of Money or Forfeiture whatſoever, or on which any Warrant of Repreve or Relaxation from any Fines, Corporal Puniſhments, or other Forfeiture ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin of Velum or Parchment or Sheet of Paper upon which any Grant from Their Majeſties of any Sum of Money exceeding One hundred pounds, which ſhall paſs the Great Seal, or Privy Seal (not directed to the Great Seal) ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin of Velum or Parchment or for every Sheet of Paper upon which any Grant of any Office or Imployment, which ſhall be above the value of Fifty pounds per Annum ſhall be Written or Ingroſſed. For every Skin of Velum or Parchment on which any Grant of Lands in Fee, Leaſe for Years, or other Grant of Profit not therein particularly charged, that ſhall paſs the Great Seal of England, the Seal of the Exchequer, the Seal of the Dutchy or County Palatine of Lancaſter, or the Privy Seal (not directed to the Great Seal) ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Sheet of Paper upon which any Preſentation or Donation which ſhall paſs the great Seal of England, or upon which any Collation to be made by any Arch-Biſhop or other Biſhop, or any Preſentation or Donation to be made by any Patron whatſoever, of or to any Benefice, Dignity or Spiritual or Eccleſiaſtical Promotion whatſoever ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written, (provided ſuch Benefice, Dignity or Promotion be of the yearly value of Ten pounds or above in the Kings Books.) For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Sheet or piece of Paper upon which any Regiſter, Entry, Teſtimonial or Certificate of any Degree taken in either of the Two Univerſities, or Four Inns of Court ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Sheet of Paper on which any Diſpenſation to hold Two Eccleſiaſtical Dignities or Benefices, or both a Dignity and a Benefice, or any other Diſpenſation or Facuity from the Lord Arch-Biſhop of Canterbury, or the Maſter of the Faculties for the time being, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment, Sheet or piece of Paper, upon which any Admittance of any Fellow of the Colledge of Phyſicians, or of any Attorney, Clerk, Advocate, Proctor, Notary, or other Officer or Officers in any Court whatſoever ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. And for every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Sheet of Paper, upon which any Appeal from the Court of Admiralty, Arches, or the Prerogative Courts of Canterbury or York ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written.

One other Mark or Stamp (the Impreſſion whereof is here made in the Margin) for all Velum, Parchment and Paper by the ſaid Act charged with the Payment of Five ſhillings, Namely, For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment, or ſheet of Paper upon which any Conveyance, Surrender of Grants or Offices, Releaſe or other Deed whatſoever which ſhall be Inrolled of Record in any of the Courts at Weſtminſter, or in any other Court of Record whatſoever, or by any Cuſtos Rotulorum, or Clerk of the Peace, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every piece of Velum or Parchment upon which any Writ of Covenant for Levying of Fines ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every piece of Velum or Parchment upon which any Writ of Entry for ſuffering a Common Recovery ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin of Velum or Parchment upon which any Exemplification of what nature ſoever that ſhall paſs the Seal of any Court whatſoever ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which any Inſtitution or Licence that ſhall paſs the Seal of any Arch Biſhop or Biſhop, Chancellor or other Ordinary or any Eccleſiaſtical Court whatſoever ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which any Writ of Error, Certiorari, Habeas Corpus or Appeal (except to the Delegates) ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which any Significavit pro Corporis deliberatione ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which any Sentence that ſhall be Given in the Court of the Lord high Admiral of England or the Cinque Ports, Exerciſing Admiralty Juriſdiction, or upon any Attachment that ſhall be made out of any of the ſaid Courts of Admiralty, or any Relaxation of any ſuch Attachment ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet or piece of Paper upon which any Licence for, or Certificate of Marriage or any Letters of Mart ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment, ſheet or piece of Paper upon which any Probate of a Will or Letters of Adminiſtration for any Eſtate above the value of Twenty pounds ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. And for every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment, ſheet or piece of Paper upon which any Recogniſance, Statute-Staple or Statute-Merchant, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written or Entred of Record in any Court or Office.

One other Mark or Stamp (the Impreſſion whereof is here made in the Margin) for all Velum, Parchment and Paper by the ſaid Act charged with the Payment of Two ſhillings and ſix pence, Namely, For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment upon which any Record of Niſi prius or Poſtea ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Paper upon which ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written any Judgment whatſoever which ſhall be Signed by the Maſter of any Office or his Deputy or Secondary or by any Prothonotary or his Secondary, Deputy or Clerk, or any other Officer belonging to any of the Courts at Weſtminſter, who have Power or uſually doth or ſhall ſign Judgments. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which any Commiſſion Iſſuing out of any Eccleſiaſtical Court not herein otherwiſe particularly charged ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. And for every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which any Warrant, Monition or Perſonal Decree in any Court of Admiralty or the Cinque Ports ſhall be ingroſſed or Written, or upon which any Beneficial Warrant or Order under Their Majeſties Sign Manual (except Warrants or Orders for the Service of Their Majeſties Navy, Army and Ordnance) ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written.

One other Mark or Stamp (the Impreſſion whereof is here made in the Margin) for all Velum, Parchment and Paper by the ſaid Act charged with the payment of One ſhilling, Namely, For every piece of Velum, Parchment or Paper, upon which any Special Bail to be taken in any of the Courts at Weſtminſter, or before any of the Judges of the ſaid Courts, or in any other Court whatſoever that ſhall be Filed in any of the ſaid Courts, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written; and for every piece of Velum, Parchment or Paper, upon which ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written any Appearance upon ſuch Special Bail. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment upon which ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written any Bill, Anſwer, Replication, Rejoynder, Interrogatories, Depoſitions taken by Commiſſion, or any other Pleadings whatſoever in the Courts of Chancery, Exchequer, Dutchy Court, and County Palatine Courts, or other Courts of Equity. And for every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment, and for every Sheet or piece of Paper, upon which any Admiſſion into any Corporation or Company, or any Matriculation in either of the Two Univerſities, or any Admiſſion into any of the Inns of Court or Inns of Chancery ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written.

One other Mark or Stamp (the Impreſſion whereof is here made in the Margin) for all Velum, Parchment and Paper by the ſaid Act charged with the payment of Six pence; Namely, For every piece of Parchment or Paper upon which any Affidavits ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written (except Affidavits taken purſuant to the ſeveral Acts made in the Thirtieth and Two and thirtieth Years of the Reign of King Charles the Second for the Burying in Woollen, and except ſuch Affidavits as ſhall be taken before the Officers of Their Majeſties Cuſtoms, or any Juſtice or Juſtices of the Peace, or before the Commiſſioners appointed or to be appointed by any Act of Parliament for the Aſſeſſing or Levying any Aids or Duties Granted or to be Granted to Their Majeſties, and which Affidavits ſhall be taken by the ſaid Officers of the Cuſtoms, Juſtices or Commiſſioners by virtue of their Authority as Juſtices of the Peace or Commiſſioners reſpectively and not otherwiſe;) For every piece of Parchment or Paper upon which any Copy of ſuch Affidavit as is therein before charged, that ſhall be Filed or Read in any Court whatſoever ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Sheet of Paper upon which ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written any Indenture, Leaſe or Deed-Poll, not hereby otherwiſe charged. For every piece of Velum or Parchment, or piece of Paper upon which any Original Writ (except ſuch Original on which a Writ of Capias Iſſues) Sub pœna, Bill of Middleſex, Latitat, Writ of Capias quo minus, Writ of Dedimus poteſtatem, to take Anſwers, examine Witneſſes or appoint Guardians, and any other Writ whatſoever, or any other Proceſs or Mandate that ſhall iſſue out or paſs the Seals of any of the Courts at Weſtminſter, Courts of the Great Seſſions in Wales, Courts in Counties Palatine, or any other Court whatſoever holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty ſhillings or above, or the Thing in Demand is of that Value, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every piece of Velum, Parchment or Paper upon which any Entry of any Action in the Mayors and Sheriffs Courts of London, and in Courts in all Corporations and other Courts whatſoever, out of which no Writs, Proceſs or Mandates, Iſſue, holding Plea, where the Debt or Damage doth amount to Forty ſhillings or above, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every piece of Velum, Parchment or Paper upon which any Common Bail to be Filed in any Court whatſoever, and upon which any Appearance that ſhall be made upon ſuch Bail, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written, which Appearance or Common Bail the Defendant ſhall cauſe to be Entred or Filed within Eight days after the Return of the Proceſs on which the Defendant was Arreſted, upon Penalty of Five pounds to be paid to the Plaintiff, for which the Court ſhall immediately award Judgment, whereupon the Plaintiff may take out Execution. For every piece of Velum, Parchment or Paper upon which any Rule or Order, made or given in any of the Courts at Weſtminſter, either Courts of Law or Equity ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every piece of Velum, Parchment or Paper upon which any Copy of ſuch Rules or Orders Entred, or the Copies of any other Records or Proceedings in any of the ſaid Courts at Weſtminſter not hereby otherwiſe Charged, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written any Citation or Monition made in any Eccleſiaſtical Court, or any Libel or Allegation, Depoſition, Anſwer, Sentence or Final Decree or any Inventory exhibited in any Eccleſiaſtical Court, the Courts of Admiralty or Cinque Ports, or whereupon any Copies of them reſpectively ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin of Velum or Parchment, or ſheet of Paper upon which any Decree or Diſmiſſion made by or in the Court of Chancery, Exchequer, Court of the County Palatine or Dutchy of Lancaſter, Courts of the Counties Palatine of Cheſter, Durham or other Courts of Equity whatſoever, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written, and for every Skin or piece of Velum, Parchment or ſheet of Paper upon which any Charter-Party, Policy of Aſſurance, Paſſport, Bond, Releaſe, Contract, or other obligatory Inſtrument, or any Proteſt, Procuration, Letter of Attorney or any other Notarial Act whatſoever, ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written.

And one other Mark or Stamp (the Impreſſion whereof is here made in the Margin) for all Velum, Parchment and Paper by the ſaid Act charged with the payment of One Penny, Namely, For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment, or Sheet of Paper, upon which any Declaration, Plea, Replication, Rejoynder, Demurrer or other Pleadings whatſoever, in any Court of Law ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written, and for every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment upon which any Copy thereof ſhall be Written or Ingroſſed. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Sheet of Paper upon which any Depoſitions taken in the Court of Chancery or other Court of Equity (except the Paper Draughts of Depoſitions taken by virtue of any Commiſſion before they are Ingroſſed) which are not therein before Charged, or upon which any Copy of any Bill, Anſwer, Plea, Demurrer, Replication, Rejoynder, Interrogatories, Depoſitions, or other Proceedings whatſoever in any Court of Equity ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written. For every Skin or piece of Velum or Parchment or Sheet of Paper upon which a Copy of any Will ſhall be Ingroſſed or Written.

But the ſaid Act doth not extend to Charge any Bills of Exchange, Accompts, Bills of Parcels, Bills of Fees, or any Bills or Notes (not Sealed) for Payment of Money at Sight, or upon Demand, or at the end of certain days of Payment. Or the Probate of any Will or Letters of Adminiſtration of any Common Seaman or Soldier, who ſhall be ſlain or die in Their Majeſties Service, a Certificate being produced from the Captain of the Ship or Veſſel, or Captain of the Troop or Company under whom ſuch Seaman or Soldier ſerved at the time of his Death, and Oath being made of the truth thereof before the proper Judge or Officer by whom ſuch Probate or Adminiſtration ought to be granted, which Oath is to be Adminiſtred without Fee or Reward.

And none of the ſaid Rates are to be paid by any perſon or perſons that ſhall be admitted to Sue or Defend in Forma Pauperis.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the One and thirtieth day of *May*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. M DC XC IV.

K. Gts & Ireland
Wm.

1st

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Concerning COLOURS to be worn on Board Ships.

17. July. 1694.

MARIE R.

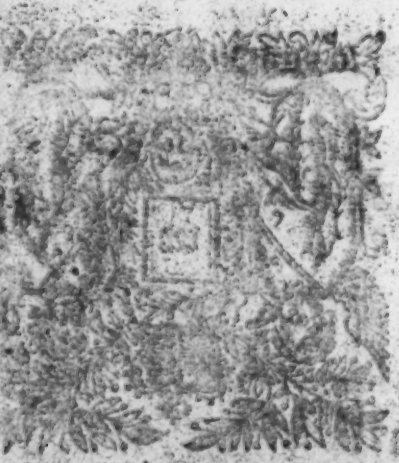


Whereas divers of Their Majesties Subjects have of late presumed on Board their Ships to Wear Their Majesties Jacks, Pendants and Ensigns, which according to Ancient Usage have been appointed as a distinction for Their Majesties Ships, and many times thinking to evade the punishment due for the same, have worn Jacks, Pendants and Ensigns in shape and mixture of Colours so little different from those of Their Majesties, as not without difficulty to be distinguished therefrom, which practice is found attended with manifold Inconveniences: For prevention of the same for the future, Their Majesties have thought fit, with the Advice of Their Privy Council, by this Their Royal Proclamation, strictly to Charge and Command all Their Subjects whatsoever, That they do not presume to wear in any of their Ships or Vessels, Their Majesties Jack, commonly called the Union Jack, nor any Pendants, nor any such Ensigns or Colours as are usually born by Their Majesties Ships, without particular Warrant for their so doing from Their Majesties, or the Lord high Admiral of England, or the Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord high Admiral for the time being. And Their Majesties do hereby also further Command all Their Loving Subjects, that without such Warrant as aforesaid, they presume not to wear on Board their Ships or Vessels, any Jacks, Pendants, Ensigns or Colours, made in imitation of those of Their Majesties, or any other Flags, Jacks, Pendants or Ensigns whatsoever, than those usually Worn in Merchants Ships, Viz. The Flag and Jack White, with a Red Cross, commonly called St. George's Cross, passing quite through the same, and the Ensign Red, with the like Cross in a Canton White at the upper Corner thereof next the Staff, nor any kind of Pendant whatsoever, saving that for the better Distinction of such Ships as shall have Commissions of Letters of Mart or Reprisals against the Enemy, and any other Ships or Vessels which may be employed by the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Their Majesties Navy, the Principal Officers of Their Majesties Ordnance, the Commissioners for Victualling Their Majesties Navy, the Commissioners for Their Majesties Customs, and the Commissioners for Transportation for Their Majesties Services, relating particularly to those Offices. Their Majesties do Command that all such Ships as have Commissions of Letters of Mart or Reprisals, shall besides the Colours which may be Worn by Merchants Ships, wear a Red Jack, with the Union Jack, described in a Canton at the upper Corner thereof next the Staff; And that such Ships and Vessels as shall be employed for Their Majesties Service, by the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Their Majesties Navy, the Principal Officers of Their Majesties Ordnance, the Commissioners for Victualling Their Majesties Navy, the Commissioners for Their Majesties Customs, and the Commissioners for Transportation for Their Majesties Services, relating particularly to those Offices, shall Wear a Red Jack with the Union Jack in a Canton at the upper Corner thereof next the Staff, as aforesaid, and in the other part of the said Jack shall be described the Seal used in the respective Offices aforesaid, by which the said Ships and Vessels shall be employed. And Their Majesties do strictly Charge and Command, That none of Their Loving Subjects do presume to wear any of the said Distinction Jacks, unless they shall have Commissions of Letters of Mart or Reprisals, or be employed in Their Majesties Service by the before mentioned Offices respectively. And Their Majesties do hereby require the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Their Majesties Navy, the Governours of Their Forts and Castles, the Officers of Their Customs, and the Commanders or Officers of any of Their Majesties Ships, upon their meeting with, or otherwise observing any Ships or Vessels of Their Majestes Subjects, wearing any Flag, Pendant, Jack or Ensign contrary hereunto, whether at Sea or in Port, not only to Seize, or cause such Flag, Pendant, Jack or Ensign to be forthwith Seized, but also to Return the Names of the said Ships, and Vessels, together with the Names of their respective Masters or Commanders, unto the Lord high Admiral, Commissioners for executing the Office of Lord high Admiral, or the Judge of the high Court of Admiralty for the time being, to the end that the Persons offending may be duly punished for the same. And Their Majesties do hereby Command and Enjoyn the Judge and Judges of the high Court of Admiralty for the time being, That they make strict Enquiry, and cause all such Offenders to be duly punished. And all Vice-Admirals, and Judges of the Vice-Admiralties are also to do the same, and attend the due Observation hereof within the several Ports and Places belonging to their respective Precincts. And Their Majesties further Pleasure is, That this Proclamation shall take place according to the times hereafter mentioned, Viz. For all Ships in the Channel or British Seas, and in the North Sea after Twelve Days from the Date of these Presents; And from the Mouth of the Channel unto Cape St. Vincent after Six Weeks from the Date of these Presents; And beyond the Cape, and on this side the Æquinoctial Line, as well the Ocean and Mediterranean as elsewhere, after Ten Weeks from the Date of these presents; And beyond the Line after the space of Eight Months from the Date of these presents.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twelfth Day of *July*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties.
MDC XCIV.



A BROCARD

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Apprehending of Colonel *JOHN PARKER.*

MARIE R. *August 15th 1694*

WHereas Colonel John Parker being in Custody in the Tower for High Treason, (for which a Bill of Indictment was found against him the last Term) did upon Saturday Night last make his Escape, and doth Abscond himself, Flying from Justice; We have therefore thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Require and Command all Our Loving Subjects whatsoever, to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Colonel John Parker (being about Forty Years of Age, a Fair Man, somewhat long Visaged, with a sharp Chin, and a high thin Nose, and is a little marked with the Small Pox, his hair Brown (but he generally Wears a fair Periwig) his Size is rather less than a middle Stature, he speaks with a Soft Speech and Smiling Countenance, he goes a little Lame, pretended to be by some Wound he received) and being Apprehended, to carry him before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate of City or Town Corporate, whom We do hereby Require to Commit him to the next Goal, there to remain until he shall be thence delivered by due Course of Law; And We do hereby Require the said Justice or Chief Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Us or Our Council; And We do hereby Promise, that whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the said Colonel John Parker, and bring him before some Justice of Peace, shall have and receive the Reward of Four hundred Pounds for so doing; And We do hereby Authorize and Require Our present Commissioners of Our Treasury, and Our High Treasurer and Commissioners for the Treasury for the time being, to make Payment of the said Sum accordingly; And We do hereby Publish and Declare, That if any Person or Persons, after this Our Royal Proclamation, shall directly or indirectly, Conceal, Harbour, Retain, Keep or Maintain the said Colonel John Parker, or shall Contrive or Connive at any means whereby he may Escape from being Taken or Arrested, such Person or Persons shall be Prosecuted with the utmost Severity of Law; And We do hereby Declare, That if any Person or Persons who have been Instrumental in his Escape, or have had any hand in Concealing him, shall Discover and Apprehend the said Colonel John Parker, so that he shall be brought before Our Chief Justice of the Kings Bench, or some other of the Judges of the said Court, or some Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate of City or Corporation, such Person or Persons so Instrumental in the said Escape, and Discovering, Apprehending and Bringing in the said Colonel John Parker, shall have and Receive Our Gracious Pardon for his or their Offence aforesaid: And such Person or Persons as have or do Conceal the said Colonel John Parker, and shall discover and bring him in, as aforesaid, shall not only have and Receive Our Gracious Pardon for such Offence, but shall also have and Receive the like Reward of Four hundred Pounds to be paid in manner aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fourteenth Day of *August*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1694.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a General FAST.

18. Aug. 1694.

MARIE R.

THeir Majesties taking into most serious Consideration the continued War, in which Their Majesties (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) are Engaged against the French King, and that upon the Success thereof the Common Safety of this Realm doth, under God, wholly depend; And putting Their trust in Almighty God, that he will vouchsafe a Special Blessing on Their Majesties Righteous Undertaking, and Consummate the Deliverance of these Nations, by Settling the same in a firm and lasting State of Peace, Security and Prosperity; Have thought fit to Appoint, and do, by and with the Advice of Their Privy Council, hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Fast, and Humiliation, to be Observed throughout this Realm of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, in most Devout and Solemn Manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for the Pardon of Our Sins, and for Imploring his Blessing and Protection in the Preservation of Their Majesties Sacred Persons, and Prosperity of Their Arms both at Land and Sea, to be Religiously kept and observed on Wednesday the Nine and twentieth day of this Instant August, throughout the Cities of London and Westminster, and within the Bills of Mortality; and throughout the Whole Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Wednesday the Nineteenth Day of September next ensuing. And for the more orderly Solemnizing of the said Fast, Their Majesties have thought fit, and do hereby Direct, That the Form of Prayer Composed for the last General Fast (the occasion being still the same) shall be the Form to be used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, upon the said Nine and twentieth Instant, and Nineteenth of September next. And Their Majesties do most expresly Charge and Command, That the said Fasting and Prayers be Soberly, Reverently and Decently Performed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon such Pain of Punishments as Their Majesties can justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Work.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Sixteenth Day of *August*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties, M DC XCIV. 18th August.



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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring the Parliament ſhall be Prorogued until the Five and Twentieth day of *October* next.

Marie R.

sept. 7th 1694

Whereas this preſent Parliament ſtands Prorogued to the Eighteenth day of this Inſtant September, We, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, for Weighty reaſons Us eſpecially moving, do hereby Publiſh and Declare Our Royal Pleaſure, That the ſame Parliament ſhall upon the ſaid Eighteenth day of September, be further Prorogued unto the Five and twentieth day of October next; Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons, and all others whom it may concern, may hereby take Notice: We letting them know, That We will not at the ſaid Eighteenth day of this Inſtant September, expect the Attendance of any, but ſuch as being in and about Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter, may attend the making of the ſaid Prorogation, in ſuch manner as heretofore in like Caſes hath been accuſtomed.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Sixth Day of *September*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1694.

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By the King and Queen, A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring the Attendance of the Members of both Houſes of PARLIAMENT.

6. Oct. 1694.

Marie R.

WE being deſirous that the Members of both houſes may have convenient Notice of the time when their Attendance in Parliament ſhall be Requiſite, to the end they may order their Affairs ſo as that there then be a full Aſſembly, have (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) thought fit to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, Hereby Declaring and Publiſhing Our Will and Pleaſure, That Our ſaid Parliament ſhall, on the Twenty fifth day of October Inſtant, to which day the ſame is now Prorogued, be further Prorogued unto Tueſday the Sixth day of November next; In Order to which Prorogation, We ſhall expect the Attendance only of ſuch Members as ſhall be Reſident in or near Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter: And Our purpoſe being that Our ſaid houſes of Parliament ſhall not only Meet upon the ſaid Sixth day of November next, but ſhall Sit for the Diſpatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs, We do therefore hereby Charge and Require all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the houſe of Commons to give their Attendance at Weſtminſter on the ſaid Sixth day of November accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fourth Day of *October*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

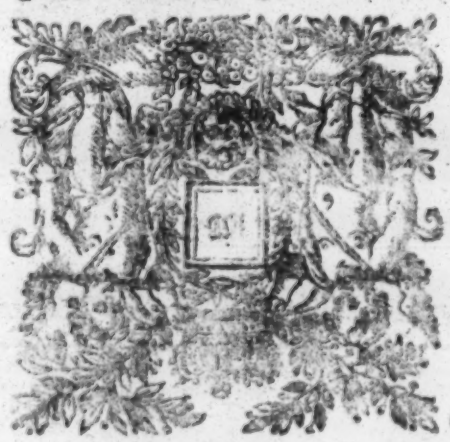
LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the King and Queens moſt Excellent Majeſties. 1694.

A PROCLAMATION
BY the King and Queen,

Reducing the Attendance of the Members of both Houses of

PARLIAMENT.



MARIA R.

gratis.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For a Publick THANKSGIVING.

21. Nov. 1694.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas Their Majesties having a deep and serious Consideration of the War in which they (together with most of the Princes and States of Europe) were and still are Engaged against the French King, did by Their Royal Proclamation bearing date the Tenth day of May last; as also by another Proclamation bearing date the Sixteenth day of August last, appoint Two General Fasts to be kept throughout this Kingdom, for Imploring the Blessing and Protection of Almighty God in the Preservation of Their Majesties Sacred Persons, and Prosperity of Their Arms both at Land and Sea, which have been Observed accordingly. And forasmuch as it hath pleased Almighty God of his infinite Goodness, in Answer to the Prayers humbly and devoutly offered up to Him, to preserve Their Majesties and Their Government, against the Designs and Attempts of Their Open and Secret Enemies, and to Protect His Majesties Person from the Danger to which he was Exposed in his late Expedition beyond the Seas, and to Grant such Success to his Majesties Arms both at Sea and Land, and to the Forces of the Confederate Princes and States in several Parts of Europe, as to put a considerable Stop to the Rage and Fury of the Enemy, and to bring Him back in Safety to this Kingdom: Their Majesties therefore Adoring the Divine Goodness, and duly considering, That such Great and Publick Blessings do call for Publick and Solemn Acknowledgments, have thought fit, and (with the Advice of Their Privy Council) do hereby Appoint and Command, That a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God for these his Mercies be Observed throughout Our Cities of London and Westminster, and elsewhere within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, on Sunday the Second day of December next: And in all other Places throughout this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Sunday the Sixteenth day of December ensuing. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing of the same, Their Majesties have given Directions to the most Reverend Arch-Bishops, and Right Reverend Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely dispersing of the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And Their Majesties do strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick days of Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Their Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of Suffering such Punishment as Their Majesties can justly inflict for the Contempt or Neglect thereof.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Fifteenth Day of *November*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God save King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majesties. 1694.

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By the King and Queen,

A PROCLAMATION

For Encouraging Mariners, Seamen and Landmen to Enter themſelves on Board Their Majeſties Ships of War.

WILLIAM R. 15. Dec. 1694.

WE being deſirous to give all due Encouragement to all ſuch able Seamen, as have not been in Our Service the laſt Year, or being in the Service have been regularly Diſcharged therefrom, and alſo to able-bodied Landmen, who ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, and remain on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all Seamen and able-bodied Landmen who ſhall on or between the Twentieth Day of this Inſtant December, and the Twentieth Day of January next, Voluntarily Enter themſelves and Remain on Board any of Our Ships of War, or Fire Ships, or on any Preſs-Veſſels or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhall Receive as of Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, the reſpective Allowances or Rewards following, Viz. Each able and ordinary Seaman Three Months Pay, and each able-bodied Landman One Months Pay, to be Paid to them by or before the Twentieth Day of March next, and if any Ships ſhall be ſent Abroad, the Men ſo Entred on Board the ſaid Ships ſhall be Paid before they Sail. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen and Landmen to Repair on Board the reſpective Ships on which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and give their conſtant Attendance, for fitting out to Sea ſuch Ships as each of them do belong unto. And We are alſo Graciouſly Pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall likewiſe be Allowed to ſuch Seamen and Landmen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves and Remain on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true Meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation. And for the Prevention of any Deceit and Abuſes that may happen by any Perſon or Perſons leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our ſaid Ships, as aforeſaid, in order to the obtaining of the Bounty-Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare and Command, That ſuch Seamen and Landmen belonging to any of Our Ships or Veſſels whatſoever, as ſhall leave any of the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships, in order to the obtaining of the ſaid Bounty-Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but alſo be ſeverely Puniſht according to their Demerits. And We do hereby further Publiſh and Declare Our Pleaſure, That all Warrants for Preſſing of Seamen ſhall be Suſpended in their Execution between the Twentieth Day of this Month of December, and the Twentieth Day of January next enſuing; Whereof all Commanders of Our Ships and other Officers, whom it may concern, are to take Notice, and to forbear to Preſs Seamen accordingly during that time.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall* the Thirteenth Day of *December*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave King William and Queen Mary.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the King and Queens most Excellent Majeſties. 1694.

gratis.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Enlarging the time for Bounty-Money to ſuch Seamen and Landmen as ſhall Voluntarily come into Our Sea-Service by the Tenth of *February* next, and for Regulating of Protections.

16. Jan. 169 4/5

WILLIAM R.



Whereas by Our Royal Proclamation of the Thirteenth of December laſt, We did (amongſt other things) Promiſe and Declare, That all Seamen and able-bodied Landmen, who ſhould, on or between the Twentieth day of the ſaid Month of December, and the Twentieth day of this Inſtant January, voluntarily Enter themſelves, and Remain on Board any of Our Ships of War or Fire-Ships, or any Preſs-Veſſels or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhould Receive as of Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, the reſpective Allowances or Rewards therein mentioned, viz. Each able and ordinary Seaman Three Months Pay, and each able-bodied Landman One Months Pay, to be paid to them by or before the Twentieth day of March next; and if any Ships ſhould be ſent abroad, the Men ſo Entred on Board the ſaid Ships, ſhould be paid before they Sailed; And did alſo Graciouſly Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhould be Allowed to ſuch Seamen and Landmen as ſhould Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and Remain on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true Meaning of that Our Proclamation; And did thereby further Declare Our Pleaſure, That all Warrants for Preſſing of Seamen ſhould be Suſpended in their Execution, between the ſaid Twentieth Day of December, and Twentieth Day of January. And it being Repreſented unto Us by Our Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of England, That it Will be for Our Service, if the Time for the Allowing of the ſaid Bounty-Money ſhould be Enlarged, but that the Preſs for Seamen ſhould nevertheleſs go on from the Twentieth of this Inſtant January: We have therefore thought fit, by the Advice of Our Priby Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Promiſing and Declaring, That all ſuch Seamen and able-bodied Landmen, as ſhall, on or before the Tenth Day of February next, Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and Remain on Board any of Our Ships of War, Fire-Ships, Preſs-Veſſels or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhall reſpectively have and Receive the like Allowance or Reward of Bounty-Money and Conduct-Money, as in and by Our ſaid Proclamation is Promiſed or Declared to be paid or allowed to ſuch Seamen and Landmen, as have or ſhall, on or before the Twentieth Day of this Inſtant January, voluntarily come into Our ſaid Service, the ſame to be paid at ſuch Times, and in ſuch Caſes as in and by Our ſaid Proclamation is Expreſſed. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen and Landmen, who ſhall, purſuant to this Our Proclamation, Voluntarily Come in and Enter themſelves as aforeſaid, That they Repair on Board the reſpective Ships on which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and give their conſtant Attendance for Setting out to Sea ſuch Ships as each of them ſhall belong unto. And We do hereby Direct, Declare, and Command, That ſuch Seamen or Landmen, as ſhall Leave any of the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships, in order to the obtaining of the ſaid Bounty-Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages Due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but alſo be ſeverely Puniſht according to their Demerits. And Our Will and Pleaſure is, and We do hereby Publiſh and Declare, That the Preſs for Seamen ſhall Commence and Go on from the Twentieth Day of this Inſtant January, notwithſtanding the Liberty that any may have of coming in Voluntarily before the Tenth Day of February next; and that none that ſhall be Taken upon the Preſs, ſhall, under any Pretence whatſoever, be Intituled to any Bounty-Money. And We do further Publiſh and Declare, That all Protections whatſoever Made or Granted before the Six and twentieth Day of December laſt paſt, whereby any Perſons have been or may pretend to be Protected or Excuſed from being Preſſed for Our Sea-Service, ſhall be, and are hereby Declared to be Null and Void, and the reſpective Offices and Perſons, to whom it belongs to make any ſuch Protections, ſhall make and renew ſuch and ſo many only, as ſhall be abſolutely neceſſary for Carrying on the reſpective Services for which they are to be Granted. And We do alſo hereby Determine and Make Void all Tickets of Leave, except ſuch Tickets of Leave only as hereafter ſhall be Given by Our Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of England, or the Lord Berkely-Admiral of the Blue.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Fourteenth Day of *January*, 1694. In the Sixth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1694.

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gratis.

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By the King,

A DECLARATION,

For the Strict Diſcipline of the Army, and Due Payment of Quarters.

13. March. 169 4/5

WILLIAM R.

Whereas it is Neceſſary, That the Forces which are Maintained within this Our Kingdom, for the Defence and Security thereof, be kept in good Order and Diſcipline; And that Our Subjects may not Suffer by any Diſorders or Misbehaviour of any Officers or Soldiers within Our Pay and Entertainment, We have thought fit hereby to Declare Our Royal Will and Pleaſure, That in What Place ſoever any of Our Forces ſhall Paſs or Remain, they ſhall duly Pay their Quarters, and ſhall not, upon any Pretence whatſoever, Refuſe or Avoid the ſame: To which Purpoſe, We do hereby Direct, That upon the Arrival of any Regiment, Troop or Company, in any Gariſon, Town or Place, Publication be immediately made by Sound of Trumpet or Beat of Drum, and Notice given to the Chief Magiſtrate or Civil Officer, That no Officer or Soldier be Truſted in their Quarters beyond the Rates that have been, or ſhall be Preſcribed by Act of Parliament, and that according to the ſaid Rates, the Quarters ſhall be Duly Paid and Anſwered. In Order whereunto, Care is to be taken for the Remitting of Money to ſuch Quarters; And where it ſhall happen, That the Subſiſtence Due to any Regiment, Troop or Company cannot be immediately Remitted, ſo as to Enable them to Pay their Quarters upon a ſudden March, Our Will and Pleaſure is, That the Officer in Chief with ſuch Regiment, Troop or Company, before his Departure out of the Quarters, do Make up and Accompt with every Perſon with whom ſuch Regiment, Troop or Company have Quartered, of what is due, and give a Certificate or Certificates by him Signed, to the Party or Parties to whom ſuch Money is Owing, or to the Chief Magiſtrate or Magiſtrates of the Town, where the ſaid Regiment, Troop or Company is Quartered, to the end the ſaid Certificate or Certificates may be tranſmitted to the Pay-Maſter-General of Our Forces; Who is immediately to make Payment of the Sums ſo Certified to the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame are due, or to his or their Order; And ſuch Officer or Officers, who ſhall have Received, and to whom it belongs to Diſtribute the Subſiſtence-Money, neglecting to give Notice upon their Arrival in Quarters, as aforeſaid, or to pay the Quarters of the Regiment, Troop or Company, for whom he or they ſhall have Received the Pay or Subſiſtence, or who ſhall not Diſtribute the Remainder thereof (after the Quarters are Diſcharged) to the Officers and Soldiers to whom it is due, or in Default of Money, ſhall refuſe to Sign a Certificate or Certificates of the Debt Owing in ſuch Quarters, as aforeſaid, and to ſend a Duplicate thereof to the Pay-Maſter-General of Our Forces, upon Complaint and due Proof made thereof, ſhall be Caſhier'd and Diſmiſs'd Our Service; And further upon Complaint and Oath made of ſuch Default of Payment, and of the Refuſal of ſuch Certificate, as before mentioned, at the next Quarter-Seſſions of the County, City or Place where ſuch Quarters Remain Unpaid, the Pay-Maſter-General of Our Forces is hereby Required, upon Certificate of the Juſtices of the Peace, before whom ſuch Oath was made of the Sums Due, and of the Perſon or Perſons to whom the ſame is Owing, to Satisfie and Pay the ſaid Sums out of the Pay of ſuch Officer or Officers. And in Caſe any Officers of Our Army (whom We have Ordered to give ſtrict Attendance in their Quarters) or the Soldiers under their Command, ſhall Preſume to Commit any Spoil or Diſorder, or Uſe any Violence or Threatning Words, upon any Pretence whatſoever, or otherwiſe Misbehave themſelves, We do hereby further Declare, That beſides the Ordinary Courſe of Juſtice for Redreſs, if the Perſons Agrieved ſhall make known the ſame to the Superiour Officers, the ſaid Officers ſhall, and are hereby Required to Cauſe Satisfaction immediately to be given; And that if ſuch Officers to whom Complaint is made, ſhall forbear or delay the cauſing due Satisfaction to be given, as aforeſaid, the Perſons to whom the Wrong is done, may then make their further Complaint to any Juſtice of the Peace of the County, City or Place where the Offence is Committed; Upon whoſe Repreſentation of the Matter unto Us, or to the General Officers of Our Army, Sitting at Whitehall, for the Receiving and Examining of Complaints, and Redreſſing Abuſes, We ſhall Order ſpeedy Juſtice to be done, as well by Reparation of the Injury, and Satisfaction of the Charge the Perſons Injur'd may be at in Proſecuting of Juſtice and Obtaining Redreſs, as by Cauſing the Officers and Soldiers ſo Offending to be Puniſhed, as the Nature and Quality of their Offences ſhall Deſerve. And We do further Declare Our Will and Pleaſure to be, That no Officer or Soldier in their March or Quarters, ſhall be Lodg'd in any Private Houſe whatſoever, Without the Free and Voluntary Conſent of the Owner; And that in Caſe any Officers or Soldiers ſhall, for any Reward or Conſideration, Leave or Change the Quarters Appointed them, or ſhall Demand or Exact Money for Quarters, or to Exempt or Excuſe any Perſon from the ſame, or ſhall Preſume to Exact or Demand Subſiſtence-Money in their Quarters, or upon their March, or knowingly ſuffer the ſame to be done, they ſhall be Puniſhed by Caſhiering and Loſs of their Pay, and Incur ſuch further Penalty as the Law ſhall Direct. And We do likewiſe ſtrictly Prohibit and Forbid all Officers and Soldiers to Deſtroy or Diſturb the Game in any manner whatſoever, Without Leave from the Lords of the reſpective Manors, or others to whom it may belong to Grant the ſame: It being Our Royal Intention and Command, That all Officers and Soldiers in Our Service, behave themſelves Orderly in all things, according to Law and Military Diſcipline, as becomes them, upon Pain of the Severeſt Conſequences of Our High Diſpleaſure.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* this Eleventh Day of *March*, 1694. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1694.

gratis.

166

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Apprehending of *William Standish* of *Standish-Hall* in the County of *Lancaster*, Esquire.

20. March. 169 4/5.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas His Majesty hath received Information, That William Standish of Standish-Hall in the County of Lancaster, Esquire, hath Conspired, with divers other Disaffected Persons, to Disturb and Destroy the Government, and for that purpose bought up Arms, and Abetted and Adhered to His Majesties Enemies; For which cause several Warrants have Issued for the Apprehending of the said William Standish, but he hath withdrawn himself from his usual Place of Abode, and is fled from Justice: His Majesty therefore hath thought fit, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, and upon an Humble Address from the House of Commons for that purpose, to Issue this His Royal Proclamation; And His Majesty doth hereby Command and Require all His Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said William Standish Whereever he may be found, and to Carry him before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit him to the next Gaol, there to remain until he be thence delivered by due Course of Law. And His Majesty doth Require the said Justice, or other Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to His Privy Council, or one of the Principal Secretaries of State. And His Majesty doth hereby Publish and Declare, That all Persons who shall Conceal the said William Standish, or be Aiding or Assisting in Concealing him, or furthering his Escape, shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence, with the utmost Severity according to Law. And His Majesty does hereby Promise, That whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the said William Standish, and Bring him before some Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, shall have and Receive the Reward of Five hundred Pounds for so doing. And We do hereby Authorize and Require Our present Commissioners of Our Treasury, and Our High Treasurer and Commissioners of Our Treasury for the time being, to make Payment of the said Sum accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Fourteenth Day of *March* 1694. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1694.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For apprehending ye Ld Montgomery & Sr John Fenwick for High Treason.
23. March. 169 5.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas His Majesty has Received Information, that the Persons hereinafter Named, have, with divers other Wicked and Traiterous Persons, Committed High Treason, in Compassing and Conspiring the Death and Destruction of His Majesties Royal Person, and in Adhereing to His Enemies; for which Cause several Warrants for High Treason have been Issued out against them, but they have Withdrawn themselves from their usual Places of Abode and are fled from Justice: His Majesty hath therefore thought fit (by the Advice of His Priby Council) to Issue His Royal Proclamation, and His Majesty does hereby Command and Require all His Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the Lord Montgomery and Sir John Fenwick, Whereever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to Remain until they be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And His Majesty does hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Him or His Priby Council. And for the Prevention of the going of the said Persons into Ireland, or other Parts beyond the Seas, His Majesty does Require and Command all His Officers of the Customs, and other His Officers and Subjects of, and in the respective Ports and Maritime Towns, and Places Within His Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That they, and every of them, in their respective Stations and Places, be Careful and Diligent in the Examination of all Persons who shall Pass, or endeavour to Pass, beyond the Seas; and if they shall discover the said Persons above-named, or either of them, then to cause them to be Apprehended and Secured, and to give Notice, as aforesaid. And His Majesty does hereby Publish and Declare to all Persons who shall Conceal the Persons above-named, or either of them, or be Aiding and Assisting in the Concealing of them, or Furthering their Escape, that they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence, with the utmost Severity according to Law. And for the Encouragement of all Persons to be Diligent and Careful in endeavouring to Discover and Apprehend the said Persons, His Majesty does hereby further Declare, That whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the Persons above-named, or either of them, and shall bring them before some Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall have and Receive, as a Reward, the Sum of Five Hundred Pounds; which said Sum of Five Hundred Pounds, the Lords Commissioners of His Majesties Treasury are hereby Required and Directed to Pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twenty second Day of *March*, 1695. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1695.

gratis.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Speedy and Effectual putting in Execution the Act of Parliament for Regulating the Measures and Prices of Coals.

WILLIAM R. 10. Aprill. 1695.

WHereas by Act of Parliament made in the Sirteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Our late Royal Unkle King Charles the Second, for avoiding the manifold Deceits, Exactions and Abuses used in the Measures and Sales of Coals, and for preventing the like, and for the better Regulation thereof for the time to come, It was Enacted, That from and after the Sixth Day of March, which Was in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, all Sorts of Coals, commonly called, Sea-Coals, brought into the River of Thames, and Sold, should be Sold by the Chaldron, containing Six and thirty Bushels, heaped up, and according to the Bushel Sealed for that purpose at Guild-Hall in London, and so for a greater or lesser quantity; and that all other Sorts of Coals coming from Scotland, and other Places, commonly Sold by Weight, and not by Measure, should be Sold by Weight after the proportion of One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred of Aver du pois Weight, Without any Falacy or Deceit, upon Pain of Forfeitures of all the Coals Which should be otherwise Sold or Exposed to Sale by any Woodmonger or Retailer of Coals, and the Double Value thereof, to be Recovered by any Person or Persons that would Prosecute for the same in any Court of Record, or by Way of Complaint made to the Lord Mayor of London for the time being, and Justices of the Peace Within the City of London, and Liberties thereof, or any Two of them, or to the Justices of the Peace of the several and respective Counties and Places Where such Coals should be Exposed to Sale, or any of them, Who were by the said Act Impowered and Required to call the Parties before them, and to Hear and Examine such Complaint upon Oath, Which by virtue of the said Act Was to be Administred by them, or any Two of them, and upon due Proof thereof made to their satisfaction, to Convict the Offenders, and to give Warrant under their Hands and Seals for Levying the Forfeitures accordingly, the one half to and for the use of the Person or Persons so Prosecuting or Complaining, and the other half to and for the use of the Poor, or Repairing of the High-Ways Within the same Parish, or any other adjoyning Parish or Parishes, to be appointed and apportioned by the said Lord Mayor and Justices, by such their Warrant, as aforesaid: And the Lord Mayor of London, and the Justices of Peace of the several Counties respectively, or any Three or more of them, whereof One to be of the Quorum being, and the Justices of Peace of the several Counties respectively, or any Three or more of them, whereof One to be of the Quorum by the said Act Impowered to set the Rates and Prices of all such Coals as should be Sold by Retail, as they from time to time should judge reasonable, allowing a competent Profit to the Retailer, beyond the Price paid by him to the Importer, and the ordinary Charges thereupon Accrewing: And that if any Ingrosser, or Retailer of such Coals should refuse to Sell, as aforesaid, that then the said Lord Mayor and Aldermen, and Justices of Peace respectively, Were by the said Act Authorized to Appoint and Impower such Officer or Officers, or other Persons as they should think fit, to Enter into any Wharfe, or other Place where such Coals were Stored up, and in case of Refusal, taking a Constable, to force Entrance, and the said Coals to Sell, or cause to be Sold, at such Rates as the said Lord Mayor and Aldermen and Justices respectively should judge reasonable, rendring to such Ingrosser or Retailer the Money for Which the said Coals should be so Sold, necessary Charges being deducted: And by the said Act provision is made, That no Person having any Interest in any Wharfe used for the Receiving or Uttering of Coals, or that should Trade by himself, or others in his own or any other Name, in the Sale of any Coals, or the Ingrossing the same in order to Sale, and not for his own private use only, should any ways Act or Intermeddle in the Setting of the Price of Coals: Which Act being made to continue for Three Years, did long since Expire, but being found to be very useful and beneficial to this Kingdom, Was, by Act of Parliament made in the Second Year of Our Reign, continued for the space of Seven Years, from the First Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and from thence to the end of the First Session of Parliament then next following. And by the said last mentioned Act it is made lawful for any Owners of Ships or Vessels English built, and belonging to the Subjects of England, Whereof the Master is an English Man, Trading With Coals to and from Newcastle, or the Parts adjacent, or any Parts of Wales to the Port of London, or any other Part of England, to Navigate the said Ship or Vessel With as many Foreign Seamen as the Master or Owners should think fit, during the present War With France, and no longer, notwithstanding the Act for Encouraging and Encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Our said Royal Unkle. Which good Laws being still in Force, yet for Want of the due and effectual Execution of the same, the Prices of Coals are now Unreasonably and Excessively Heightned, to the great prejudice of Our good Subjects; We have therefore out of Our Princely Wisdom and Tender Compassion and Care for the good of Our Subjects, thought fit, by and With the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby straitly Charge and Command, as well the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Justices of the Peace of and for Our City of London, as also all other Justices of the Peace, Chief Magistrates and Officers respectively, That they and every of them in their respective Places and Stations, and within their respective Jurisdictions, do forthWith, and Without any Delay, put in due and effectual Execution the said Act for Regulating the Measures and Prices of Coals, and all the Powers and Authorities thereby Given and Granted to the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Justices of Peace respectively, Within their respective Jurisdictions, according to the Tenor and Intent of the said Act; And that frequent Meetings, as well in Publick and Private Sessions, as otherWise, be for that purpose had and Appointed. And Our further Pleasure is, and We do hereby Command, That there be a Present and Punctual Observation of this Our Royal Command; And that the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Justices respectively, do give an Account of their Proceedings in the Premisses unto Us, and Our Privy Council, on or before the Eighteenth Day of this Instant April, as they tender Our Displeasure, and Will answer the Contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Seventh Day of *April*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1695.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Speedy and Effectual putting in Execution the Act of Parliament for Regulating the Measures and Prices of Coals.

WILLIAM R. 10. April. 1695.

WHereas by Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth and Seventeenth Years of the Reign of Our late Royal Uncle King Charles the Second, for avoiding the manifold Deceits, Exactions and Abuses used in the Measures and Sales of Coals, and for preventing the like, and for the better Regulation thereof for the time to come, It was Enacted, That from and after the Sixth Day of March, which was in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand six hundred sixty and four, all Sorts of Coals, commonly called, Sea-Coals, brought into the River of Thames, and Sold, should be Sold by the Chaldron, containing Six and thirty Bushels, heaped up, and according to the Bushel Sealed for that purpose at Guild-Hall in London, and so for a greater or lesser quantity; and that all other Sorts of Coals coming from Scotland, and other Places, commonly Sold by Weight, and not by Measure, should be Sold by Weight after the proportion of One hundred and twelve Pounds to the Hundred of Aver du pois Weight, without any Falacy or Deceit, upon Pain of Forfeitures of all the Coals which should be otherwise Sold or Exposed to Sale by any Woodmonger or Retailer of Coals, and the Double Value thereof, to be Recovered by any Person or Persons that would Prosecute for the same in any Court of Record, or by Way of Complaint made to the Lord Mayor of London for the time being, and Justices of the Peace Within the City of London, and Liberties thereof, or any Two of them, or to the Justices of the Peace of the several and respective Counties and Places where such Coals should be Exposed to Sale, or any of them, Who were by the said Act Impowered and Required to call the Parties before them, and to Hear and Examine such Complaint upon Oath, Which by virtue of the said Act Was to be Administred by them, or any Two of them, and upon due Proof thereof made to their satisfaction, to Convict the Offenders, and to give Warrant under their Hands and Seals for Levying the Forfeitures accordingly, the one half to and for the use of the Person or Persons so Prosecuting or Complaining, and the other half to and for the use of the Poor, or Repairing of the High-Ways Within the same Parish, or any other adjoyning Parish or Parishes, to be appointed and apportioned by the said Lord Mayor and Justices, by such their Warrant, as aforesaid: And the Lord Mayor of London, and the Justices of Peace of the several Counties respectively, or any Three or more of them, whereof One to be of the Quorum being, and the Justices of Peace of the several Counties respectively, or any Three or more of them, whereof One to be of the Quorum by the said Act Impowered to set the Rates and Prices of all such Coals as should be Sold by Retail, as they from time to time should judge reasonable, allowing a competent Profit to the Retailer, beyond the Price paid by him to the Importer, and the ordinary Charges thereupon Accrewing: And that if any Ingrosser, or Retailer of such Coals should refuse to Sell, as aforesaid, that then the said Lord Mayor and Aldermen, and Justices of Peace respectively, were by the said Act Authorized to Appoint and Impower such Officer or Officers, or other Persons as they should think fit, to Enter into any Wharfe, or other Place Where such Coals were Stored up, and in case of Refusal, taking a Constable, to force Entrance, and the said Coals to Sell, or cause to be Sold, at such Rates as the said Lord Mayor and Aldermen and Justices respectively should judge reasonable, rendring to such Ingrosser or Retailer the Money for Which the said Coals should be so Sold, necessary Charges being deducted: And by the said Act provision is made, That no Person having any Interest in any Wharfe used for the Receiving or Uttering of Coals, or that should Trade by himself, or others in his own or any other Name, in the Sale of any Coals, or the Ingrossing the same in order to Sale, and not for his own private use only, should any ways Act or Intermeddle in the Setting of the Price of Coals: Which Act being made to continue for Three Years, did long since Expire, but being found to be very useful and beneficial to this Kingdom, Was, by Act of Parliament made in the Second Year of Our Reign, continued for the space of Seven Years, from the First Day of December, One thousand six hundred and ninety, and from thence to the end of the First Session of Parliament then next following. And by the said last mentioned Act it is made lawful for any Owners of Ships or Vessels English built, and belonging to the Subjects of England, whereof the Master is an English Man, Trading with Coals to and from Newcastle, or the Parts adjacent, or any Parts of Wales to the Port of London, or any other Part of England, to Navigate the said Ship or Vessel With as many Foreign Seamen as the Master or Owners should think fit, during the present War with France, and no longer, notwithstanding the Act for Encouraging and Encreasing of Shipping and Navigation, made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of Our said Royal Uncle. Which good Laws being still in Force, yet for Want of the due and effectual Execution of the same, the Prices of Coals are now Unreasonably and Excessively Heightned, to the great prejudice of Our good Subjects; We have therefore out of Our Princely Wisdom and Tender Compassion and Care for the good of Our Subjects, thought fit, by and With the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby straitly Charge and Command, as well the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Justices of the Peace of and for Our City of London, as also all other Justices of the Peace, Chief Magistrates and Officers respectively, That they and every of them in their respective Places and Stations, and Within their respective Jurisdictions, do forthwith, and without any Delay, put in due and effectual Execution the said Act for Regulating the Measures and Prices of Coals, and all the Powers and Authorities thereby Given and Granted to the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Justices of Peace respectively, Within their respective Jurisdictions, according to the Tenor and Intent of the said Act; And that frequent Meetings, as well in Publick and Private Sessions, as otherwise, be for that purpose had and Appointed. And Our further Pleasure is, and We do hereby Command, That there be a Present and Punctual Observation of this Our Royal Command; And that the said Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Justices respectively, do give an Account of their Proceedings in the Premisses unto Us, and Our Privy Council, on or before the Eighteenth Day of this Instant April, as they tender Our Displeasure, and Will answer the Contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Seventh Day of *April*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1695.

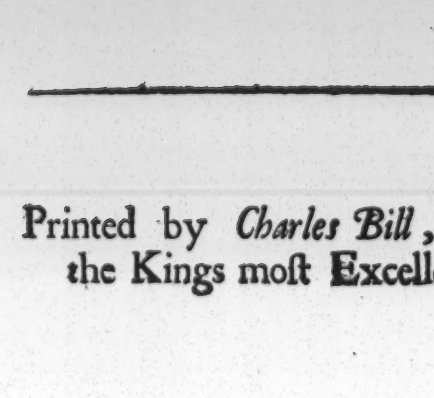
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of his Matie for ye Officrs to accompt wth yeir Inferiour officers & Soldiers. Order

17. May. 1695

William R.



WHereas by Our Order, bearing Date the Tenth Day of *February* laſt, We directed the Colonels and other Officers Commanding in Chief any of Our Regiments of Horſe, Foot and Dragoons within Our Kingdom of *England*, forthwith to Accompt with, and Satisfie their ſeveral Captains, what ſhall be in any manner Due to them, and the reſpective Troops and Companies under their Command, as well for ſuch part of the *Iriſh* Arrears, as for their Subſiſtance, and all other Moneys received by them; And that they ſhould Oblige their ſeveral Captains to Accompt with, and Satisfie their Subalterns, and private Soldiers, what ſhould likewiſe appear to be Due unto them; And We being Informed, That Our ſaid Orders have not been as yet Duly Complied with: Our Will and Pleaſure is, and We do hereby Direct, That the ſaid Accompts be immediately made up and ſatisfied by the reſpective Colonels, Captains, and others concern'd; And that Duplicates of them be thereupon Tranſmitted to the General Officers of Our Army Sitting at the Horſe-Guards, and to the Pay-Maſter-General of Our Forces, to be Examined by them, upon Pain of Caſhiering to ſuch as ſhall not Obey Our Orders herein.

Given at Our Court at Kenſington *this Twenty fourth of* April, 1695. *In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.*

By His Majeſties Command.

William Blathwayt.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1695.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Apprehending and Securing the Perſon of Monſieur *John Robart.*

13. May. 1695.

WILLIAM R.



Hereas We have been Informed, That by the Examinations and Informations upon Oath of Several Perſons, lately taken before a Committee of both Our Houſes of Parliament, touching the Unlawful and Indirect Giving, Receiving and Diſpoſing of Great Sums of Money, for Procuring Charters for the East India Company, and otherwiſe relating to that Company, it appeared that Monſieur John Robart Was not only Concerned in the Receipt, but Was alſo able to give Evidence, and make Proof of the Diſpoſal and Application of Part of the ſaid Money; yet to avoid Juſtice, and the Manifeſtation of the Truth, and (as much as in him lies) to Render all Juſt and Proper Methods of Proſecution in the Premiſſes ineffectual, he, the ſaid John Robart hath Withdrawn himſelf from his uſual Place of Habitation, and Abſconds, intending, as may reaſonably be ſuppoſed, to make his Eſcape into Parts beyond the Seas. And Whereas the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Aſſembled, did lately make an Humble Addreſs unto Us, That We would Iſſue Our Royal Proclamation for Securing the Perſon of the ſaid John Robart, and in Order thereunto, that the Ports might be ſtopped: We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Priby Council, to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Requiring and Commanding all Our Loving Subjects whatſoever to Diſcover and Apprehend, and Cauſe the ſaid Monſieur John Robart to be Diſcovered and Apprehended, and to Carry him before ſome of Our Juſtices of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrates of the County, Town or Place where he ſhall be Apprehended; Who are reſpectively Required to Secure him, and thereof to give ſpeedy Notice unto Our Priby Council, or One of Our Principal Secretaries of State, to the end he may be forth coming to be dealt withal, and proceeded againſt according to Law. And for the Prevention of the ſaid Robarts Eſcape into Parts beyond the Seas, We do Require and Command all Our Officers of the Cuſtoms, and other Our Officers and Subjects of and in Our Reſpective Ports and Maritine Towns and Places Within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That they, and every of them, in their reſpective Places and Stations, be careful and diligent in the Examination of all Perſons that ſhall Paſs, or endeavour to Paſs beyond the Seas; And if they ſhall Diſcover the ſaid Robart, then to Cauſe him to be Apprehended and Secured, and to give Notice thereof, as aforeſaid. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects (as they will Anſwer the contrary at their Perils) that they do not any ways Conceal, but do Diſcover the ſaid John Robart, to the end he may be Secured and Proceeded againſt according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Ninth Day of *May*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb* deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCXCV.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION

For a General FAST.

28. May. 1695.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers *C.S.* Pembroke *C.P.S.* Devonſhire, Shrewsbury, Dorſet, Godolphin.



E taking into Our moſt Serious Conſideration the Continued War, in Which His Majeſty (Our gracious Sovereign) together With moſt of the Princes and States of Europe **are Engaged againſt the** French **King, and that upon the Succeſs thereof the Common Safety of His Majeſties Kingdom doth, under God, Wholly depend; And putting Our truſt in Almighty God, that He Will Vouchſafe a Special Bleſſing on His Majeſties Righteous Undertakings, and Conſummate the Deliverance of theſe Nations, by Settling the ſame in a firm and laſting State of Peace, Security, and Proſperity; have thought fit to Appoint, and do (by and With the Advice of His Majeſties moſt Honourable Privy Council) hereby Appoint and Command a General and Publick Faſt, and Humiliation, to be Obſerved throughout His Majeſties Realm of** England, **Dominion of** Wales, **and Town of** Berwick **upon** Tweed, **in moſt Devout and Solemn Manner, for Supplicating Almighty God for the Pardon of Our Sins, and for Imploring His Bleſſing and Protection in the Preſervation of His Majeſties Sacred Perſon, and Proſperity of His Arms both at Land and Sea, on** Wedneſday **the Nineteenth Day of** June. **And for the more orderly Solemnizing of the ſame, We have given Directions to the Right Reverend the Biſhops of this Kingdom to Compoſe a Form of Prayer ſuitable to this Occaſion, to be Uſed in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worſhip; And to take Care for the timely Diſperſing of the ſame through their ſeveral Dioceſes in the Whole Kingdom. And We do ſtrictly Charge and Command, That the ſaid Faſtings and Prayers be Soberly, Reverently and Decently Performed by all His Majeſties Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of ſuch Puniſhments, as His Majeſty can juſtly Inflict upon all ſuch as ſhall Contemn or Neglect ſo Religious a Work.**

Given at the Council-Chamber at *Whitehall* the Three and twentieth Day of *May*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1695.

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16. Aug. 1695.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION

For Apprehending and Securing the Perſon of *John Robart.*

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers *C. S.* Pembroke *C. P. S.* Shrewsbury, Dorſet, Godolphin.

Whereas Information was given to His Majeſty, That by the Examinations upon Oath of ſeveral Perſons taken before a Committee of both Houſes of Parliament, touching the Unlawful and Indirect Giving, Receiving and Diſpoſing of Great Sums of Money, for Procuring Charters for the East India Company, and otherwiſe relating to that Company, it appeared that John Robart was not only Concerned in the Receipt, but was alſo able to give Evidence of the Diſpoſal and Application of part of the ſaid Money: Yet to avoid Juſtice, and the Manifeſtation of the Truth, he, the ſaid John Robart had withdrawn himſelf from his uſual Place of Habitation, and Abſconded, intending to make his Eſcape into Parts beyond the Seas; and His Majeſty did thereupon, and upon the humble Addreſs of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Aſſembled, Iſſue forth his Royal Proclamation bearing Date the Ninth Day of May laſt, for Securing the Perſon of the ſaid John Robart. And whereas Information has been given upon Oath, That ſince the ſaid Proclamation Iſſued, the ſaid John Robart hath been ſeveral times of late ſeen in and about the Cities of London and Weſtminſter. We have therefore thought fit, by the Advice of his Majeſties moſt Honourable Priby Council, to Iſſue this Proclamation, hereby Commanding and Requiring all his Majeſties Loving Subjects whatſoever, to Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid John Robart, who is a Middle Sized Man, of a Swarthy Complexion, Aged about Fourty Years, wears a Periwig, and is a Foreigner, as may be diſcovered by his Speech; and to cauſe the ſaid John Robart to be Diſcovered and Apprehended, and to carry him before ſome of his Majeſties Juſtices of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate of the County, Town or Place where he ſhall be Apprehended, who are reſpectively Required to Secure him, and thereof to give ſpeedy Notice unto His Majeſties Priby Council, or one of the Principal Secretaries of State, to the end he may be forthcoming, to be dealt withal and proceeded againſt according to Law. And for Prevention of the ſaid John Robarts Eſcape into Parts beyond the Seas, We do Require and Command all his Majeſties Officers of the Cuſtoms, and other his Officers and Subjects of and in the reſpective Ports, Maritime Towns and Places within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, that they and every of them, in their reſpective Places and Stations, be careful and diligent in the Examination of all Perſons that ſhall paſs or endeavour to paſs beyond the Seas; and if they ſhall diſcover the ſaid John Robart, then to cauſe him to be Apprehended and Secured, and to give notice thereof, as aforeſaid. And for the Encouragement of all Perſons to be diligent and careful in endeavouring to Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid John Robart, We do hereby further Declare, That whoſoever ſhall Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid John Robart, and ſhall bring him before ſome Juſtice of Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, ſhall have and Receive as a Reward the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; Which ſaid Sum of Two hundred Pounds, the Lords Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury are hereby Required and Directed to Pay accordingly. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all his Majeſties Loving Subjects, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Perils, that they do not any Ways Conceal, but do Diſcover the ſaid John Robart, to the end he may be Secured and Proceeded againſt according to Law.

Given at the Council-Chamber at *Whitehall*, the Fifteenth Day of *Auguſt*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of His Majeſties Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1695.

31. Aug. 1695.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION

For a Publick THANKSGIVING.

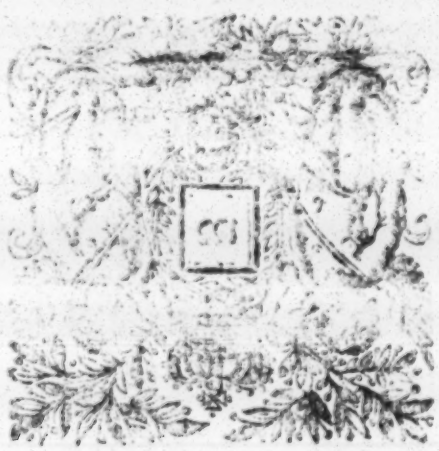
Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers *C. S.* Pembroke *C. P. S.* Shrewsbury.

Whereas We having a deep and ſerious Conſideration of the War in which his Majeſty, together with moſt of the Princes and States of Europe, was and ſtill is Engaged againſt the French King, did by Proclamation, bearing Date the Three and twentieth Day of May laſt, Appoint a General Faſt to be kept throughout this Kingdom, for Imploring the Bleſſing and Protection of Almighty God in the Preſervation of his Majeſties Sacred Perſon, and Proſperity of his Arms both at Land and Sea, which hath been obſerved accordingly: And foraſmuch as it hath pleaſed Almighty God (of his infinite Goodneſs) in Anſwer to the Prayers humbly and devoutly Offered up to him, to Grant to the Forces of his Majeſty, and his Allies, ſo great Succeſs in Taking the Town and Caſtle of Namur, and to Protect his Majeſties Sacred Perſon from the many Dangers to which he was ſo frequently Expoſed during that Siege. We therefore Adoring the Divine Goodneſs, and duly Conſidering that ſuch Great and Publick Bleſſings, do call for Publick and Solemn Acknowledgments, have thought fit, and by the Advice of his Majeſties moſt Honourable Priby Council, do hereby Appoint and Command, That a General Thankſgiving to Almighty God for theſe his Mercies be Obſerved throughout the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and elſewhere within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, on Sunday the Eighth day of September next, and in all other Places throughout this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Sunday the Two and twentieth day of September next. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing the ſame, We have given Directions to the Right Reverend the Biſhops of this Kingdom, to Compoſe a Form of Prayer ſuitable to this Occaſion, to be Uſed in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worſhip, and to take Care for the timely Diſperſing of the ſame throughout their reſpective Dioceſſes. And We do ſtrictly Charge and Command, That the ſaid Publick Days of Thankſgiving be Religiouſly Obſerved by all his Majeſties Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of Suffering ſuch Puniſhment as his Majeſty can juſtly inflict upon all ſuch who ſhall Contemn or Neglect the ſame.

Given at the Council-Chamber at *Whitehall*, the Nine and twentieth Day of *Auguſt*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1695.



By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Diſſolving this preſent Parliament, and Declaring the ſpeedy Calling another.

12. oct. 1695.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas We have thought fit, for divers Important and Weighty Conſiderations, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Diſſolve Our preſent Parliament, which now ſtands Prorogued to the One and thirtieth day of this inſtant October; We do for that end Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Diſſolve the ſaid preſent Parliament accordingly. And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes of the ſaid Parliament are diſcharged from their Meeting upon the ſaid One and thirtieth day of October. And to the intent Our good Subjects may perceive the Confidence We have in their Affections, and how deſirous We are to Meet Our People, and have their Advice in Parliament, We do hereby make Known to Our ſaid Subjects that We have given Directions to Our Lord Keeper of Our Great Seal, for the Iſſuing out of Writs in due Form of Law for the Calling of a New Parliament, which ſhall begin and be holden at Weſtminſter on Friday the Twenty ſecond Day of November next.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington*, the Eleventh Day of *October*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1695.

gratis.

175

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For a General Faſt and Humiliation throughout the whole Kingdom.

2 Dec. 1695.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas the Commons in Parliament Aſſembled, have humbly beſought Us to Appoint a Solemn Day of Faſting and Humiliation, for Implozing the Bleſſing of Almighty God upon the Conſultations of this preſent Parliament; And We, being deeply ſenſible how much the Happineſs of Our Kingdoms Depends upon the Good Succeſs of their Conſultations, and out of Our Own Religious Diſpoſition, Readily to Incline to ſo Pious a Motion, have Reſolved (by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) and do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, Strictly Charge and Command, That a Day of General and Publick Faſting and Humiliation for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, be Strictly Kept and Obſerved throughout Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter and elſewhere within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, on Wedneſday the Eleventh Day of December next, and in all other Places within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Wedneſday the Eighteenth Day of the ſaid December next. And for the better Solemnizing the ſame, We have given Directions to the Moſt Reverend Arch-Biſhops, and Right Reverend Biſhops of this Kingdom, to Compoſe a Form of Prayer ſuitable to this Occaſion, to be Uſed in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worſhip; And to take Care for the timely Diſperſing the ſame throughout their reſpective Dioceſes. And We do ſtrictly Charge and Command, That the ſaid Day of Faſting and Humiliation be Religiouſly obſerv'd by all Our Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of Suffering ſuch Puniſhments, as may be juſtly Inflicted for the Contempt or Neglect thereof.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington*, the Thirtieth Day of *November*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1695.

1st

176

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For calling in ye Clipt Money.
20. Dec. 1695

WILLIAM R.



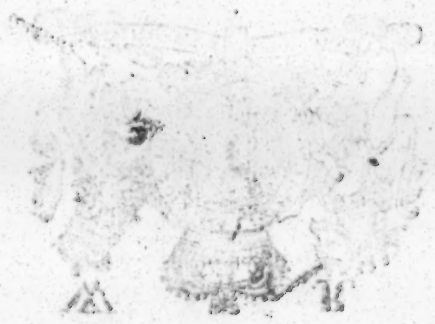
Whereas the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses in Parliament Assembled, having taken into their serious Consideration, the great Mischiefs which this Our Kingdom lies under, by reason that the Coin, which Passes in Payment, is generally Clipped; And they being of Opinion that the most Effectual way to put a Stop to this Evil, is to Prevent the Currency thereof, as soon as We in Our Wisdom should think fit, have severally by their humble Addresses besought Us to Issue Our Royal Proclamation in that behalf: And We being deeply Sensible of the great Prejudice which Our good Subjects undergo by such Diminution of the Current Coins, and being very desirous to Apply a Speedy and Suitable Remedy thereto, have thought fit to Declare and Command; And by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, We do by this Our Royal Proclamation Declare and Command, That from and after the First Day of January next Ensuing, no Clipped Crowns or Half-Crowns shall Pass in any Payment, except only to the Collectors and Receivers of Our Revenues and Dares, or upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer; And that from and after the Third Day of February next Ensuing, no Clipped Crowns or Half-Crowns shall Pass in any Payment whatsoever, within Our City of London, or within Forty Miles Distance of the same; And that from and after the Two and twentieth Day of the said Month of February, no Clipped Crowns or Half-Crowns shall Pass or be Current in any Payment whatsoever, within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And We do hereby Declare and Command, That from and after the Thirteenth Day of February next, no Piece of Money called Shillings, Clipped within the Ring, shall Pass in any Payment, except only to the Collectors and Receivers of Our Revenues and Dares, or upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer; And that from and after the Second Day of March next, no such Shillings Clipped within the Ring shall Pass in any Payment whatsoever. And We do also hereby Declare and Command, That from and after the said Second Day of March next, no other Money whatsoever, Clipped within the Ring, shall Pass in any Payment, except only to the Collectors and Receivers of Our Revenues and Dares, or upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer; And that from and after the Second Day of April next, no such Money Clipped within the Ring shall Pass in any Payment whatsoever.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Nineteenth Day of *December*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1695.





By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Encouraging Mariners, Seamen and Landmen to Enter themſelves on Board His Majeſties Ships of War.

28. Dec. 1695.

WILLIAM R.



E being deſirous to give all due Encouragement to all ſuch Able Seamen, as have not been in Our Service the laſt Year, or being in the Service have been regularly Diſcharged therefrom, and alſo to able-bodied Landmen, Who ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, and remain on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, have thought fit, by and With the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all Seamen and able-bodied Landmen, Who ſhall, after the Date of this Our Royal Proclamation, and before the Twentieth Day of February next, Voluntarily Enter themſelves and Remain on Board any of Our Ships of War, or Fire Ships, or on any Priſe-Veſſels or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhall Receive as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, the reſpective Allowances and Rewards following, Viz. Each able and ordinary Seaman Three Months Pay, and each able-bodied Landman One Months Pay, to be Paid to them by or before the Firſt Day of May next, and if any Ship ſhall be ſent Abroad, the Men ſo Entred on Board the ſaid Ships ſhall be paid before they Sail. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen and Landmen to Repair on Board the reſpective Ships on Which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and give their conſtant Attendance, for fitting out to Sea ſuch Ships as each of them do belong unto. And We are alſo Graciouſly Pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall likewiſe be Allowed to ſuch Seamen and Landmen as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves and Remain on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true Meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation. And for the Prevention of any Deceit and Abuſes that may happen by any Perſon or Perſons leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our ſaid Ships, as aforeſaid, in order to the obtaining of the Bounty-Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare and Command, That ſuch Seamen and Landmen belonging to any of Our Ships or Veſſels Whatſoever, as ſhall leave any of the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships in order to the obtaining of the ſaid Bounty-Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but alſo be ſeverely Puniſht according to their Demerits.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington*, the Twenty ſixth Day of *December*, 1695. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1695.

gratis.

178

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Requiring yᵉ Receivrs & Collectors of yᵉ Revenue & Taxes to receive
All Clipᵈ money yᵗ is Sterling Silver.

William R.

4. Jan. 1695/6.

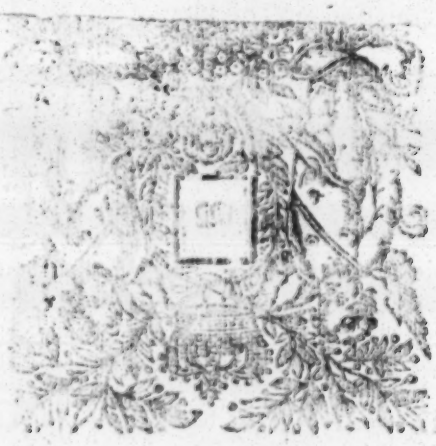
Whereas by Our Royal Proclamation, bearing Date on the Nineteenth Day of December last, We did Declare and Command, That from and after the several and respective Days therein for that Purpose mentioned, no Clipped Crowns or Half-Crowns, nor Shillings, or other Money, Clipped within the King, should Pass or be Current in any Payments, except only to the Receivers or Collectors of Our Revenues and Taxes, or upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer: And whereas the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses in Parliament Assembled, have, by their humble Address, besought Us to Issue Our Royal Proclamation, to Require the said Receivers and Collectors of Our Taxes and Revenues to Receive Clipped Half-Crowns or other Clipped Money, being Sterling Silver, according to Our said Proclamation: And We being Willing to Comply with the said Address, and Desirous to Ease Our good Subjects, as much as in Us lies, and to Prevent the Loss which they may otherwise Sustain by reason of such Clipped Money remaining in their Hands, and the better to Enable them to Pay Our Taxes and Revenues, have thought fit to Declare and Command, and by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council We do, by this Our Royal Proclamation, Declare and Command all and every the Collectors and Receivers of Our Revenues and Taxes, and all other Our Officers concerned in the Receipt of Money upon Loans or other Payments into Our Exchequer, That unto the Third Day of February next ensuing inclusive, they shall Receive in Payment all Clipped Crowns or Half-Crowns, which are Sterling Silver, from all or any of Our Loving Subjects, who shall Offer or Tender the same to them for any of Our Taxes or Revenues, at any Place within Our City of London, or within Forty Miles Distance of the same, or upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer; And that unto the Two and twentieth Day of the said Month of February inclusive, they shall in like manner Receive in Payment all Clipped Crowns or Half-Crowns, which are Sterling Silver, from all or any of Our Loving Subjects Tendring the same for any of Our Taxes or Revenues, at any other Place within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And We do hereby Declare and Strictly Require and Command all and every the Receivers and Collectors of Our Revenues and Taxes, and all other Our Officers concerned in the Receipt of Money upon Loans or other Payments into Our Exchequer, That unto the Second Day of March next inclusive, they shall accept in Payment all Pieces of Money, called Shillings, which are Clipped and are Sterling Silver, from all or any Our Loving Subjects who shall Offer or Tender the same to them in Payment for any of Our Revenues or Taxes, or upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer; And that unto the Second Day of April next inclusive, they shall accept in Payment all other Money whatsoever Clipped, which is Sterling Silver, from all or any Our Loving Subjects, who shall Offer or Tender the same to them in Payment, for any of Our Revenues or Taxes, or upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer. And We do hereby Strictly Charge and Command all Our Receivers and Collectors of Our Revenues and Taxes, and all other Our Officers concerned in the Receipt of Money upon Loans or Payments into Our Exchequer, That they do accept all such Clipped Moneys that shall be Sterling Silver, until and upon the several and respective Days and Times before herein for that Purpose mentioned, as they Tender Our High Displeasure, and upon Pain of such Punishments as may by Law be Inflicted upon all such as shall Refuse or Neglect to Obey Our Royal Commands therein.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Fourth Day of *January*, 169⅘. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 169⅘.



By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Apprehending and Securing the Perſon of *Robert Fielding*.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas His Majeſty hath Received Information, That Robert Fielding did, on the Eleventh Day of this Inſtant January, Challenge, and in a Violent manner Aſſault and dangerouſly Wound Sir Henry Dutton Colt, One of His Majeſties Juſtices of the Peace for the County of Middleſex, for doing his Duty in the Execution of his ſaid Office of Juſtice of Peace, and that he the ſaid Robert Fielding hath ſince withdrawn himſelf from his uſual Place of Abode, and is fled from Juſtice; His Majeſty therefore being Reſolved to Protect all his Officers and Miniſters, in the Execution of Publick Juſtice, from all Inſolencies and Affronts that ſhall be offered to them by any Ill diſpoſed Perſons, and that all ſuch Offenders ſhould be Puniſhed according to their Demerits, and the utmoſt Severity of the Law, hath thought fit, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, to Iſſue this His Royal Proclamation, hereby Commanding and Requiring all His Loving Subjects to Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid Robert Fielding where ever he may be found, and to Carry him before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate of the County, Town or Place where he ſhall be Apprehended, who is hereby Required to Secure him, and thereof give ſpeedy Notice to His Majeſties Privy Council, or One of his Principal Secretaries of State. And for the Encouragement of all Perſons to be Diligent and Careful in endeavouring to Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid Robert Fielding, His Majeſty doth hereby Declare, That Whoſoever ſhall Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid Robert Fielding, and ſhall bring him before ſome Juſtice of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, ſhall have and Receive as a Reward the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; which ſaid Sum of Two hundred Pounds ſhall be forthwith Paid to him or them by the Commiſſioners of Our Treaſury for the time being, Who are hereby Authorized and Required to Pay the ſame accordingly. And His Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all His Loving Subjects, as they Will Anſwer the contrary at their Perils, that they do not any Ways Conceal, but do Diſcover the ſaid Robert Fielding, to the End he may be Secured and Proceeded againſt according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington*, the Sixteenth Day of *January*, 169⅘. In the Seventh Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 169⅘.

BLOCK
BAKER

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Apprehending and Securing the Perſon of *Roderick Mackenzie*.

15. Febr. 169⅝.

WILLIAM R.

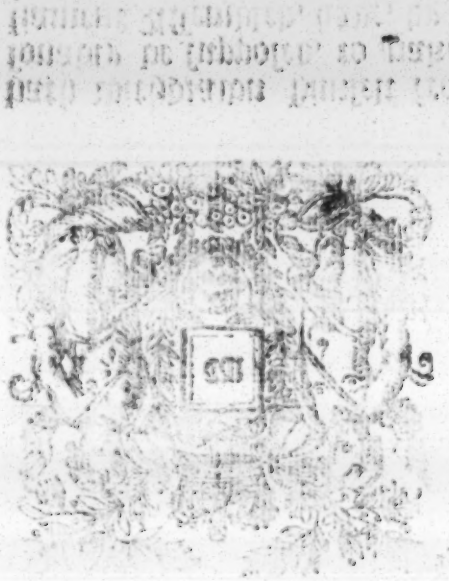


Whereas We have been Informed, That Roderick Mackenzie hath been Examined, and given Evidence before a Committee of the Commons in Parliament Aſſembled, in Relation to ſeveral Perſons, who under Colour of an Act of Parliament Paſſed in Scotland, for Settling a Trade to the Eaſt Indies, had in this Kingdom Adminiſtred, and Taken an Oath De Fideli, and had alſo, under Colour of the ſaid Act, Stiled themſelves a Company, and Acted as ſuch, and Raiſed Money in this Kingdom for Carrying on the ſaid Company; And that ſince his ſaid Examination, the ſaid Roderick Mackenzie having been Summoned, and Appearing before the ſaid Committee, had endeavoured to Suppreſs the Evidence he had before given againſt ſuch Perſons; And that to Avoid the Manifeſtation of the Truth, and (as much as in him lies) to Render all juſt and proper Methods of Proſecution in the Premiſſes ineffectual, he the ſaid Roderick Mackenzie hath withdrawn himſelf from his uſual Place of Abode, and Abſconded, intending, as may reaſonably be ſuppoſed, to make his Eſcape out of this Kingdom. And Whereas the Commons in Parliament Aſſembled, have, by their humble Addreſs, beſought Us to Iſſue Our Royal Proclamation, for Securing the Perſon of the ſaid Roderick Mackenzie, We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Requiring and Commanding all Our Loving Subjects whatſoever, to Diſcover and Apprehend, and cauſe the ſaid Roderick Mackenzie to be Diſcovered and Apprehended, and to carry him before ſome of Our Juſtices of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrates of the County, Town, or Place where he ſhall be Apprehended, who are reſpectively Required to Secure him, and thereof to give ſpeedy Notice unto Our Privy Council, or One of Our Principal Secretaries of State, to the end he may be forth-coming, to be Dealt withal, and Proceeded againſt according to Law. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects (as they will Anſwer the contrary at their perils) that they do not any Ways Conceal, but do Diſcover the ſaid Roderick Mackenzie, to the end he may be Secured and Proceeded againſt according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Thirteenth Day of *February*, 169⅝. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 169⅝.



181

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye apprehending Several persons for Conspiring to Assassinate & murder his Matie.

WILLIAM R. 25. Febr. 169 5/6.

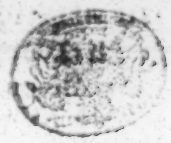


Whereas His Majesty hath Received Information upon Oath, That the Persons hereinafter named, have with divers other Wicked and Traiterous Persons, Entred into a Horrid and Detestable Conspiracy, to Assassinate and Murder His Majesty's Sacred Person; for which Cause several Warrants for High Treason have been Issued out against them, but they have Withdrawn themselves from their usual Places of Abode, and are Fled from Justice; His Majesty hath therefore thought fit (by the Advice of His Privy Council) to Issue His Royal Proclamation; And His Majesty does hereby Command and Require all His Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend James Duke of Berwick, Sir George Barclay, Major Lowick, George Porter, Capt. Stow, Capt. Walbank, Capt. James Courtney, Lieutenant Sherburne, Brice Blaire, Dinant, Chambers, Boise, George Higgens, and his Two Brothers, Sons to Sir Thomas Higgens, Davis, Cardell Goodman, Cramburne, Keyes, Pendergross, *alias* Prendergras, Bryerly, Trevor, Sir George Maxwell, Durance, a Fleming, Christopher Knightley, Lieutenant King, Holmes, Sir William Perkins, Rookwood, wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they be thence delivered by due Course of Law. And His Majesty does hereby Require the said Justice, or other Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Him or His Privy Council. And for the Prevention of the going of the said Persons or of any other into Ireland, or other Parts beyond the Seas, His Majesty does Require and Command all His Officers of the Customs, and other His Officers and Subjects of and in the respective Ports and Maritime Towns and Places, within His Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That they and every of them in their respective Stations and Places be Careful and Diligent in the Examination of all Persons who shall Pass, or endeavour to Pass, beyond the Seas, and that they do not permit any Person whatsoever to go into Ireland, or other Places beyond the Seas without a Pass under His Majesties Royal Sign Manual until further Order: And if they shall Discover the said Persons above named or either of them, then to Cause them to be Apprehended and Secured, and to give Notice, as aforesaid. And His Majesty does hereby Publish and Declare, to all Persons who shall Conceal the Persons above named or any of them, or be Aiding and Assisting in the Concealing of them, or Furthering their Escape, that they shall be Proceeded against for such their Offence with the utmost Severity according to Law. And for the Encouragement of all Persons to be Diligent and Careful in endeavouring to Discover and Apprehend the said Persons, We do hereby further Declare, That Whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the Persons above named or any of them, and shall bring them before some Justice of Peace or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall Have and Receive as a Reward, the Sum of One thousand Pounds, which said Sum of One thousand Pounds the Lords Commissioners of His Majesties Treasury are hereby Required and Directed to Pay accordingly. And if any of the Persons above named shall Discover and Apprehend any of their Accomplices, so as they may be brought to Justice, His Majesty does hereby Declare, That every Person making such Discovery shall have His Majesties Gracious Pardon for his Offence, and shall Receive the Reward of a Thousand Pounds to be paid in such manner, as aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twenty third Day of *February* 169⅝. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 169⅝.



By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Requiring Papists to depart ye Cities of London & Westminster & ten miles of ye same.
28. Febr. 169 5/6.

WILLIAM R.

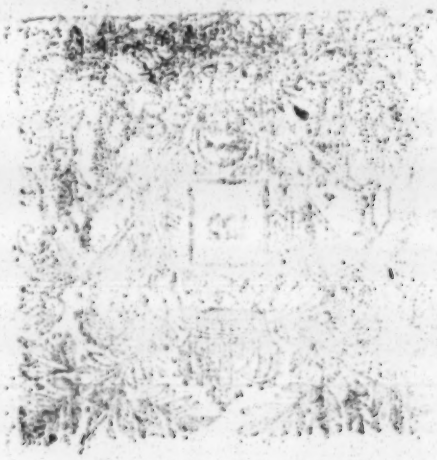


Whereas His Majesty hath Received Information upon Oath, of a Horrid and Detestable Conspiracy to Assassinate and Murther His Royal Person, carried on by Papists, and other Wicked and Traiterous Persons; And hath also Received certain Intelligence of an Invasion intended by the French upon this Kingdom; And His Majesty taking Notice, That great Numbers of Papists and other Ill Disposed Persons have lately Resorted to, and Assembled in the Cities of London and Westminster, contrary to the known Laws of this Kingdom, and in Order, as may reasonably be thought, to put their said Wicked and Traiterous Designs in Execution: His Majesty therefore, upon the humble Address of the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses in Parliament Assembled, hath thought fit, by the Advice of His Privy Council, to Issue this His Royal Proclamation, and does hereby strictly Charge and Command all Popish Recusants, Natives or Denizons, being above the Age of Sixteen Years, That they do, according to the Statutes in that behalf made, repair to their respective Places of Abode, and if they have none, then to the Places where their respective Father or Mother is or shall be Dwelling, and do not thereafter Remove or Pass above Five Miles from thence. And His Majesty doth likewise Charge and Command all Papists and Persons reputed so to be (Except Merchant Strangers, Settled Housholders, and other Persons Excepted in the Statutes made in this behalf) on or before the Tenth Day of March next, to Depart out of the said Cities of London and Westminster, and from all Places within the Distance of Ten Miles of the same. And His Majesty does hereby Command the Lord Mayor of London, and all other Justices of the Peace, and other Officers within the said Cities, and Ten Miles of the same, That they make Strict Search for, and Proceed against all such of them as shall presume to Remain, Repair or Return within the Limits aforesaid, according to the Statutes in that Case provided, and particularly the Statute made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty and of the late Queen Mary of Blessed Memory, Intituled, (An Act for the Amoving Papists and Reputed Papists from the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Ten Miles Distance from the same) by Tendring to them the Declaration therein mentioned, and otherwise according to the said Act. And His Majesty does likewise Charge and Command the aforesaid, and all other Justices of the Peace whatsoever, who shall Know or be Informed, that any Person is, or is Suspected to be a Papist, to Tender unto such Person the Declaration aforesaid, and Proceed thereupon, according to one other Act made in the said First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty and the said late Queen, Intituled (An Act for the better Securing the Government, by Disarming Papists and Reputed Papists.) And for the better Discovery of Persons Disaffected to the Government, and that being Discovered, their Disloyal and Wicked Purposes and Attempts may be Disappointed, His Majesty does strictly Charge and Command all Justices of the Peace, and other Officers in that behalf Authorized, That where they shall Find or be Informed of any Person, who by reason of his Conversation, Discourse or other Demeanour, shall be Suspected not to be Well Affected to His Majesties Government, they do Tender unto such Person the Oaths Appointed by an Act made in the First Year of the Reign of His present Majesty and the said late Queen, Intituled (An Act for the Abrogating of the Oaths of Supremacy and Allegiance and Appointing other Oaths) and that in Case of Refusal to take the same due Prosecution be made thereupon. And for the more effectual Performance thereof, the said Justices of Peace are to make and keep Entries or Records of such their Proceedings, in order to the Tendring the said Oaths again to the Person so Refusing; it being His Majesties Pleasure, that the said Law be Executed to the utmost against such Offenders. And His Majesty does hereby Charge and particularly Require all Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace, that they do meet Monthly, to Inquire into and Inform themselves of the Affairs of their respective Counties and Divisions in Relation to the Premisses, and take special Care to Preserve the Peace, and Prevent all Unlawful Meetings and Assemblies against His Majesty and His Government, and that from time to time they give Information of their Proceedings and Discoveries to the Lords of His Majesties most Honourable Privy Council.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twenty fifth Day of *February* 169⅘. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 169⅘.



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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a Publick THANKSGIVING.

For deliverance of his Matie & ye Kingdom from ye Plott.

14. March. 169 5/6.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas it hath pleased Almighty God in his Providence towards Us and Our People, to Manifest his Power and Mercy, in Discovering and Delivering Us from a horrid and Barbarous Conspiracy of Papists and other Traiterous Persons, to Assassinate and Murder Our Royal Person, and from an Invasion intended by the French upon this Kingdom, whereby not only the Destruction of Our Royal Person was plotted and Intended, but the Total Subversion of Our Government, and of the Religion, Laws and Liberties of this Realm: And whereas the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Assembled, have by their humble Address besought Us to Issue Our Royal Proclamation, for Appointing a Day of Solemn Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for Our happy Deliverance from the said Villanous and Barbarous Conspiracy against Our Royal Person, and from the said intended Invasion: We therefore Adoring the Divine Goodness, and duly Considering that such Great and Publick Blessings do Call for Publick and Solemn Acknowledgments, have thought fit (by the Advice of Our Priby Council) to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Appointing and Commanding, that a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God for these his Mercies, be observed throughout this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Thursday the Sixteenth Day of April next. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing the same, We have given Directions to the Most Reverend the Arch-Bishops, and Right Reverend the Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chappels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing of the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And We do strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick Day of Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of Suffering such Punishment as We can justly Inflict upon all such who shall Contemn or Neglect the same.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twelfth Day of *March*, 169⅝. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 169⅝.

LONDON: Printed by Charles Bill and the Executrix of the late Thomas Newcomb

God save the King.

WILLIAM R.

A PROCLAMATION

FOR A PUBLICK THANKSGIVING

By the King.



By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For apprehending several persons for High treason
24. March. 169⅝.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas Our Royal Proclamation, bearing Date on the Twenty third Day of February last, Issued for the Apprehending several Persons therein Named, Who, With divers other Wicked and Traiterous Persons, had Entred into a Horrid and Detestable Conspiracy, to Assassinate and Murder Our Royal Person; several of Which Persons have been since Apprehended, and some of them have Suffered the Just Punishment of the Law, for such their Horrid and Wicked Conspiracy, and others remain yet Undiscovered (Viz.) Sir George Barclay, Who is a Lieutenant of the late King James's Guards in France, a Tall thin Man, about the Age of Sixty Years, of a Ruddy Complexion, is Lame of his Right Hand; Major Lowick, a Tall Lean Straight Bodied Man, of a Sanguine Complexion, the upper part of his Cheek Bones pretty high, With a falling in just upon the Jaws, Dinant, Major George Holmes, Durant a Walloon, Cranburne, Bryerly, Rookwood, a Brigadier in the late King James's Guards in France; Chambers, Who has a Hurt in his Hand, and was formerly taken on Board a French Privateer, Davies: And whereas We have since the Issuing out Our said Proclamation, Received further Information, of several other Persons herein after Named, Who were concerned in the said Horrid and Detestable Conspiracy; for Which Cause several Warrants of High Treason have Issued against them, but they have Withdrawn themselves from their usual Places of Abode, and are fled from Justice: We therefore (With the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Commanding and Requiring all Our Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the Persons above-named, and also Father Johnson *alias* Harrison, [illegible] Who is a Short, Black, Full-bodied Man, his Eyes standing a little out of his Head, Aged about Forty [illegible] Bernardy, [illegible] Hare, [illegible] Harris, [illegible] Counter *alias* Rumsley, [illegible] Hungate *alias* [illegible]

ever they may be found, and to Carry them before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to Remain until they be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Us or Our Privy Council. And for Prevention of the going of the said Persons, or of any other, into Ireland, or other Parts beyond the Seas, We do Require and Command all Our Officers of the Customs, and other Our Officers and Subjects of, and in the respective Ports and Maritime Towns, and Places Within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That they, and every of them, in their respective Stations and Places, be Careful and Diligent in the Examination of all Persons Who shall Pass, or endeavour to Pass, beyond the Seas; and that they do not permit any Person whatsoever to go into Ireland, or other Places beyond the Seas, Without a Pass under Our Royal Sign Manual, until further Order. And if they shall Discover the said Persons above-named, or any of them, then to cause them to be Apprehended and Secured, and to give Notice, as aforesaid. And We do hereby Publish and Declare, That whosoever shall Conceal the Persons above-named, or any of them, or be Aiding and Assisting in the Concealing of them, or Furthering their Escape, shall be, for such their Offence, Proceeded against With the utmost Severity according to Law. And for the Encouragement of all Persons to be Diligent and Careful in endeavouring to Discover and Apprehend the said Persons, We do hereby further Declare, That Whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the Persons above-named, Who were mentioned in Our said former Proclamation, or any of them, and shall bring them before some Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall have and Receive, as a Reward, the Sum of One thousand Pounds promised by Our said Proclamation; which said Sum of One thousand Pounds, the Lords Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby Required and Directed to Pay accordingly. And We do hereby also further Declare, That Whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the Persons above-named, Who were not mentioned in Our said former Proclamation, or any of them, and shall bring them before some Justice of Peace or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall have and Receive as a Reward, the like Sum of One thousand Pounds, to be Paid in such manner, as aforesaid. And if any of the Persons above-named shall Discover and Apprehend the said Sir George Barclay, Johnson *alias* Harrison, Major Lowick and Major George Holmes, or any of them, so as they may be brought to Justice, We do hereby Declare, That every Person making such Discovery, shall have Our Gracious Pardon for his Offence, and shall Receive the Reward of One thousand Pounds, to be Paid in such manner as aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twenty second Day of *March*, 169⅝. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 169⅝.

LONDON: Printed by Charles Bill, and the Executrix of Thomas Newcomb, deceased, King's Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty.

A PROCLAMATION

BY THE KING.

England
William III

no. April 1696.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

W R.

[illegible] this present Parliament, [illegible] among other things, [illegible] Receivers General, and their several Deputies, who should have, or be Intrusted with the Receipt or Collection of Our Revenues, Duties, Taxes, Aids or Supplies [illegible], or in Being or Enjoyned to be Paid in Payment for the same, for or upon Account of any of Our said Revenues, Duties, Taxes, Aids or Supplies respectively, all Clipped Moneys, being Sterling Silver Being Silver Money of a Lower Allay than the Standard, from such Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, as should Tender the same, in Payments respectively, at any time or times before the [illegible] of May, which should be [illegible] our Lord, One thousand six hundred ninety six, at the [illegible] Rate or Value, as if such Moneys were Unclipped or Undiminished, and should not Refuse any Piece or Pieces of such Moneys so Tendred, by Reason or Pretence of their being worse, or holding more Allay than Standard Silver, so as such Piece or Pieces do not evidently Appear to be made of Copper, or Base Metal Plated over or Washed with Silver only. And whereas by another Act of this present Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Granting to His Majesty an Aid of Four Shillings in the Pound for One Year, for Carrying on the War against *France*, It was amongst other things Provided and Enacted, That [illegible] and might be lawful for any Person or Persons who should be Assessed by Virtue of the said Act, for or in respect of their [illegible] Lands, Tenements, Rents, Offices, Personal Estates, or other Matters or Things by the said Act intended to be Charged at any time before the Fourth day of May, One thousand six hundred ninety six, to Satisfy and Pay to the Respective Collectors, Who [illegible] said Act, should be Impowered to Receive the First Quarterly Payment in Clipped Moneys, being Sterling Silver [illegible] the Standard, Two [illegible] times as much as should be Assessed or Payable for the [illegible] Tenements, Rents, Offices, Personal Estates, or [illegible] joyned and required, upon every such Payment to [illegible] expressing the Sum received for such Quarterly [illegible] for the respective Manors, Lands, Tenements, Offices, Personal Estates, or other Matters or Things [illegible] which such Payment should be so made; And every such Acquittance should be a good Discharge against Us, [illegible] and Successors, as if the Sums Chargeable by the said Act on such Manors, Lands, Tenements, [illegible] Offices, Personal Estates, or other Matters or Things were Assessed or Answered, at the several and respective [illegible] Quarterly Payments in the said Act mentioned: We therefore being desirous that all and every Our Collectors, Receivers, [illegible] Officers concerned in the Collection of Our Taxes or Revenues should punctually Observe the said several Directions in the said Act contained, and that Our Loving Subjects should have the full Benefit and Advantage thereby intended them, and the better to [illegible] them to pay Our Taxes and Revenues, have thought fit to Declare and Command, [illegible] with the Advice of Our Privy Council, We do by this Our Royal Proclamation Declare and Command all and every the Collectors and Receivers of Our Revenues and Taxes, That they shall Receive in Payment all such Clipped Silver Moneys, according to the Directions of the said Recited [illegible] from all or any of Our Loving Subjects, who shall Offer or Tender the same for any of Our Taxes or Revenues, at any time before the Fourth day of May next ensuing; and particularly, That all and every the Collectors of the said Four Shillings in the Pound Granted to Us by the said last mentioned Act, do Accept and Receive Two, Three or Four Shillings in the Pound of the said Aid from such of Our Loving Subjects as shall Offer or Tender the same in such Clipped Money, as aforesaid, at any time before the said Fourth day of May next, according to the Directions of the said last mentioned Act. And We do hereby Strictly Require and Command all and every the Receivers General, Head Collectors and other Receivers of Our Revenues and Taxes, and their respective Deputies, to Receive such Clipped Moneys from the Collectors according to the Directions of the said recited Act, or any other Act of Parliament in that behalf; And that when they shall Receive any such Clipped Moneys from the particular Collectors, they do Seal the same up in a Bag, and keep it distinct and apart from other Moneys, in such manner as they may be able, when they bring any such Money to be paid into our Exchequer, to make Oath that it is the very same Money which they Received from the Collectors of our Taxes or Revenues. And We do Strictly Require and Command all and every the Commissioners, Receivers General, and Collectors, to use the utmost Speed and Diligence in the Telling, Collecting and Paying all such Clipped Moneys into Our Exchequer. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all the Receivers and Collectors of Our Revenues and Taxes, That they do accept in Payment such Clipped Moneys, and the several Manners of Payments of the said Four Shillings Aid, according to the Directions of the said several Acts of Parliament, and that they do yield entire Obedience to the said Acts in every other Matter and Thing therein contained, relating to the Receipt of such Clipped Money, or otherwise, as they tender Our High Displeasure, and upon Pain of such Punishments as may by Law be Inflicted upon all such as shall Refuse or Neglect to observe and perform what by the said Acts, or either of them, they are Required and Enjoyned to do.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Seventeenth Day of *April*, 1696. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1696.

N. 186
N. England
William III
186
181.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.

Whereas Our Royal Proclamation bearing Date on the Twenty third Day of February, and on the [illegible] March, was Issued for the Apprehending several Persons therein [illegible] with [illegible] other Traiterous Persons had Entred into a Horrid and [illegible] Conspiracy, [illegible] Assassinate and Murder Our Royal Person; several of which Persons [illegible] since Apprehended, and some of them have Suffered the Just Punishment of the Law, [illegible] their Horrid and Wicked Conspiracy, and others remain yet undiscovered (Viz.) Sir George [illegible] who is Lieutenant Colonel of the late King James's Horse-Guards in France, a Tall thin [illegible] about the Age of Forty Years, of a Ruddy Complexion, is Lame of his Right Hand; [illegible] Durant, Major George Holmes, a Short thick Man of a fresh Colour, Aged about Forty [illegible] Years; Durant a Walloon, about a Middle-sized Black Man, Thin Faced, between Thirty [illegible] and Forty Years of Age, has very Black Eye-brows, speaks Dutch and French very well; [illegible] Bryerly, who is a Middle-sized Man of a Brown Complexion, very slender, has a short Nose, and [illegible] very Wide Mouth; [illegible] Chambers, who is a Scotch Man between Thirty and Forty Years Old, has a hurt in his Hand, and a great Wound in his Breast, and was formerly taken on Board a French Privateer; Davis; Father Johnson *alias* Harrison, a Priest, who is a short, Black-Full faced Man, his Eyes standing a little out of his Head, Aged about Forty Years; [illegible] Hare, Who is a Strong well-set Man, not very Tall, with a short Nose, Aged about Thirty Years; Counter *alias* Rumsey; [illegible] *alias* Rogers, who is a Fair Fresh-Coloured Man, Middle-sized, Aged about Thirty Years. And Whereas We have since the Issuing Our said Proclamations, Received further Information of several other Persons herein after Named, who were concerned in the said Horrid and Detestable Conspiracy; for which Cause several Warrants of High Treason have Issued against them, but they have Withdrawn themselves from their usual Places of Abode, and are fled from Justice: We therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Requiring and Commanding all Our Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the Persons above-named, and also

[illegible] Man, with Black Hair, and Large Nose, and Large Eyes, Aged about Thirty Years; Blackburne, a Lusty Man, With a Round Face, Aged about Thirty Years; Richardson, a Well-Set Man, with a Wide Mouth, very Smooth Face, his Hair Dark Brown, Aged about Thirty Five Years; Hanford, a Tall, Black Man, with his own hair; John Maxwell, a Little Man, With Darkish-Brown Long hair; Plowden, a Middle-sized Man, With a Long and Thin Visage, High Nole, speaks very Broad; William Berkenhead, a Middle-sized Man, With a Little Face, and Brown Complexion, about Fifty Years of Age, he has gone by the Names of Fish, East, West, South and Baker, and was formerly a Custom-House Officer, Wherever they may be found, and to Carry them before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to Remain until they be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or other Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Us or Our Privy Council. And for Prevention of the going of the said Persons into Ireland, or other Places beyond the Seas, We do Require and Command all Our Officers of the Customs, and other Our Officers and Subjects of, and in the respective Ports and Maritime Places, and Places within Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, That they, and every of them, in their Respective Stations and Places, be Careful and Diligent in the Examination of all Persons who shall Pass, or endeavour to Pass beyond the Seas. And if they shall Discover the said Persons above-named, or any of them, then to cause them to be Apprehended and Secured, and to give Notice [illegible] And We do hereby Publish and Declare that Whosoever shall Conceal the Persons above-named, or any of them, or be Aiding and Assisting in the Concealing of them, or Furthering their Escape, shall be, for such their Offence, Prosecuted against with the utmost Severity according to Law. And for the Encouragement of all Persons to be Diligent and Careful in endeavouring to Discover and Apprehend the said Persons, We do hereby further Declare, That Whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the Persons above-named, who were mentioned in Our said former Proclamations, or any of them, and shall bring them before some Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall have and Receive, [illegible] the Sum of One thousand Pounds promised by Our said Proclamations; which said Sum of One thousand Pounds, Our Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby Required and Directed to Pay accordingly. And We do hereby also further Declare, That Whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the Persons above-named, Who were not mentioned in Our said former Proclamations, or any of them, and shall bring them before some Justice of Peace or Chief Magistrate, as aforesaid, shall have and Receive as a Reward the like Sum of One thousand Pounds, to be Paid in such manner, as aforesaid. And if any of the Persons above-named shall Discover and Apprehend the said Sir George Barclay, Johnson *alias* Harrison, and Major George Holmes, or either of them, so as they may be brought to Justice, We do hereby Declare, That every Person making such Discovery, shall have Our Gracious Pardon for his Offence, and shall Receive the Reward of One thousand Pounds, to be Paid in such manner as aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the One and thirtieth Day of *March*, 1696. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1696.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION

Declaring the PARLIAMENT ſhall be Prorogued until the Twenty eighth Day of *July* next.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers *C.S.* Pembroke *C.P.S.* Devonſhire. Shrewsbury. Dorſet. Godolphin.



Whereas this preſent Parliament ſtands Prorogued to the Sixteenth Day of June next, We, by the Advice of his Majeſties Priby Council, for Weighty reaſons Us eſpecially moving, do hereby Publiſh and Declare, That the ſame Parliament ſhall, upon the ſaid Sixteenth Day of June, be further Prorogued unto the Twenty eighth Day of July next enſuing; Whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons, and all others whom it may Concern, may hereby take Notice: We letting them know, That it will not be expected that any ſhould Attend at the ſaid Sixteenth Day of June next, but ſuch as being in and about the Cities of London and Weſtminſter may Attend the Making of the ſaid Prorogation, in ſuch manner as heretofore in like Caſes hath been Accuſtomed. And We do hereby further Declare, That convenient Notice ſhall be given by Proclamation of the Time when the Parliament ſhall Meet and Sit for the Diſpatch of Buſineſs, to the End that the Members of both Houſes may Order their Affairs accordingly.

Given at the Council Chamber the Eighteenth Day of *May*, 1696. In the Eighth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

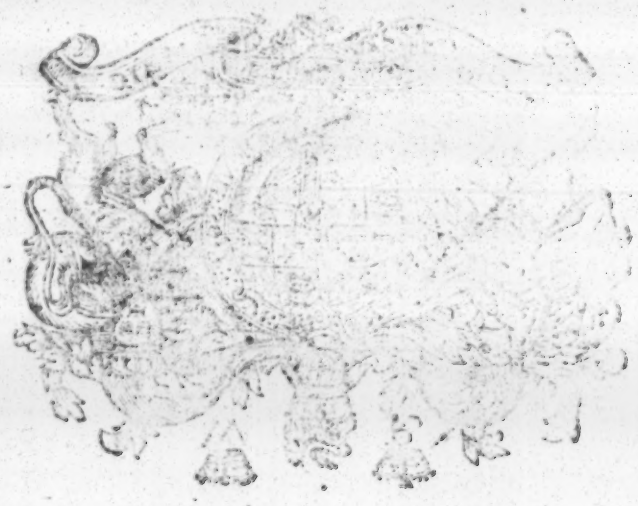
LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1696.

God save the K.

A PROCLAMATION

By the Lords Iustices

Declaring the PARLIAMENT shall be PROROGUED to Tuesday eighth Day of July next.



By the Lords Justices,

A PROCLAMATION.

Prohibiting His Majtts Ships to seize ye Ships or Goods of his Allies & for recalling His Subjects out of Foreign Service.

Tho. Cantuar. J Sommers C. S. Pembroke C. P. S. Devonshire. Shrewsbury. Dorset. Godolphin.

30. May 1696.

Whereas it hath been Represented unto Us by the Levant Company, That they have reason to fear that some of his Majesties Subjects, who have Authority to Seize the Ships, Goods and Merchandizes belonging to the French King and his Subjects, and such Ships, Vessels and Goods as are liable to Confiscation, may, by Colour thereof, take other Ships and Goods of Subjects of other Princes and States in Amity With his Majesty: And Whereas We have also been Informed that divers of his Majesties Subjects have betaken themselves to the Sea-Service of Foreign Princes and States in Amity With his Majesty; and also that others of his Majesties Subjects, having his Majesties Commission to Seize the Ships and Goods of the French, have also taken Commissions from other Princes and States for Seizing the Goods of other Foreigners Who are in Enmity with such Princes or States; by Colour whereof they pretend to make Prize not only of the Goods of his Majesties Enemies, and such as are liable to Confiscation, but also of other Goods of some of his Majesties Friends or Allies, if they happen to fall in their Way, whereby such Persons having such several Commissions may be liable to the Punishment due to Pirates, and such their Proceedings may be of dangerous Consequence to all Nations on the Sea: We being willing to Provide against such Enormous Practices, and likewise to Evidence upon all Occasions the particular Consideration We have for all his Majesties Friends and Allies, as well as his own Loving Subjects, have thought fit, by the Advice of his Majesties Privy Council, hereby strictly to Prohibit and Forbid all his Majesties Subjects, Who have any Commission or Commissions to Seize the Ships and Goods of the Subjects of the French King, and such other Ships, Goods and Merchandizes as shall be liable to Confiscation, according to the Treaties between his Majesty and other Princes and States, that they do not, upon Pretence or Colour thereof, Seize the Ships, Goods or Merchandizes of others, which are not liable to Confiscation according to the aforesaid Treaties; or if any such Ships or Goods shall happen to be Seized upon just Cause of Suspicion, that after it shall Legally appear that the same do belong to his Majesties Friends or Allies, and are not liable to Confiscation, as aforesaid, that such his Majesties Subjects do forbear to keep or detain the same, or to take away any such Goods so belonging to his Majesties Friends or Allies. And We do also hereby strictly Command and Require, That no Officer or Mariner Whatsoever, being his Majesties Subject, do Presume to put himself into the Martial Sea-Service of any Foreign Prince or State, or to Accept of, or Execute, or Serve under any Commission of War, or Letter of Marque, or Reprizal, from any such Prince or State, or in any other Ship or Vessel than such as do belong to his Majesty or his Subjects, without Leave from his Majesty, or the Lord high Admiral, or the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord high Admiral for the time being, in due Form obtained. And We do hereby Charge and Command all Officers, Mariners and Seafaring Men whatsoever, who are now in such Foreign Sea-Service, to leave the same forthwith, upon Pain of their being Reputed and Punished as Pirates. And We do hereby Charge and Require all English Consuls, Agents, and other Ministers Residing With any of his Majesties Friends and Allies, that they cause due Publication hereof to be made, and that they use all Lawful Ways and Means to Discover and Suppress all Offenders against this Our Proclamation. And We also Require all Vice-Admirals, and Commanders of his Majesties Ships of War, and Officers in Ports and Maritime Places, to Apprehend and Seize such of his Majesties Subjects Who shall continue to Serve in any Foreign Man of War or Privateer, or under any Foreign Commission at Sea, and neglect to return upon these Our Summons; and that they send Certificates thereof With all Speed to his Majesties High Court of Admiralty, to the end that the Offender or Offenders may be Proceeded against according to the Laws in that behalf Provided.

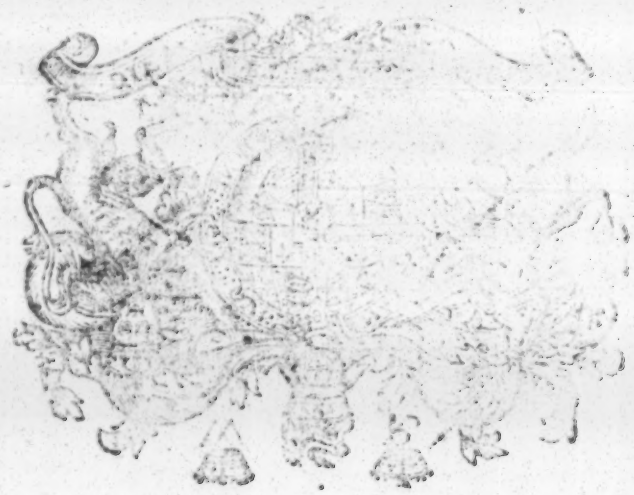
Given at the Council Chamber at *Whitehall*, the Eight and Twentieth Day of *May*, 1696. In the Eighth Year of His Majesties Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1696.

A PROCLAMATION

By the Lords Iustices



By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

Prohibiting His Majeſt. Ships to ſeize ye Ships or Goods of his Allies & for recalling His Subjects out of Foreign Service.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers C. S. Pembroke C. P. S. Devonſhire. Shrewsbury. Dorſet. Godolphin.

30. May 1696.

WHereas it hath been Repreſented unto Us by the Levant Company, That they have reaſon to fear that ſome of His Majeſties Subjects, Who have Authority to Seize the Ships, Goods and Merchandizes belonging to the French King and his Subjects, and ſuch Ships, Veſſels and Goods as are liable to Confiſcation, may, by Colour thereof, take other Ships and Goods of Subjects of other Princes and States in Amity With his Majeſty: And Whereas We have alſo been Informed that divers of his Majeſties Subjects have betaken themſelves to the Sea-Service of Foreign Princes and States in Amity With his Majeſty; and alſo that others of His Majeſties Subjects, having his Majeſties Commiſſion to Seize the Ships and Goods of the French, have alſo taken Commiſſions from other Princes and States for Seizing the Goods of other Foreigners Who are in Enmity With ſuch Princes or States; by Colour whereof they pretend to make Prize not only of the Goods of his Majeſties Enemies, and ſuch as are liable to Confiſcation, but alſo of other Goods of ſome of his Majeſties Friends or Allies, if they happen to fall in their Way, whereby ſuch Perſons having ſuch ſeveral Commiſſions may be liable to the Puniſhment due to Pirates, and ſuch their Proceedings may be of dangerous Conſequence to All Trade on the Sea: We being willing to Provide againſt ſuch Enormous Practices, and likewiſe to Evidence upon all Occaſions the particular Conſideration We have for all his Majeſties Friends and Allies, as well as his own Loving Subjects, have thought fit, by the Advice of His Majeſties Privy Council, hereby ſtrictly to Prohibit and Forbid all his Majeſties Subjects, Who have any Commiſſion or Commiſſions to Seize the Ships and Goods of the Subjects of the French King, and ſuch other Ships, Goods and Merchandizes as ſhall be liable to Confiſcation, according to the Treaties between his Majeſty and other Princes and States, that they do not, upon Pretence or Colour thereof, Seize the Ships, Goods or Merchandizes of others, Which are not liable to Confiſcation according to the aforeſaid Treaties; or if any ſuch Ships or Goods ſhall happen to be Seized upon juſt Cauſe of Suſpicion, that after it ſhall Legally appear that the ſame do belong to his Majeſties Friends or Allies, and are not liable to Confiſcation, as aforeſaid, that ſuch his Majeſties Subjects do forbear to keep or detain the ſame, or to take away any ſuch Goods ſo belonging to his Majeſties Friends or Allies. And We do alſo hereby ſtrictly Command and Require, That no Officer or Mariner Whatſoever, being his Majeſties Subject, do Preſume to put himſelf into the Martial Sea-Service of any Foreign Prince or State, or to Accept of, or Execute, or Serve under any Commiſſion of War, or Letter of Marque, or Reprizal, from any ſuch Prince or State, or in any other Ship or Veſſel than ſuch as do belong to his Majeſty or his Subjects, Without Leave from his Majeſty, or the Lord High Admiral, or the Commiſſioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being, in due Form obtained. And We do hereby Charge and Command all Officers, Mariners and Seafaring Men whatſoever, Who are now in ſuch Foreign Sea-Service, to leave the ſame forthwith, upon Pain of their being Reputed and Puniſhed as Pirates. And We do hereby Charge and Require all Engliſh Conſuls, Agents, and other Miniſters Reſiding With any of his Majeſties Friends and Allies, that they cauſe due Publication hereof to be made, and that they uſe all Lawful Ways and Means to Diſcover and Suppreſs all Offenders againſt this Our Proclamation. And We alſo Require all Vice-Admirals, and Commanders of his Majeſties Ships of War, and Officers in Ports and Maritime Places, to Apprehend and Seize ſuch of his Majeſties Subjects Who ſhall continue to Serve in any Foreign Man of War or Privateer, or under any Foreign Commiſſion at Sea, and neglect to return upon theſe Our Summons; and that they ſend Certificates thereof With all ſpeed to his Majeſties High Court of Admiralty, to the end that the Offender or Offenders may be Proceeded againſt according to the Laws in that behalf Provided.

Given at the Council Chamber at *Whitehall*, the Eight and Twentieth Day of *May*, 1696. In the Eighth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1696.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For Apprehending Mr. GRASCOMB.

For being ye Author of a Libell.

14. Dec. 1696.

WILLIAM R.

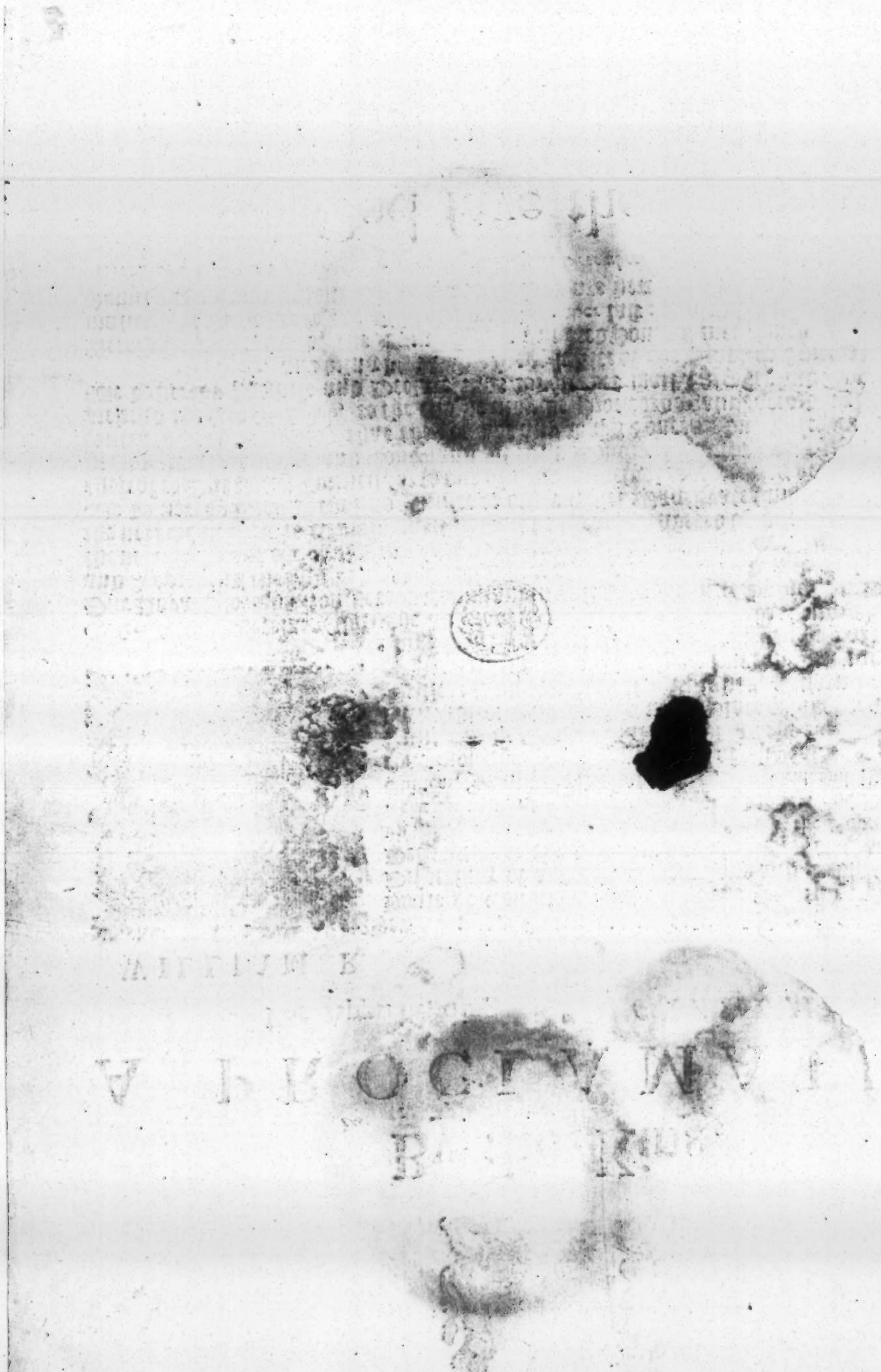


Whereas upon Examination taken before a Committee of the House of Commons, touching the Printing, Publishing and Dispersing of a False, Scandalous and Seditious Pamphlet, Destructive to the Freedom and Liberties of Parliament, Intituled, An Account of the Proceedings of the House of Commons in Relation to the Recoining the Clipped Money, and Falling the Price of Guineas, It appeared that one Grascomb was the Person that brought the Manuscript of the said Pamphlet to the Printer to be Printed: And whereas the said Grascomb hath Absconded from his usual Place of Abode, and is fled from Justice: And whereas the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses in Parliament Assembled, have humbly besought Us to Issue Our Royal Proclamation, for Apprehending of the said Grascomb; We therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Commanding all Our Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Grascomb where ever he may be found, and to Carry him before the next Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit him to the next Goal, there to Remain until he shall be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or other Chief Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Our Privy Council, or to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects (as they will answer the contrary at their Perils) that they do not any ways Conceal, but Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Grascomb, to the end he may be Proceeded against according to Law. And We do hereby Promise and Declare that whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the said Grascomb, and bring him before such Justice of the Peace, or Chief Magistrate, shall Receive, as a Reward, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds mentioned in Our late Proclamation, bearing Date the Fifth Day of November last; which said Sum of Five hundred Pounds the Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby Directed to Pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Tenth Day of *December*, 1696. In the Eighth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1696.



K. Great Britain / Scotland

William III

1.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas by an Act made this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Entituled, An Act againſt Correſponding with the late King *James* and his Adherents, It is amongſt other things Enacted, That if any of his Majeſties Subjects, who have at any time ſince the Eleventh Day of December, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty eight, Voluntarily gone into France, or any of the French Kings Dominions in Europe, without Licence from his Majeſty, or her late deceaſed Majeſty Queen Mary, of Bleſſed Memory, or who have at any time, during the late War with France, born Arms in the Service of the French King, either by Sea or Land, or who have at any time ſince the Fourteenth Day of February, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty eight, been in Arms under the Command, or in the Service of the late King *James* in Europe, ſhall at any time after the Fourteenth Day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, return into this Kingdom of England, or any other his Majeſties Dominions, without Licence from his Majeſty, under the Privy Seal, every ſuch Perſon ſo Offending, ſhall (being Lawfully Convicted thereof) be Taken, Deemed and Adjudged to be Guilty of High Treaſon, and ſhall Suffer and Forfeit as in Caſes of High Treaſon: And that if any of his Majeſties Subjects from and after the ſaid Fourteenth Day of January, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, without Licence from his Majeſty, ſhall within this Realm or without, in order to give any Aid or Aſſiſtance to the late King James, Hold, Entertain or Keep any Intelligence or Correſpondence by Letters, Meſſages or otherwiſe with the late King James, or with any Perſons Imployed by him, knowing ſuch Perſon to be ſo Imployed, or ſhall without Licence from his Majeſty, his Heirs or Successors, or otherwiſe, Remit or Pay any Sum or Sums of Money for the Uſe or Service of the late King James, knowing ſuch Money to be for ſuch Uſe or Service, ſuch Perſon ſo Offending, being lawfully Convicted, ſhall be Taken, Deemed and Adjudged to be Guilty of High Treaſon, and ſhall Suffer and Forfeit as in Caſes of High Treaſon: And 'tis thereby further Enacted, That if any Perſon, who before the Eleventh Day of December, in the Year of our Lord, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty eight, hath been in France or any of the French Kings Dominions without Licence firſt had from his Majeſty, late King James or the late Queen, or who hath been in Arms under the late King James or the French King, or in the Service of the ſaid Late Queen, ſince the ſaid Thirteenth Day of February, One thouſand ſix hundred eighty eight, ſhall not before the Twenty fourth Day of February, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, obtain his Majeſties Licence for his return, or in caſe ſuch Perſon ſhall not depart this Realm, on or before the ſaid Twenty fourth Day of February, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, or ſhall after ſuch departure return into this Realm without his Majeſties Licence, as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon ſo Offending, being thereof lawfully Convicted, ſhall be Deemed Adjudged to be Guilty of High Treaſon, and ſhall Suffer and Forfeit as in Caſes of High Treaſon. And whereas it is thought Neceſſary, in order that no Perſons may, on any Account whatſoever, pretend Ignorance of the ſaid Act, but may in all reſpects Conform themſelves thereunto, that Publick Notice be given thereof; His Majeſty (with the Advice of his Privy Council) hath thought fit to Publiſh this Proclamation, hereby Declaring that all Perſons who ſhall be found Offending againſt the ſaid Act, ſhall be Proſecuted and Puniſhed with the utmoſt ſeverity according to Law. And his Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all his Loving Subjects, that they do no ways Conceal, Harbour or Entertain any Perſons whom they ſhall know to be Offenders againſt the ſaid Act, but uſe their Endeavours to Take and Apprehend all ſuch Offenders, and to carry them before the next Juſtice of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, to the end they may be Proceeded againſt according to Law, as they will anſwer the contrary at their Perils, and on Pain of being Proſecuted for ſuch Offence according to the utmoſt ſeverity of the Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Three and twentieth Day of *January*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.

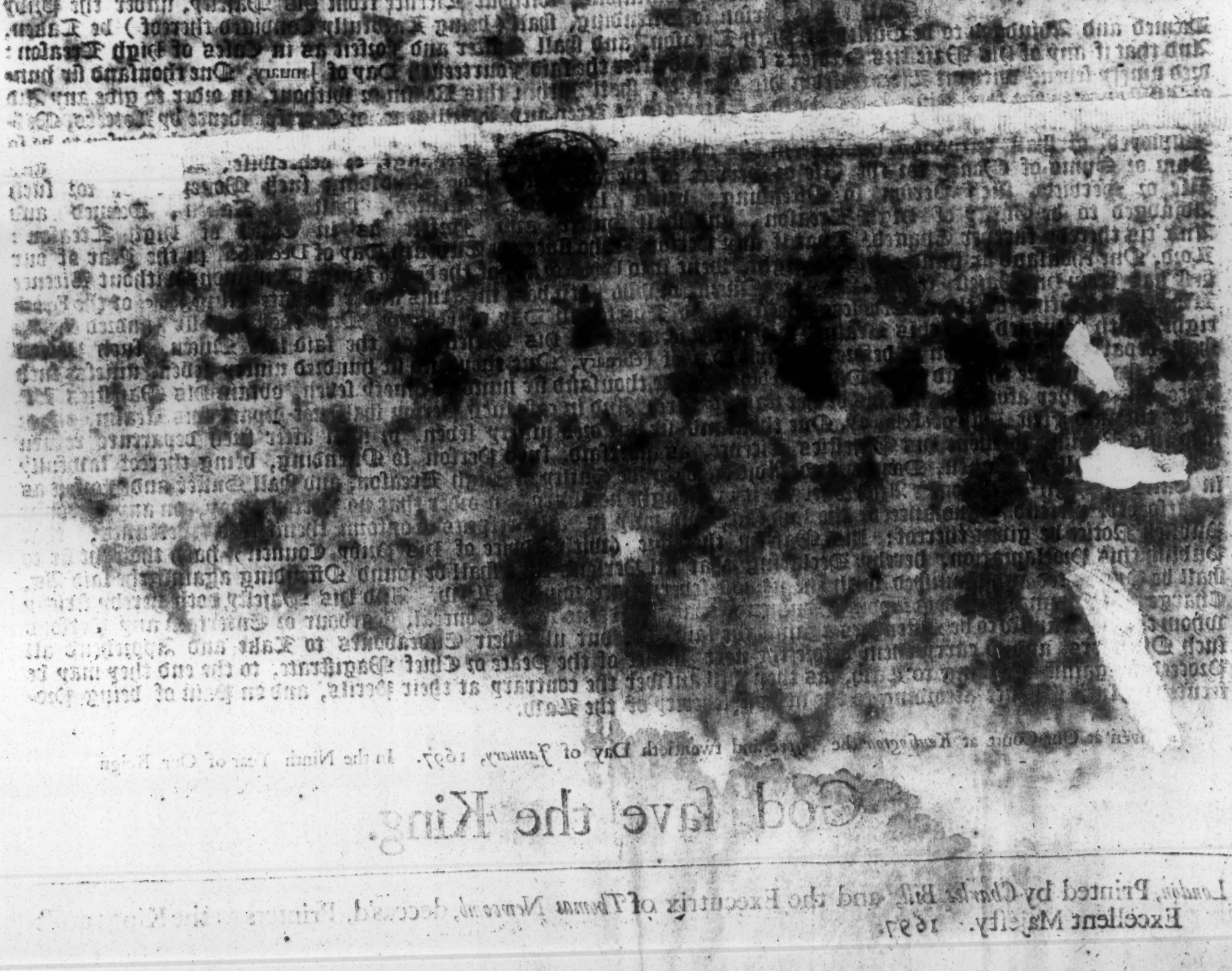
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By the King.

A PROCLAMATION.





God save the King.

London, Printed by Charles Bill and the Executrix of Thomas Newcomb deceas'd, Printers to the Excellent Majesty. 1697.

1st

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

Prohibiting His Majesties Subjects to Enter into the Service of Foreign Princes and States.

3. Febr. 169$\frac{7}{8}$.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas the Kings most Excellent Majesty hath been Informʼd, That diversof His Majesties Natural born Subjects, as well Mariners as others, have, and daily do depart this Kingdom, and betake themselves to the Service of Foreign Princes and States, without Licence had and obtainʼd in that behalf, from His Majesty, in manifest Contempt of His Royal Authority, tending to the Disservice of His Majesty, and Prejudice of His Kingdoms, Dominions and Countries, for Redress whereof for the present, and for Preventing the like Mischief for the future, the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by this His Royal Proclamation, by and with the Advice of His Priby Council, doth strictly Prohibit and Forbid all and every Person and Persons of what Quality, Degree, or Condition soever, being His Majesties Natural born Subjects, from Entring into, or Listing themselves in the Service or Pay of any Foreign Prince or State; And doth hereby strictly Charge and Command them and every of them, upon their bounden and known Duty and Allegiance, that they or any of them, do not from henceforth withdraw him or themselves, or depart from this His Majesties Kingdom of England, or any other His Majesties Realms or Dominions, for, or in order to the Entring or Listing him or themselves into Pay, or otherwise betake him or themselves to the Service of any Foreign Prince or State, either by Sea or Land, without due Licence first had and obtainʼd in that behalf: To all which His Majesty will Expect, and doth Require due Obedience and Conformity, and doth hereby Publish and Declare, That all Offenders to the contrary, shall not only Incur His Majesties Just Displeasure, but be Proceeded against, according to the utmost Severity of the Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Twenty eighth Day of *January*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceasʼd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1697.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Preventing and Punishing Immorality and Prophaneness.

WILLIAM R.



K. England
1st William & M.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Preventing and Puniſhing Immorality and Prophaneneſs.

1. March. 169⅞.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas We cannot but be deeply Senſible of the great Goodneſs and Mercy of Almighty God, in putting an End to a Long, Bloody and Expenſive War, by the Concluſion of an Honourable Peace, ſo We are not leſs touched with a Reſentment, that notwithſtanding this and many other great Bleſſings and Deliverances, Impiety, Prophaneneſs and Immorality do ſtill abound in this our Kingdom: And whereas nothing can prove a greater Diſhonour to a well ordered Government, where the Chriſtian Faith is profeſſed, nor is likelier to provoke God to Withdraw His Mercy and Bleſſings from us, and inſtead thereof, to inflict heavy and ſevere Judgments upon this Kingdom, than the open and avowed Practice of Vice, Immorality and Prophaneneſs, which amongſt many Men has too much prevailed in this Our Kingdom of late Years, to the high Diſpleaſure of Almighty God, the great Scandal of Chriſtianity, and the ill and fatal Example of the reſt of Our Loving Subjects, who have been Soberly Educated, and whoſe Inclinations would lead them to the Exerciſe of Piety and Virtue, did they not daily find ſuch frequent and repeated Inſtances of Diſſolute Living, Prophaneneſs and Impiety, which has in a great Meaſure been occaſioned by the Neglect of the Magiſtrates not putting in Execution thoſe good Laws which have been made for Suppreſſing and Puniſhing thereof, and by the ill Example of many in Authority, to the great Diſhonour of God, and Reproach of Our Religion: Wherefore, and for that We cannot expect Increaſe or Continuance of the Bleſſings We and Our Subjects Enjoy, without Providing Remedies to prevent the like evils for the future, We think Our Selves bound by the Duty We owe to God, and the Care We have of the People committed to Our Charge, to proceed in taking effectual Courſe, that Religion, Piety and Good Manners may, according to Our hearty Deſire, Flouriſh and Increaſe under Our Adminiſtration and Government; and being thereunto moved by the Pious Addreſs of the Commons in Parliament Aſſembled, We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do Declare Our Royal Purpoſe and Reſolution to Diſcountenance and Puniſh all manner of Vice, Immorality and Prophaneneſs in all Perſons from the highe[illegible] Degree within this Our Realm, and particularly in ſuch who are Imployed near Our Royal Perſon; and that for the greater Encouragement of Religion and Morality, We will, upon all occaſions, Diſtinguiſh Men of Piety and Virtue by Marks of Our Favour. And We do expect that all Perſons of Honour or in Place of Authority, will to their utmoſt contribute to the Diſcountenancing Men of Diſſolute and Debauched Lives, that they being reduced to Shame and Contempt may be enforced the ſooner to Reform their ill Habits and Practices, that the Diſpleaſure of Good Men towards them may ſupply what the Laws (it may be) cannot wholly Prevent. And for the more Effectual Reforming theſe Men, who are a Diſcredit to Our Kingdom, Our further Pleaſure is, and We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, and all other Our Officers and Miniſters, both Eccleſiaſtical and Civil, and other Our Subjects, whom it may Concern, to be very Vigilant and Strict in the Diſcovery and the Effectual Proſecution and Puniſhment of all Perſons who ſhall be Guilty of Exceſſive Drinking, Blaſphemy, Prophane Swearing and Curſing, Lewdneſs, Prophanation of the Lords Day, or other Diſſolute, Immoral or Diſorderly Practices, as they will anſwer it to Almighty God, and upon Pain of Our Higheſt Diſpleaſure. And for the more Effectual Proceedings herein, We do hereby Direct and Command Our Judges of Aſſizes and Juſtices of Peace, to give ſtrict Charges at the reſpective Aſſizes and Seſſions, for the due Proſecution and Puniſhment of all Perſons that ſhall preſume to Offend in any the Kinds aforeſaid, and alſo of all Perſons that, contrary to their Duty, ſhall be Remiſs or Negligent in Putting the ſaid Laws in Execution, and that they do at their reſpective Aſſizes and Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, cauſe this Our Proclamation to be publickly Read in Open Court immediately before the Charge is given. And We do hereby further Charge and Command every Miniſter in his reſpective Pariſh or Chapel, to Read or cauſe to be Read this Our Proclamation, at leaſt Four times in every Year, immediately after Divine Service, and to incite and ſtir up their reſpective Auditories to the Practice of Piety and Virtue, and the Avoiding of all Immorality and Prophaneneſs. And to the end that all Vice and Debauchery may be prevented, and Religion and Virtue Practiſed by all Officers, Private Soldiers, Mariners or others, who are Imployed in Our Service, either by Sea or Land, We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Commanders and Officers whatſoever, That they do take Care to Avoid all Prophaneneſs, Debauchery and other Immoralities, and that by the Piety and Virtue of their own Lives and Converſations they do ſet good Examples to all ſuch as are under their Authority, and likewiſe to take Care and Inſpect the Behaviour and Manners of all ſuch as are under them, and to Puniſh all thoſe who ſhall be Guilty of any the Offences aforeſaid. And whereas ſeveral Wicked and Prophane Perſons have preſumed to Print and Publiſh ſeveral Pernicious Books and Pamphlets, which contain in them Impious Doctrines againſt the Holy Trinity and other Fundamental Articles of Our Faith, tending to the Subverſion of the Chriſtian Religion, therefore for the Puniſhing the Authors and Publiſhers thereof, and for the Preventing ſuch Impious Books and Pamphlets being Publiſhed or Printed for the future, We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Prohibit all Perſons that they do not preſume to Write, Print or Publiſh any ſuch Pernicious Books or Pamphlets under the Pain of Incurring Our High Diſpleaſure, and of being Puniſhed according to the utmoſt Severity of the Law. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Require all Our Loving Subjects to Diſcover and Apprehend ſuch Perſon and Perſons whom they ſhall know to be the Authors or Publiſhers of any ſuch Books or Pamphlets, and to bring them before ſome Juſtice of Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, in order that they may be Proceeded againſt according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Four and twentieth Day of *February*, 1697. In the Tenth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.

Given at Our Court at Kensington the four and twentieth Day of February, 1697. In the Tenth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

Printed by Charles Bill, and the Executrix of Thomas Newcomb, deceas'd. Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1697.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Enforcing & making ye Exchequer Bills or notes more currant.
24. April. 1697.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas in and by One Act Made and Passed in the last Session of Parliament (Intituled, An Act for Granting an Aid to His Majesty, as well by a Land Tax, as by several Subsidies and other Duties payable for One Year) It was (amongst other things) Enacted, That it should and might be Lawful to and for the Commissioners of Our Treasury, or any Three of them, to cause Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, in such Manner and Form as they should appoint, for any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding One Million five hundred thousand Pounds, by Virtue of that Act, and to Issue the same to the uses of the War, in such Proportions as they should think fit, and that the said Bills should be Current to the Receivers or Collectors of any Aids, Taxes or Supplies thereby Granted, or that should be Granted for the Service of the War, for the Year, One thousand six hundred ninety seven (Except for the Aid of Three Shillings in the Pound) And whereas by One other Act also Made and Passed in the said last Session of Parliament (Intituled, An Act for making good the Deficiency of the several Funds therein mentioned, and for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for Raising the Publick Credit, to the end the said Bills so Authorized to be Issued might be of more general Use, as well for the Occasions of the War, as for the Publick Commerce and Trade, It is (amongst other things) Enacted, That the said Bills so Authorized to be Issued, shall be Received and Taken, not only by Receivers or Collectors of the Taxes or Supplies Granted, or to be Granted for the War, for the Year, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, but shall also Pass and be Current to all and every the Commissioners, Receivers or Collectors of any Revenue, Aid, Tax or Supply whatsoever Granted, or that should or might be Granted, during the said last Session of Parliament, either for the War, or any other use, and also at the Receipt of the Exchequer, from the said Commissioners, Receivers or Collectors, or from any other Person or Persons whatsoever making any Payments there to Us upon any Account whatsoever. And to the end that all Persons might be the more willing to Accept and Receive the said Bills in all manner of Payments, It is thereby also Enacted, That there shall be annexed unto, attend and go along with the said Bills, an Interest after the Rate of Five Pence a Day for every One hundred Pounds contained therein, and so Proportionably for a greater or lesser Sum, which said Interest shall be Paid or Allowed to the Person who is last Possessed thereof, to the Day he Pays the same into the Exchequer, or to any Receivers or Collectors, for any Aids, Taxes, Revenues or Supplies whatsoever. And that no Interest might be Allowed on the said Bills for any longer time than the same should be Unanswered unto Us, It is Enacted, That the Person who Pays the same into the Exchequer, or to any Receivers or Collectors, for any Aids, Taxes or Revenues, shall, at the time of making such Payment, put his Name to the said Bill, and Write the Day of the Month; to which Day the Collector, or other Person who Receives the same to Our Use, shall be Allowed again the Interest that he shall have Allowed thereupon. And when any of the said Bills, which in pursuance of the Act last mentioned shall be Received at the Exchequer, Custom-House, Excise-Office, or General Letter-Office, or by any of Our Receivers or Collectors, or for any Revenues, Taxes or Supplies, shall be Applicable to the Satisfaction of Talleys and Orders of Loan, or to any other Uses or Payments whatsoever, and by reason thereof are not to be immediately Cancelled at the said Exchequer, or in any other Publick Office, then the respective Tellers in the Receipt of Our Exchequer, and the Receivers General or Cashiers of the Customs, Excise and Post-Office, or any other Receivers, upon their Issuing or Paying out the said Bills, shall Sign the same, and add the Day of the Month, and so toties quoties until the said Bills shall or may come or be Paid into the Exchequer, on Account of the Proper Funds or Supplies (upon which they are or shall be first Issued out) to be Cancelled. And to the Intent that such Person or Persons who have or may have or be Intituled to any Talleys or Orders, on any Branch of the Revenues, or on any Aid, Tax or Supply that is or shall be Appropriated for Repayment and Satisfaction thereof, and shall Refuse or be Unwilling to Accept the said Bills in Payment, might not be Obliged to Receive the same, It is further Enacted, That for the Ease, Accommodation and Satisfaction of all and every Person and Persons so Refusing, or being Unwilling to Receive the said Bills in Repayment of such Talleys and Orders, It should and might be Lawful, to and for the Commissioners of Our Treasury, or any Three of them, to Covenant and Agree, in such manner as they should think fit, with any Persons, Natives or Foreigners, Bodies Politick or Corporate (with whose Abilities they should be well Satisfied) for the immediate Advancing or Lending of Money from time to time as there should be Occasion, for Exchanging such Bills as should be so Refused, or not Accepted or Taken in Repayment of Talleys and Orders, as aforesaid; and that such Person and Persons as should so Contract and Agree, should immediately upon their Paying or Advancing any Moneys pursuant to their Contracts or Agreements, have for their Security and Satisfaction the said Bills, or such Security as should be Agreed upon between the said Commissioners of the Treasury and the said Contractors, and should also have and Receive, as a further Encouragement, such Interest or Reward as is therein mentioned. And it is by the said Act Provided and Enacted, That until such time as We by Our Royal Proclamation, to be Issued by the Advice of Our Privy Council, should be Pleased to Publish and make Known, That the said Commissioners of Our Treasury, or any Three or more of them, or the High Treasurer for the time being, should (by such Covenants or Agreements made with Persons of Ability, as aforesaid) have sufficiently secured and made provision, That all Persons who at the said Receipt of Exchequer, or at any the said Publick Offices, should have any of the said Bills for satisfaction of their Talleys or Orders of Loan, or for any other Payments whatsoever, may have such Bills Exchanged for Ready Money, the said Bills to be made forth for the said Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds, or any part thereof, should be Current only for the Aids, Taxes or Supplies Granted or to be Granted for the Service of the War for the Year One thousand six hundred ninety seven, Exclusive of the said Aid of Three Shillings in the Pound, according to the Tenour and true Meaning of the said former Act in that behalf; And that after the said Proclamation should be Issued, and not sooner, the said Bills so Authorized to be Issued, as aforesaid, should Pass and be Current for all Revenues, Aids, Taxes, Supplies or other Payments to Us, according to the true Meaning of the last recited Act; Any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding, as by the said several Acts relation being thereunto respectively had, may more fully appear. And whereas the said Commissioners of Our Treasury have, in pursuance of the Power to them given by the Act of Parliament last mentioned in this behalf, Contracted and Agreed with several Persons and Bodies Politick or Corporate, for the Advancing and Lending of Money from time to time for Exchanging the said Bills; We have therefore thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby Publish and Make Known, That the said Commissioners of Our Treasury have by such Agreements, as aforesaid, sufficiently secured and made provision, That all Persons who at the said Receipt of Exchequer, or at any the said Publick Offices, shall have any of the said Bills for satisfaction of their Talleys or Orders of Loan, or for any other Payments whatsoever, may have such Bills Exchanged for Ready Money: And therefore We do by this Our Royal Proclamation further Publish and Declare, That from henceforth the said Bills for the said Sum, not exceeding Fifteen hundred thousand Pounds, Authorized to be Issued, as aforesaid, shall Pass and be Current in all Payments for Our Customs, Additional Duties, Impositions, Excises and all other Our Revenues whatsoever, and for all Taxes, Aids, and Supplies any ways Granted or belonging to Us, and in all other Payments of what Nature or Kind soever to be made to Us or to Our Use. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Commissioners, Receivers General, Collectors, Tellers, and all other Persons whatsoever, who are or may be concerned in the Receipt, Collection or Levying of any of Our said Customs, Additional Duties, Impositions, Excises, Revenues, Taxes, Aids, Supplies or other Payments whatsoever for Our Use, to Accept and Take the said Bills in Payment from all and every Our Loving Subjects who shall Tender the same for or in Discharge of any such Customs, Additional Duties, Impositions, Excises, Revenues, Taxes, Aids, Supplies or other Payments to Our Use, and to Observe all other Directions in the said recited Acts, or either of them Contained, touching the said Bills, upon Pain of Incurring Our High Displeasure, and as they will Answer the contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Three and twentieth Day of *April*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1697.



1st

Rhyland 94

7. May. 1697.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

Requiring ye Collectors & Receivrs to take collect & receive Hammered Silvr Coin at 5s 8d p ounce for ye Soval taxes required by Act of Parliamt

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers C. Devonſhire, Sunderland, Romney.



Whereas by one Act Made and Paſſed in the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for the further Remedying the ill State of the Coin of the Kingdom, all His Majeſties Receivers, Collectors, and other Officers concerned in the Receipt or Collection of any Aids or Taxes, are Impowered and Required to Take and Receive in Payment from any of His Majeſties Subjects all ſuch Hammered Silver Coin as ſhould be by them Tendred, before the Firſt Day of June next, to ſuch Receiver, Collector or other Officer, for or in Diſcharge of any future Aid or Tax at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight Pence for every Ounce of ſuch Hammered Silver Coin ſo Tendred; and the Tender or Payment of every Ounce of ſuch Hammered Silver Coin ſhould be as good a Diſcharge to the Perſon Tendring or Paying the ſame, his Heirs, Executors or Adminiſtrators for the Sum of Five Shillings and Eight Pence, as though the ſaid Sum of Five Shillings and Eight Pence had been Tendred or Paid in the Lawful Current Coin of this Kingdom. And whereas by another Act of the ſame Seſſion, Intituled, An Act for Granting an Aid to His Majeſty, as well by a Land Tax, as by ſeveral Subſidies and other Duties payable for One Year, it was Declared, That it ſhould and might be Lawful to and for any Perſon or Perſons, at any time before the Firſt Day of June, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, to Satisfie and Pay to the reſpective Collector or Collectors in ſuch Hammered Silver Moneys at ſuch Rate, as aforeſaid, all or any of the ſaid Monthly Payments Aſſeſſed upon him, her or them, by Virtue of the ſaid Act, for the ſaid Whole Year, or for any Months thereof before hand. And by another Act made in the ſame Seſſion, wherein there is Granted to His Majeſty an Additional Aid of Twelve Pence in the Pound upon Land and other things, it is Provided, That every Perſon liable to pay the ſaid Rate or Duty of One Shilling in the Pound or Double Duties by that Act Charged, ſhould have the ſame Advantages and Privileges as in the like caſes any Perſon or Perſons ought to have by Virtue of the Act laſt before mentioned, for the Aid of Three Shillings in the Pound thereby Granted, as by the ſaid ſeveral Acts of Parliament, Relation being thereunto reſpectively had, may more fully appear. And whereas great Complaints have been made by His Majeſties good Subjects in ſeveral Parts of this Realm, That the Receivers and Collectors of the ſaid Aids or Taxes are very Negligent in Demanding, and Difficult in Receiving ſuch Aids or Taxes, as by the Acts of Parliament before mentioned may be Paid in Hammered Moneys, at the Rate aforeſaid, till the ſaid Firſt Day of June next; after which time ſuch Hammered Moneys are not to be Received at that Rate for the ſaid Aids or Taxes, or any of them: We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of His Majeſties Privy Council, to Iſſue this Proclamation, ſtrictly Charging and Requiring all and every the ſaid Receivers General, and their Deputies, and all and ſingular the Collectors of ſuch Aids or Taxes, which by the ſaid Acts, or any of them, may be Paid to His Majeſties Uſe in Hammered Silver Moneys, at the Rate of Five Shillings and Eight Pence an Ounce, until the Firſt Day of June, as aforeſaid, That they and every of them do forthwith Proceed in their reſpective Receipts and Collections with their utmoſt Diligence, ſo that all His Majeſties Loving Subjects who are deſirous, before the ſaid Firſt Day of June next, to make their Payments in ſuch Moneys at the Rate aforeſaid, may not be Deprived of the Benefit and Advantage intended to them by the ſaid Acts; and that the ſaid Receivers, Deputies and Collectors, and every of them, be Careful in their reſpective Stations, not to Refuſe ſuch Hammered Silver Moneys as they ought to Receive purſuant to the ſaid Acts, as they Tender His Majeſties High Diſpleaſure, and would Avoid ſuch Pains and Penalties as by Law may be Inflicted for ſuch their Neglect or Refuſal.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the Sixth Day of *May*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to th Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.

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8. May. 1697.

By the Lords Justices,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Enforcing ye Act made 1. Jac. 1. cap. : & for Gott'r collecting ye dutie? lately imposed upon Leath?

Tho. Cantuar. Devonshire, Sunderland, Dorsett, Romney, Orford.

Whereas in and by an Act of Parliament Made and Passed in the last Session of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Laying a Duty on Leather for the Term of Three Years, and making other Provision for Answering the Deficiencies as well of the late Duties upon Coal and Culm, as for Paying the Annuities upon the Lottery, and for Lives Charged on the Tunnage of Ships, and the Duties upon Salt, It is (amongst other things) Recited, That in the First Year of the Reign of King James the First of happy Memory, a good and wholsom Statute was made concerning Tanners, Curriers, Shoemakers and other Artificers in Leather, wherein Ample Provision was made for the true and well Tanning, Currying and Working of Leather, and for and concerning the Buying and Selling of the same in Open Fairs and Markets, and for such other Matters and Things relating to Leather, as in the said Statute are plainly Expressed; The due Execution whereof hath been and is of great Importance to the Publick and Good Service of this Realm, and would very much Contribute to the Ascertaining, Charging and Collection of the Duties by the said Act intended to be Granted. And whereas it is by that Act Enacted, That all Mayors, Bayliffs, and other Head Officers for the time being, in the several Cities, Boroughs and Market Towns of this Realm, and the respective Lords of Liberties, Fairs and Markets, and the Masters and Wardens of several Companys in the Recited Act Expressed, and all Tanners, Curriers, Shoemakers and other Artificers, and all and every other Person and Persons whatsoever, who are or ought to be concerned in the Execution of the said Statute, or to give Obedience thereunto, shall (under the Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures as are therein severally Expressed) duly Execute, Observe and Comply with the same Statute, and all the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, in Relation to the Tanning, Dressing, Making, Buying, Selling, Trying, Sealing and Registring, or other Matters concerning Leather, other than such as have been Altered by any Law or Statute since that time Made and now in Force. And it is thereby further Enacted, That from and after the Twentieth Day of April, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, no Tanner, Tawer, Currier, Maker, Dresser, or other Person or Persons whatsoever, shall put, or cause to be put to Sale, Exchange or otherwise depart with any kind of Leather Tanned, Tawed, Dressed or Made within this Kingdom, for which the Duty of Fifteen Pounds per Centum ad Valorem, by the said Act Imposed, ought to be Paid, in any Place or Places whatsoever, other than in some open Fair or Market; and that all Leather Sold, or for which any Contract shall be made for Sale thereof, with the true Price or Value at which the same shall be Sold, Bartered or Exchanged, shall be Entred or Registred with the Officer Appointed to Collect those Duties, to contain the Number of all Hides, Butts, Backs, Skins and Pieces of Leather so Sold, Bartered, Exchanged or Contracted for before the Delivery thereof, or of any Part thereof; and that all Tanners, Tawers, Curriers, Makers or Dressers of Leather in Booze, Bill, Oyl, Salt, Allom, or other Materials whatsoever, shall before the Twentieth Day of May, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, give Notice in Writing to some one or more of the Commissioners, Surveyors, or other Officers to be Appointed for the next Market to the Place where any Tan-house, Work-house, or other Place shall be made Use of for the Tanning, Tawing, Dressing or Making of Leather, of every such Work-house, Tan-house, or other Place for the Tanning, Tawing, Dressing or Making of Leather by them respectively used, and of the Number of Pits and Fats therein; And that they respectively as often as they shall Change their Places of Tanning, Tawing, Dressing or Making of Leather, and all and every Person who shall at any time, during the Continuance of the said Act, be the Tanner, Tawer, Currier, Maker or Dresser of Leather, shall give or leave like Notice of their respective Names and Places of Abode, and of their Yards, Work-houses, or other Places where they shall Tan, Taw, Make or Dress, or intend to Tan, Taw, Make or Dress any Leather, Hides or Skins, or Pieces thereof, before they or any of them do presume to make use of the same, to the end the said Commissioners, Surveyors, or other Officers, may from time to time have due Knowledge of all such Tan-yards, Work-houses, or other Places, and the Number of Fats and Pits therein, under the Penalty of the Forfeiture of Fifty Pounds by the said Act Imposed, as in and by the said Act more fully Appears. And whereas the Lords Commissioners of his Majesties Treasury, pursuant to the last mentioned Act, have placed the Management of the said Duties upon Leather, and the Execution of the said Act in the Commissioners and Governours for Management of the Receipt of Excise for the time being, and in Collectors, Surveyors and Officers to be appointed by them, or the major part of them, who by the Laws relating to the Excise are obliged to keep an Office open in every Market Town on every Market Day: We taking into Consideration that the Methods prescribed by the above recited Act, have, of late Days, been very much Neglected and Diluted, especially as to the Buying and Selling of Leather in open Fairs and Markets, and being sensible that the due Performance and Execution of the said Act will very much tend not only to the Ease, Benefit and Advantage of all his Majesties Loving Subjects, Traders and Dealers in Leather, and the General Good and Publick Service of the Realm, but to the better Ascertaining, Charging and Collecting of the Duties on Leather Granted by the said Act; And to the end no Person or Persons in the above Recited Acts mentioned may through Ignorance incur any of the Penalties thereby Inflicted, have thought fit, by the Advice of his Majesties Privy Council, to Publish this Proclamation; And We do hereby Declare, That all Mayors, Bailiffs, and other Head Officers for the time being, in the several Cities, Boroughs, Market Towns, and also the respective Lords of Liberties, Fairs and Markets, and all others whom it may concern within this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, that they and every of them in their respective Places and Stations, do take effectual Care, that the above mentioned Statute made in the said First Year of the said King James the First, and all the Clauses, Matters and Things therein contained, in relation to the Tanning, Tawing, Dressing, Making, Buying, Selling, Searching, Trying, Sealing, Registring, and all other Matters concerning Leather, be forthwith put in due Execution, other than such as have been Alter'd by any Law or Statute since that time made, and now in Force; And that from henceforth all Leather Taw'd, Dressed or Made with Oyl, Allom, Salt, or any other Materials, commonly called, White Leather, except as in the said Act made in the last Session of Parliament is excepted, as also all Tann'd Leather made in Booze, commonly called, Red Leather, for which the said Duties are to be paid, be Sold in Open Fairs and Markets, according to the Direction of the said Acts, and not elsewhere. And We do hereby Declare and Appoint for the greater Ease and Convenience of his Majesties Subjects, That the respective Lords and Owners of Liberties, Fairs and Markets, do appoint and make Publication of the certain Time and Place in which only any sort of Leather shall or may be Bought or Sold, or offer'd to Sale within their respective Markets, Fairs, and Jurisdictions. And We do hereby further Publish and Declare, That all Tanners, Tawers, Curriers, Makers or Dressers of Leather, giving their Notices, Entring their Leather, Registring the same, and Paying the Duties according to the Directions of the said Act, at the next Office of Excise for the time being, for the Market-Town or Place next their respective Tan-houses or Work-houses, or with the Officer appointed for such Excise Office, will thereby avoid the Penalties Inflicted by the said Act. Provided nevertheless, That where any Leather shall be Sold at any Fair, the same must on Sale thereof be Registred with, and the Duties Paid to the Officer appointed for such Fair. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Justices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Chief Magistrates, Constables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, and all other Officers and Ministers of Justice, That they be Aiding and Assisting to the said Officers in the due Execution and Performance of their Office, as they will answer the contrary at their utmost Perils.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the Seventh Day of *May*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majesties Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1697.





29. May. 1697.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Enforcing ye Act past ye last Sessions for ye increase & incouragemt of Seamen.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers C. Devonſhire, Sunderland, Romney.



Whereas there was an Act made the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act to Enforce the Act for the Increaſe and Incouragement of Seamen; To the end therefore that all Seamen and other Perſons concerned in the ſaid Act may be Informed of the Matters therein Contained, We have thought fit, by the Advice of His Majeſties Privy Council to Iſſue this Proclamation, hereby giving Notice, that in the ſaid Act, it is (amongſt other things) Enacted, That ſuch Regiſtred Seamen, who by Age, Wounds, or other Accidents, ſhall be Diſabled for future Service at Sea, and the Widows and Children of ſuch Seamen, as by Virtue of an Act made at a Seſſion of Parliament held in the Seventh and Eighth Years of His Majeſties Reign, Entituled, An Act for the Increaſe and Incouragement of Seamen, may Claim the Relief of Greenwich Hoſpital, ſhall, for the avoiding of all Partiality and Favour, from time to time, in Succeſſion one after another, be Admitted into the ſaid Hoſpital in Order and due Courſe, according to their Number on the Regiſter Book. Alſo for the Eaſe of Seamen deſirous to be Regiſtred, they ſhall be obliged to bring or cauſe to be brought to the Regiſter Officer. Certificates of the Place of their Abode, or Removal from their Habitation, under the Hands of only One or more Juſtices of the Peace of the Place or County where they Dwell. And that for the better Levying and Collecting the Duties of Six Pence per Menſem, Granted by the ſaid laſt Recited Act, for the Revenues and Support of the Hoſpital Charities, and Bounties therein mentioned, the Officers appointed for the Regiſtring Seamen, or their Deputies, may by Warrant under their Hands, Summon to Appear before them all Maſters of any Ships, and Veſſels which are not in His Majeſties Service, and Examine them upon Oath concerning their Seamens Wages, and time of Service; And if ſuch Maſters ſhall Refuſe to Appear on the ſaid Summons, or ſhall Appear and Refuſe to give the ſaid Accounts upon Oath, of their Seamens Wages, and time of Service, then ſuch Offender ſhall for every ſuch Offence Forfeit Ten Pounds, for the Uſe of the ſaid Hoſpital, to be Recovered with Charges of Suit in any of His Majeſties Courts of Record, as is mentioned in the ſaid Act, excepting Quakers or Reputed Quakers, who are thereby Required to give in the ſaid Accounts on their Solemn Affirmation and Declaration, in ſuch manner as by an Act made at a Seſſion of Parliament held in the Seventh and Eighth Years of His Majeſties Reign, Entituled, An Act that the Solemn Affirmation and Declaration of the People called Quakers ſhall be Accepted inſtead of an Oath in the uſual Form, is directed, and on their Refuſal ſo to do, to be liable to the aforeſaid Penalties. And that ſuch Regiſtred Seamen as ſhall Lend or Diſpoſe of their Certificates to any other Perſons to Protect them from being Impreſt into His Majeſties Service, ſhall be ſtruck out of the Regiſter, and be Obliged to Serve His Majeſty at Sea for the ſpace of Six Months without any Pay or Wages, as in Caſe of Regiſtred Men not Appearing on Summons to Serve in His Majeſties Service, according to the ſaid laſt Recited Act; And ſuch Men as ſhall Procure, Keep, or Uſe the ſaid Certificates for the ſaid Purpoſe, ſhall forfeit Twenty Pounds, or Serve His Majeſty in Sea Service Six Months, without any Pay or Wages. And alſo that the Mayors, Deputy Mayors, Bailiffs, or Deputy Bailiffs of any of the Towns within the Juriſdiction of the Cinque Ports, where no Juſtice of the Peace ſhall be Reſiding or Inhabiting Within Three Miles of ſuch Port or Place, may Certifie the Abode of Perſons to be Regiſtred, inſtead of the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty ſeventh Day of *May*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty, 1697.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

31. July. 1697.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers C. Devonſhire, Shrewsbury, Sunderland, Romney, Orford.

Whereas by an Act Made and Paſſed the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Granting an Aid to His Majeſty, as well by a Land Tax, as by ſeveral Subſidies and other Duties payable for One Year, It is, amongſt other things, Enacted, That for the better and more ſpeedy Anſwering of the Supplies thereby Granted, or that ſhould be Granted, for this preſent Year One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven, it ſhould and might be Lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury or any Three of them now being, or for the High Treaſurer, or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of the Treaſury for the time being, to cauſe Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, in ſuch Manner as they ſhould appoint, for any Sum or Sums of Money, not exceeding Fifteen hundred thouſand Pounds, and to Iſſue the ſame to the uſes of the War, in ſuch Proportions as they ſhould think fit. And by another Act of the ſaid laſt Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for making good the Deficiency of ſeveral Funds therein mentioned, and for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for Raiſing the Publick Credit, It is Enacted, That the Bills by the aforementioned Act Authorized to be Iſſued, ſhould Paſs and be Current to all and every the Commiſſioners, Receivers or Collectors of any Revenue, Aid, Tax or Supply whatſoever Granted, or that ſhould be Granted, during the ſaid Seſſion of Parliament, either for the War, or any other Uſe, and alſo at the Receipt of Exchequer, and that there ſhould be annexed unto, attend and go along with the ſaid Bills, an Intereſt after the Rate of Five Pence a Day for every One hundred Pounds contained therein, and proportionably for a greater or leſſer Sum, with ſuch Directions concerning the ſaid Bills as in and by the ſaid ſeveral Acts, relation being thereunto reſpectively had, may more fully appear. And whereas by an other Act Made and Paſſed in the ſaid laſt Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for Granting to His Majeſty a further Subſidy of Tunnage and Poundage upon Merchandizes Imported for the Term of Two Years and Three Quarters, and an Additional Land Tax for One Year, for Carrying on the War againſt *France*, It is amongſt other things Enacted, That to the end His Majeſty might likewiſe have the better and more ſpeedy Effect of the Supplies by that Act intended, That it ſhould and might be Lawful to and for the Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury or any Three of them now being, or for the High Treaſurer or any Three or more of the Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury for the time being, to cauſe Bills to be made forth at the Receipt of Exchequer, for any Sum or Sums not exceeding Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds over and above the ſaid Sum of Fifteen hundred thouſand Pounds by the ſaid firſt mentioned Act Authorized to be Iſſued, in ſuch proportion nevertheleſs as that there ſhould not at any one time be more Bills ſtanding out then to the Value or Amount of Two Millions in Principal Money; and that the ſaid Bills ſhould have the like Currency and bear the ſame Intereſt after the Rate of Five Pence per Diem, as the ſaid Bills for One Million Five hundred thouſand Pounds. And it is thereby further Enacted, That the ſaid Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhall or may Contract and Agree in ſuch manner as they ſhall think fit, with any Perſon or Perſons, with whoſe Ability they ſhall be well ſatisfied, for the Advancing or Lending ſuch further Sums as they ſhall think neceſſary, for the Exchanging of ſuch Bills of the ſaid Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds thereby Authorized to be Iſſued, as ſhall or may be Refuſed or not Accepted in Satisfaction of Tallies or Orders of Loan, in Courſe of Repayment, as by the ſaid Act is directed; which Perſons ſo Contracting ſhall have and Receive the like Intereſt or Reward after the Rate of Ten Pounds per Cent. per Annum for the Money they ſhall Advance for the Purpoſes aforeſaid, as by the ſaid recited Act for making good the Deficiency of ſeveral Funds therein mentioned, and for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of England, and for Raiſing the Publick Credit, is Allowed to ſuch as ſhould Contract for the One Million Five hundred thouſand Pounds. And whereas by the ſaid laſt recited Act it is further Enacted, That until ſuch time as his Majeſty, or the Lords Juſtices of England, by Proclamation, to be Iſſued by the Advice of the Privy Council, ſhould make known, that the Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury, or the High Treaſurer for the time being, ſhould by ſuch Contracts or Agreements made with Perſons of Ability, as aforeſaid, have ſufficiently Secured, and made Proviſion, that all Perſons who at the Receipt of His Majeſties Exchequer, or at any of the ſaid Publick Offices ſhould have any of the Bills for the ſaid Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds, for Satisfaction of their Tallies or Orders of Loan, or for any other Payments whatſoever, may have ſuch Bills Exchanged for Ready Money, the ſaid Bills to be made forth for the ſaid Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds, or any Part thereof, ſhould be Current only in the Funds or Supplies Granted for the Service of the War for this preſent Year, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety ſeven (Except the Aid of Three Shillings in the Pound) as by the ſaid ſeveral Acts, relation being thereunto reſpectively had, may more fully Appear. And whereas the Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury have in purſuance of the Powers to them given by the Act of Parliament laſt mentioned in this behalf, Contracted and Agreed with ſeveral Perſons and Bodies Politick or Corporate, for the Advancing and Lending of Money from time to time for Exchanging the ſaid Bills for any Sum or Sums not exceeding Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds, We have therefore thought fit, by and with the Advice of his Majeſties Privy Council, to Iſſue this Proclamation; And We do hereby Publiſh and Make Known, That the ſaid Commiſſioners of his Majeſties Treaſury have by ſuch Agreements, as aforeſaid, ſufficiently Secured and made Proviſion, that all Perſons who at the ſaid Receipt of Exchequer, or at any the ſaid Publick Offices, ſhall have any of the ſaid Bills for ſatisfaction of their Tallies or Orders of Loan, or for any other Payments whatſoever, may have ſuch Bills Exchanged for Ready Money; And therefore We do by this Proclamation further Publiſh and Declare, That from henceforth the ſaid Bills for the ſaid Sum, not exceeding Twelve hundred thouſand Pounds, Authorized to be Iſſued, as aforeſaid, ſhall Paſs and be Current in all Payments for his Majeſties Cuſtoms, Additional Duties, Impoſitions, Exciſes, and all other his Majeſties Revenues whatſoever, and for all Cares, Aids and Supplies any ways granted or belonging to his Majeſty, and in all other Payments of what nature or kind ſoever, to be made to his Majeſty or to his Uſe. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Commiſſioners, Receivers General, Collectors, Tellers, and all other Perſons whatſoever, who are, or may be concerned in the Receipt, Collection or Levying of any of his Majeſties ſaid Cuſtoms, Additional Duties, Impoſitions, Exciſes, Revenues, Cares, Aids, Supplies, or other Payments whatſoever, for his Majeſties Uſe, to Accept and Take the ſaid Bills in Payment from all and every his Majeſties Loving Subjects, who ſhall tender the ſame, for or in Diſcharge of any ſuch Cuſtoms, Additional Duties, Impoſitions, Exciſes, Revenues, Cares, Aids, Supplies, or other Payments to his Majeſties Uſe, and to obſerve all other Directions in the ſaid Recited Acts, or either of them contained touching the ſaid Bills, upon pain of Incurring his Majeſties high Diſpleaſure, and as they will anſwer the contrary at their Perils.

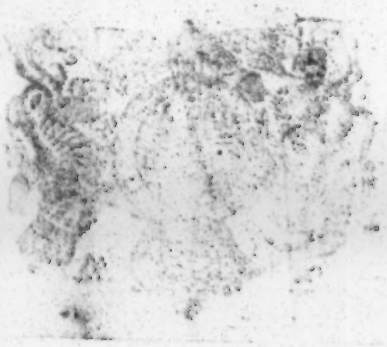
Given at the Council Chamber at *Whitehall* the Thirtieth Day of *July*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.







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By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye apprehending ſeveral persons for robbing Sr John Banks Park in Kent.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers C. Sunderland, Romney, Orford.

18. Sept. 1697.



Whereas We have Received Information that great Number of Perſons have frequently of late Aſſembled themſelves together, and committed great Outrages and Riots in the County of Kent, by coming with Arms, and with Open Violence Breaking into and Robbing the Parks of ſeveral Gentlemen in the ſaid County, and particularly that on the Eighteenth day of Auguſt laſt, ſeveral Horſemen, to the Number of Fourty or more, Armed with Guns, Swords and other Weapons, as alſo with Toyls and Dogs, did in a Riotous and Violent Manner in the Night time, Enter into the Park of Sir John Banks Baronet, at Aylesford near Maidſtone in the ſaid County of Kent, and there killed and carried away ſeveral Deer, broke up and threw down great part of the Park Pales, and committed divers other Acts of Violence, to the great Diſturbance of the Publick Peace, and contrary to the known Laws of this Kingdom: We therefore being deſirous that ſuch Offenders ſhould be diſcovered and brought to condign Puniſhment for their Offences, have, with the Advice of His Majeſties moſt Honourable Privy Council, thought fit to Iſſue this Proclamation, hereby Commanding all His Majeſties Loving Subjects to Diſcover, Take and Apprehend the Perſons concerned in the aforeſaid Riot and Robbery of Sir John Banks his Park where ever they or any of them may be found, and to carry them before One of His Majeſties Principal Secretaries of State, or before the Chief Juſtice of the Court of Kings Bench, or before ſome Juſtice of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate; Which Juſtice of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, in caſe any of the ſaid Offenders ſhall be brought before him, is hereby Required to Commit him to the next Goal, there to Remain until they ſhall give Sufficient Bail to Appear the next Term in the Court of Kings Bench, and thereof give Notice to One of the Principal Secretaries of State, or to the Chief Juſtice of the Kings Bench. And We do hereby Publiſh and Declare, That Whoſoever ſhall Conceal any of the ſaid Perſons, ſhall be Proceeded againſt with the utmoſt Severity according to Law. And Whoſoever ſhall Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid Perſons, or any of them, at any time within the ſpace of Two Months next enſuing, and bring them before any of His Majeſties Principal Secretaries of State, or before the Chief Juſtice of the Court of Kings Bench, or before ſome Juſtice of Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate, ſhall receive, as a Reward, One hundred Pounds; which ſaid Sum of One hundred Pounds the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſties Treaſury are hereby directed to pay. And We do hereby further Promiſe, That if any Perſon concerned in the ſaid Riot ſhall at any time within Two Months next Enſuing, and before he is Diſcovered and Apprehended, Diſcover and Apprehend any the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Riot, and Robbery, and Carry them before One of His Majeſties Principal Secretaries of State, or before the Chief Juſtice of the Court of Kings Bench, or before ſuch Juſtice of Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon ſhall not only have and receive the ſaid Reward of One hundred Pounds, but ſhall alſo have His Majeſties Gracious Pardon for ſuch his Offence.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the Seventeenth Day of *September*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.

1st 199

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

For apprehending Domingo Antunes & Robt Marriot for Counterfeiting Exchequer Bills.

Tho. Cantuar. Sunderland, Romney, Orford.

Whereas We have received Information, That ſeveral Bills of Credit iſſued out of the Exchequer purſuant to ſeveral Acts made the laſt Seſſion of this preſent Parliament, have been Forged and Counterfeited by Altering the Sums therein contained, and by Forging Endorſements thereupon. And upon Examination it doth not appear, That there have been more than Five of the ſaid Bills Counterfeited and Altered, which Five Bills are ſecured, ſo that no Perſon can receive any further Preſudice thereby. And whereas ſeveral of the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Forgery and Counterfeiting are Apprehended, and in Cuſtody for the ſaid Offence, but others (viz.) Domingo Antunes a Portugueſe, and Robert Marriot, a Taylor, who lately lived in Arundel-ſtreet, who were principally concerned therein, have Abſconded from their uſual Places of Abode, and are fled from Juſtice: We therefore (with the Advice of His Majeſties moſt Honourable Privy Council) have thought fit to Iſſue this Proclamation, hereby Commanding all His Majeſties Loving Subjects to Diſcover, Take and Apprehend the ſaid Domingo Antunes, and Robert Marriot wherever they or either of them may be found, and to carry them before the next Juſtice of Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the nert Goal, there to remain until they ſhall be thence Delivered by due Courſe of Law. And We do hereby Require the ſaid Juſtice, or other Chief Magiſtrate immediately to give Notice thereof to His Majeſties Privy Council, or to one of His Majeſties Principal Secretaries of State. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all His Majeſties Loving Subjects (as they will Anſwer the contrary at their Perils) that they do not any Ways Conceal, but Diſcover, Take and Apprehend the ſaid Domingo Antunes and Robert Marriot, or either of them, to the end they may be proceeded againſt for ſuch their Offence, according to Law. And We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That whoſoever ſhall Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid Domingo Antunes and Robert Marriot, or either of them, and bring them before ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate, ſhall receive as a Reward for each of the ſaid Perſons, the Sum of One hundred Pounds; which ſaid Sum of One hundred Pounds the Commiſſioners of His Majeſties Treaſury are hereby Directed to Pay accordingly. And We do hereby further Promiſe and Declare, That if any of the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Forgery and Counterfeiting (except the ſaid Domingo Antunes and Robert Marriot) ſhall Diſcover and Apprehend the other Perſons concerned in the ſaid Forgery and Counterfeiting, or any or either of them, and bring them before ſuch Juſtice of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon ſhall not only have and receive the ſaid Reward of One hundred Pounds, but ſhall alſo have His Majeſties Gracious Pardon for ſuch his Offence.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the Twenty fourth Day of *September*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.



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By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION

For Publiſhing the Peace between His Majeſty and the *French* King.

19. Oct. 1697.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers *C.* Sunderland, Dorſet, Romney, Orford.



Whereas a Peace hath been Treated and Concluded at His Majeſties Royal Palace at Reſwick, the Tenth Day of September laſt, between His Majeſty and the French King, and the Ratifications thereof hath been ſince Exchanged, in Conformity thereunto We have thought fit hereby to Command, That the ſame be Publiſhed throughout all His Majeſties Dominions. And We do hereby Declare, That all Ships, Merchandizes, and other Moveable Goods whatſoever, which have been, or ſhall be Taken from the Subjects of the French King after the Two and twentieth of September laſt in the Britiſh and North Seas; After the Two and twentieth of this Inſtant October from the ſaid Britiſh and North Seas as far as the Cape St. Vincent; After the Nineteenth of November next enſuing beyond the ſaid Cape St. Vincent on this ſide the Æquinoctial Line or Æquator, as well in the Ocean and Mediterranean Sea, as elſewhere; And laſtly, after the Tenth of March next enſuing beyond the ſaid Line throughout the Whole World, without any Exception or Diſtinction of Time or Place, and without any Form of Proceſs, ſhall immediately, and without Damage, be Reſtored to the Owner, according to the ſaid Treaty. And hereof all His Majeſties Subjects are hereby Required to take Notice, and to Conform themſelves thereunto accordingly.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the Eighteenth Day of *October*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.

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22. Oct. 1697.

By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye meeting & Sitting of ye Parliamt on 23d. Nov. 1697.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers C. Sunderland, Romney.

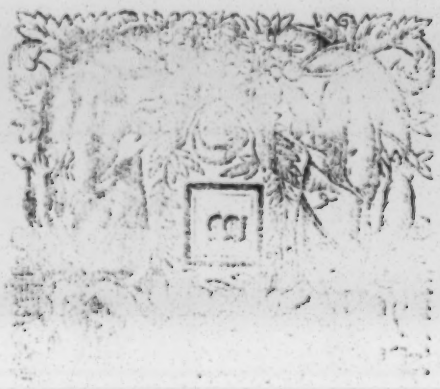


Whereas this preſent Parliament ſtands Prorogued to the Three and twentieth Day of November next; And it being His Majeſties Pleaſure that the ſame Parliament ſhall, upon the ſaid Three and twentieth Day of November, Meet and Sit for the Diſpatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs: We therefore (with the Advice of His Majeſties moſt Honourable Privy Council) have thought fit to Iſſue this Proclamation for Declaring and Publiſhing the ſame. And all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the Houſe of Commons, are hereby Required and Commanded to give their Attendance accordingly at Weſtminſter, on the ſaid Three and twentieth Day of November next.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the One and twentieth Day of *October*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.



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By the Lords Juſtices,

A PROCLAMATION.

For apprehending Several Persons for High Treason for y^e Late Conspiracy, wth a reward of 1000^li for each.

Tho. Cantuar. J. Sommers C. Shrewsbury, Dorſett, Romney, Orford.



Whereas James late Duke of Berwick ſtands Outlawed for High Treaſon; And whereas Sir George Barclay Knight, Johnſon *alias* Harriſon, Durant *alias* Durance, Michael Hare, Major George Holmes, Philip Hanford *alias* Browne, Richard Richardſon, John Maxwell, Brierly, Plowden and Hungate are Attainted of High Treaſon by Act of Parliament, for Conſpiring to Murder and Aſſaſſinate His Majeſties Sacred Perſon; And whereas Colonel John Parker and Berkenhead being ſeverally Indicted of High Treaſon, are fled from Juſtice; And whereas we have received Information, That the ſaid James late Duke of Berwick, Sir George Barclay, Johnſon *alias* Harriſon, Durant *alias* Durance, Michael Hare, Major George Holmes, Philip Hanford *alias* Browne, Richard Richardſon, John Maxwell, Brierly, Plowden, Hungate, Colonel John Parker and Berkenhead, or ſome of them, have ſecretly come into this Kingdom from France or other Parts beyond the Seas, upon ſome Treaſonable Deſigns or Practices: We have therefore thought fit, with the Advice of His Majeſties Privy Council, to Iſſue this Proclamation: And all His Majeſties Loving Subjects are hereby Commanded and Required to Diſcover, Take and Apprehend the ſaid Perſons above named and every of them, Wherever they may be found, and to carry them before the next Juſtice of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, Who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain until they be thence delivered by due Courſe of Law. And the ſaid Juſtice or other Magiſtrate is hereby Required immediately to give Notice thereof to one of His Majeſties Principal Secretaries of State. And We do hereby Publiſh and Declare to all Perſons who ſhall Conceal the Perſons abovenamed or any of them, or be Aiding or Aſſiſting in the Concealing of them, or the Furthering their Eſcape, that they ſhall be Proceeded againſt for ſuch their Offence, with the utmoſt ſeverity according to Law. And for the Encouragement of all Perſons to be diligent and careful in endeavouring to Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid Perſons, We further Declare, That whoever ſhall Diſcover and Apprehend the Perſons abovenamed, or any of them, or ſhall bring them before ſome Juſtice of the Peace or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, ſhall have and Receive as a Reward, the Sum of One thouſand Pounds; which ſaid Sum of One thouſand Pounds the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſties Treaſury are hereby Required and Directed to Pay accordingly.

Given at the Court at *Whitehall* the Eleventh Day of *November*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of His Majeſties Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1697.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION

For a Publick Thanksgiving.

For ye Peace to be observed on. 2. Dec. next.

WILLIAM R. 18. Nov. 1697.

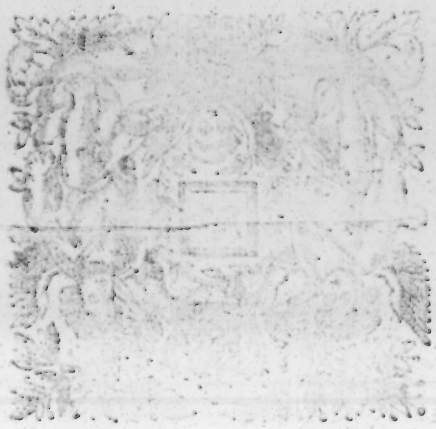


Whereas it hath pleased Almighty God in His great Goodness to put an End to the late War, in which His Majesty and His Allies were Ingaged against the French King, by the Conclusion of Peace between His Majesty and the Princes and States in Confederacy with Him and the said French King, upon such a Foundation, as by the Blessing of God may prove Effectual to procure a firm and lasting Tranquility to Europe: His Majesty therefore adoring the Divine Goodness, and duly considering that such great and publick Blessings do call for publick and solemn Acknowledgments, hath thought fit (by the Advice of His Privy Council) to Issue this His Royal Proclamation, hereby Appointing and Commanding that a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for these His Mercies, be Observed throughout this Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Thursday the Second Day of December next. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing the same, We have given Directions to the most Reverend the Archbishops and Right Reverend the Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chapels and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing of the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And We do strictly Charge and Command that the said Publick Day of Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of suffering such Punishment, as We can justly Inflict upon all such who shall Contemn or Neglect the same.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Seventeenth Day of *November*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1697.



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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For proroguing y^e Parliam^t from 23. Nov. 1697. to. 3. Dec. nex^t.

WILLIAM R. 18. Nov. 1697.

His Majesty having been detained beyond the Seas by contrary Winds longer than he intended, and being desirous that there should be a full Appearance of Members at the Opening of the next Sessions, His Majesty hath thought fit, with the Advice of His Privy Council, to Declare His Pleasure, That the Parliament which stands now Prorogued to the Three and twentieth Day of this Instant November, shall be then further Prorogued to the Third Day of December next, on which Day they are to Meet and Sit for the Dispatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs. And all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of the House of Commons, are hereby Required and Commanded to give their Attendance accordingly at Westminster on the said Third Day of December next.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Seventeenth Day of *November*, 1697. In the Ninth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1697.

God save the King.



WILLIAM R.

A PROCLAMATION

By the King.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Discovering ye Author & Printer of a Libell touching ye Scotch Colony at Darien.

29. Jan. 1699/1700.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas We have been Informed, That a False, Scandalous, and Traiterous Libel, Intituled, An Inquiry into the Causes of the Miscarriage of the *Scotch*-Colony at *Darien*, or, An Answer to a Libel, Intituled, A Defence of the *Scots* Abdicating *Darien*, has been Printed and Dispersed, the Design of which Libel was to Create a Misunderstanding betwæn Our good Subjects of England and Scotland, and to Stir up Sedition and Rebellion, and is Injurious to, and Reflects on the Honour of both Nations: And whereas the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses in Parliament Assembled, have humbly besought Us, to Issue Our Royal Proclamation for Discovering and Apprehending of the Author and Printer of the said Libel; We therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Requiring and Commanding all Our Loving Subjects whatsoever, to Discover and Apprehend the Author and Printer of the said Libel, to the end they may be dealt withal and proceeded against according to Law. And We do hereby Promise and Declare, That whosoever shall Discover or Apprehend the Author of the said Libel, so as he may be brought to Justice, shall have and Receive, as a Reward for such Discovery and Apprehending, the Sum of Five hundred Pounds: And that whosoever shall Discover or Apprehend the Printer thereof, so as he may be brought to Justice, shall have and Receive, as a Reward for such Discovery or Apprehending, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds; Which said respective Sums of Five hundred Pounds and Two hundred Pounds, the Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby Required and Directed to Pay accordingly. And We do hereby further Promise and Declare, That if any Person (other than the Author himself) who was any ways Privy to, or Instrumental in the Printing and Dispersing the said Libel, shall Discover or Apprehend the Author thereof, the Person making such Discovery, or Apprehending the said Author, shall not only have the said Sum of Five hundred Pounds, as aforesaid, but also Our Gracious Pardon for his Offence. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects (as they will answer the contrary at their Perils) that they do not any ways Conceal, but Discover and Apprehend the Author and Printer of the said Libel, to the end they may be Proceeded against with the utmost Severity according to Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Twenty ninth Day of *January*, 1699. In the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1699.

206
1st
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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Commanding all Popish Priests & Jesuits to depart ye Kingdom.

WILLIAM R. 9. Febr. 1699/1700.



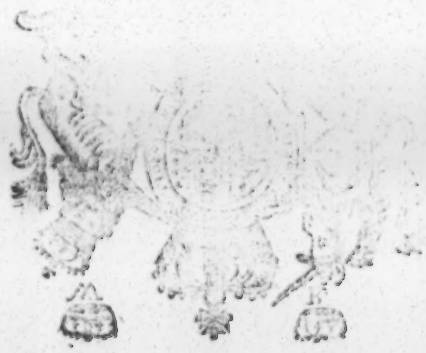
Whereas We have been Informed, That many Popish Priests and Jesuits have presumed to come into this Kingdom, and to continue therein contrary to the Laws and Statutes of this Realm; We have therefore thought fit to Command all Popish Priests and Jesuits, to depart out of, and not to return or come into this Our Kingdom, under such Penalties as by Law may be inflicted on them: And do by this Our Royal Proclamation (Issued by the Advice of Our Privy Council) strictly Charge and Command all Jesuits and Priests whatsoever, Who have taken Orders from the See of Rome, or by the Authority or pretended Authority thereof, and not being under Restraint by Imprisonment, That they do forthwith depart out of this Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed; And that they or any of them, or any other such Priests or Jesuits do not presume to continue, come, or return into Our said Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick, upon Pain of having the Laws and Statutes of this Our Realm put in Execution against them.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Eighth Day of *February*, 1699. In the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1699.





K
G. II. and I.
William III King.
1st
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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Requiring all Popish Recusants to repair to yeir respective Habitations & not to remove from thence above five miles & to put ye Lawes in Execution agt them.

WILLIAM R.

11. Febr. 1699/1700.

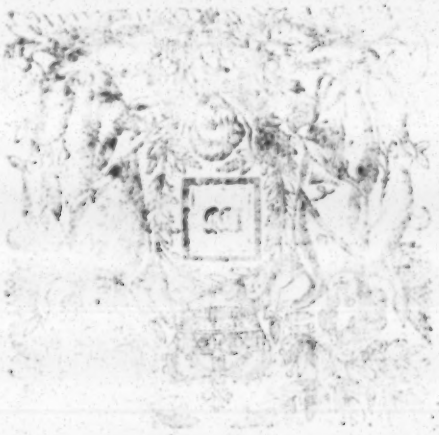


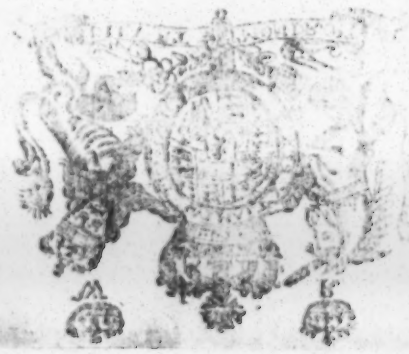
Whereas His Majesty hath been Informed, That great Numbers of Papists and other Disaffected Persons, who disown His Majesties Government, have lately Resorted to, and Assembled in the Cities of London and Westminster, contrary to the known Laws of this Kingdom; His Majesty therefore hath thought fit, by the Advice of His Privy Council, to Issue this His Royal Proclamation, and does hereby strictly Charge and Command all Popish Recusants, Natives or Denizons, being above the Age of Sixteen Years, That they do, according to the Statutes in that behalf made, repair to their respective Places of Abode, and if they have none, then to the Places where their respective Father or Mother is or shall be Dwelling, and do not hereafter remove or pass above Five Miles from thence. And His Majesty does hereby Command the Lord Mayor of London, and all other Justices of the Peace, and other Officers within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Ten Miles of the same, That they do Effectually proceed to put in Execution the Statute made in the First Year of the Reign of his present Majesty and of the late Queen Mary of Blessed Memory, Intituled, An Act for the Amoving Papists and Reputed Papists from the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Ten Miles distance from the same, by tendring to them the Declaration therein mentioned, and otherwise according to the said Act. And His Majesty does likewise Charge and Command the aforesaid, and all other Justices of the Peace whatsoever, to tender the Declaration aforesaid, according to one other Act made in the First Year of the Reign of his present Majesty and the said late Queen, Intituled, An Act for the better Securing the Government, by Disarming Papists and Reputed Papists. And for the better discovering of Persons disaffected to the Government, and that being discovered, their Disloyal and Wicked Purposes and Attempts may be disappointed, His Majesty does strictly Charge and Command all Justices of the Peace and other Officers in that behalf Authorized, That where they shall find or be informed of any Person, who by reason of his Conversation, Discourse or other Demeanour shall be suspected not to be well Affected to His Majesties Government, they do effectually put in Execution the Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of His Majesties Reign, Intituled, An Act for the better Security of His Majesties Royal Person and Government, by Summoning the said Persons, and Tendring to them the Oaths by the said Act Appointed to be taken, and in Case of Refusal or Neglect of Appearance, to Proceed further against such Offenders according to the Directions of the said Act; It being His Majesties Pleasure, that the Laws be Executed to the utmost against such Offenders. And His Majesty does hereby Charge and particularly Require all Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace, that they do meet Monthly, to Inquire into and Inform themselves of the Affairs of their respective Counties and Divisions in relation to the Premisses, and take special care to preserve the Peace, and prevent all unlawful Meetings and Assemblies, and that from time to time they give Information of their Proceedings and Discoveries to the Lords of His Majesties most Honourable Privy Council.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Eighth Day of *February*, 1699. In the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1699.





1st.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Requiring all his Ma[jes]ties Subjects in Forreign Seminaries to return home & forbidding all others to goe thither for ye Future.

14 Febr. 1699
1700.

WILLIAM R.

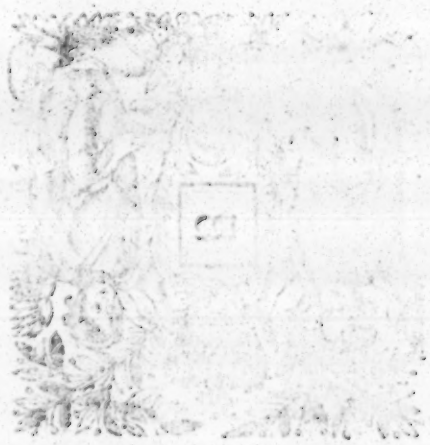


Whereas by a Statute made in the Twenty seventh Year of the Reign of the late Queen Elizabeth, it is, amongst other things Enacted, That if any of the Subjects of this Kingdom (not being a Jesuit, Seminary Priest, or other such Priest, Deacon or Religious or Ecclesiastical Person, Ordained or Professed by any Authority or Jurisdiction, Derived, Challenged, or Pretended from the See of Rome) shall be of, or brought up in any College of Jesuits, or Seminary Erected or Ordained in any Parts beyond the Seas, and shall not within Six Months next after Proclamation in that behalf to be made in the City of London, under the Great Seal of England, return into this Kingdom, and thereupon, within Two Days after such Return, before the Bishop of the Diocese, or Two Justices of the Peace of the County where he shall Arrive, Submit himself to the Kings Majesty and his Laws, and take the Oath of Supremacy, That then every such Person (which shall otherwise return, come into, or be in this Realm) for such Offence of Returning or being in this Realm, without Submission, as aforesaid, shall be adjudged a Traytor, and Suffer loss, and Forfeit as in Case of High Treason. And whereas by divers other Statutes of this Realm great Penalties are inflicted, as well upon the Persons Bred up in Forreign Seminaries, as upon their Parents, Guardians and Friends, who shall send them thither, or shall send any Relief or Maintenance to them there. And whereas His Majesty hath been Informed, That many of his Subjects of this Kingdom do Live in, and are daily Conveyed into Foreign Seminaries, where they are Brought up, and are Educated in Romish Superstition, to the great Detriment of this Kingdom ; His Majesty doth therefore by His Royal Proclamation (with the Advice of His Priby Council) strictly Charge and Command all His Subjects of this Kingdom, Who are in Forreign Seminaries, That they do with all spæd return into this His Kingdom ; and doth likewise Command and Require the respective Parents and Guardians to take the most effectual Care for such their return. And His Majesty doth hereby strictly Prohibit and Forbid all and every His Subjects of this Kingdom Whatsoever, for the time to come, from Going to, or Residing in any of the said Seminaries; and doth likewise Prohibit and Forbid all and every His Subjects, to send any Relief or Maintenance to any of his Subjects or others, who now are, or shall hereafter be, or reside in any Forreign Seminary: To all which His Majesty doth erpect all due Obedience, letting the Offenders to the contrary know, That they shall not only Incur His high Displeasure, but be proceeded against (for their respective Offences) according to the utmost severity of Law.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Eleventh Day of *February*, 1699. In the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1699.



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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye meeting & Sitting of ye Parliamt on. 16. Nov. nexst:

WILLIAM R. 24. Octob. 1699.



Whereas this present Parliament stands Prorogued to Thursday the Sixteenth Day of November next; and it being His Majesties Will and Pleasure, That the same Parliament shall, upon the said Sixteenth Day of November, Meet and Sit for the Dispatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs: His Majesty therefore, with the Advice of His Privy Council, hath thought fit to Issue this His Royal Proclamation for Declaring and Publishing the same. And all the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgesses of the House of Commons, are hereby Required and Commanded to give their Attendance accordingly at Westminster, on the said Sixteenth Day of November.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twenty fourth Day of *October*, 1699.
In the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill* and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd,
Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. MDCXCIX.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Preventing and Puniſhing Immorality and Prophaneneſs.

WILLIAM R.

12. Dec. 1699.



Whereas nothing can prove a greater Diſhonour to a Well-Ordered Government, where the Chriſtian Faith is Profeſſed, nor is likelier to provoke God to Withdraw his Mercy and Bleſſings from Us, and Inſtead thereof to Inflict Heavy and Severe Judgments upon this Kingdom, than the open and avowed Practice of Vice, Immorality and Prophaneneſs, which amongſt many Men has too much Prevailed in this Our Kingdom of late Years, to the high Diſpleaſure of Almighty God, the great Scandal of Chriſtianity, and the ill and fatal Example of the reſt of Our Loving Subjects, who have been Soberly Educated, and whoſe Inclinations would lead them to the Exerciſe of Piety and Virtue, did they not daily find ſuch frequent and repeated Inſtances of Diſſolute Living, Prophaneneſs and Impiety, which has in a great meaſure been occaſioned by the Neglect of the Magiſtrates not putting in Execution thoſe good Laws which have been made for Suppreſſing and Puniſhing thereof, and by the ill Example of many in Authority, to the great Diſhonour of God and Reproch of Our Religion: Wherefore and for that We cannot expect Increaſe or Continuance of the Bleſſings We and Our Subjects Enjoy, Without Providing Remedies to prevent the like Evils for the future, We think Our Selves Bound by the Duty We owe to God, and the Care We have of the People Committed to Our Charge, to Proceed in taking Effectual Courſe that Religion, Piety and Good Manners, may, according to Our Hearty Deſire, Flouriſh, and Encreaſe under Our Adminiſtration and Government; and being thereunto moved by the Pious Addreſs of the Commons in Parliament Aſſembled, We have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do Declare Our Royal Purpoſe and Reſolution, to Diſcountenance and Puniſh all manner of Vice, Immorality and Prophaneneſs in all Perſons, from the Higheſt to the Loweſt Degree Within this Our Realm, and particularly in ſuch Who are Imployed near Our Royal Perſon; and that for the greater Incouragement of Religion and Morality, We Will, upon all Occaſions, Diſtinguiſh Men of Piety and Virtue, by Marks of Our Royal Favour. And We do expect that all Perſons of Honour, or in Place of Authority, Will to their utmoſt Contribute to the Diſcountenancing Men of Diſſolute and Debauched Lives, that they being Reduced to Shame and Contempt, may be enforced the ſooner to Reform their ill Habits and Practices, that the Diſpleaſure of God Men towards them, may Supply what the Laws (it may be) cannot Wholly Prevent. And for the more Effectual Reforming theſe Men, who are a Diſcredit to Our Kingdom, Our further Pleaſure is, and We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs, Juſtices of the Peace, and all other Our Officers and Miniſters, both Eccleſiaſtical and Civil, and other Our Subjects, whom it may concern, to be very Vigilant and Strict in the Diſcovery, and the Effectual Proſecution and Puniſhment of all Perſons Who ſhall be Guilty of Exceſſive Drinking, Blaſphemy, Prophane Swearing and Curſing, Lewdneſs, Prophanation of the Lords Day, or other Diſſolute, Immoral or Diſorderly Practices, as they Will anſwer it to Almighty God, and upon Pain of Our Higheſt Diſpleaſure. And for the more Effectual Proceedings herein, We do hereby Direct and Command Our Judges of Aſſizes and Juſtices of Peace, to give ſtrict Charges at the reſpective Aſſizes and Seſſions, for the due Proſecution and Puniſhment of all Perſons that ſhall preſume to Offend in any the kinds aforeſaid, and alſo of all Perſons that, contrary to their Duty, ſhall be Remiſs or Negligent in putting the ſaid Laws in Execution, and that they do at their reſpective Aſſizes and Quarter Seſſions of the Peace, cauſe this Our Proclamation to be publickly Read in open Court immediately before the Charge is given. And We do hereby further Charge and Command every Miniſter in his reſpective Pariſh or Chapel, to Read or cauſe to be Read this Our Proclamation, at leaſt Four times in every Year, immediately after Divine Service, and to incite and ſtir up their reſpective Auditories to the Practice of Piety and Virtue, and the Avoiding of all Immorality and Prophaneneſs. And to the end that all Vice and Debauchery may be prevented, and Religion and Virtue Practiſed by all Officers, Private Soldiers, Mariners and others, who are Imployed in Our Service, either by Sea or Land, We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Commanders and Officers whatſoever, That they do take Care to Avoid all Prophaneneſs, Debauchery and other Immoralities, and that by the Piety and Virtue of their own Lives and Converſations they do ſet good Examples to all ſuch as are under their Authority, and likewiſe take Care and Inſpect the Behaviour and Manners of all ſuch as are under them, and to Puniſh all thoſe who ſhall be Guilty of any the Offences aforeſaid.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington*, the Ninth Day of *December*, 1699. In the Eleventh Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1699.

211.

1st

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For inforcing ye Act & putting in execution ye same for ye further preventing ye Growth of Popery.
24. April. 1700.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas by an Act made the last Session of this present Parliament, Intituled, An Act for the further Preventing the Growth of Popery, reciting, That there has of late been a much greater Resort into this Kingdom than formerly, of Popish Bishops, Priests and Jesuits, who openly and in insolent manner, do Affront the Laws, and daily endeavour to Pervert Our Natural-born Subjects, which has been occasioned by Neglect of the due Execution of the Laws already in Force; For Preventing the further Growth of Popery, and of such Treasonable and Execrable Designs and Conspiracies against Our Person and Government, and the Established Religion, It is Enacted, That from and after the Five and twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred, all and every Person and Persons, who shall Apprehend and Take one or more Popish Bishop, Priest or Jesuit, and Prosecute him or them, so Taken, until he or they be Convicted of Saying Mass, or of Exercising any other Part of the Office or Function of a Popish Bishop or Priest within these Realms, shall Receive of the Sheriff or Sheriffs of the County where such Conviction shall be made (without Paying any Fee for the same) for every such Offender, so Convicted, the Sum of One hundred Pounds, within Four Months after such Conviction, and Demand thereof made, in such manner as in the said Act is Directed. And it is thereby Enacted, That if any Popish Bishop, Priest or Jesuit whatsoever, shall say Mass, or Exercise any other Part of the Office or Function of a Popish Bishop or Priest within these Realms, or the Dominions thereunto belonging, or if any Papist or other Person, making Profession of the Popish Religion, shall keep School, or take upon themselves the Education or Government, or Boarding of Youth in any Place within this Realm, or the Dominions thereto belonging, and being thereof lawfully Convicted, shall on such Conviction be Adjudged to Perpetual Imprisonment. And it is thereby further Enacted, That from and after the Nine and twentieth Day of September in the Year of Our Lord, One thousand seven hundred, if any Person Educated in the Popish Religion, or Professing the same, shall not, within Six Months after he or she shall attain the Age of Eighteen Years, Take the Oaths of Allegiance and Supremacy, and also Subscribe the Declaration set down and expressed in an Act of Parliament made in the Thirtieth Year of the Reign of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the more Effectual Preserving the Kings Person and Government, by Disabling Papists from Sitting in either House of Parliament, to be by him or her Made, Repeated and Subscribed in the Courts of Chancery, or Kings Bench, or Quarter Sessions of the County where such Person shall Reside, every such Person shall, in respect of him or her self only, and not to or in respect of any of his or her Heirs or Posterity, be Disabled and made Incapable to Inherit or Take by Descent, Devise or Limitation, in Possession, Reversion or Remainder, any Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments within this Realm of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; and that during the Life of such Person [illegible] Take the said Oaths, and Make, Repeat and Subscribe the said Declaration, as aforesaid, the next of his or her Kindred [illegible] shall have and enjoy the said Lands [illegible] Profits by him or her Received, during such Enjoyment thereof; but shall not [illegible] Action of Treble Damages. And that from and after the Tenth Day of April, One thousand seven hundred, [illegible] Person making Profession of the Popish Religion, shall be Disabled, and is thereby made Incapable to Purchase either in his or her own Name, or in the Name of any other Person or Persons, to his or her Use, or in Trust for him or her, any Manors, Lands, Profits out of Lands, Tenements, Terms, or Hereditaments, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed; And that all Estates, Terms, and any other Interests or Profits whatsoever out of Lands, from and after the said Tenth Day of April, to be made, suffered, or done to or for the Use or Behoof of any such Person or Persons, or upon any Trust or Confidence, mediately or immediately, to or for the Benefit or Relief of any such Person or Persons, shall be utterly Void and of none Effect. And it is thereby Provided, That nothing in the said Act contained, shall be Construed to Extend to any Popish Priest, for saying Mass or Officiating as a Priest, within the Dwelling-house of any Foreign Minister Residing here, so as such Priest be not one of Our Natural-born Subjects, nor Naturalized within any of Our Dominions, and so as the Name of such Priest, and Place of his Birth, and the Foreign Minister, to whom he shall belong, be Entred and Registred in the Office of Our Principal Secretary of State. And it is thereby further Enacted, reciting, That by an Act made in the Third Year of King James the First, Intituled, An Act to Prevent and Avoid Dangers which may Grow by Popish Recusants, Whosoever shall be Convicted of Sending, or causing to be Sent any Child, or any other Person under their Government, unto Parts beyond the Seas, out of the Kings Obedience, to the Intent that such Child or Person so Sent should be Educated in the Romish Religion contrary to the said Act, is to Forfeit One hundred Pounds, One half to the Kings Majesty, and the other half to him that shall Sue for the same; That for the greater Encouragement and Reward of those who shall Discover such Offenders, That the said Sum of One hundred Pounds shall be to the sole Use and Benefit of him or her who shall Discover or Convict any Person so Offending, to be Recovered as by the said Recited Act is Enacted. And to the end that the Protestant Children of Popish Parents, may not in the Life time of such their Parents, for Want of fitting Maintenance, be Necessitated, in Compliance with their Parents, to Imbrace the Popish Religion, contrary to their own Inclinations, 'Tis thereby also further Enacted, That from and after the Five and Twentieth Day of March, One thousand seven hundred, if any such Parent, in order to the Compelling such his or her Protestant Child to Change his or her Religion, shall refuse to Allow such Child a fitting Maintenance, suitable to the Degree and Abilities of such Parent, and to the Age and Education of such Child, Then upon Complaint thereof made to Our Chancellor, Keeper of Our Great Seal, or Commissioners of Our Great Seal for the time being, It shall be Lawful for Our said Chancellor, Keeper or Commissioners, to make such Order therein as shall be Agreeable to the Intent of the said Act. And whereas We have thought it necessary that none of Our Subjects may be Ignorant of the Contents of the said Act, and in order to put the said Act in due Execution, That the said Act should be Published in the most Solemn manner; We therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Declaring, That all Popish Bishops, Priests and Jesuits, or other Person or Persons, who shall be found Offending against the said Act, shall be Prosecuted with the utmost Severity according to Law. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects, to use their utmost Diligence in putting the said Act in Execution, by Discovering, Taking and Apprehending all Popish Bishops, Priests and Jesuits, and other Persons Offending against the said Act, to the end they may Receive the just Punishment of the Laws for their Offences.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton Court*, the Two and twentieth Day of *April*, 1700. In the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. MDCC.

GOD SAVE THE KING.

1st

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Requiring ye mrs & Owners of Ships belonging to his Maties Subjects to take out Passes, pursuant to ye Treaty with ye Algerines.
11. June. 1700.

WILLIAM R.

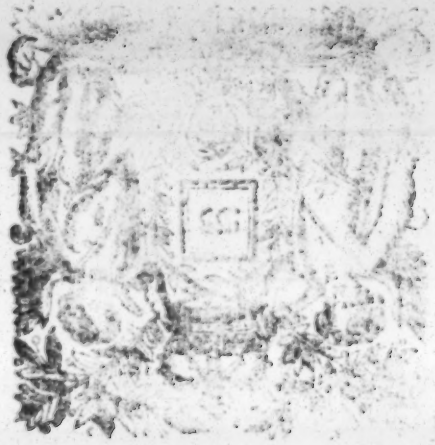


Whereas by Virtue of the Treaty of Peace and Commerce Concluded between His late Majesty King Charles the Second, and the Bashaw Dey Aga, and Governors of the City and Kingdom of Algiers, the Tenth Day of April, One thousand six hundred eighty two, all Merchants Ships or Vessels, of His Majesties Subjects, not being in any of the Seas Appertaining to His Majesties Dominions, who should Meet with any Ships of War, or other Vessels belonging to Algiers, were obliged, after the Expiration of the time therein mentioned, to Produce a Pass under the Hand and Seal of the Lord High Admiral of England and Ireland, or of the Lord High Admiral of Scotland, for the said Kingdoms respectively, or under the Hands and Seals of the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of any of the said Kingdoms, as by the said Treaty was Agreed: And Whereas it is accordingly thought necessary by His Majesty, and hath been lately further Treated and Agreed between His Majesty and the Government of Algiers, That all such Ships and Vessels belonging to His Majesties Subjects, as Trade to the Mediterranean Seas, His Majesties Plantations, or any other Parts in the Way of the Algerines, should forthwith be Furnished with such Passes, as aforesaid, Purporting their Ships to belong to His Majesties Subjects, and to no Foreigner: His Majesty therefore, with the Advice of His Privy Council, hath thought fit to Issue this his Royal Proclamation, and doth hereby give Notice to, and Require all Owners and Masters of Ships and Vessels, Trading from England or Ireland, or the Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, to the Mediterranean Seas, His Majesties Plantations, or any other Parts in the Way of the Algerines, that for their Security, before they Proceed on their Voyage, they do Apply themselves to the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of England, Who are to Grant such Passes, as aforesaid, upon Demand, according to the Rules Prescribed and Used for Granting the same, and according to the aforesaid Treaty and Agreement. And His Majesty doth hereby strictly Charge and Command all Magistrates and Officers of the Customs, in all and every the Ports of England and Ireland, and the Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, to give Notice thereof to all His Majesties Subjects, whom it may Concern, for Preventing the Loss and Damage that may happen for want of their being timely Furnished with such Passes, as aforesaid.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the Ninth Day of *June*, 1700. In the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1700.



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L R

The FRENCH KINGS DECLARATION.

9. Nov. 1700.



REMONSTRANCE being made to the Court, by the Kings Procuerer General, that as well at *Paris*, as other Places, of which we have Advice by the Substitutes of divers Places, and Jurisdictions, that great Evils and abominable Impieties are committed, by an impudent Liberty, which People take of Blaspheming the Name of GOD, and the Blessed Virgin *Mary*, by abominable Oaths, and detestable Execrations, and that they are so common among all sorts of People, that 'tis necessary to renew the antient Ordinances of *Charles* 8th, *Lewis* 13th and *Charles* the 9th in the Years 1540, 1572, 1575. The Court therefore taking into Consideration the Arrests and Ordinances before given, has and does forbid to all Persons of what Condition soever they are, all Oaths and Blasphemies against the Name of GOD, and the Blessed Virgin *Mary*, or the holy *Saints*, upon the same Penalties, which are imported in the same Ordinances and Arrests. Enjoyning to all our Officers of Justice to take and make Prisoners, all those whom they find Blaspheming, and to cause ready and Examplary Justice to be done upon them. This present Declaration shall be Read and Published, by the *Heralds* both in this City and Suburbs, and in all Cities, Towns and Bailiffs; enjoyning all Judges of Provinces, to give a ready Execution to this Declaration, upon Pain of forfeiting their Estates.

Given at our Court at Paris, October *the* 12*th* 1700.
in the 57*th Year of our Reign.*

LEWIS REX.

In persuance of this Declaration, *Nicholas Masle* of the City of *Mans*, was Convicted of Blasphemey, and Adjudg'd, to go Barefoot and without a Hat, in his Shirt, with a Rope about his Neck, and a Torch Burning between his Fingers, to ask God and the Kings Pardon. He had his Tongue afterward run through with a Hot Iron, and Banished the Realm for ever, and if he return'd in the space of Fifty Years to be Hanged without any form of Process.

Published in *Paris*, *October* the 12th 1700, and Translated into *English*, by *Mounsiuer D' Ray*.

LONDON, Printed by *J. Wilkins*, near *Fleet-street*, 1700.

1. Reyne
William III
1st
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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

Enforcing ye Execution of ye Several Acts of Parliam't touching ye Duties upon marriages, Births & Burialls.
10. Dec. 1700.

WILLIAM R.

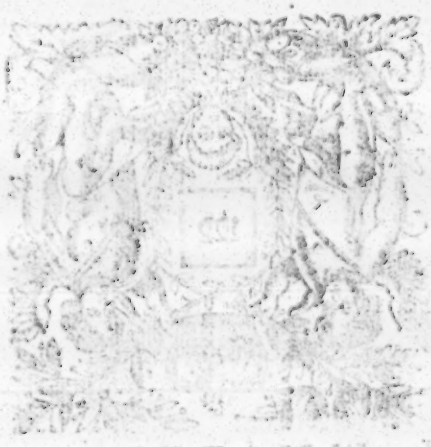


Whereas it hath been repreſented unto His Majeſty, That divers Frauds and Abuſes have been and are Committed by Collectors and others concerned in Aſſeſſing, Collecting and Paying of the Duties Granted unto His Majeſty, by an Act of Parliament made in the Sixth and Seventh Years of His Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting to His Majeſty certain Rates and Duties upon Marriages, Births and Burials, and upon Batchelors and Widowers, for the term of Five Years, for Carrying on the War againſt *France* with Vigour; Which ſaid Duties were, by another Act made in the Eighth Year of His Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Making good the Deficiencies of ſeveral Funds therein mentioned, and for Enlarging the Capital Stock of the Bank of *England*, and for Raiſing the Publick Credit, continued payable to His Majeſty until the Firſt Day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſeven hundred and ſix: And whereas by means of the ſaid Frauds and Abuſes, the Sums of Money intended to be Raiſed by the ſaid Acts, for and toward Satisfaction of the Principal and Intereſt Monies charged thereupon, falls greatly ſhort: And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth and Tenth Years of His Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Preventing Frauds and Abuſes, in the Charging, Collecting and Paying the Duties upon Marriages, Births, Burials, Batchelors and Widowers, It is amongſt other things Enacted, That the Commiſſioners appointed thereby for Raiſing and Levying the ſaid Duties, ſhould on or before the Firſt Day of Auguſt, One thouſand ſix hundred ninety and eight, and ſo from time to time once or oftner in every Three Months, Meet together at ſome convenient Place or Places within their reſpective Limits or Diviſions for the Execution of the ſaid Acts, who are thereby Impowred to Warn, not only the reſpective Aſſeſſors and Collectors, but alſo the Surveyors, Inſpectors and Receivers General, and (if need be) any Parſons, Vicars, Curates, Pariſh-Clerks, and others concerned, in relation to the ſaid Duties, or any of them, to Appear before them, and other the Commiſſioners, at every ſuch Meeting, and Requiring them, or ſuch of them, to whom it appertains reſpectivly, to bring in their Aſſeſſments, Preſentments and Accounts for or concerning the ſaid Duties, and alſo the Regiſters of Marriages, Births and Burials, or Copies thereof, as ſhall be directed; And if Default be made therein contrary to ſuch Warning given, then the ſaid Commiſſioners, or the major part of them preſent at ſuch Meeting, ſhall and may Fine the Offenders for every ſuch Default, not exceeding Five Pounds; And the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Two or more of them, ſhall and may proceed to Examine the ſaid Aſſeſſments, Preſentments and Accounts, and alſo the ſaid Regiſters, or the Copies thereof; And if they, or any Two or more of them, do find that any Perſon or Perſons are Omitted, or not fully Charged, ſhall and may cauſe ſuch Perſon or Perſons to be Cared and Charged according to the true meaning of the ſaid Acts, and thereupon to Allow and Sign the Aſſeſſments or Preſentments, and to cauſe Abſtracts or Duplicates of the groſs Sum or Sums, which from time to time ſhall appear to them to have accrued, or which ought to have accrued to His Majeſty in every Pariſh or Place, for the ſaid reſpective Duties upon Marriages, Births, Burials, Batchelors and Widowers, to be made up and Signed by them, or any Two or more of them, and to be forthwith tranſmitted into the Exchequer, to wit, into the Office of the Kings Remembrancer there; And that the reſpective Collectors of the ſaid Duties, ſhall render their Accounts, upon Oath to the beſt of their Knowledge, which Oaths ſhall and may be Adminiſtred by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Two or more of them; And in default of rendring ſuch Account, when thereunto required by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Two or more of them, every Collector making ſuch Default ſhall and may be Fined by the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Two or more of them, not exceeding Twenty Pounds: And whereas by an Act made in the Eleventh and Twelfth Years of His Majeſties Reign, Intituled, An Act for Granting an Aid to His Majeſty, by Sale of the Forfeited and other Eſtates and Intereſts in *Ireland*, and by a Land Tax in *England*, for the ſeveral Purpoſes therein mentioned, It is amongſt other things Enacted, That all and every the Perſons Appointed to be Commiſſioners for putting that Act in Execution for the ſaid Tax or Aſſeſſments, within the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, be alſo Commiſſioners for putting in Execution the ſeveral Acts for the Duties upon Marriages, Births and Burials, Batchelors and Widowers, and all the Powers in the ſaid ſeveral Acts contained, within all and every the ſeveral and reſpective Counties, Ridings, Cities, Boroughs, Cinque-Ports, Towns and Places for which they are Commiſſioners by the ſaid Act, during the continuance of the ſeveral Acts for the ſaid Duties reſpectively; And that the ſaid Commiſſioners, or any Three or more of them, ſhould have full Power and Authority, and they and every of them are thereby Required and Impowred to Act, Do, Proceed and Finiſh in all Matters and Things relating to the ſaid Duties upon Marriages, Births, Burials, Batchelors and Widowers, and the Arrears thereof, as fully and effectually as if the ſaid Commiſſioners were particularly Named and Appointed in the ſaid Acts for the aforeſaid Duties of Marriages, Births, Burials, Batchelors and Widowers, during the time aforeſaid: And whereas the ſaid Frauds and Abuſes have been in a great meaſure occaſioned by the not meeting of the ſaid Commiſſioners, and calling to Account the ſaid Collectors, and other Perſons concerned in the ſaid Duties, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Act; His Majeſty therefore (with the Advice of His Privy Council) hath thought fit to Iſſue this His Royal Proclamation, hereby Commanding and Requiring all Perſons whatſoever, any ways concerned in the Aſſeſſing, Levying and Paying any of the Duties Granted by the aforeſaid Acts of Parliament, to be Careful and Diligent in Performing their ſeveral Duties by the ſaid Acts Required. And His Majeſty doth hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command, all and every the Commiſſioners Appointed by the ſaid Acts for managing the ſaid Duties, That they do, purſuant to the ſaid Acts, meet at their uſual Places of Meeting in their reſpective Limits or Diviſions, once in every Three Months, or oftner, if need require, and to Summon before them not only the Aſſeſſors and Collectors of the ſaid Duties, but alſo the Surveyors and Receivers General, and (if need be) any Parſons, Vicars, Curates, Pariſh-Clerks, and others concerned in relation to the ſaid Duties, to bring in their Aſſeſſments and Accounts, and Regiſters, or Copies thereof, to the end the ſaid Commiſſioners may inform themſelves whether the ſaid Aſſeſſments are made, Accounts taken, Regiſters kept, and the Duties Anſwered, purſuant to the Directions of the ſaid Acts, and Puniſh them that ſhall be Negligent in their Duty, or Act any thing contrary to the Directions of the ſaid Acts. And His Majeſty doth hereby likewiſe ſtrictly Charge and Command every Eccleſiaſtical, or other Perſon Required by the ſaid Acts, or any of them, to keep a Regiſter of Perſons Buried, Chriſtned, Born or Married; That they do in the ſame Regiſters reſpectively, according to the beſt of their Knowledge and Information, together with the Name of every Perſon ſo Married, Buried, Chriſtned or Born, Set down and Expreſs, or cauſe to be Set down and Expreſſed in Writing, the reſpective Degree, Condition or Quality, according to which His Majeſties Duty ought to be Paid for every ſuch Burial, Birth or Marriage reſpectively; And in the caſe of Burials, the Names of the Heirs, Executors, Adminiſtrators, Fathers, Mothers, Guardians, Church-wardens, Overſeers or others, who by the ſaid Acts ought to Pay for the ſame, and where they dwell reſpectively; And in caſe of Births, the Names of the Fathers, Mothers, or thoſe that take on them the Guardianſhip or Care of ſuch Children ſo Born, and where they Live reſpectively; And in caſe of Marriages, the Places of Abode of the ſeveral Husbands, on Pain of being Proſecuted for the Penalty of Twenty Pounds Impoſed by the ſaid Act on thoſe who ſhall refuſe ſo to do, with Intent to Defraud His Majeſty of any Part of the ſaid Duties.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington*, the Fifth Day of *December*, 1700. In the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1700



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1st.

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Diſſolving this preſent Parliament, and Declaring the Speedy Calling another.

19. Dec. 1700.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas We have thought fit for divers Important and Weighty Conſiderations, by and with the Advice of Our Priby Council, to Diſſolve this preſent Parliament, which now ſtands Prorogued to Thurſday the Sixteenth of January next; We do for that end Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Diſſolve the ſaid Parliament accordingly; And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the ſaid Parliament are Diſcharged from their Meeting upon Thurſday the ſaid Sixteenth Day of January. And to the Intent Our good Subjects may Perceive the Confidence We have in their Affections, and how deſirous We are to Meet Our People, and have their Advice in Parliament, We do hereby make known to Our ſaid Subjects, That in reſpect of ſome Matters of the higheſt Importance to this Our Kingdom, We do intend to give Directions to the Keeper of Our Great Seal for the Iſſuing out of Writs in due Form of Law, for the Calling a New Parliament, which ſhall Begin and be Holden at Weſtminſter on Thurſday the Sixth Day of February next.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Nineteenth Day of *December*, 1700. In the Twelfth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1700.

216.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Encouraging Mariners, Seamen, and Landmen to Enter themſelves on Board His Majeſties Ships of War.

28. Febr. 170$\frac{0}{1}$.

WILLIAM R.



WE being deſirous to give all due Encouragement to ſuch Able and Ordinary Seamen, and alſo to all Able-Bodied Landmen, who ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, and Remain on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; and We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch Able and Ordinary Seamen, and Able-Bodied Landmen, who either ſince the Ninth Day of this preſent Month have Entred, or ſhall within Twenty eight Days after the Date of this Our Royal Proclamation, Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and Remain on Board any of Our Ships of War, of the Firſt, Second, Third or Fourth Rate, or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhall Receive, as Our free Gift and Royal-Bounty, the reſpective Allowances and Rewards following, (Viz) Each Able Seaman Thirty Shillings, and each Ordinary Seaman or Able-Bodied Landman Twenty Five Shillings, to be paid to them before the ſaid Ships reſpectively go to Sea. And in Regard We are Informed, That there are now in this Kingdom, and particularly in or about the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, ſeveral of the Soldiers that did belong to the Marine Regiments, lately Commanded by the Marquiſs of Carmarthen, and Sir Cloudeſley Shovell, who have Served a conſiderable time at Sea, We do hereby further Promiſe and Declare, That ſuch of the ſaid Soldiers, and all ſuch other Able-Bodied Landmen, who either have Entred, or ſhall Enter themſelves within the reſpective times herein before mentioned, and ſhall remain on Board any of Our Ships of War, of the Firſt, Second, Third and Fourth Rate, or on any of Our Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhall each of them have and receive, as Our Royal Bounty, the ſame Sum of Money, and to be paid at ſuch [illegible] and in ſuch manner as is herein before Provided for an Ordinary Seaman. And [illegible] men and Able-[illegible] Ships of War, or other Veſſels or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, within the reſpective times aforeſaid, and ſhall, when on Board, make it appear by Ticket, or otherwiſe, they have any Wages Due to them on the Recals, the Money ſo Due to them ſhall be paid ſo ſoon as Our Fleet ſhall be at Sea, and they ſhall likewiſe have a Months Pay gratis, as a further Encouragement. And We do hereby Require and Direct, That if any Able Seaman, Ordinary Seaman, or Able-Bodied Landman, ſhall, within Twenty eight Days after the Date of this Our Royal Proclamation, Enter himſelf with any Juſtice of the Peace, or Vice Admiral, to Serve on Board any of Our Firſt, Second, Third or Fourth Rate Ships, the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace, or Vice Admiral reſpectively, ſhall give to each Man ſo Entring a Certificate under his Hand and Seal of his Entry, and the time of ſuch Entry, and for what Ship, and ſhall limit ſuch a number of days in the ſaid Certificate as may be neceſſary for his repairing on Board the ſaid Ship, or any other Ship or Tender in Our Service; which Certificate ſhall be granted without any Fee or Reward. And We do hereby further Declare, That all ſuch Seamen and Able-Bodied Landmen, who ſhall, within the time Limitted and Appointed in ſuch Certificate, repair on Board any of Our Ships or Tenders, ſhall be Intituled to Our Royal Bounty herein before Appointed, according to their reſpective qualifications. And to the end We may be truly informed what Perſons ſhall ſo Enter themſelves to Serve on Board Our Fleet, in purſuance of this Proclamation, We do hereby Require and Command Our reſpective Juſtices of the Peace and Vice Admirals within this Kingdom, and the Dominion of Wales, to tranſmit to the Commiſſioners of Our Navy, Liſts containing the Chriſtian and Sirnames of each Perſon who ſhall Enter with them, the time of their Entry, for what Ship, and the time which ſhall be given to each Perſon to repair on Board. And We do hereby further Charge and Command all Our Captains, Commanding any of Our Ships of War or Tenders, to tranſmit to the Commiſſioners of Our Navy, true Accounts in Writing under their Hands, of the ſeveral times when the ſaid Men ſhall reſpectively come on Board. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen and Landmen to repair on Board the reſpective Ships on which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and give their conſtant Attendance for Fitting out to Sea ſuch Ships as each of them do belong unto. And We are alſo graciouſly pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall likewiſe be allowed to ſuch Seamen and Landmen, as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and remain on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation. And for prevention of any Deceit and Abuſes that may happen by any Perſon or Perſons Leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our ſaid Ships, as aforeſaid, in order to the Obtaining of the Bounty Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare and Command, That ſuch Seamen and Landmen belonging to any of Our Ships or Veſſels whatſoever, as ſhall Leave any of the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships, in order to the Obtaining of the ſaid Bounty Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but alſo be ſeverely puniſhed according to their Demerits.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Twenty ſixth Day of *February*, 170$\frac{0}{1}$. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 170$\frac{0}{1}$.

217

1st William &c.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Putting ye Laws in Execution against Popish Recusants.
1. March. 170$\frac{0}{1}$.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas We have been Informed, That great Quantities of Arms, and other Provisions of War, are prepared and kept Concealed by Papists and other Disaffected Persons, who Disown Our Government, and that such Persons have lately, in great Numbers, Resorted to, and Assembled in the Cities of London and Westminster, contrary to the known Laws of this Kingdom: We therefore, upon the humble Address of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in Parliament Assembled, have thought fit, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby Strictly Charge and Command all Popish Recusants, Natives or Denizens, being above the Age of Sixteen Years, That they do, according to the Statutes in that behalf made, Repair to their respective Places of Abode, and if they have none, then to the Places where their respective Father or Mother is or shall be dwelling, and not hereafter Remove or Pass above Five Miles from thence. And We do hereby Command the Lord Mayor of London, and all other Justices of the Peace, and other Officers within the Cities of London and Westminster, and Ten Miles of the same, That they do effectually proceed to put in Execution the Statute made in the First Year of Our Reign, and of Our late Royal Consort Queen Mary of Blessed Memory, Intituled, An Act for the Amoving Papists and Reputed Papists from the Cities of *London* and *Westminster*, and Ten Miles distance from the same, by Tendring to them the Declaration therein mentioned, and otherwise according to the said Act. And We do likewise Charge and Command the aforesaid, and all other Justices of the Peace whatsoever, That they do in like manner put in Execution one other Act made also in the First Year of Our Reign and the said late Queen, Intituled, An Act for the better Securing the Government by Disarming Papists and Reputed Papists, and that they do Tender to them the Declaration aforesaid, and Seize, or cause to be Seized for Our Use all Arms, Weapons, Gunpowder, Ammunition, and Horses, that shall be, contrary to that Act, kept or concealed by any Papist, or reputed Papist, who shall refuse or neglect to Make, Repeat and Subscribe the said Declaration, as by the said Act is appointed. And We do hereby Charge and Require all the Lieutenants and Deputy Lieutenants, within the several Counties of this Kingdom, and the Dominion of Wales, That they do cause diligent Search to be made for Arms in the Custody or Possession of any Persons, whom they shall Judge Dangerous to the Peace of the Kingdom, and to Seize and Secure such Arms according to Law. And for the Encouragement of such Persons as shall Discover any concealed Arms, Ammunition, or other Provisions of War, belonging to any Papist, or reputed Papist, refusing or neglecting to Make and Subscribe the said Declaration, as aforesaid, so as the same may be Secured and Seized; We do hereby Promise and Declare, That the Person or Persons, making such Discovery, shall receive as a Reward, over and above the Reward he or they shall be Intituled to by the last mentioned Act, such Sum of Money as the Arms, so Discovered, shall be worth; which Sum the Commissioners of our Treasury are hereby Required and Directed to pay accordingly. And for the better Discovering of Persons Disaffected to the Government, and that, being Discovered, their Disloyal and Wicked Purposes and Attempts may be Disappointed, We do Strictly Charge and Command all Justices of the Peace and other Officers in that behalf Authorized, That where they shall find or be informed of any Person, who by reason of his Conversation, Discourse or other Demeanour shall be Suspected not to be Well-affected to Our Government, they do effectually put in Execution an Act made in the Seventh and Eighth Years of Our Reign, Intituled, An Act for the better Security of His Majesties Royal Person and Government, by Summoning the said Persons, and Tendring to them the Oaths by the said Act appointed to be taken, and in case of Refusal or Neglect of Appearance, to proceed further against such Offenders, according to the Directions of the said Act; It being Our Pleasure, That the Laws be Executed to the utmost against such Offenders. And We do hereby Charge and particularly Require all Deputy Lieutenants and Justices of the Peace, That they do meet Monthly, to Inquire into and Inform themselves of the Affairs of their respective Counties and Divisions in relation to the Premisses, and take special Care to Preserve the Peace, and Prevent all Unlawful Meetings and Assemblies, and that from time to time they give Information of their Proceedings and Discoveries to the Lords of Our Privy Council.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington* the Twenty sixth Day of *February*, 170$\frac{0}{1}$. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

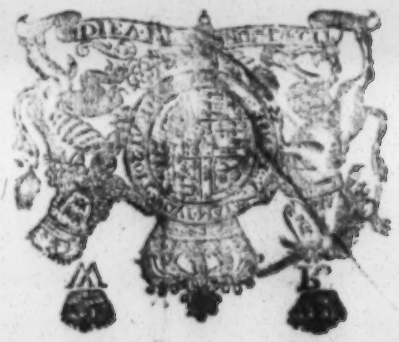
God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 170$\frac{0}{1}$.



A PROCLAMA

By the King.



218

1.

218

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a General Fast and Humiliation throughout the whole Kingdom.

9. March. 170⅞.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas the Commons in Parliament Assembled, have humbly besought Us to Appoint a Day of Publick Fasting and Humiliation, to Implore the Blessing of Almighty God upon the Consultations of this Parliament, and for the preservation of the Protestant Religion, and the Publick Peace; And We being deeply sensible how much the Happiness of Our Kingdoms depends upon the good Success of their Consultations, and out of Our own Religious Disposition, readily to incline to so Pious a Motion, have Resolved (by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) and do by this Our Royal Proclamation strictly Charge and Command, That a day of General and Publick Fasting and Humiliation, for the purposes aforesaid, be strictly Kept and Observed throughout Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, on Friday the Fourth Day of April next. And for the better Solemnizing the same, We have given Directions to the Most Reverend Arch-Bishops and Right Reverend Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chapels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And We do strictly Charge and Command, That the said Day of Fasting and Humiliation be Religiously observed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of Suffering such Punishment, as may be justly Inflicted for the Contempt or Neglect thereof.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Sixth Day of *March*, 170⅞. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 170⅞.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye Apprehending of Pyrates, wth a reward for ye same:

12. March. 170$\frac{0}{1}$.

WILLIAM R.

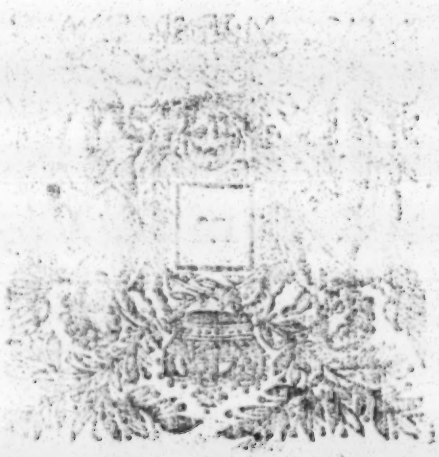
Whereas We have received Information, That notwithstanding the great Care that hitherto hath been taken to Prevent Piracies, divers Pirates do continue to Infest the Seas wherein Our Subjects Trade, to the great Damage of the Merchants, and Discouragement of Navigation; We therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Promise and Declare, That if any Person or Persons belonging to the Company or Ships Crew of any Pirate Ship or Vessel, shall at any time, after the Date hereof, Seize, or cause to be Seized, the Person Commanding such Ship or Vessel, and any one or more Persons belonging to such Ship or Vessel, together with the said Ship or Vessel, and Goods, and Deliver them into the Custody of the Chief Magistrate of any of Our Ports in Our Kingdoms of England or Ireland; Or in America, into the Custody of Our Governors, or Commanders in Chief of Our Islands, Colonies, or Plantations of Barbados, the Leeward Islands, Jamaica, Bermudos, Virginia, Maryland, New yorke, or the Massachusetts Bay in New England, or of the Commander in Chief of Our Ships of War at Newfound Land, for the time being; Or in Africa, into the Custody of the Chief or Chiefs of the Royal African Company at Cape Corse Castle, on the Gold Coast, at James Fort in the River of Gambia, or at Whiddah in the South-part of Guinea, for the time being; And shall give Evidence against the Persons so Seized and Secured, so as they may be Convicted of Piracy, the Person or Persons so Seizing, or causing to be Seized, such Pirate or Pirates, and Securing such Ship or Vessel, and Goods, as aforesaid, shall not only have Our most Gracious Pardon, for the Piracies before that time Committed by him or them, but also, upon the Conviction of such Pirate or Pirates, receive, as a Reward for his or their good Service, one moiety of Our Thirds of such Ship or Vessel, and Goods, where no more than those Thirds shall be by Us claimed; But if the whole Ship and Goods shall belong to Us, for want of a timely and legal Demand thereof by the First Prosecutor, then such Person or Persons shall Receive, as a Reward, the Sum of Twenty five Pound for every Hundred Pounds Value of such Ship or Vessel, and Goods; to be paid unto them by such Chief Magistrate, Governor, Commander, or other Persons aforesaid, in the Places where such Seizure and Conviction shall be made; who are hereby Required to Pay the same, upon the Parties producing a Certificate of such Seizure and Conviction made, and Ship or Vessel, and Goods Secured, under the Hands and Seals of the Persons, or the Major Part of them, before whom such Pirates have been Convicted (which Persons are hereby Required to give such Certificate, gratis, on Demand) and upon Producing of which Certificate, We do hereby Require our Judge or Judges of Admiralty in England, or elsewhere, and all other Persons impowered by Commission to Hear and Determine Piracies in Europe, Africa and America, to Stay any further Proceedings against such Person or Persons, who shall produce such Certificate, until he or they can obtain Our most Gracious Pardon. And We do hereby further Declare, That if any Person or Persons, belonging to any Pirate Ship or Vessel, shall Seize and Apprehend the Commanding Officer of any Pirate Ship or Vessel, or any of the Crew belonging to such Ship or Vessel, and shall give Evidence against him or them, as before Directed, so that the said Pirate or Pirates be Convicted, and shall have a Certificate thereof, as aforesaid, though such Person or Persons do not Take or Seize the Ship and Goods, yet such Person or Persons shall have Our most Gracious Pardon for any Piracies before that time by him or them Committed, and shall also have and receive, upon the Conviction of such Commanding Officer, or any of the said Crew of such Pirate Ship, the respective Rewards hereafter mentioned; viz. One Hundred Pounds for the Commanding Officer of such Pirate Ship or Vessel, and Twenty Pounds for every Inferiour Person thereunto belonging, that shall be so Seized and Apprehended, as aforesaid; which Sum or Sums shall be paid to him or them by the Governors or other Persons before mentioned. And for the greater Encouragement of those Persons belonging to any Pirate Ship or Vessel, who shall Seize and Apprehend any Commanding Officer, or any of the Crew belonging to such Ship or Vessel, and shall give Evidence against them, in order to their Conviction, and cause the said Ship or Vessel, and Goods to be Secured, as aforesaid, We do hereby Direct and Require the Commanders of all and every Our Ships of War, That upon any Person or Persons producing to them an Authentick Certificate of his or their having made such Seizure, and of the Conviction of such Commander or others of the said Ships Crew, so Seized by him or them, as aforesaid, or of his or their having Secured the Ship or Vessel, and Goods, as aforesaid, under the Hands and Seals of the Persons, or the Major part of them, before whom such Conviction shall have been made (which Certificate the said Persons are in like manner hereby Required to give, gratis, on Demand) and Desiring to be Entertained in Our Service, to Enter them on Board their Ships, for Victuals and Wages, and to Discharge them again when they shall Desire it. And whereas We are inclined to Believe, That many ignorant Persons have been drawn into this wicked Course of Life, and that they would willingly imbrace all Opportunities of Freeing themselves therefrom, provided they could be Secure of Pardon, We do hereby Promise and Declare, That if any Person or Persons, Serving on Board any Pirate Ship or Vessel, shall at any time, within Twelve Months after the Date hereof, leave the same, and repair to any of Our Chief Magistrates, Governors, Commanders, or other Persons aforesaid, and before them make Affidavit of the Piracies Committed by the Ship or Vessel whereto they did belong, the Person or Persons, so Leaving such Ship, and making Affidavit, shall have Our Gracious Pardon for the Piracies Committed by him or them before the Twenty fourth Day of June, Seventeen hundred and one, and upon a Certificate of his or their Surrender, and being so Intituled to this Our Gracious Pardon, under the Hands and Seals of any of Our Chief Magistrates, Governors, Commanders, or other Persons aforementioned (which Certificate the said Chief Magistrates, Governors, Commanders, and other Persons are hereby Required to give, gratis, on Demand) the Person or Persons, so Leaving such Ship, and making Affidavit, shall in like manner be Intituled to the Advantage of being Entertained on Board any of Our Ships, for Victuals and Wages, as aforesaid. And We do hereby further Publish and Declare, That all such Persons who shall neglect to lay hold of these Our Gracious Offers of Mercy, or who by Complying herewith shall be Pardoned for the Piracies by them Committed to the time of such Pardon, and after such Pardon relapse into the like Evil Practices, shall immediately upon their being Seized (for which all possible Care and Diligence shall be taken) be brought to Tryal, and be Proceeded against with the utmost Severity of Law; We having in pursuance of a late Act of Parliament for that purpose, sent Commissions under Our Great Seal into the East and West Indies, for the speedy Tryal, Condemnation and Execution of all Pirates and Robbers upon the High Seas. Provided always, that nothing herein contained shall extend to the Pardoning of any Person or Persons that shall go out of Europe, or that shall Commit Piracy upon the Seas in Europe, from and after the Date of these Presents, nor to the Pardoning of such as shall Commit Piracy in any Place whatsoever, after notice of this Our Gracious Offer of Pardon, or of Henry Every, *alias*, Bridgeman.

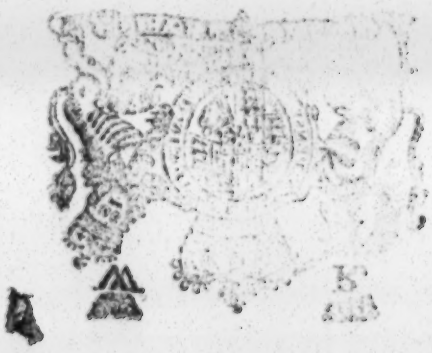
Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Sixth Day of *March*, 170$\frac{0}{1}$. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 170$\frac{0}{1}$.







220

1d

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Apprehending *John Glover*, *Alexander Cutting*, *William Adye*, and *William Clifton*.

28. March. 1701.

WILLIAM R.



Whereas We have been Informed, That John Glover, Alexander Cutting, William Adye, and William Clifton, Who have been Charged by the Commons in Parliament Assembled, with High Crimes and Misdemeanors, in Endeavouring by Bribery, and other Corrupt Practices, to procure Elections for several Boroughs of Members to serve in this present Parliament, do, in Contempt of the Authority of the House of Commons, Abscond, and cannot be Apprehended: And whereas the said Commons in Parliament Assembled, have humbly besought Us to Issue Our Royal Proclamation for Apprehending the said John Glover, Alexander Cutting, William Adye, and William Clifton: We therefore (with the Advice of Our Priby Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Requiring and Commanding all our Loving Subjects whatsoever, to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said John Glover, Alexander Cutting, William Adye, and William Clifton, or either of them, Whereever they may be Found, and to Carry them before the next Justice of Peace, or Chief Magistrate, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the next Gaol, there to remain until they shall be thence delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require the said Justice or other Chief Magistrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to Our Priby Council, or to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects (as they will answer the contrary at their Perils) that they do not any ways Conceal, but Discover, Take and Apprehend the said John Glover, Alexander Cutting, William Adye, and William Clifton, to the end they may be Proceeded against according to Law. And We do hereby Promise and Declare, that whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the said John Glover, and bring him before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, shall Receive as a Reward the Sum of One hundred Pounds; and whoever shall Apprehend and Discover the said Alexander Cutting, William Adye, and William Clifton, or either of them, and bring them before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, shall Receive as a Reward the Sum of Fifty Pounds, for each of them so Discovered and Apprehended; which said respective Sums of One hundred Pounds, and Fifty Pounds, the Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby Directed to Pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *Kensington*, the Twenty seventh Day of *March*, 1701. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1701.



221
14
1d
221

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Diſſolving this preſent Parliament, and Declaring the Speedy Calling another, to meet on Tuesday. 30. Decemb. next.

12 Nov. 1701.

WILLIAM R.

WHereas Our Loving Subjects have Univerſally, by their Loyal Addreſſes, Expreſſed their Reſentment of the Injuſtice and Indignity offered to Us and Our People, by the late Proceedings of the French King, in taking upon him to Own and Declare the Pretended Prince of Wales to be King of England, Scotland and Ireland; and have thereby alſo in the moſt Dutiful manner, Expreſſed their Affection to Our Perſon and Government, and their ſteady Reſolution at this time to do all things which can be deſired from good Engliſh Men and Proteſtants: We have received the ſame with great Satisfaction, and have thought it Reaſonable in this Extraordinary Juncture, to give Our Subjects the Opportunity of Chooſing ſuch Perſons to Repreſent them in Parliament, as they may Judge moſt likely to bring to Effect their Juſt and Pious Purpoſes, and in Order thereto to Diſſolve this preſent Parliament, which now ſtands Prorogued to Thurſday the Thirteenth Day of this Inſtant November: We do therefore, with the Advice of Our Priby Council, Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Diſſolve the ſaid Parliament accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens, and Burgeſſes of the ſaid Parliament, are hereby Diſcharged from their Meeting on Thurſday the ſaid Thirteenth Day of this Inſtant November. And We do hereby make Known to Our ſaid Subjects, That We do intend to give Directions to the Keeper of Our Great Seal, for the Iſſuing out of Writs in due Form of Law, for the Calling of a New Parliament, which ſhall Begin, and be Holden at Weſtminſter on Tueſday the Thirtieth Day of December next.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the Eleventh Day of *November*, 1701. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1701.



222.

1st.

222 By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a General FAST.

Upon yor 19. Dec. 1701.

WILLIAM R.

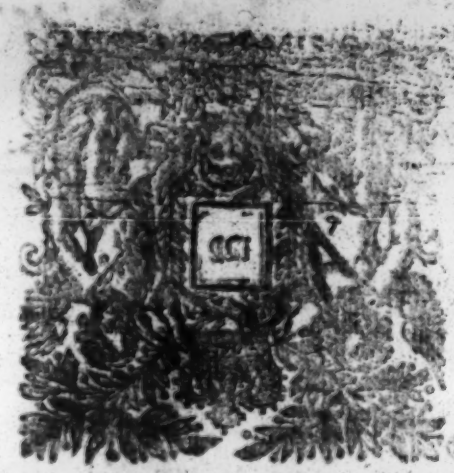
25. Nov. 1701.

WE taking into Our Pious and Princely Consideration, the Great and Eminent Dangers, which Our Kingdoms, and the True Protestant Religion Established among Us, are in the present Juncture Threatned with; And being Sensible that the same cannot otherwise in Humane Reason be prevented, but by the particular Blessing of God upon the Consultations and Endeavours of Our Great Council in Parliament, which We have Called to Meet on the Thirtieth Day of December next; Have, out of Our own Religious Disposition, Resolved, and do hereby Command, that a General and Publick Fast be kept throughout this whole Kingdom, in such manner as is hereafter Directed and Prescribed, that so both We and Our People may send up Our Prayers and Supplications to Almighty God, to avert those Judgments which Our manifold Sins and Provocations have most justly deserved, and Implore His Blessing on Us and Our Dominions, and to Unite the Hearts of Our Loyal Protestant Subjects, and to continue His Mercy, and the Protestant Religion to Us and Our Posterities, and more especially to Bestow His abundant Blessings on the Consultations and Endeavours of Our Ensuing Parliament, that the same may produce Honour, Safety and Prosperity to Our Self and Our People. And to the end that so Religious an Exercise may be observed at one and the same time, We do hereby, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, Publish and Declare to all Our Loving Subjects, and do streightly Charge and Command, That on Friday, being the Nineteenth Day of December next, this Fast shall be Religiously Kept and Observed throughout Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And for the better and more orderly Solemnizing the same, We have given Direction to the Arch-Bishops and Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches, Chapels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing the same throughout their respective Dioceses. And We do Strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick Fast be Reverently and Decently Observed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they Tender the Favour of Almighty God, and would Avoid His Wrath and Indignation against this Land, and upon Pain of Undergoing such Punishment as We may Justly Inflict upon all such as shall Contemn or Neglect so Religious a Duty.

Given at Our Court at *Hampton-Court* the Twenty third Day of *November*, 1701. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God save the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1701.



1st

223

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Encouraging Mariners, Seamen, and Landmen, to Enter themſelves on Board His Majeſties Ships of War.

12. Jan. 170½.

WILLIAM R.



E being deſirous to give all due Encouragement to ſuch Seamen, and alſo to all Able-Bodied Landmen, who ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, and Remain on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; and We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch Seamen, and Able-Bodied Landmen, who, either ſince the Firſt Day of this preſent Month, have Entred, or ſhall, by the Fifteenth Day of the nert Month, Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and Remain on Board any of Our Ships of War, of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth or Sirth Rates, or Fire-Ships, or on Board Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhall Receive, as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, the reſpective Allowances and Rewards following, (Viz.) Each Seaman Two Months Pay, and each Able-Bodied Landman One Months Pay, to be Paid to them before the ſaid Ships do reſpectively go to Sea. And We do further Require and Direct, That if any Seaman, or Able-Bodied Landman, ſhall, within the time before mentioned, Enter himſelf with any Juſtice of the Peace, or Vice-Admiral, to Serve on Board any of Our Ships of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth or Sirth Rate, or Fire-Ships, the ſaid Juſtice of the Peace or Vice-Admiral reſpectively, ſhall give to each Man ſo Entring a Certificate under his Hand and Seal, of his Entry, and the time of Entry, and for what Ship, and ſhall limit ſuch a number of Days in the ſaid Certificate, as may be neceſſary for his repairing on Board the ſaid Ship, or any other Ship or Tender in Our Service; Which Certificate ſhall be granted Without any Fee or Reward. And We do hereby Declare, That all ſuch Seamen and Able-Bodied Landmen, Who ſhall, Within the time Limited and Appointed in ſuch Certificate, repair on Board any of Our Ships or Tenders, ſhall be Intituled to Our Royal Bounty herein before Appointed, according to their reſpective qualifications. And to the end We may be truly informed what Perſons ſhall ſo Enter themſelves to Serve on Board Our Fleet, in purſuance of this Proclamation, We do hereby Require and Command Our reſpective Juſtices of the Peace and Vice-Admirals Within this Kingdom, and the Dominions of Wales, to tranſmit to the Commiſſioners of Our Navy, Liſts containing the Chriſtian and Sirnames of each Perſon Who ſhall Enter With them, the time of their Entry, for what Ship, and the time which ſhall be given to each Perſon to repair on Board. And We do hereby further Charge and Command all Our Captains, Commanding any of Our Ships of War, to tranſmit to the Commiſſioners of Our Navy, true Accounts in Writing under their Hands, of the ſeveral times When the ſaid Men ſhall reſpectively come on Board. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen and Landmen, to Repair on Board the reſpective Ships on Which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and give their conſtant Attendance for Fitting out to Sea ſuch Ships as each of them do belong to. And We are alſo graciouſly pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall likewiſe be allowed to ſuch Seamen and Landmen, as ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and remain on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation. And for prevention of any Deceit and Abuſes that may happen by any Perſon or Perſons Leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our ſaid Ships, as aforeſaid, in order to the Obtaining of the Bounty-Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare and Command, That ſuch Seamen and Landmen belonging to any of Our Ships or Veſſels Whatſoever, as ſhall Leave any of the Ships or Veſſels to which they belong, and Enter themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships, in order to the Obtaining of the ſaid Bounty-Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but alſo be ſeverely puniſhed according to their Demerits.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Eighth Day of *January*, 170½. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 170½.

By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

Commanding all Papiſts and Reputed Papiſts to Depart from the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and from within Ten Miles from the ſame.

14. Jan. 170½

WILLIAM R.

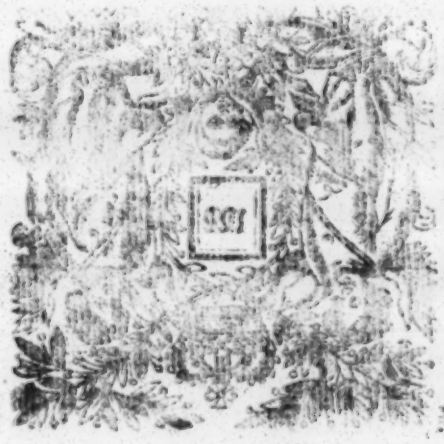


Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Third Year of the Reign of King James the First, Intituled, An Act to prevent and avoid Dangers which may grow by Popiſh Recuſants, It is Provided, That all Popiſh Recuſants Indicted or Convicted of Recuſancy, or which ſhould abſent from Church contrary to Law, for Three Months, ſhould depart from the City of London and Ten Miles Compaſs of the ſame, under certain Penalties therein mentioned. And whereas by one other Act of Parliament made in the First Year of Our Reign, Intituled, An Act for the Amoving Papiſts and Reputed Papiſts from the Cities of *London* and *Weſtminſter*, and Ten Miles diſtance from the ſame, It is Enacted, That for the better Diſcovering and Amoving all Papiſts and Reputed Papiſts out of the ſaid Cities, and Ten Miles of the ſame, It ſhould and might be Lawful, and it is thereby Required, That the Lord Mayor of London for the time being, and every Juſtice of the Peace of the City of London, and for the City and Liberties of Weſtminſter, and Borough of Southwark, and of the Counties of Middleſex, Surrey, Kent and Eſſex, within their reſpective Counties, Cities, Boroughs and Limits, ſhould from time to time cauſe to be Arreſted and Brought before him, every Perſon or Perſons (not being a Merchant-Foreigner, or ſuch other Perſon or Perſons as the ſaid Act Excepts) within the ſaid Cities, or within Ten Miles of the ſame, being Papiſts or Reputed to be Papiſts, and Tender unto him the Declaration mentioned in the Statute made in the Thirtieth Year of King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the more Effectual Preſerving the Kings Perſon and Government, by Diſabling Papiſts from Sitting in either Houſe of Parliament; And in caſe ſuch Perſon upon ſuch Tender ſhould Refuſe to Repeat, Make and Subſcribe the ſaid Declaration, and ſhould after ſuch Refuſal Remain, Continue or Be within the ſaid City or Cities, or Ten Miles diſtance from the ſame, That in every ſuch caſe, he or ſhe ſhould Forfeit and Suffer as a Popiſh Recuſant Convict by the Laws thentofore Eſtabliſhed, ſhould or might Suffer or Forfeit; And that every Juſtice of Peace ſhould Certifie all ſuch Subſcriptions, and the Names of all Perſons Refuſing to Subſcribe upon Tender, as aforeſaid, under his Hand and Seal, into the Court of Kings Bench, the next Term, or at the next Quarter Seſſions, where ſuch Taking, Subſcribing or Refuſal ſhould happen. And whereas the Lords Spiritual and Temporal in this preſent Parliament Aſſembled, have humbly beſought Us, That We would be pleaſed to Iſſue Our Royal Proclamation for Putting the Acts of Parliament in Execution, for Removing Papiſts from the Cities of London and Weſtminſter, according to Law; We have therefore thought fit to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Papiſts and Reputed Papiſts, (Except Merchant-Foreigners, and ſuch other Perſons as in the ſaid laſt mentioned Act are Excepted) on or before the Nineteenth Day of this Inſtant January, to depart out of the ſaid Cities, and from all Places within Ten Miles diſtance from the ſame. And We do hereby ſtraitly Charge and Command the Lord Mayor of London, and all Juſtices of the Peace of Our Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and Borough of Southwark, and of Our ſaid Counties of Middleſex, Surrey, Kent and Eſſex, that they do make diligent Search and Inquiry for, and with all vigour Proceed according to the ſaid laſt Recited Act of Parliament, againſt all and every Papiſt or Reputed Papiſt, who ſhall be found within the ſaid Cities of London and Weſtminſter, and within Ten Miles Diſtance of the ſame, after the ſaid Nineteenth Day of January, contrary to the Tenour of the ſaid laſt mentioned Act, and the Purport of this Our Proclamation. And We do further ſtrictly Charge and Command, that immediately after the ſaid Nineteenth Day of January, the Conſtables, Churchwardens, and other Officers within the ſaid Cities and Places, do go from Houſe to Houſe in their ſeveral Pariſhes, Hamblets, Conſtableries and Diviſions reſpectively, and there take an Account of the Names and Sirnames of all ſuch Perſons as are Papiſts or Popiſh Recuſants, or Reputed ſo to be, as well Houſholders as Lodgers, or Servants, and to carry a Liſt of their Names to the Two next Juſtices of the Peace, who are hereby Required to Send for, and Proceed (as aforeſaid) againſt all ſuch of them as are not Merchant-Foreigners, or other the Perſons in the ſaid Act Excepted.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington*, the Eleventh Day of *January*, 1701. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1701.



A PROCLAMATION

BY THE KING

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By the King,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Encouraging Mariners, Seamen and Landmen to Enter themſelves on Board His Majeſties Ships of War.

18. Febr. 170½

WILLIAM R.



Whereas by Our Royal Proclamation, Dated at Our Court at Kenſington the Eighth Day of January laſt, for the giving all due Encouragement to all ſuch Seamen and Able-Bodied Landmen, who ſhould voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, and Remain on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, We did Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch Seamen and Able-Bodied Landmen, who either ſince the Firſt Day of January laſt had Entred, or ſhould by the Fifteenth Day of this Inſtant February voluntarily Enter themſelves and Remain on Board any of Our Ships of War of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth or Sixth Rates, or on Board Fire-Ships or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhould Receive as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, the reſpective Allowances and Rewards following, (Viz.) Each Seaman Two Months Pay, and each Able-Bodied Landman One Months Pay, to be Paid to them before the ſaid Ships ſhould reſpectively go to Sea. And We did thereby alſo Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhould be allowed to ſuch Seamen and Landmen, as ſhould Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and Remain on Board any of Our ſaid Ships, according to the true meaning of Our ſaid Proclamation. And whereas many Mariners, Seamen, and Able-Bodied Landmen, in regard of their being in Remote and Diſtant Parts, or other Accidents, may not be able to Enter themſelves on Board Our Ships of War by the Fifteenth of this Inſtant February, according to Our ſaid Proclamation, We are therefore Graciouſly Pleaſed (by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation: And do hereby further Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch Seamen and Able-Bodied Landmen, who on or before the Tenth Day of March next, ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves, and Remain on Board any of Our ſaid Ships of War, or Fire-Ships or Tenders belonging to Our Fleet, ſhall Receive, as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, ſuch and the ſame Allowances, Rewards and Conduct-Money reſpectively, as if they had ſo Entred themſelves before the Fifteenth Day of this Inſtant February. And We do hereby Require and Command all Our Juſtices of the Peace and Vice-Admirals, to give ſuch Certificates to the Perſons that ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, and Tranſmit true Liſts thereof to the Commiſſioners of Our Navy, in ſuch and the ſame manner as is Required in and by Our ſaid Recited Proclamation, of and concerning the Perſons as ſhould Enter themſelves before the ſaid Fifteenth Day of this Inſtant February.

Given at Our Court at *Kenſington* the Twelfth Day of *February*, 1701. In the Thirteenth Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the King.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Kings moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1701.

K. Geo. Brit. & Irel.

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Anne, Regina.

226.

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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the better Obſervance of the Act for Laying Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry.

ANNE R. 9. March. 170½.



Whereas in and by an Act made in this preſent Seſſion of Parliament, Intituled, An Act for laying Duties upon Malt, Mum, Cyder and Perry, It is amongſt other things Enacted, That all Malſters, or Makers of Malt for Sale, Sellers and Retailers of Malt, Brewers, Diſtillers, Innkeepers, Victuallers and Vinegar-Makers, and all and every other Perſon and Perſons whatſoever, who, in Truſt for them, or any of them, or for the Uſe of them, or any of them, ſhall be Poſſeſſed of, or have in his, her or their Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, or in his, her or their Houſes, Out-houſes, Barns, Granaries, or in any other Place or Places whatſoever, upon the Ninth Day of this preſent Month of March, any Parcel or Quantity of Malt whatſoever, ſhall, on or before the Tenth Day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, make a True and Particular Entry thereof at the Office of Exciſe, within the Limits of which they ſhall then reſpectively Inhabit, upon Pain to Forfeit the Sum of Fifty Pounds, and the Malt for which no ſuch Entry ſhall have been made; and that within Six Days after, he, ſhe or they ſhall have made, or ought to have made ſuch Entry, as aforeſaid, ſhall Pay down the Duties thereby Due or Payable for ſuch Malt, to the proper Officer or Officers for Receiving the ſame, or within the ſaid Six Days ſhall give Security to the ſaid reſpective Officers for Paying the ſaid Duties to Our Uſe, within Six Months then next enſuing. And it is thereby further Enacted, That from and after the ſaid Ninth Day of March, One thouſand ſeven hundred and one, during the continuance of the ſaid Act, every Malſter, or other Perſon Making Malt for Sale, or not for Sale, ſhall Monthly and every Month, make a True Entry at the next Office of Exciſe, of all the Malt made by him in ſuch Month reſpectively, on Pain to Forfeit for every ſuch Neglect the Sum of Ten Pounds. And it is thereby further Enacted, That every ſuch Malſter, or other Maker of Malt, ſhall, within Three Months after he ſhall make, or ought to have made ſuch Entry, as aforeſaid, Pay and Clear off all the ſaid Duties, which ſhall be Due from him or them reſpectively; And that every ſuch Malſter, or other Perſon Chargeable with the ſaid Duties, who ſhall Neglect or Refuſe to make ſuch Payment, as aforeſaid, ſhall Forfeit and Loſe for every ſuch Offence Double the Sum of the ſaid Duty, whereof the Payment ſhall be ſo Refuſed or Neglected; And that no ſuch Malſter, or other Perſon, after ſuch Default made, ſhall Sell, Deliver or Carry out any Malt, until he hath Paid and Cleared off his Duty, as aforeſaid, on Pain to Forfeit double the Value of ſuch Malt ſo Delivered or Carried out. And it is thereby further Enacted, That on or before the Tenth Day of April, One thouſand ſeven hundred and two, all Malſters and Makers of Malt for Sale, ſhall give Notice in Writing to the [illegible] Exciſe Office of the Number and Situation of all Ciſterns, Uting-Fats, Utenſils, or other Veſſels, [illegible] and Places by them made uſe of for the Wetting, or Keeping of Corn, or Making or Keeping of Keeping of Corn or Grain making into Malt, upon Pain of Forfeiting the Sum of Five Pounds for every Ciſtern, Uting-Fat, Utenſil, or other Veſſel, Kiln, Floor, Room, or other Place by him or them made uſe of, for the Wetting or Steeping of Corn, or Making or Keeping of Malt, without ſuch Notice, as aforeſaid. And that from and after the ſaid Tenth Day of April, during the Continuance of the ſaid Act, no Malſter, or other Perſon Making Malt for Sale, or not for Sale, ſhall Erect or Set up, Alter or Enlarge, or make uſe of any Ciſtern, Uting-Fat, Utenſil, or other Veſſel, for the Wetting or Steeping any Barley, or other Corn or Grain for the Making of Malt, or of a Kiln, Floor, Room, or other Place, for the Making or Keeping of Malt, or Keeping of Corn, or Grain making into Malt, without firſt giving Notice thereof in Writing at the next Office of Exciſe, or ſhall keep or make Uſe of a Private Ciſtern, Uting-Fat, Utenſil, or other Veſſel for the Wetting his Barley, or other Corn, or Grain, to make Malt, other than ſuch as are openly Known and made Uſe of in his Common Malt-Houſe, on Pain to Forfeit for every ſuch Ciſtern, Uting-Fat, Utenſil or other Veſſel, Kiln, Floor, Room, or other Place ſo Erected or Set up, Altered or Enlarged, kept Private or Concealed, or made Uſe of, without ſuch Notice, as aforeſaid, the Sum of Fifty Pounds. And it is thereby further Enacted by the Authority aforeſaid, That if any Malſter or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Brewer, Diſtiller, Innkeeper, Victualler, or Vinegar-maker, ſhall fraudulently Convey any of his Stock of Malt, which he ſhall be Intituled unto on the ſaid Ninth Day of March out of his Cuſtody or Poſſeſſion, from the Sight or View of the Gauger or Gaugers appointed to take an Account of the ſame, and ſhall not give Notice thereof at the next Office of Exciſe, before the ſaid Tenth Day of April, then and in ſuch caſe the Perſon Offending therein ſhall Forfeit and Loſe for every Buſhel of Malt ſo Conveyed from the Sight and View of the Gaugers the Sum of Twenty Shillings, and the Perſon or Perſons in whoſe Cuſtody ſuch Malt ſhall be found, who ſhall not before the Diſcovery thereof give Notice at the next Exciſe Office of the Quantity of Malt ſo in his Cuſtody, ſhall alſo Forfeit and Loſe the Sum of Twenty Shillings for every Buſhel, as by the ſaid Act, amongſt other Clauſes, Matters and Things therein contained more at large may Appear. And We being Willing and Deſirous that all Our Good Subjects ſhould have early and ſufficient Notice of the Penalties and Forfeitures before mentioned, to the end they may avoid Incurring the ſame, have, by the Advice of Our Priby Council, thought fit to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Requiring and Commanding all Perſons concerned to Conform themſelves to the ſaid Act, and to do and Perform all the Matters and Things thereby Required of them reſpectively; and in particular We do hereby Require and Command all Perſon and Perſons whatſoever, that ſhall have, on the ſaid Ninth Day of this Inſtant March, in his or their Cuſtody any Malt, in Truſt for, or for the uſe of any Malſter or Maker of Malt for Sale, Seller or Retailer of Malt, Brewer, Diſtiller, Innkeeper, Victualler, or Vinegar-maker, forthwith to give Notice thereof at the next Office of Exciſe to the Place where ſuch Malt is or ſhall be, to the Officers of Our ſaid Revenue, on Pain of Incurring the Penalties contained in the ſaid Act, and Our higheſt Diſpleaſure. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Bailiffs and other Officers to be Aiding and Aſſiſting to Our Officers for the ſaid Duties, and to ſee the Penalties and Forfeitures by the ſaid Act Impoſed on the Offenders againſt the ſaid Act, duly Adjudged and Levied upon them, according to the Directions of the ſaid Act, as they will Anſwer the contrary at their Peril.

Given at Our Court at St. *James* the Eighth Day of *March*, 1701. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1701.

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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Signifying Her Majesties Pleasure, that all Persons being in Office of Authority or Government, at the Decease of the late King, shall so Continue till Her Majesties further Directions.

9. March. 170½.

ANNE R.

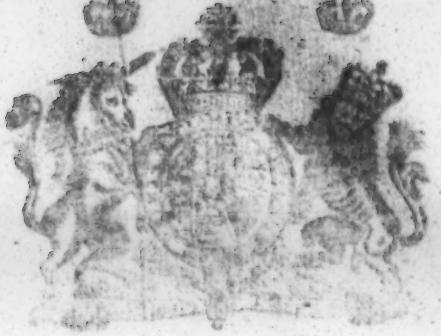


Whereas it has Pleased Almighty God, lately to Call unto His Infinite Mercy, the most High and Mighty Prince William the Third, of Blessed Memory; And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of the said late King, It is Enacted, That no Commission, either Civil or Military, should Cease, Determine or be Void by reason of the Death or Demise of His said late Majesty, or of any of His Heirs or Successors, Kings or Queens of this Realm, but that every such Commission should Be, Continue and Remain in full Force and Virtue, for the Space of Six Months next after any such Death or Demise, unless in the mean time Superseeded, Determined or made Void by the next and immediate Successor, to Whom the Imperial Crown of this Realm, according to the Act of Settlement therein mentioned is Limited and Appointed to Go, Remain and Descend; The Queens most Excellent Majesty, in Her Princely Wisdom and Care of the State, is Pleased, and doth hereby Signifie and Declare, That all Commissions both Civil and Military, Granted by His said late Majesty and in Force at His Death, shall Be, Continue and Remain in full Force and Virtue: And that all Persons, that at the time of the Decease of the said late King, were Duly and Lawfully Possessed of or Invested in any Office or Place of Authority or Government, either Civil or Military, within this Realm of England, or in the Realm of Ireland, or in any other Her Majesties Dominions, by Virtue of any Commission or Commissions, Letters Patents, or other Appointment of the said late King, shall Be and Continue in the said Places and Offices, until Her Majesties Pleasure be further Declared and Known. And in the mean while, for the Preservation of the Peace and Necessary Proceedings in Matters of Justice, and for the Safety and Service of the State, Her Majesty doth hereby Will and Command, That all the said Persons in Office, as aforesaid, do not fail every one severally according to his Place, Office or Charge, to Proceed in the Performance and Execution of all Duties thereunto belonging, as formerly Appertained unto them and every of them respectively, while His said late Majesty was Living. And further Her Majesty doth hereby Will and Command all and singular Her Subjects, of what Estate, Dignity or Degree they or any of them be, to be Aiding, Helping and Assisting, and at the Commandment of the said Officers and Ministers, in the Performance and Execution of their respective Offices and Places, as they and every of them tender Her Majesties utmost Displeasure, and will answer the contrary at their Perils. And Her Majesties further Will and Pleasure, and Express Commandment is, That all Orders or Directions Made or Given by the Lords of the Priby Council of the said late King in His Life time, shall be Obeyed and Performed by all and every Person and Persons, as Fully and Amply as they Might and Ought to have been in the Life of the said late King.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Eighth Day of *March*, 1701. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

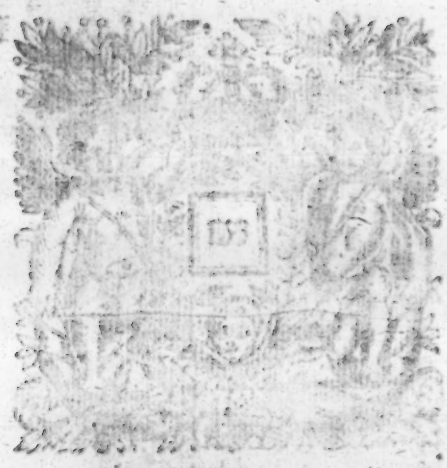
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By the Queen.

A PROCLAMATION

Signifying Her Majesties Pleasure touching the Appointment, at the Decease of the late King, of Lords Justices of England and Ireland, during the Minority of His Majesty King Edward the Sixth.





God save the Queen.

London, Printed by Charles Bill and Thomas Newcomb, Excellent Printers to the King's most Excellent Majesty, 1553.

Her Majesties Gracious Declaration

At Her First Sitting in the

Privy Council at St. James's,

The Eighth of *March*, 1701.

MY LORDS,

I Am extremely Sensible of the General Misfortune to these Kingdoms, in the Unspeakable Loss of the King, and of the Great Weight and Burthen it brings in particular upon My Self; which nothing could Encourage Me to Undergo, but the great Concern I have for the Preservation of Our Religion, and the Laws and Liberties of My Countrey: All these being as Dear to Me as they can be to any Person whatsoever; you may Depend upon it, That no Pains nor Diligence shall ever be Wanting on My Part to Preserve and Support them; to Maintain the Succession in the Protestant Line; and the Government in Church and State, as it is by Law Established.

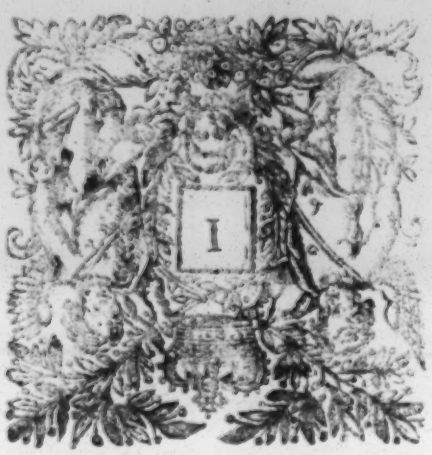
I Think it Proper upon this Occasion of My First Speaking to You, to Declare My Own Opinion of the Importance of Carrying on all the Preparations We are making to Oppose the great Power of *France*: And I shall lose no Time in giving Our Allies all Assurances, That nothing shall be wanting on My Part to pursue the true Interest of *England*, together with Theirs, for the Support of the Common Cause.

In Order to these Ends, I shall always be ready to ask the Advice of My Council, and of both Houses in Parliament, and desirous to Countenance and Employ all those who shall heartily Concur and Joyn with Me in Supporting and Maintaining the Present Establishment and Constitution, against all Enemies and Opposers whatsoever.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, MDDCI.

Printed by Charles Bill, and the Executrix of Thomas Newcomb deceas'd
Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCI
LONDON



My Council at St James's

The Eighth of March 1701.

Her Majesties Gracious Declaration

At Her First Sitting in the

229.

Manner of Proclaiming Her Maᵗʸ Queen Ann.
9. Feby. 1701 March. 1702



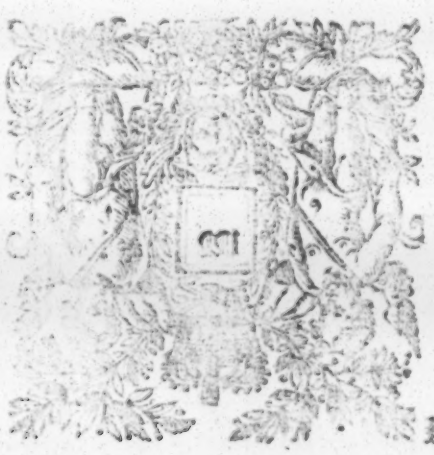
Whereas it hath pleaſed Almighty God to call to His mercy our late Sovereign Lord King William the Third, of Bleſſed Memory, by whoſe Deceaſe the Imperial Crowns of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, are Solely and Rightfully come to the High and Mighty Princeſs Anne of Denmark: We therefore the Lords Spiritual and Temporal of this Realm, being here Aſſiſted with thoſe of His late Majeſties Privy Council, with Numbers of other Principal Gentlemen of Quality, with the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Citizens of London, do now hereby with one full Voice and Conſent of Tongue and Heart, Publiſh and Proclaim, That the High and Mighty Princeſs Anne, is now by the Death of our late Sovereign, of happy Memory, become our only Lawful and Rightful Liege Lady, Anne, by the Grace of God, Queen of England, Scotland, France and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, &c. To whom we do acknowledge all Faith and conſtant Obedience, with all hearty and humble Affection: Beſeeching God, by whom Kings and Queens do Reign, to Bleſs the Royal Queen Anne with Long and Happy Years to Reign over us.

Given at the Court at St. *James's*, the Eighth Day of *March*, 1701.

God ſave Queen Anne.

Somerſet *P.*	Carliſle & *M.*	R. Ferrers
N. Wright *C. S.*	Grantham	Ja. Vernon
Devonſhire	Weſton	Stamford
Bolton	Jerſey	Byron
Richmond	Eſſex	Sommers
Schonberg & Leinſter	Pembroke	Cuningesby
Northumberland	Craven	J. Holt
Lindſey *G. C.*	Radnor	Edw. Northey
Berkeley	H. Boyle	Berkeley
Bedford	Manchester	Ranelagh
Ormonde	Denbigh	Rich. Hill.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1701.



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By the Right Honourable Charles *Earl of* Carliſle, *Earl Marſhall of* England *during the Minority of* Thomas *Duke of* Norfolke.

touching ye Mourning for King William. ye 3d

10. March. 170½.

IN Purſuance of an Order of the Lords of Her Majeſty's Moſt Honourable Privy Council at the *Cockpit* the 8th of *March* Inſtant, Theſe are to give Notice, That it is Her Majeſty's Royal Pleaſure, that all Perſons upon this Occaſion of the Death of His late Majeſty King *William* the Third of Bleſſed Memory, ſhould put themſelves into the deepeſt Mourning that is poſſible, (long Cloaks only excepted) the ſaid Mourning to begin upon *Sunday* next: And that as well all Lords, as Privy Councillors, and Officers of Her Majeſty's (and His late Majeſty's) Houſhold, do cover their Coaches, Chariots and Chairs, with black Cloth, by *Sunday* the 22th day of this Inſtant; and that no Perſon do uſe any Varniſhed or Bullion Nails to be ſeen on their Coaches, Chariots or Chairs, except for the uſe of His Highneſs Prince *George* of *Denmark*: And that it will be allowed as full and proper Mourning to wear Hatbands of Black *Engliſh* Alamode, covered with black Crape, in conſideration of the great Encouragement it will be to the *Engliſh* Manufacture of Luteſtring and Alamode.

Given under my Hand this 9th day of March 1701. *in the Firſt Year of the Reign of our Soveraign Lady Queen* Anne.

CARLISLE, *E. M.*

Printed by *Edw. Jones* in the *Savoy*, 1701.

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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

For ye Continuance of all officers Civil & Military in yeir places till ye Queens further pleasure.

ANNE R.

13. March. 170½

Forasmuch as it has Pleased Almighty God, lately to Call unto his Infinite Mercy, the most High and Mighty Prince William the Third, of most Blessed Memory; And whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Seventh Year of the Reign of the said late King, It is Enacted, That no Commission, either Civil or Military, should Cease, Determine or be Void by reason of the Death or Demise of His said late Majesty, or of any of His Heirs or Successors, Kings or Queens of this Realm, but that every such Commission should Be, Continue and Remain in full Force and Virtue, for the Space of Six Months next after any such Death or Demise, unless in the mean time Superseeded, Determined or made Void by the next and immediate Successor, to whom the Imperial Crown of this Realm, according to the Act of Settlement therein mentioned is Limited and Appointed to Go, Remain and Descend; The Queens most Excellent Majesty, in Her Princely Wisdom and Care of the State, (Reserving to her Own Judgment hereafter, the Reformation and Redress of any Abuses in Misgovernment, upon due Knowledge and Examination thereof) is Pleased, and doth hereby Signifie and Declare, That all Commissions, both Civil and Military, Granted by His said late Majesty, and in Force at the time of His Death, shall Be, Continue and Remain in full Force and Virtue: And that all Persons, that at the time of the Decease of the late King, were Duly and Lawfully Possessed of, or Invested in any Office or Place of Authority or Government, either Civil or Military, within His Majesties Realms of England, Ireland, the Islands of Jersey and Guernsey, Sark or Alderney, or within His Majesties Colonies and Plantations in America; and Namely all Governors, Lieutenants or Deputy Governors, Counsellors, Judges, Justices, Provost-Marshals, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and all others in Place of Government, either Meaner or Superior, as aforesaid, and all other Officers and Ministers shall Be, and hold themselves Continued in the said Places and Offices, under the same Condition as formerly they Held and Enjoyed the same, until Her Majesties Pleasure be further Known, or that other Provision be made, pursuant to his late Majesties Commissions and Instructions to His Governors and Officers of the Islands, Colonies, and Plantations aforesaid; And that in the mean while, for the Preservation of the State, and Necessary Proceedings in Matters of Justice, and for the Safety and Service of the State, all the said Persons, of whatsoever Degree or Condition, may not fail every one severally according to his Place, Office or Charge, to Proceed in the Performance of all Duties thereunto belonging, as formerly Appertained unto them while the late King was Living; And further Her Majesty doth hereby Will and Command all and singular Her Highness Subjects, of what Estate, Dignity or Degree they or any of them be, to be Aiding, Helping and Assisting, and at the Commandment of the said Officers and Ministers, in the Performance and Execution of the said Offices and Places, as they and every of them tender Her Majesties Pleasure, and will answer the contrary at their utmost Perils. And further Her Majesties Will and Pleasure, and Express Command is, That all Orders or Directions Made or Given by the late King of most Blessed Memory, the Lords of His Privy Council, or His late Majesties Principal Secretaries of State, or other Legal Authority Derived from His said Majesty in His Life time, shall be Obeyed and Performed by all and every Person and Persons, and all and every Thing and Things to be done thereupon, shall Proceed as Fully and Amply as the same should have been Obeyed or Done in the Life of the said late King, until Her Majesties Pleasure be further Known thereupon.

Given at the Court at St. *James's*, the Ninth Day of *March*, In the First Year of Her Majesties Reign, of *England*, *Scotland*, *France* and *Ireland*, and other Her Majesties Territories and Dominions.

God save the Queen.

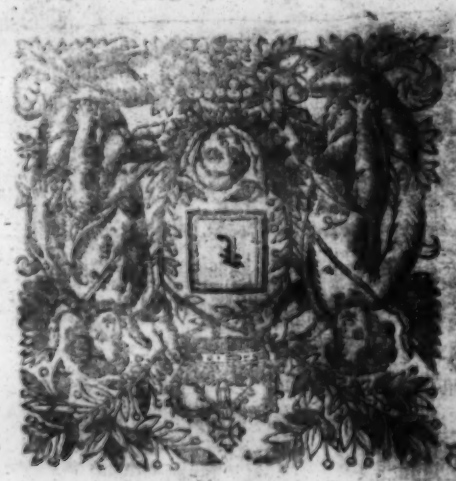
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London, Printed by Charles Bill, and the Executrix of Thomas Newcomb, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCI

God save the Queen.

Scotland, France and Ireland, and other Her Majesties Territories and Dominions.

Given at the Court at St. James's, the Ninth Day of March, In the First Year of Her Reign.



ANNE R.

A PROCLAMATION

By the Queen.

Great Britain & Irel.d Anne - Queen

DIEU·ET MON·DROIT

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Reſtraining the Spreading Falſe News, and Printing and Publiſhing of Irreligious and Seditious Papers and Libels.

28. March. 1702.

ANNE R.



Hereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Third Year of the Reign of King Edward the Firſt, It is Enacted, That none be ſo hardy to Tell or Publiſh any Falſe News or Tales, whereby Diſcord, or Occaſion of Diſcord or Slander may grow betwéen the King and his People, or the Great Men of the Realm, and that he that doth ſo ſhall be Taken and Kept in Priſon until he hath brought him into Court which was firſt Author of the Tale. And by another Act made in the Second Year of the Reign of King Richard the Second, It is Declared, That the Deviſing, Speaking and Telling ſuch Falſe News and Tales, was likely to occaſion great Peril and Miſchief to, and the quick Subverſion and Deſtruction of this Realm: For the Preventing whereof, It is thereby Enacted, That none be ſo hardy to Deviſe, Speak or to Tell any Falſe News, Lyes, or other Falſe Things, of Prelates, Noblemen, and Officers of the Crown, therein Named, whereof Diſcord, or any Slander might Ariſe within this Realm, under the Pain Ordained by the ſaid Statute of King Edward the Firſt. And by another Act made in the Twelfth Year of the Reign of the ſaid King Richard the Second, It is Enacted, That when any ſuch ſhall be Taken and Impriſoned, and cannot find him by whom the Speech be moved, that he ſhall be Puniſhed for ſuch his Offence. And Whereas the Preventing of the Spreading and Publiſhing of Falſe News and Tales, and the Writing, Printing and Publiſhing of Heretical, Blaſphemous, Irreligious, Treaſonable, Seditious and Scandalous Books, Pamphlets, Libels and Papers, is a Matter which Requires Our Publick Care, and is of great Concernment, eſpecially conſidering, that by reaſon of the general Licentiouſneſs of the Times, ſince an Act for Preventing Abuſes in Printing Seditious, Treaſonable and Unlicenſed Books and Pamphlets, and for Regulating of Printing and Printing Preſſes, made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of Our late Royal Uncle King Charles the Second, and Continued by an Act made in the Fourth Year of the Reign of the late King William and Queen Mary, Expired, many Evil diſpoſed Perſons have Written, Printed and Publiſhed divers Heretical, Blaſphemous, Irreligious, Treaſonable and Seditious Books, Pamphlets, Papers, and many Falſe, Infamous and Scandalous Libels, and do Continue ſuch their Unlawful and Exorbitant Practices, Endeavouring thereby to Traduce and Reproach the Eccleſiaſtical and Temporal Government of this Kingdom, and the Publick Miniſters of the ſame, and the Proceedings and Members of both Houſes of Parliament, and other Our Loving Subjects, to the high Diſhonour of Almighty God, and the Endangering the Peace of theſe Kingdoms, contrary to the ſaid Statutes, and the Common Laws of Our Realm: We therefore (with the Advice of Our Priy Council) Do by this Our Royal Proclamation Charge and Command all Our Subjects, of What State or Condition ſoever they be, That they do not henceforth Preſume, either by Writing, Printing or Speaking, to Tell or Publiſh any Falſe News or Tales, contrary to the Statutes before mentioned; Nor Write, Print, Publiſh or Sell, or cauſe to be Written, Printed, Publiſhed or Sold, any Heretical, Blaſphemous, Irreligious, Treaſonable, or Seditious Books, Papers or Pamphlets, or any Scandalous Libels, Reflecting upon Us, or upon the Eccleſiaſtical or Temporal Government of this Realm, or any of Our Publick Miniſters or Officers, or on the Proceedings of either of Our Houſes of Parliament, or any the Members thereof, or upon any other of Our Loving Subjects. And We do hereby further Declare, That We Will Proceed with the utmoſt Severity and Rigour of Law, againſt all ſuch Perſons who ſhall be Guilty of any the Malicious and Unlawful Practices aforeſaid; We being Reſolved, as much as in Us lies, to Suppreſs the ſaid Enormities by a moſt Strict and Exemplary Puniſhment of all ſuch Offenders herein, as ſhall hereafter be Diſcovered: To the Diſcoverers whereof We Will give all due Encouragement. And We do hereby Straightly Charge and Command all and ſingular Our Judges, Juſtices of the Peace, Sheriffs, Mayors, Bayliffs, and all other Our Officers and Miniſters whatſoever, to take Effectual Care for the ſpeedy Apprehenſion, Proſecution and Puniſhment of all ſuch Perſons who ſhall at any time hereafter be found Offenders herein.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twenty ſixth Day of *March*, 1702. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, 1702.



K. Great Brit. & Irel.
1st Anne - Queen

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Encouragement of Piety and Virtue, and for the Preventing and Punishing of Vice, Prophaneness, and Immorality.

28. March. 1702.

ANNE R.

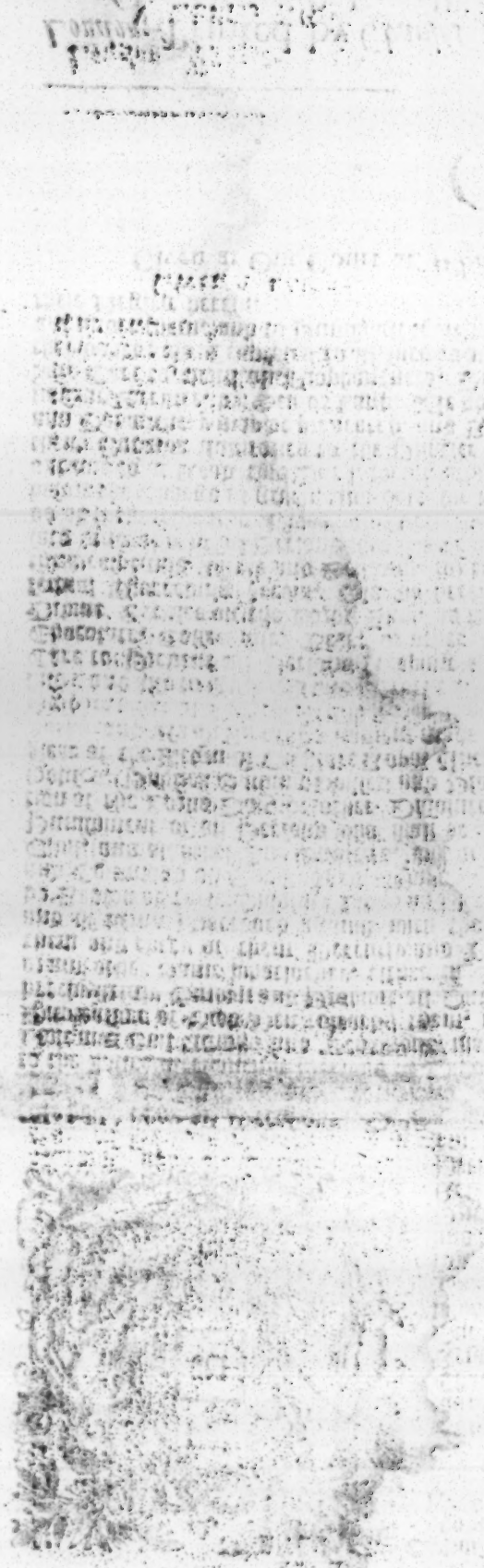


WE most Seriously and Religiously Considering, That it is an Indispensible Duty on Us, to be Careful, above all other things, to Preserve and Advance the Honour and Service of Almighty God, and to Discourage and Suppress all Vice, Prophaneness, Debauchery and Immorality, which are so highly Displeasing to God, so great a Reproach to our Religion and Government, and (by means of the frequent ill Examples of the Practicers thereof) have so Fatal a Tendency to the Corruption of many of Our Loving Subjects, otherwise Religiously and Virtuously Disposed, and which (if not timely Remedied) may justly draw down the Divine Vengeance on Us and Our Kingdoms: We also humbly Acknowledging; That We cannot expect the Blessing and Goodness of Almighty God (by whom Kings and Queens Reign) and on which We entirely Rely) to make Our Reign Happy and Prosperous to Our Self and Our People, nor hope for the Divine Assistance to Deliver Us from the great and imminent Dangers which Our Kingdoms, and the True Protestant Religion Established among Us, are in this Present Juncture Threatned with, without a Religious Observance of Gods Holy Laws: To the Intent therefore that Religion, Piety, and Good Manners may (according to Our most Hearty Desire) Flourish and Increase under Our Administration and Government, We have thought fit (by the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Declare Our Royal Purpose and Resolution to Discountenance and Punish all manner of Vice, Prophaneness and Immorality in all Persons of whatsoever Degree or Quality within this Our Realm, and particularly in such as are Imployed near Our Royal Person; and that for the greater Encouragement of Religion and Morality, We will, upon all Occasions, Distinguish Persons of Piety and Virtue by Marks of Our Royal Favour. And We do Expect and Require [illegible] as in Place of Authority, will give good Example by their own Virtue and Piety, and to their utmost contribute to the Discountenancing Persons of Dissolute and Debauched Lives, that they being by that means reduced to Shame and Contempt, for their Lose and Evil Actions and Behaviour, may be thereby also Enforced the sooner to Reform their ill Habits and Practices, and that the visible Displeasure of God Men towards them, may (as far as it is possible) supply what the Laws (probably) cannot altogether Prevent. And we do hereby strictly Enjoyn and Prohibit all Our Loving Subjects, of what Degree or Quality soever, from Playing on the Lords Day at Dice, Cards or any other Game whatsoever, either in Publick or Private Houses, or other Place or Places whatsoever; and do hereby Require and Command them and every of them Decently and Reverently to Attend the Worship of God on every Lords Day, on Pain of Our Highest Displeasure, and of being Proceeded against with the Utmost Rigour that may be by Law. And for the more Effectual Reforming of all such Persons, who by Reason of their Dissolute Lives and Conversations, are a Scandal to Our Kingdom, Our further Pleasure is, and We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Judges, Mayors, Sheriffs, Justices of the Peace, and all other Our Officers and Ministers, both Ecclesiastical and Civil, and all other Our Subjects, whom it may Concern, to be very Vigilant and Strict in the Discovery, and the Effectual Prosecution and Punishment of all Persons who shall be Guilty of Excessive Drinking, Blasphemy, Prophane Swearing and Cursing, Lewdness, Prophanation of the Lords Day, or other Dissolute, Immoral or Disorderly Practices; and that they take Care also Effectually to Suppress all Bawdy-Houses, Publick Gaming-Houses and Places, and other Disorderly Houses, and to put in Execution the Statute made in the Nine and twentieth Year of the Reign of Our late Royal Uncle King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for the better Observation of the Lords Day, commonly called Sunday, and also an Act of Parliament made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Our late Dear Brother King William the Third, Intituled, An Act for the more Effectual Suppressing of Blasphemy and Prophaneness, and all other Laws now in Force for the Punishing and Suppressing any of the Vices aforesaid; and also to Suppress and Prevent all Gaming whatsoever in Publick or Private Houses on the Lords Day, and likewise that they take Effectual Care to Prevent all Persons Keeping Taverns, Chocolate-Houses, Coffee-Houses, or other Publick Houses whatsoever, from Selling, Wine, Chocolate, Coffee, Ale, Beer, or other Liquors or Receiving or Permitting Guests to be or remain in such their Houses in the Time of Divine Service on the Lords Day, as they will answer it to Almighty God, and upon Pain of Our Highest Displeasure. And for the more Effectual Proceeding herein, We do hereby Direct and Command all Our Judges of Assize and Justices of the Peace, to give strict Charges at their respective Assizes and Sessions, for the due Prosecution and Punishment of all Persons that shall presume to Offend in any the kinds aforesaid, and also of all Persons that, contrary to their Duty, shall be Remiss or Negligent in Putting the said Laws in Execution; and that they do at their respective Assizes and Quarter-Sessions of the Peace, cause this Our Proclamation to be publickly Read in open Court immediately before the Charge is given. And We do hereby further Charge and Command every Minister in his respective Parish-Church or Chapel, to Read or cause to be Read this Our Proclamation, at least Four times in every Year, immediately after Divine Service, and to incite and stir up their respective Auditories to the Practice of Piety and Virtue, and the Avoiding of all Immorality and Prophaneness. And to the end that all Vice and Debauchery may be prevented, and Religion and Virtue Practised by all Officers, Private Soldiers, Mariners, and others, who are Imployed in Our Service, by Sea or Land, We do hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Commanders and Officers whatsoever, That they do take Care to avoid all Prophaneness, Debauchery, and other Immoralities, and that by their own Good and Virtuous Lives and Conversations, they do set good Examples to all such as are under their Care and Authority, and likewise take Care of and Inspect the Behaviour of all such as are under them, and to Punish all those who shall be Guilty of any the Offences aforesaid, as they will be Answerable for the Ill Consequences of their Neglect herein.

Given at Our Court at *Whitehall*, the Twenty sixth Day of *March*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. 1702.



By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring Her Majesties Pleasure touching Her Royal Coronation, and the Solemnity thereof; and for the Adjournment of *Easter* Term next.

1. April. 1702.

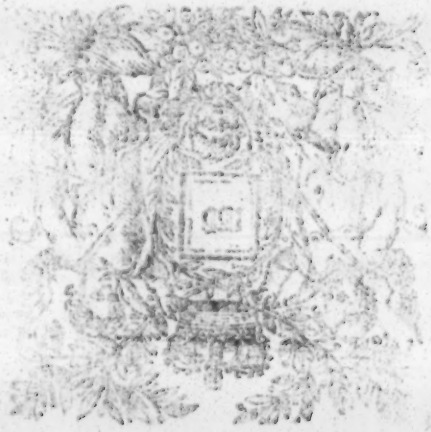
ANNE R.

WHereas We have Resolved by the Favour and Blessing of Almighty God to Celebrate the Solemnity of Our Royal Coronation upon the Twenty third Day of April next at Our Palace of Westminster; And forasmuch as by Ancient Customs and Usages of this Realm, as also in regard of divers Tenures of sundry Manors, Lands, and other Hereditaments, many of Our Loving Subjects do Claim, and are bound to Do and Perform divers several Services on the said Day, and at the time of the Coronation, as in times Precedent their Ancestors, and those from whom they Claim have Done and Performed at the Coronations of Our Famous Progenitors and Predecessors, Kings and Queens of this Realm: We therefore out of Our Princely Care for the Preservation of the Lawful Rights and Inheritances of Our Loving Subjects, whom it may Concern, have thought fit to give Notice of and Publish Our Resolutions therein; And do hereby give Notice of, and Publish the same accordingly. And We do hereby further Signifie, That by Our Commission under Our Great Seal of England, We have Appointed and Authorized Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Councellor Sir Nathan Wright Knight, Keeper of Our Great Seal; Our Right Trusty and Right Intirely Beloved Cousin and Councellor Charles Duke of Somerset, President of Our Council; Our Right Trusty and Right Intirely Beloved Cousin and Councellor William Duke of Devonshire, Steward of Our Houshold; Our Right Trusty and Right Intirely Beloved Cousin and Councellor James Duke of Ormonde; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Robert Earl of Lindsey, Great Chamberlain of England; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Charles Earl of Carlisle, Earl Marshal of England; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Edward Earl of Jersey, Chamberlain of Our Houshold; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Charles Earl of Manchester, One of Our Principal Secretaries of State; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Charle-Bodvile Earl of Radnor; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Lawrence Earl of Rochester; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Ralph Earl of Montagu, Master of Our Wardrobe; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor John Earl of Marlborough; Our Right Trusty and Right Welbeloved Cousin and Councellor Francis Earl of Bradford, Treasurer of Our Houshold; Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Councellor Thomas Lord Wharton, Comptroller of Our Houshold; Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Councellor Sidney Lord Godolphin; Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Councellor Peregrine Bertie Esquire, Vice-Chamberlain of Our Houshold; Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Councellor James Vernon Esquire, one of Our Principal Secretaries of State; Our Right Trusty and Welbeloved Councellor Sir John Holt Knight, Chief Justice of Our Court of Kings Bench; Our Trusty and Welbeloved Sir Thomas Trevor Knight, Chief Justice of Our Court of Common Pleas; Our Trusty and Welbeloved Sir Edward Ward Knight, Chief Baron of Our Court of Exchequer; or any Three or more of them, to Receive, Hear and Determine the Petitions and Claims which shall be to them Exhibited by any of Our Loving Subjects in this behalf. And We shall Appoint Our said Commissioners for that purpose to Sit in the Painted Chamber of Our Palace at Westminster, upon the Second Day of April next, at Nine of the Clock in the Forenoon of that Day, and from time to time to Adjourn, as to them shall seem meet for the Execution of Our said Commission; Which We do thus Publish, to the intent that all such Persons whom it may any ways concern, may know when and where to give their Attendance for the Exhibiting of their Petitions and Claims concerning the Services beforementioned, to be Done and Performed unto Us at Our said Coronation; And We do hereby signifie unto all and every Our Subjects whom it may concern, That Our Will and Pleasure is, and We do hereby Straitly Charge all Persons, of what Rank or Quality soever they be, who either upon Our Letters to them Directed, or by Reason of their Offices, or Tenures, or otherwise, are to do any Service at the said Day or Time of Our Coronation, That they do duly give their Attendance accordingly, in all Respects Furnished and Appointed as to so great a Solemnity appertaineth, and Answerable to the Dignities and Places which every one of them respectively Holdeth and Enjoyeth; And of this they or any of them are not to fail, as they will Answer the contrary at their Perils, unless upon special Reasons, by Our Self under Our Hand to be Allowed, We shall Dispence with any of their Services or Attendances. And whereas great part of the said Solemnity is to be Performed in that Part of Our said Palace called Westminster-Hall, and by reason thereof, and of the Buildings that are Necessarily for that Purpose to be made in Our said Hall, Our Courts of Justice, which usually are Held therein, cannot there be Holden till Our Coronation be Performed, the Day Appointed for that purpose being in the Beginning of Easter Term next, We have therefore, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, Resolved to Adjourn Easter Term next, That is to say, in and from the First Return thereof, called Quindena Paschæ, unto the Second Return of the same Term, called Tres Septiman. Paschæ; and then to be Held and Continued in the usual Manner; which We hereby Signifie to all Our Loving Subjects of this Realm, to the intent that they which have Cause or Commandment to Appear in any of Our Courts at Westminster in or any Day or Time, in or after the said Quindena Paschæ, may Carry at their Dwellings, or where their Business otherwise shall Lye, without Resorting to any of the said Courts for that Cause before the said Tres Septiman. Paschæ next coming, and that without Danger, Forfeiture, Penalty, or Contempt to be Incurred towards Us in that behalf. Nevertheless Our Pleasure is, That, according to the Ancient Order of the Laws, the Essoigns of the said Quindena Paschæ shall be Kept, at which time Writs of Adjournment, which We do hereby Command the Lord Keeper of Our Great Seal of England to make forth, shall be Directed to the Justices of either Bench, and to the Barons of Our Court of Exchequer, giving them Power to Adjourn the next Easter Term, in and from Quindena Paschæ until Tres Septiman. Paschæ, as aforesaid, according to the Command of such Writ, and the said Adjournment to be made in the First Day of the said Quindena Paschæ, commonly called the Day of Essoigns. Provided always, and Our further Pleasure and Commandment is, That all Collectors, Receivers, Sheriffs and other Accomptants, and all other Persons that should or ought to Accompt or Pay any Sum or Sums of Money in Our Court of Exchequer, or to Enter into any Accompt in the said Court of Exchequer, shall Repair unto the Accustomed Places at Westminster, where We have Appointed such Officers and Ministers, as for that Purpose We have Thought Expedient, and there to Pay and Do in every Behalf, as though this present Proclamation of Adjournment had not been had or made. Provided also, and Our further Pleasure and Commandment is, That if any Person or Persons, who ought to Accompt or Pay any Sum or Sums of Money to Us in Our Court of Exchequer do make Default therein, then Our Writs and Process shall be Awarded and sent forth against them, and duly Served and Returned by the Sheriffs and other Officers Appointed thereunto, as the same should have been if this Proclamation had not been made. And if any Sheriff or other Officer shall make Default, or be Negligent in Serving, Executing or Returning any the Writs or Process aforesaid, that then every such Sheriff or other Officer shall incur such Pains and Penalties as by Our said Court of Exchequer shall be Lawfully Cared and Assessed: Willing and Commanding all and every Our Sheriffs, Officers and Subjects, to whom it doth or shall Appertain, to Observe and Keep their Assemblies and Appearances, with all their Returns and Certificates in Our said Courts at Westminster, in Tres Septiman. Paschæ next coming, then and there to be Holden and Kept, and there to do their Offices and Duties in every Behalf, in like Manner and Form as they should or ought to have done, if this present Proclamation had not been made, as they will Answer the Contrary at their Perils.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Twenty ninth Day of *March*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, MDDCII.

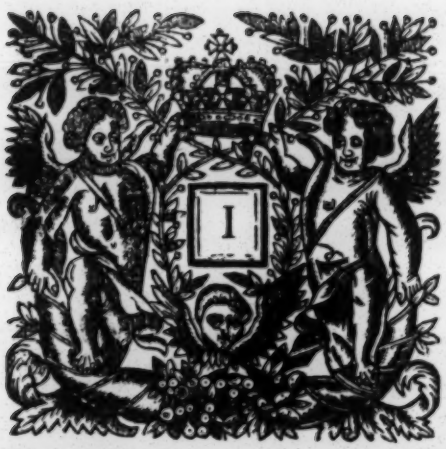


ANNE





The Oath of Allegiance to Queen Ann & of Abjuration of the Prince of Wales. 30. March, 1702.



A. B. Do Truly and Sincerely Acknowledge, Profeſs, Teſtifie and Declare in my Conſcience before God and the World, That our Sovereign Lady Queen *ANNE* is Lawful and Rightful Queen of this Realm, and of all other Her Majeſties Dominions and Countries thereunto belonging. And I do Solemnly and Sincerely Declare, That I do believe in my Conſcience that the Perſon pretended to be Prince of *Wales*, during the Life of the late King *James*, and ſince his Deceaſe pretending to be, and taking upon himſelf the Stile and Title of King of *England*, by the Name of *James* the Third, hath not any Right or Title whatſoever to the Crown of this Realm, or any other the Dominions thereto belonging: And I do Renounce, Refuſe and Abjure any Allegiance or Obedience to him. And I do Swear that I will bear Faith and True Allegiance to Her Majeſty Queen *ANNE*, and Her will Defend to the utmoſt of my Power, againſt all Traiterous Conſpiracies and Attempts whatſoever, which ſhall be made againſt Her Perſon, Crown or Dignity. And I will do my beſt Endeavour to Diſcloſe and make Known to Her Majeſty and Her Succeſſors, all Treaſons and Traiterous Conſpiracies which I ſhall know to be againſt Her or any of Them. And I do Faithfully Promiſe, to the utmoſt of my Power, to Support, Maintain and Defend the Limitation and Succeſſion of the Crown againſt him the ſaid *James*, and all other Perſons whatſoever, as the ſame is and ſtands Limited, [by an Act, Intituled, *An Act Declaring the Rights and Liberties of the Subject, and Settling the Succeſſion of the Crown*] to Her preſent Majeſty, and the Heirs of Her Body, being Proteſtants: And as the ſame [by one other Act, Intituled, *An Act for the further Limitation of the Crown, and better Securing the Rights and Liberties of the Subject,*] is and ſtands Limited after the Deceaſe of Her Majeſty, and for Default of Iſſue of Her Majeſty, to the Princeſs *Sophia*, Electoreſs and Dutcheſs Dowager of *Hanover*, and the Heirs of Her Body, being Proteſtants. And all theſe things I do Plainly and Sincerely Acknowledge and Swear, according to theſe Expreſs Words by me ſpoken, and according to the Plain and Common Senſe and Underſtanding of the ſame Words, without any Equivocation, Mental Evaſion, or ſecret Reſervation whatſoever. And I do make this Recognition, Acknowledgment, Abjuration, Renunciation, and Promiſe, heartily, willingly and truly, upon the true Faith of a Chriſtian.

So help me GOD.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1702.

1. Cap. B. 1.

1st Anne

236.

DIEU·ET MON·DROIT

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Apprehending *Thomas Colepeper*, *Abraham Owen*, and *John Collins*, Esquires; and *Edward Owen*, Gentleman.

8. April 1702.

ANNE R.



Whereas the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of the House of Commons in Parliament Assembled have humbly represented unto Us, That Thomas Colepeper Esq; having been guilty of many Scandalous and Indirect Practices, and in Contempt of the Justice of that House Absconded; And that Abraham Owen, one of the Sheriffs of the City of Coventry, having been guilty of a False and Double Return of a Citizen to Serve in this present Parliament for the said City of Coventry, and divers Indirect Practices, and in Contempt of the Justice of that House hath Absconded; And that John Collins the other Sheriff for the said City of Coventry, having been guilty of a False and Double Return for the said City of Coventry, and divers Indirect Practices, in Contempt of the Justice of that House hath Absconded; And that Edward Owen, Under Sheriff of the City of Coventry, having been guilty of divers Illegal and Partial Proceedings in the late Election for the City of Coventry, in Contempt of the Justice of that House hath Absconded; And have therefore humbly besought Us to Issue forth Our Royal Proclamation for Apprehending the said Thomas Colepeper, Abraham Owen, John Collins, and Edward Owen, in order to their being Prosecuted for such their Offences: We therefore (with the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Straightly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects to Discover, Take and Apprehend the said Thomas Colepeper, Abraham Owen, John Collins, and Edward Owen, and every of them Whereever they shall be found, and to carry them or such of them as they shall Discover, Take and Apprehend respectively before the next Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, where they or any of them shall be so Taken and Apprehended, who is hereby Required to take Sufficient Security for their respective Appearances in Our Court of Queens Bench at Westminster, to Answer to Us for such their Mildemeanors, and in Default of finding such Security, to Commit them to the Common Goal of such County where they respectively shall be Taken, there to Remain until he or they shall be thence Delivered by due Course of Law. And We do hereby Require such Justice or other Chief Magistrate immediately to give Notice thereof to Our Privy Council, or to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State. And We do hereby Strictly Charge and Command all Our Loving Subjects (as they will Answer the contrary at their Perils) that they do not any Ways Conceal the said Thomas Colepeper, Abraham Owen, John Collins and Edward Owen, or any or either of them, but that they do Discover, Take and Apprehend them and every of them, to the end they may be Proceeded against according to Law. And We do hereby Promise and Declare, That whosoever shall Discover and Apprehend the said Thomas Colepeper, Abraham Owen, John Collins and Edward Owen, or any or either of them, and shall bring them or such of them as shall be so Taken and Apprehended, during this Session of Parliament, before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, shall Receive as a Reward for every of the said Persons so Taken, Apprehended and Brought before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate the Sum of Fifty Pounds, which the Commissioners of Our Treasury are hereby Directed to Pay accordingly.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Fifth Day of *April*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, MDDCII.

K. Bill. 1.
1st. Anne.

23

Her Majesties
DECLARATION of WAR
Against France and Spain.

5. May. 1702.

ANNE R.



Hereas it hath Pleased Almighty God to Call Us to the Government of these Realms, at a time when Our late Dear Brother *William* the Third, of Glorious Memory, had, in pursuance of the Repeated Advice of the Parliament of this Kingdom, Entred into Solemn Treaties of Alliance with the Emperor of *Germany*, the *States General* of the *United Provinces*, and other Princes and Potentates, for Preserving the Liberty and Balance of *Europe*, and for Reducing the Exorbitant Power of *France*; which Treaties are Grounded upon the unjust Usurpations and Encroachments of the *French* King, who had Taken, and still keeps Possession of a great Part of the *Spanish* Dominions, Exercising an Absolute Authority over all that Monarchy, having Seized *Milan* and the *Spanish Low Countries* by his Armies, and made himself Master of *Cadiz*, of the Entrance into the *Mediterranean*, and of the Ports in the *Spanish West Indies* by his Fleets, every where Designing to Invade the Liberties of *Europe*, and to Obstruct the Freedom of Navigation and Commerce: And it being Provided by the Third and Fourth Articles of the forementioned Alliance, That if in the Space of Two Months, which are some time since Expired, the Injuries Complained of were not Remedied, the Parties concerned should mutually Assist each other with Their whole Strength: And whereas instead of giving the Satisfaction that ought justly to be expected, the *French* King has not only Proceeded to further Violences, but has added thereunto a great Affront and Indignity to Us, and Our Kingdoms, in taking upon him to Declare the Pretended Prince of *Wales* King of *England*, *Scotland* and *Ireland*; and has also Influenced *Spain* to Concur in the same Affront and Indignity, as well as in his other Oppressions; We find Our Selves Obliged, for Maintaining the Publick Faith, for Vindicating the Honour of Our Crown, and for Preventing the Mischiefs, which all *Europe* is Threatned with, to Declare, and We do hereby accordingly Declare War against *France* and *Spain*: And Placing Our Entire Confidence in the Help of Almighty God, in so Just and Necessary an Undertaking, We will, in Conjunction with Our Allies, Vigorously Prosecute the same by Sea and Land, being Assured of the ready Concurrence and Assistance of Our Subjects, in a Cause they have so Openly and so Heartily Espoused. And We do hereby Will and Require Our Lord High Admiral of *England*, Our General of Our Forces, Our Lieutenants of Our several Counties, Governors of Our Forts and Garisons, and all other Officers and Soldiers under them by Sea and Land, to Do and Execute all Acts of Hostility in the Prosecution of this War against *France* and *Spain*, their Vassals and Subjects, and to Oppose their Attempts; Willing and Requiring all Our Subjects to take Notice of the same, whom We henceforth strictly Forbid to hold any Correspondence or Communication with *France* or *Spain*, or their Subjects; But because there are Remaining in Our Kingdoms many of the Subjects of *France* and *Spain*, We do Declare Our Royal Intention to be, That all the Subjects of *France* or *Spain*, who shall Demean themselves Dutifully towards Us, shall be Safe in their Persons and Estates.

Given at Our Court at St. *James*'s the Fourth Day of *May*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, MDCCII.



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At the Court at St. JAMES's,

The Second Day of *May*, 1702.

PRESENT,

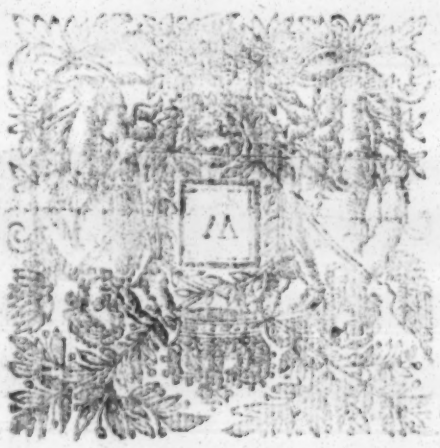
The Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

order of Council for Praying for ye Princeſſe of Sophia.
5. May. 1702.

WHEREAS by the late Act of Uniformity, which Eſtabliſheth the Liturgy, and Enacts, That no Form or Order of Common Prayers be openly uſed, other than what is preſcribed and appointed to be uſed in and by the ſaid Book; It is notwithſtanding Provided, That in all thoſe Prayers, Litanies and Collects, which do any ways relate to the King, Queen or Royal Progeny, the Names be altered and changed from time to time, and fitted to the preſent Occaſion, according to the Direction of Lawful Authority: It is this Day Ordered by Her Majeſty in Council, That the following Alteration be made, *viz.* In the Prayers for the Royal Family, after theſe Words, *Catherine Queen Dowager*, Inſert theſe Words, *the Princeſs Sophia.* And it is further Ordered, That no Edition of the Book of Common Prayer be from henceforth Printed, but with this Amendment; and that in the mean time, till Copies of ſuch Edition may be had, all Parſons, Vicars and Curates within this Realm, do (for the preventing of Miſtakes) with the Pen Correct and Amend all ſuch Prayers in their Church Books according to the foregoing Directions; And for the better Notice hereof, that this Order be forthwith Printed and Publiſhed, and ſent to the ſeveral Pariſhes; And that the Right Reverend the Biſhops take Care, that Obedience be paid to the ſame accordingly, within their reſpective Dioceſes.

JOHN POVEY.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd,
Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1702.



At the Court at St. James

The second [illegible]

PRESENT

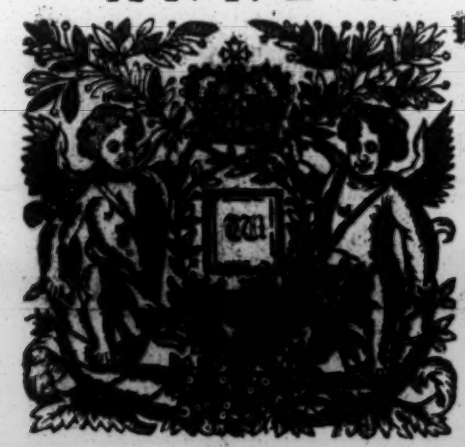
By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a General FAST.

18. May. 1702.

ANNE R.

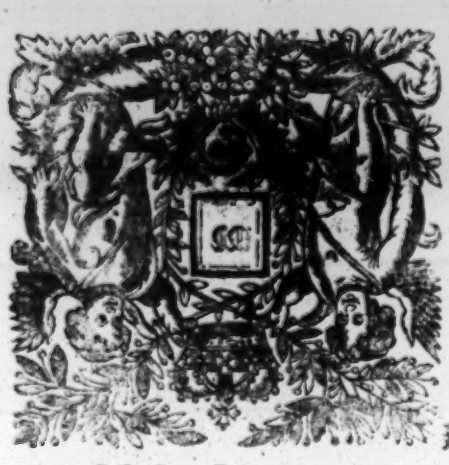


Whereas for the Reasons mentioned in Our Declaration, Dated the Fourth of this Instant May, We have Declared War against France and Spain, on the Success whereof the Common Safety of Our Kingdoms doth, under God, wholly depend; And putting Our Trust in Almighty God, that he will vouchsafe a Special Blessing to this Our so Righteous Undertaking, We have, out of Our own Religious Disposition, Resolved, and do hereby Command, That a General and Publick Fast be Observed, throughout this Kingdom, in such manner as is herein after Directed and Prescribed, that so both We and Our People may Humble Our Selves before Almighty God, in order to obtain Pardon for Our Sins, and may in most Devout and Solemn manner send up Our Prayers and Supplications to the Divine Majesty, for Imploring His Blessing and Assistance on the Arms of Us and Our Allies, and Our and Their Naval Forces, and for Restoring and Perpetuating Peace, Safety, Honour and Prosperity to Our Kingdoms and Dominions, and the Nations and States in Alliance with Us. And to the End that so Religious an Exercise may be Observed at one and the same time, We do hereby, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, Publish and Declare to all Our Loving Subjects, and do strictly Charge and Command, That on Wednesday, being the Tenth Day of June, this Fast shall be Religiously Kept and Observed throughout Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed. And for the more Religious and Orderly Solemnizing the same, We have given Directions to the Arch-Bishops and Bishops of this Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chapels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the Timely Dispersing thereof through their respective Dioceses. And We do strictly Charge and Command, That the said Publick Fast be Reverently and Decently Performed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and would avoid His Wrath and Indignation, and upon Pain of such Punishment as We may justly Inflict on all such as shall Contemn or Neglect the Performance of so Religious a Duty.

Given at Our Court at St. *James*'s the Fifteenth Day of *May*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCII.



A PROCLAMATION



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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Recalling and Prohibiting Seamen, from Serving Foreign Princes and States.

18. May. 1702.

ANNE R.



Whereas We are Informed, That great Numbers of Mariners and Seafaring Men (Our Natural-born Subjects) are in the Service of Divers Foreign Princes and States, now in this time of War, when We have Occasion for their Service: We have therefore thought it Necessary, and by this Our Proclamation (by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council) do strictly Charge and Command all Masters of Ships, Pilots, Mariners, Seamen, Shipwrights, and other Seafaring Men whatsoever, and wheresoever (being Our Natural-born Subjects) who are in the Pay or Service of any Foreign Prince or State, or do Serve in any Foreign Ship or Vessel, That forthwith they and every of them do (according to their known and bounden Duty and Allegiance) Withdraw themselves, Depart from, and Quit such Foreign Services, and Return Home to their Native Countries. And further, We do hereby strictly Prohibit and Forbid all Masters of Ships, Mariners, Seamen, and other Seafaring Men whatsoever, (being Our Natural-born Subjects) from Entring, and do Charge and Command them and every of them from henceforth to forbear to Enter themselves into the Pay and Service of any Foreign Prince or State, or to Serve in any Foreign Ship or Vessel whatsoever, without Our Special Licence first had and obtained in that Behalf; to all which We Expect due Obedience and exact Conformity. And We do hereby Publish and Declare, That the Offenders to the contrary, shall not only Incur Our just Displeasure, but be Proceeded against for their Contempt, according to the utmost Severities of Law. And We do hereby Authorize and Command all Our Officers and Ministers in Our respective Ports, and all Captains, Masters, and other Officers, Serving or Employed in any of Our Ships or Vessels at Sea, to Stop and Detain all and every such Person and Persons, as shall endeavour to Transport or Enter themselves into the Service of any Foreign Prince or State, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation; And also to Seize upon, Take and Bring away, all such Mariners, Seamen, or other Persons aforesaid, as shall at any time from henceforth be found to be Employed, or Serving in any Ships or Vessels belonging to any Foreign Prince or State, or to any Merchant, or other Person or Persons, being the Subjects of any Foreign Prince or State whatsoever.

Given at Our Court at St. *James*'s the Fifteenth Day of *May*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, 1702.

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Her Majesties most Gracious

DECLARATION,

Concerning Ships Stopt before the Declaration of War.

3. June. 1702.

ANNE R.

HER Majesty being Informed, That several Ships and Vessels, with their Ladings, were Stopt in the Ports of Her Majesties Dominions, and others Seized before the Declaration of War against *France* and *Spain*; And it being Her Majesties Royal Intention to Observe Strictly all Treaties in Force between Her Majesty and other Princes and States, and particularly the Treaty of *Ryswick*, and the Laws of Nations, in Relation to Intercourse and Commerce; Doth hereby Require and Command all Her Officers therein Concerned, to give forthwith an Account of all Ships and Vessels so Stopt and Seized, to One of Her Majesties Principal Secretaries of State, Setting forth what they are, to whom they belong, whither Bound, when and where they were and are Seized and Detained, to the End that the Necessary Orders may be given for their Discharge, and being Dealt with as the said Treaties, and the Laws of Nations, Direct and Require.

Given at Our Court at St. James's *the First Day of* June, 1702. *In the First Year of Our Reign.*

God save the Queen.

LONDON,
Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceased, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCII.

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Her Majeſties moſt Gracious
DECLARATION,
For the Incouragement of Her SHIPS of WAR and PRIVATEERS.

4. June. 1702.

ANNE R.

HER Majeſty, for ~~Maintaining the Publick Faith, for Vindicating the~~ Honour of Her Crown, and for Preventing the Miſchiefs which all *Europe* is Threatned with, Finding Her Self Obliged to Declare War againſt *France* and *Spain*, is Reſolved, in ſo Juſt and Neceſſary an Undertaking, in Conjunction with Her Allies, Vigorouſly to Proſecute the ſame. And being moſt Graciouſly Inclined to give all due Incouragement to the Valour and Fidelity of Her Subjects, ſerving Aboard any of Her Majeſties Ships of War or Privateers, hath thought Fit, by the Advice of Her Council, to Publiſh and Declare, That if any Ship, Veſſel or Goods belonging to the Enemy, or otherwiſe Liable to Confiſcation, ſhall be Seized or Taken at Sea, or in any of the Enemies Ports, Havens or Rivers, by any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, or Merchant Ships Imployed in Her Service, and ſhall be Condemned and Adjudged as Lawful Prize to Her Majeſty, the ſame, as ſoon as conveniently may be, ſhall be Appraiſed, and, after Due and Publick Notice, Openly Sold, by Inch of Candle, to the beſt Advantage, and after Satisfying the Duties and Cuſtoms Payable by Law, other than the Rates and Duties Impoſed on *French* Wine, Brandy, Vinegar, and other Goods of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of *France*, by an Act of the late King *William* the Third, made in the Seventh Year of His Reign, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to His Majeſty an Additional Duty upon all* French *Goods and Merchandize*, and the Legal and Neceſſary Charges thereupon, One Half-part of the Neat Proceed of ſuch Prize ſhall be Anſwered and Paid to the Flag-Officers, Captains, Officers and Company of Her Majeſties Ships of War, or Merchant Ship in Her Service, Surprizing and Taking the ſame, or Aſſiſting in the Taking thereof, to be Diſtributed in ſuch manner as is hereafter Directed; Provided the Aſſiſting Ships ſhall have no greater Shares thereof than has been Accuſtomed: But all ſuch Ships of War of *France* and *Spain*, or Privateers of either of thoſe Nations, which may be Fit for Her Majeſties Service, are not to be Diſpoſed of, till ſuch time as Her Majeſty ſhall have the Refuſal thereof; And in caſe Her Majeſty ſhall Take any ſuch Ship into Her Service, the Captors ſhall have Ten Pounds *per* Gun, and Ten Pounds *per* Tun for the Ships of War, and the whole of all Privateers Taken, as aforeſaid, according to Appraiſement, except one Tenth Part thereof to the Lord High Admiral of *England*. That the Rewards before Given for Prizes Taken from the Enemy, by any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, or Merchant Ships Imployed in Her Service, ſhall be Divided to and amongſt the Flag-Officers, Captains, Officers and Company of ſuch Ships ſo Taking the ſame, as followeth, *viz.* To the Captain Three Eighth Parts, unleſs the Prize be Taken by a Man of War under a Flag or Flags, in which caſe the Flag-Officer or Flag-Officers ſhall have One Eighth Part, to be equally Divided between them, and the Captain or Captains that took her, the Remaining Two Eighth Parts among them; To the Lieutenants and Maſter, One Eighth Part; To the Boatſwain, Gunner, Purſer, Carpenter, Maſters Mates, Chirurgeon and Chaplain, One Eighth Part, to be equally Divided amongſt them; To the Midſhipmen, Carpenters Mates, Boatſwains Mates, Gunners Mates, Corporal, Yeomen of the Sheets, Coxwain, Quarter-maſters, Quarter-maſters Mates, Chirurgeons Mates, Yeomen of the Powder Room, One Eighth Part, to be equally Divided amongſt them; To the Trumpeter, Quarter Gunners, Carpenters Crew, Steward, Cook, Armourer, Stewards Mate, Cooks Mate, Gun-ſmith, Cooper, Swabber, Ordinary Trum- [illegible] Share of the Prize, according to the foreſaid Diviſion, Her Majeſty doth hereby Enjoyn all and every the Captains and Commanders of any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, who [illegible] Take any Prize, as ſoon as may be after the Taking thereof, to Tranſmit, or cauſe to be Tranſmitted, to the Commiſſioners of Her Majeſties Navy, a True Liſt of the Names of all the Officers and Company of ſuch Ship of War under his Command, which were on Board her at the Taking of ſuch Prize; which Liſt ſhall contain the Number of each Perſon, as he ſtands upon the Ships Book, and the Quality of his Service; and the ſame ſhall be Subſcribed by the Captain or Commanding Officer, and Three or more of the Chief Officers on Board; and after Condemnation of the Prize, Her Majeſties ſaid Commiſſioners of the Navy, or any Three or more of them, are hereby Required and Directed to Examine, or cauſe the ſaid Liſt to be Examined, by the Muſter-Book of ſuch Man of War, to ſee that ſuch Liſt doth Agree with the ſaid Muſter-Book, as to the Names, Qualities or Ratings of the Company of ſuch Man of War, and to Certifie the Truth thereof to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be Appointed by Her Majeſty in that behalf, who ſhall have Orders to Pay, or cauſe to be Paid, forthwith to the ſeverl Parties concerned, or to their Executors, Adminiſtrators or Aſſigns reſpectively, the ſeveral Shares and Proportions due to them reſpectively out of ſuch Prize, according to the Proportions aforeſaid. That all Captains, Seamen, and others, Serving in any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, or Merchant Ships Imployed in Her Service, ſhall, and may Take and Have to themſelves, as Pillage, without further or other Account to be given for the ſame, all ſuch Goods and Merchandizes as ſhall be Found by them, or any of them, in any Ship they ſhall Take in Fight, upon, or above the Gun-Deck of the ſaid Ship, and not otherwiſe. That in caſe any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, or Merchant Ships Imployed in Her Majeſties Service, or any Private Man of War, ſhall Take in Fight, or ſhall Sink, Fire, or by any other Means Deſtroy any Ship of War, or any Private Man of War belonging to, or in the Service of the Enemy, they ſhall Receive and Have, as a Reward for ſuch Service, for each Piece of Ordnance, whether Iron or Braſs, in any Ship of War, or Private Man of War, ſo Taken or Deſtroyed, Ten Pounds, to be Paid out of Her Majeſties Shares of Prizes, which ſaid Ten Pounds *per* Gun in any ſuch Ship Taken by any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, ſhall be Shared and Divided, as is before Directed. That Her Majeſty having Impowered the Lord High Admiral of *England* to grant Letters of Marque, or Commiſſions for Privateers, to ſuch Perſons as he ſhall Think fitly Qualified in that behalf, according to the Treaties between Her Majeſty and Her Allies, doth, for Incouragement of ſuch Privateers, further Declare, That all Prizes Taken at Sea, or in any of the Enemies Ports, Havens or Rivers, by any Privateer, and being brought into Port, according to Her Majeſties Inſtructions in that behalf, ſhall, unleſs otherwiſe Decreed by the Court of Admiralty, be Continued in the Poſſeſſion of the Privateer, having only Cuſtom-Houſe Officers on Board, as is uſual in Merchant Ships, to Secure Her Majeſties Duties; and ſuch Ship, Veſſel or Goods, being Condemned and Adjudged as Lawful Prize, and duly Inventoried and Appraiſed by ſuch Perſons as ſhall be Lawfully Authorized in that behalf, the ſame ſhall be Delivered to the Captor thereof, or ſuch Perſons as are Intereſted therein, to be Diſpoſed of by him or them, as he or they ſhall Think fit, they firſt Satisfying, Paying, or Securing to Her Majeſty ſuch Cuſtoms and Duties as are Due and Payable upon the Importation for ſuch Goods, according to Law, other than the Rates and Duties Impoſed on *French* Wine, Brandy, Vinegar, and other Goods of the Growth, Product or Manufacture of *France*, by an Act of the late King *William* the Third, made in the Seventh Year of His Reign, Intituled, *An Act for Granting to His Majeſty an Additional Duty upon all* French *Goods and Merchandize*, and alſo Paying one Tenth Part of the Value thereof, according to the foreſaid Appraiſement, to ſuch Perſon or Perſons as ſhall be Appointed by the Lord High Admiral of *England* to Receive the ſame. That there ſhall be alſo Paid out of Her Majeſties Shares of Prizes, all ſuch Sum and Sums of Money as the Lord High Admiral ſhall, from time to time, Think fit to Direct to be Paid to any Perſon or Perſons for Medals, or other Rewards for Officers, Mariners, Seamen or Soldiers, or others, who ſhall be found to have done any Eminent or Extraordinary Sea Service. Laſtly, Her Majeſty is Pleaſed to Declare, That in caſe any Captain, Officer, Seaman, or other Perſon Serving in any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, or Merchant Ships in Her Service, or in any Privateer, ſhall Plunder, Imbezil, Purloin, Conceal or Convey away any Goods, Wares or Merchandizes, Ship-Papers, or any Part of the Tackle, Furniture or Apparel of any Prize Taken, Except Pillage in Prizes Taken in Fight by any of Her Majeſties Ships of War, or Merchant Ships in Her Service, as aforeſaid, or ſhall be any ways Aiding or Aſſiſting therein, ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo Offending, ſhall not Have or Claim any Benefit, Share or Advantage by this Her Majeſties moſt Gracious Declaration. And in caſe the Captains or Officers of any of Her Majeſties Ships, ſhall be found Guilty of ſuch Imbezilments, they ſhall be Puniſhed as a Court Martial ſhall Think fit, either by Loſs of Imployment or otherwiſe, according to the Seventh Article of an Act of Parliament made in the Thirteenth Year of King *Charles* the Second, and in ſuch caſe the Captain and Officers of Privateers, ſhall not only Loſe their Share of the Prize, but be Rendred Uncapable of having a Letter of Marque for the time to come.

Given at Our Court at St. James's, *the Firſt Day of* June, 1702. *In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.*

God ſave the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCCII.

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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For the Apprehending all Persons going to or from *France*, and also for the Taking and Apprehending of all Deserters from Her Majesties Service in the Army Abroad.

23. June. 1702:

ANNER.

Whereas by an Act made in the Ninth Year of the Reign of Our late Royal Brother King William the Third, It is Enacted, That if any of His said Majesties Subjects, who had at any time since the Eleventh Day of December, One thousand six hundred eighty eight, Voluntarily gone into France or any of the French Kings Dominions in Europe, without Licence from his said late Majesty, or Our late Royal Sister, Queen Mary, or at any time, during the late War with France, born Arms in the Service of the French King, either by Sea or Land, should at any time after the Fourteenth Day of January, One thousand six hundred ninety seven, Return into this Kingdom of England, or any other His said late Majesties Dominions, without Licence under the Privy Seal, every Person, so Offending, should (being Lawfully Convicted thereof) be Taken, Deemed and Adjudged to be Guilty of High Treason, and should Suffer and Forfeit as in cases of High Treason.

And whereas We are Informed, That notwithstanding the said Act, and that We are now actually Engaged in War against France, divers of Our Subjects, who by the said Act are Prohibited to Return to any of Our Dominions, without Our Licence under Our Priby Seal first Obtained, do privately Return to this Our Realm, and others of Our Subjects do Endeavour to Transport themselves from this Our Realm into the Dominions of the French King, whereby a Correspondence is and may be Maintained, and Carried on with Our Enemies, to the Prejudice of Us and Our Kingdoms: We have therefore Thought fit, and do hereby, (with the Advice of Our Priby Council) strictly Prohibit and Forbid all and every Person and Persons whatsoever, being Our Natural Born Subjects, from Returning into Our Dominions contrary to the said Act, and from going to France, or any other the Dominions of the French King, during this present War.

And whereas We are Informed, That divers Soldiers and others, who have received Our Pay, and been actually Employed in Our Service in Our Army abroad, have Departed from their Duty, and Deserted Our said Service therein, and secretly Returned into this Our Kingdom of England, to the Dishonour of their Country, and Our great Disservice in this time of publick Danger: We do hereby therefore Charge and Command all, and singular Our Lieutenants, Deputy Lieutenants, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Constables, Headboroughs, and other Our Officers, Ministers and Subjects whatsoever, within this Realm, to make Search for, and use their utmost Endeavours to Discover, Take and Apprehend all, and every Person and Persons, Our Natural born Subjects, who have or shall Return into this Our Kingdom contrary to the said Act; and also who shall Voluntarily go or Embarke in any Ship or Vessel, with an intent to go into any of the Dominions of the French King, without Our Royal Licence first Obtained; and also all, and every such Soldier and Soldiers, who having bẽn engaged in Our Service in Our Army abroad, and have Deserted or shall Desert from such Our Service, and shall be found in this Our Kingdom; and such of the Offenders as aforesaid, as shall be so Apprehended to carry before the next or some other Justice of the Peace, where they shall be so Apprehended, who is hereby Required to Commit them to the Common Goal of the County, where they shall be so Apprehended, there to remain until they shall be thence Delivered by due course of Law; and forthwith to Certifie the Names of the Persons so Apprehended and Committed, with their particular Cases, and by Whom Apprehended, to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State, that Care may be taken for their speedy Prosecution accordingly.

And We do hereby Promise and Declare, That whosoever shall, during this present War, Discover and Apprehend any Person or Persons, who shall return from France contrary to the said Act, or who shall go to, or Embark in any Ship or Vessel with intent to go to any of the French Kings Dominions, and shall bring such Person and Persons, so Taken and Apprehended before the next, or some other Justice of the Peace, in order to their being Committed and Proceeded against according to Law, shall for every such Person so Taken and Apprehended and brought before such Justice of the Peace or Chief Magistrate, Receive as a Reward the Sum of Forty Pounds of Lawful Money of England, which Our High Treasurer or the Commissioners of Our Treasury for the time being, is and are hereby Directed to Pay accordingly; And for the Doing thereof, this Our Royal Proclamation shall be a sufficient Warrant without any further Direction in that behalf.

And We do hereby further Direct and Require all Our Officers aforesaid, that they do cause every Person coming into this Our Kingdom, from the French or Spanish Dominions, during this present War, to appear before one of Our Justices of the Peace, to be Examined concerning such Persons coming into this Our Realm: And if such Justice of the Peace on such Examination, shall find reasonable Cause to suspect such Persons coming to be with design to Disturb Our Government, or that such Person hath had any Correspondence with Our Enemies, he is hereby required to take sufficient Security for such Persons Appearing in Our Court, called the Queens Bench at Westminster, in the then next Term, and in Default thereof, to Commit such Person to the Common Goal of the County or Place where he shall be Apprehended, there to remain till Discharged by Due Course of Law, and thereof immediately to give Notice in Writing to one of Our Principal Secretaries of State.

Given at Our Court at St. *James*'s the Eighteenth Day of *June*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCII.

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

For Encouraging Seamen & Mariners to Enter themselves on board the fleet before the 15th of July next, & for the Seizing such as shal abscond.
23. June. 1702:

ANNE R.



Whereas We have been Informed, That notwithstanding the Encouragement given by Our late Royal Brother King William the Third, by His Royal Proclamations Dated the Eighth of January, and Twelfth of February last, for Seamen to Enter themselves on Board His said Majesties Ships of War, divers Seamen and Mariners, for whose Service We have Present Occasion, have lately Left their Usual and Ordinary Places of Abode, and have Removed themselves into Private and Obscure Places in and about Our Cities of London and Westminster, and Borough of Southwark, and Parts Adjacent, and elsewhere, Endeavouring thereby to Avoid Our Present Service: We therefore (by the Advice of Our Privy Council) have thought fit to Publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby streightly Charge and Command all Seamen and Mariners, now being and remaining in any County of England or Wales, and not already Listed, or Entred into Our Service, That they forthwith Render themselves unto the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy in London, or to the Commissioners of the Navy at such Ports and Places that shall be nearest to the Place where they now are, in Order to their being Received into Pay, and Sent on Board such of Our Ships of War, as shall be found most Expedient for Our Service; And Declare, if any of them shall hereafter be Found out or Discovered to have Neglected to Obey this Our Royal Command, they shall be Proceeded against with all Severity of Law for such their Contempt. And for the Encouragement of all such Seamen, and Able-Bodied Landmen, with greater Alacrity and Cheerfulness to Enter themselves in Our Service, and Remain on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, We do hereby Promise and Declare, That if any Seaman, or Able-Bodied Landman (other than such who shall Desert any of Our Ships of War, in Order to Obtain Our intended Bounty, whom We hereby Direct to be Prosecuted for such Desertion) shall on or before the Fifteenth Day of July now next ensuing, Enter himself with any Justice of the Peace or Vice-Admiral, to Serve As on Board of Our Ships of War, such Justice of the Peace, or Vice-Admiral respectively, shall give to each Man, so Entring, a Certificate, under his Hand and Seal, of his Entry, and the Time of his Entry, and shall Limit such a Number of Days in the said Certificate, as may be necessary for his Repairing on Board some Ship or Tender in Our Service (which Certificate shall be Granted without any Fee or Reward) and that then also all such Seamen and Able-bodied Landmen who shall, within the Time Limited in such Certificate, Repair on Board any of Our said Ships or Tenders, on Producing a Certificate thereof from the Officer of such Ship or Tender, shall have and Receive, as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, from Our Principal Officers of the Navy, or such Person as they shall Appoint, the Sum of Twenty Shillings, before such Ships shall Depart to Sea. And to the end We may be Informed what Person shall so Enter themselves to Serve on Board Our Fleet, in pursuance of this Our Proclamation, We do hereby Require and Command Our respective Justices of the Peace and Vice-Admirals within this Kingdom of England, and Dominion of Wales, to Transmit to the Commissioners of Our Navy, Lists containing the Christian and Sirnames of each Person that shall Enter with them, the time of their Entry, for what Ship, and the time which shall be given to each Person to repair on Board. And We do hereby further Charge and Command all Our Captains, Commanding any of Our Ships of War, to transmit to the Commissioners of Our Navy, true Accounts in Writing, under their Hands, of the several times when the said Men shall respectively come on Board. And We are also Graciously Pleased to Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, (over and besides Our said Bounty-Money) shall be allowed to such Seamen and Landmen as shall Voluntarily Enter themselves for Our Sea-service, according to the true meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation. And We do hereby Require and Command the Lord Mayor of Our City of London, and all Our Justices of the Peace, Constables, and other Officers of Our Cities of London and Westminster, County of Middlesex, and Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, and other the Parts and Places near Adjoyning to the same, That they do make, or cause to be made, diligent Search, within all and every their Precincts and Jurisdictions, for the said Seamen and Mariners, and Seize and Secure, or cause to be Seized and Secured, the Persons of such of them as shall be there found (other than such who shall have Entred themselves, as aforesaid, within the Time Limited, as aforesaid, for his or their Repairing on Board Our Ships of War; and other than such as are or shall be Protected, as being in Our immediate Service Imployed by the Commissioners of Our Navy, Officers of Our Ordnance, Commissioners for Victualling Our Fleet, or Our Commissioners for Transportation) and cause them to be sent and put on Board such of Our Ships or Tenders that shall be Appointed to lie in the River of Thames to Receive them, in order to their being Imployed in Our Service; And that they do also send up to the Commissioners of Our Navy, a List of the Names of all such Seamen and Mariners as they shall Procure for the Service aforesaid. And the Officer to whom such Seamen or Mariners shall be Delivered (and whom We hereby Require and Command to Receive none but such as are fit for Our Service) shall give Certificates or Receipts in Writing, under their Hands, for such of them as shall be so Delivered in pursuance hereof. And for the Encouragement of all Constables, and other Inferiour Officers, to be Diligent in the Searching after, Taking and Securing such Able Seamen and Mariners, who shall Neglect or Refuse to Enter themselves in Our Service, as aforesaid, We do hereby Promise and Declare, That every such Constable, or other Inferiour Officer, who shall Secure and Deliver, or cause to be Delivered on Board any of Our said Ships or Tenders in the River of Thames, appointed or to be appointed to Receive them, any such Seamen or Mariners, as aforesaid, on or before the Fifteenth Day of July now next ensuing, shall, upon producing to the Commissioners of Our Royal Navy such Certificate or Receipt, as is hereby before required to be given for such Seamen or Mariners as shall be so Delivered, receive of Our said Commissioners, as Our Free Gift and Royal Bounty, in Reward of such their Service, Ten Shillings for every such Seaman and Mariner as shall by him be Delivered or caused to be Delivered on Board, as aforesaid; which Reward Our said Commissioners are hereby required to pay accordingly. And whereas We are informed, That divers Seamen and Mariners, fit for Our Service at Sea, do procure themselves to be Chosen into Parish-Offices, hoping thereby to Avoid such Our Service, for which they are proper, We do hereby therefore Recommend it to all Our Loving Subjects whatsoever, who are or shall be any way concerned in the Electing and Constituting of such Officers, that, as far as in them lies, (during this present War) they do Forbear and Avoid putting or admitting into such Offices any Seamen or Mariners requisite and necessary for Our Service and the Defence of their Country on Board Our Fleet.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's*, the Eighteenth Day of *June*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. 1702.

A PROCLAMATION

By the Queen

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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Diſſolving this preſent Parliament, and Declaring the Speedy Calling another.

4 July. 1702.

ANNE R.



Whereas We have thought fit, for divers Important and Weighty Conſiderations, by and with the Advice of Our Priby Council, to Diſſolve this preſent Parliament, which now ſtands Prorogued to Tueſday the Seventh Day of July Inſtant; We do for that end Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation, and do hereby Diſſolve the ſaid Parliament accordingly: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the ſaid Parliament are Diſcharged from their Meeting on Tueſday the ſaid Seventh Day of July Inſtant.

And We being Reſolved to Meet Our People, and have their Advice in Parliament, do hereby make known to all Our Loving Subjects, That We do Intend to give Directions to the Keeper of Our Great Seal, for the Iſſuing out of Writs in due Form of Law, for the Calling a New Parliament, which ſhall Begin and be Holden at Weſtminſter, on the Twentieth Day of Auguſt next.

Given at Our Court at St. *James*'s the Second Day of *July*, 1702. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, 1702.

1d

10. July. 1702.

At the Court at St. JAMES's,

The Ninth Day of *July*, 1702.

PRESENT,

The Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty,

His Royal Highneſs Prince *George* of *Denmark*,
Lord Archbiſhop of *Canterbury*,
Lord Keeper,
Lord Treaſurer,
Lord Preſident,
Lord Privy Seal,
Duke of *Somerſet*,
Duke of *Schonberg*,
Lord Great Chamberlain,
Lord Chamberlain,
Earl of *Oxford*,
Earl of *Radnor*,
Earl of *Nottingham*,
Earl of *Rocheſter*,
Earl of *Romney*,
Earl of *Ranelagh*,
Lord *Dartmouth*,
Mr. *Boyle*,
Lord Chief Juſtice *Holt*,
Maſter of the Rolls,
Lord Chief Juſtice *Trevor*,
Mr. *Smith*.

Her Mats Declaration in Council ag' Buying & Selling of Offices & Places in Her Houſhold & Family.

HER Majeſty is Pleaſed to Declare, That She judges the Selling of Offices and Places in Her Houſhold and Family, to be Highly Diſhonourable to Her Majeſty, Prejudicial to Her Service, and a Diſcouragement to Virtue and true Merit, which can and ſhall only Recommend Perſons for Her Royal Approbation; and that Her Majeſty is Reſolved to prevent ſuch Selling of the ſame, and therefore Declares Her Pleaſure to be, That no Officer or Servant whatſoever, that is or ſhall be of Her Family or Houſhold, do preſume to Sell or Buy, or ſuffer to be Sold or Bought any Office or Place therein, under Pain of incurring Her Majeſties Diſpleaſure, and of being removed from Her Service: And that all Perſons concerned may take Notice hereof, Her Majeſty Commands, That this Declaration be forthwith Printed and Publiſhed.

JOHN POVEY.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1702.

At the Court at St. James's



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1st
For Proroguing ye Parliamt from 20. Aug. to 8. Oct. next & requiring
ye meeting then for dispatch of busines.
12. Aug. 1702.

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

ANNE R.

WHereas We have Caused Our Writs to be Issued for the Calling of a Parliament, to Meet and be Holden at Westminster the Twentieth Day of this Instant August, We, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, Do hereby Publish and Declare, That the said Parliament shall be Prorogued, on the said Twentieth of August, to Thursday the Eighth Day of October next ensuing, And We have Given Order to Our Keeper of Our Great Seal of England to prepare a Writ Patent under Our said Great Seal for Proroguing the same accordingly. And We do hereby further Declare Our Pleasure, That the said Parliament shall, on the said Eighth Day of October, be Held and Sit for the Dispatch of divers Weighty and Important Affairs: And the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgesses of the House of Commons, are hereby Required and Commanded to give their Attendance accordingly at Westminster on the said Eighth Day of October next ensuing.

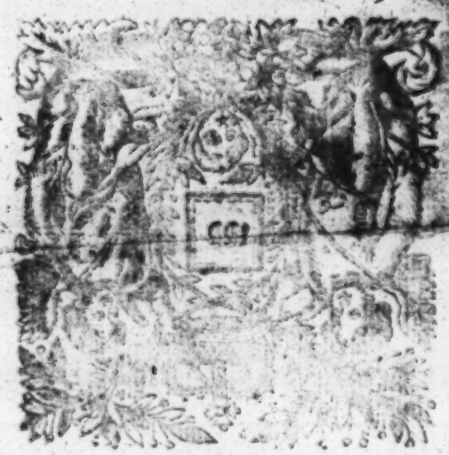
Given at Our Court at *Hampton Court* the Sixth Day of *August*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCII.

LONDON Printed by Charles Bill, and the Executrix of Thomas Newcomb, 1702.

God save the Queen.



A PROCLAMATION

By the Queen.

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A PROCLAMATION.

For proroguing ye Parliamt from 8. Oct. 1702. to 20th of same month.

ANNE R. 17. ~~October~~ Sept. 1702.

WHereas it has been Repreſented to Us, That the Meeting of Our Parliament on the Eighth Day of October next (to which the ſame ſtands now Prorogued) will be Inconvenient to many of Our Subjects who are Members of Parliament, and alſo otherwiſe Imployed in Our Service in the Countreys wherein they Dwell; We therefore, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, have Reſolved to defer the Meeting of the ſaid Parliament to the Twentieth Day of the ſaid October. And We do hereby Direct the Keeper of Our Great Seal of England to Prepare a Writ Patent under Our Great Seal, for Proroguing Our ſaid Parliament to the ſaid Twentieth Day of October next, on which Day We do intend Our ſaid Parliament ſhall Sit for the Diſpatch of divers Weighty Affairs. And hereof We do Require the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes of the ſaid Parliament to take Notice, and to give their Attendance at Weſtminſter on the ſaid Twentieth Day of October next.

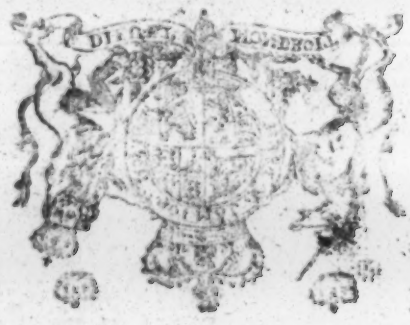
Given at Our Court at *Bath* the Six Day of *September*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty, 1702.

PROCLAMATION

BY THE QUEEN.



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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For a PUBLICK THANKSGIVING.

For our Successes in the Warr against France & Spain.

4. Novemb. 1702:

ANNE R.

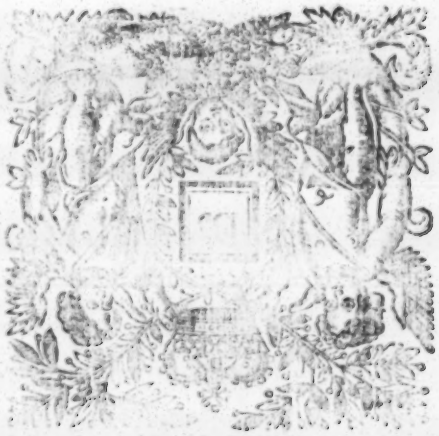


E do most Devoutly and Thankfully Acknowledge the great Goodness and Mercy of Almighty God, who hath afforded Us His Protection and Assistance in the Just War, in which, for the Common Safety of Our Realms, and for Disappointing the Boundless Ambition of France, We are now Engaged, and hath given to Our Arms, in Conjunction with Our Allies, under the Command of John Earl of Marlborough, Captain General of Our Land Forces, a Wonderful and Glorious Current of Success, whereby there hath been gain'd from Our Enemies many fortified Towns and large Territories in the Low Countreys; and hath blessed the Fleet and Troops of Us and Our Allies, under the Command of James Duke of Ormond, General of Our Forces on Board Our said Fleet, and Sir George Rooke, Admiral of Our said Fleet, with the Taking and Destroying many Ships of War, and great Riches of Our Enemies, at the Port of Vigo in the Kingdom of Spain; and has also given Us many considerable Successes in the West Indies; and hath rendred Our Trade at Sea Secure, beyond what could be expected in the time of War; and thereby made the beginning of Our Reign happy and Prosperous to Our Self and Our People; and has likewise given great Success to the Arms of Our Allies in Germany and Italy: And therefore duly Considering that such great and publick Blessings do call for publick and solemn Acknowledgments, We have thought fit (by the Advice of Our Privy Council) to Issue this Our Royal Proclamation, hereby Appointing and Commanding that a General Thanksgiving to Almighty God, for these His Mercies, be Observed throughout Our Cities of London and Westminster, and elsewhere within the Weekly Bills of Mortality, upon Thursday the Twelfth Day of this Instant November, and in all other Places throughout Our Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and Town of Berwick upon Tweed, upon Thursday the Third Day of December next. And for the better and more Religious and Orderly Solemnizing of the same, We have given Directions to the Archbishops and Bishops of this Our Kingdom, to Compose a Form of Prayer, suitable to this Occasion, to be Used in all Churches and Chapels, and other Places of Publick Worship, and to take Care for the timely Dispersing thereof through their respective Dioceses. And We do strictly Charge and Command, that the said Publick Days of Thanksgiving be Religiously Observed by all Our Loving Subjects, as they tender the Favour of Almighty God, and upon Pain of suffering such Punishments, as We may justly Inflict on all such as shall Contemn or Neglect the Performance of so Religious and Necessary a Duty.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's* the Third Day of *November*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, 1702.



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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

Requiring ye return of ye Plund. taken at Port St. Mary, Cadiz or Vigo. &c.
18. Decemb. 1702.

ANNE R.



Whereas in the late Expedition to Cadiz, great Quantities of Goods and Plate were, contrary to Our Express Command, and the Order of the General of Our Forces there, Seized and Taken from Port St. Mary, as Plunder, and put on Board several of Our Men of War, and other Ships in Our Service there. And whereas Sir George Rooke, Admiral of Our Fleet, did, by several his Orders respectively Directed to the Captains and Commanders of Our Ships and Vessels, and to the Captains and Commanders of the Hired Ships and Vessels in Our Service there, Require them to secure all such Goods for Our Use and Service, and not to permit the same to be put out of such Ships, before the same should be Viewed by an Officer of Our Customs. And whereas it hath been Represented unto Us, That great part of the Plunder taken from Port St. Mary, and also of the Effects taken on Board the Galleons, and other Ships taken at Vigo, have been unlawfully Embezelled, and are now Concealed from Us: We therefore being Resolved to use all lawful Means for Discovering and Obtaining the said Effects taken on Board the said Galleons, in Order to a just Distribution of such Rewards as We shall think fit, to those who were Engaged in the Service at Vigo, and also for Discovering and Obtaining the said Plunder taken from Port St. Mary, Do, by the Advice of Our Privy Counsel, hereby strictly Charge and Command all Our Sea and Land Officers, Seamen, Soldiers, and other Persons whatsoever, who have any part of the said Plunder taken at Port St. Mary aforesaid, or any of the said Effects taken on Board any of the Galleons, or other Ships at Vigo, and Embezelled and Concealed, as aforesaid, That they and every of them do, within Twenty Days after the Date of this Our Proclamation, give Notice of, and Deliver the same unto some One or more of Our Commissioners for Prizes in London, or elsewhere, upon Pain of Incurring Our high Displeasure, and being Prosecuted with the utmost Severity according to Law. And for the Encouraging the making of such Discovery, We are hereby Graciously pleased to Declare, That no Prosecution shall be against any Person whatsoever for the Imbezelment, Detaining or Concealing of any Goods taken from on Board the Galleons, or other Ships taken at Vigo, which he shall Discover and Deliver pursuant to Our Commands herein, within Twenty Days from the Date hereof, nor against any Person whatsoever under the Degree of a Captain, for the Imbezelment, Detaining or Concealing of any Goods taken at Port St. Mary, which he shall Discover and Deliver, pursuant to Our Commands herein, within Twenty Days from the Date hereof. And We do hereby further Declare, That for the Encouragement of all others who after the said Twenty Days from the Date hereof, shall make Discovery of any of the said Plunder or Effects so Imbezelled, and then Concealed, to Our said Commissioners for Prizes, the Person or Persons making such Discovery, shall have and receive, as a Reward, One clear Fifth Part of the Value of What shall be obtained by means thereof: And We do hereby direct Our Commissioners of Prizes to Pay or Deliver such Fifth Part of the Value accordingly.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's* the Thirteenth Day of *December*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

LONDON, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, 1702.

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By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Concerning COLOURS to be worn on Board Ships.

30. Decemb. 1702.

ANNE R.



Whereas divers of Our Subjects have of late presumed on Board their Ships to wear Our Jacks, Pendants and Ensigns, which according to Ancient Usage have been appointed as a Distinction for Our Ships, and many times thinking to evade the Punishment due for the same, have worn Jacks, Pendants and Ensigns in shape and mixture of Colours, so little different from Ours, as not without difficulty to be distinguished therefrom, which Practice is found attended with manifold Inconveniences: For Prevention whereof for the future, We have thought fit, and, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, by this Our Royal Proclamation, do strictly Charge and Command all Our Subjects whatsoever, That they do not presume to wear in any of their Ships or Vessels, Our Jack, commonly called, The Union Jack, nor any Pendants, nor any such Ensigns or Colours as are usually worn by Our Ships, without particular Warrant for their so doing from Us, or the Lord High Admiral of England, or the Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral for the time being. And We do hereby further Command all Our Loving Subjects, that without such Warrant, as aforesaid, they presume not to wear on Board their Ships or Vessels, any Jacks, Pendants, Ensigns or Colours, made in Imitation of those worn on Board Our Ships, or any other Flags, Jacks, Pendants or Ensigns whatsoever, than those usually worn in Merchants Ships, viz. The Flag and Jack White, with a Red Cross, commonly called, St. George's Cross, passing quite through the same, and the Ensign Red, with a like Cross in a Canton White at the upper Corner thereof next the Staff, but any kind of Pendant whatsoever; Saving that for the better Distinction of such Ships as shall have Commissions of Letters of Mart or Reprisals against the Enemy, and any other Ships and Vessels which may be Employed by the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy, the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Ordnance, the Commissioners for Victualling Our Navy, the Commissioners for Our Customs, and the Commissioners for Transportation for Our Service, relating particularly to those Officers, We do Command, That all such Ships as have Commissions of Letters of Mart or Reprisals, shall, besides the Colours which may be worn by Merchants Ships, Wear a Red Jack, with the Union Jack, described in a Canton of the upper Corner thereof next the Staff; And that such Ships and Vessels as shall be Employed for Our Service, by the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy, the Principal Officers of Our Ordnance, the Commissioners for Victualling Our Navy, the Commissioners for Our Customs, and the Commissioners for Transportation for Our Service, relating particularly to those Officers, shall Wear a Red Jack With the Union Jack in a Canton at the upper Corner thereof next the Staff, as aforesaid, and in the other part of the said Jack shall be described the Seal used in the respective Offices aforesaid, by Which the said Ships and Vessels shall be Employed. And We do hereby strictly Charge and Command, That none of Our Loving Subjects do presume to Wear any of the said Distinction Jacks, unless they shall have Commissions of Letters of Mart or Reprisals, or be Employed in Our Service by the before mentioned Offices respectively. And We do hereby Require the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy, the Governours of Our Forts and Castles, the Officers of Our Customs, and the Commanders or Officers of any of Our Ships, upon their Meeting With, or otherwise Observing any Ships or Vessels of Our Subjects, Wearing any Flag, Pendant, Jack or Ensign contrary hereunto, Whether at Sea or in Port, not only to Seize, or cause to be Seized forthWith such Flag, Pendant, Jack or Ensign, but also to Return the Names of the said Ships, and Vessels, together With the Names of their respective Masters or Commanders, unto the Lord High Admiral, Commissioners for Executing the Office of Lord High Admiral, or the Judge of the High Court of Admiralty for the time being, to the end that the Persons Offending may be duly Punished for the same according to Law. And We do hereby Command and Enjoyn the Judge and Judges of the High Court of Admiralty for the time being, That they make strict Enquiry, and cause all such Offenders to be duly Punished. And all Vice-Admirals, and Judges of the Vice-Admiralties are also to do the same, and Attend the due Observation hereof Within the several Ports and Places belonging to their respective Precincts. And Our further Pleasure is, That this Proclamation shall take place according to the times hereafter mentioned, Viz. For all Ships in the Chanel or British Seas, and in the North Sea, after Twelve Days from the Date of these Presents; And from the Mouth of the Chanel unto Cape St. Vincent after Six Weeks, from the Date of these Presents; And beyond the Cape, and on this side the Æquinoctial Line, as well the Ocean and Mediterranean as elsewhere, after Ten Weeks from the Date of these Presents: And beyond the Line after the Space of Eight Months from the Date hereof.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's* the Eighteenth Day of *December*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty, 1702.

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Encouraging Seamen, and Landmen to Enter themſelves on Board Her Majeſties Ships of War.

ANNE R.

4. January. 170 2/3

Whereas it is Our Royal Intention to give all due Encouragement to all ſuch Seamen and Able-Bodied Landmen, who ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, and Remain on Board Our Ships of War in Our Royal Navy, We have thought fit, by and with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Promiſe and Declare, That all ſuch Seamen, and Able-Bodied Landmen (not above the Age of Fifty five Years, and not under the Age of Sixteen Years) who on or before the Firſt Day of February next, ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves in Our Service, either with the Officers of Our Ships of War, of the Firſt, Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth or Sixth Rates, or of any of Our Fire Ships, Bomb-Veſſels or Tenders, who ſhall be in Sea-Pay by that time, or with any Juſtice of the Peace, or Vice-Admiral, to ſerve on Board any of Our ſaid Ships or Veſſels, ſhall Receive, as Our free Gift and Royal Bounty, the reſpective Rewards and Allowances following, (Viz.) Every ſuch Seaman Two Months Pay, and every ſuch Able-Bodied Landman, One Months Pay, to be Paid to them reſpectively by the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Our Navy, before the reſpective Ships, on which they ſhall be, do Proceed to Sea. And We do hereby Require and Direct, That if any ſuch Seamen, or Able-Bodied Landman, ſhall, within the time before mentioned, or within Twelve Days after, Enter himſelf with any Juſtice of the Peace, or Vice-Admiral, to ſerve on Board any of Our ſaid Ships of War, or other Veſſels before mentioned, ſuch Juſtice of the Peace, or Vice-Admiral reſpectively, ſhall give to each Man ſo Entring a Certificate under his Hand and Seal (without Fee or Reward) of his Entry, and the time of ſuch Entry, and for what Ship, and ſhall thereby limit ſuch a Number of Days as may be Neceſſary for his Repairing on Board ſuch Ship, or any other Ship, Bomb-Veſſel or Tender in Our Service, at the next Port. And We do hereby Declare, That all ſuch Seamen, and Able-Bodied Landmen, who ſhall, on or before the ſaid Firſt Day of February next enſuing, Enter themſelves, as aforeſaid, and within the time limited and appointed in ſuch Certificate, Repair on Board any of Our Ships or Tenders, ſhall be Intituled to Our Royal Bounty herein before appointed, according to their reſpective Qualifications, and not otherwiſe; And that they and alſo ſuch who ſhall ſo Enter themſelves within Twelve Days after the ſaid Firſt Day of February, ſhall be allowed Time without Moleſtation to render themſelves on Board Our Ships of War; And therefore We do hereby Require and Command all Captains Commanding any of Our Ships of War, or other Our Ships or Veſſels aforeſaid, and all other Perſons whatſoever, Authorized or Impowered to Impreſs Mariners for Our Service, That they do not Impreſs or Moleſt any ſuch Seaman or Able-Bodied Landmen, to whom ſuch Certificates, as aforeſaid ſhall be given, according to the true intent and meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation, or any Men now in Our Service, who by Tickets Signed by any One of Our Flag-Officers, have or ſhall have Leave to be Abſent from their Duty to the Firſt Day of February next, before they ſhall fail to render themſelves on Board ſuch of Our Ships, Veſſels or Tenders, on which they ſhall Enter themſelves to Serve, or to which they ſhall Belong, according to the Time limited by ſuch their Certificates or Tickets. And to the end We may be truly informed what Perſons ſhall ſo Enter and Render themſelves to Serve on Board Our Fleet in purſuance of this Our Proclamation, We do hereby Require and Command Our reſpective Captains Commanding any of Our ſaid Ships of War, or other Our Ships or Veſſels aforeſaid, and alſo all Juſtices of the Peace and Vice-Admirals within this Realm reſpectively, to tranſmit to the Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of Our Navy exact Liſts and Accounts of the Names, Ages and Deſcriptions of the Perſons who ſhall Voluntarily Enter themſelves with them, and the Time when, and Place where, and for what Ship, and of the Time which ſhall be allowed them reſpectively for Rendzing themſelves on Board, and of the Times of their reſpective Repairing on Board any of Our ſaid Ships. And We do hereby Command and Require the ſaid Seamen and Landmen to repair on Board the reſpective Ships on which they ſhall ſo Enter themſelves, or to which they ſhall Belong, within the Time limited by ſuch Certificates or Tickets, on pain of Our higheſt Diſpleaſure. And We are alſo graciouſly pleaſed to Declare, That Conduct-Money, according to the Practice of the Navy, ſhall be allowed to all ſuch Seamen and Landmen, ſo Voluntarily Entring and Rendzing themſelves on Board, according to the true meaning of this Our Royal Proclamation. And for prevention of any Deceits or Abuſes which may happen by any Perſon or Perſons Leaving the Ships to which they belong, and Entring him or themſelves on Board any other of Our Ships, as aforeſaid, in order to the Obtaining the Bounty-Money herein before Granted, We do hereby likewiſe Direct, Declare, and Command, That ſuch Seamen and Landmen belonging to any of our Ships or Veſſels whatſoever, as ſhall abſent themſelves from any of the Ships or Veſſels to which they ſhall belong, and ſhall Enter themſelves on Board any other of our Ships, in order to the Obtaining the ſaid Bounty-Money, ſhall not only loſe the Wages due to them in the Ship which they ſhall ſo leave, but alſo be ſeverely puniſhed according to their Demerits. And We do hereby further Declare, That if ſuch Men in Our Service, who are or ſhall be permitted to be Abſent by ſuch Tickets, as aforeſaid, do not repair on Board their reſpective Ships by the time allowed by ſuch Tickets, they ſhall not only be liable to be Impreſſed, but to Suffer ſuch further Puniſhment as by Law may be inflicted on them for ſuch their Neglect. And We do hereby alſo ſtrictly Charge and Command all the Captains and Officers of Our Ships, and others, who ſhall be Imployed in the Impreſſing of Men for Our Fleet, that they take particular Care not to Impreſs or Entertain any Perſons whatſoever, who ſhall not be fitly Qualified to ſerve in Our Royal Navy. And whereas it has been often found, that in time of War, great Numbers of Seamen have left the uſual Places of their Abode, and have removed themſelves into Private and Obſcure Places, endeavouring thereby to avoid the Publick Service when there is the greateſt Occaſion for them, We do hereby therefore Require and Command all Our Juſtices of the Peace, Conſtables and other Officers, that they not only give all neceſſary Aſſiſtance to Our Officers Imployed in Preſſing as aforeſaid; But that they do uſe their utmoſt Endeavours to Diſcover, Secure and Send to ſome Sea-Port Town all ſuch Seamen as ſhall ſo Abſcond, after the ſaid firſt Day of February next, in Order to their being put on Board Our Fleet, in Ours and their Countreys Service, and that of what they ſhall do therein, they from time to time ſend an Account to the Commiſſioners of Our Navy.

Given at Our Court at *St. James's* the One and Thirtieth Day of *December*, 1702. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1702.



By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Requiring all Seamen and Mariners in Her Majesties Service, forthwith to Repair to the Ships of War to which they belong.

18. January 170 2/3

ANNE R.



WHereas by the Seventeenth Article in an Act of Parliament, made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of Our late Royal Uncle King Charles the Second, [Intituled, An Act for the Establishing Articles and Orders for the Regulating and better Government of His Majesties Navies, Ships of War, and Forces at Sea] It is Enacted, That all Sea Captains, Officers or Mariners, that shall Desert the Services, or their Imployment in the said Ships, or shall Run away, or shall Entice any others so to do, shall be Punished with Death; notwithstanding which it hath been Represented unto Us by the Captains of Our Ships of War, which are come into Port to Clean and Refit, That great Numbers of Our Seamen, belonging to Our said Ships, do daily Absent themselves and Desert Our Service therein, whereby several of Our Ships of War are Disabled from Sailing, which is to the great Prejudice of Our Service, and thereby the Trade of Our Subjects is like to be Exposed to great Hazards, for Want of Cruizers to Protect them from the Enemies Ships of War and Privateers: We have therefore thought fit, With the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish this Our Royal Proclamation; And We do hereby Require and Command all and singular Seamen, and Mariners, and Seafaring Men, belonging to any of Our Ships of War, and Absenting themselves from the same, Without the Leave of their Captains, That they and every of them, do forthwith, upon the Publishing of this Our Proclamation, Repair on Board such of Our respective Ships and Vessels, unto which they respectively do belong, in Case they shall be near the same, When they shall first have Notice of this Our Command, otherwise that they do forthWith Render themselves on Board any of Our Ships or Vessels, at the next Port or Place in or near which they shall then be, in Order to be Conveyed to the respective Ships to which they properly do belong: For Which Purpose We do hereby Require the respective Captains of Our Ships of War, to Receive and Victual all such Men belonging to other Our Ships, and to Return them to their proper Ships, so soon as conveniently the same may be done; And that they do also take Care to hold Correspondence With the Captains of such Ships, Whose Men shall so Repair on Board them, by letting them know the Names of the said Men, and the exact time of their Repairing respectively on Board; And that they do Transmit to the Principal Officers and Commissioners of Our Navy perfect Lists of the Names of the said Men, to what Ships they do belong, and the respective times of their coming on Board, as aforesaid; And that they do likewise Transmit to the Secretaries of Our most Dear Consort, Our Lord High Admiral, Accounts from time to time of What Numbers of Men they shall have belonging to other Ships, that Necessary Care may be taken to Convey them to the Ships to which they respectively belong, as soon as may be. And We do hereby Declare, That as We are desirous to give all due Encouragement to such Seamen and Mariners Imployed in Our Service, as shall be found doing their Duty in their several Stations and Imployments, so We are resolved to proceed With the utmost Severity of Law against all such as shall Disobey this Our Royal Proclamation; And therefore We are hereby graciously Pleased to Declare, That such Seamen who have Absented themselves from any of Our Ships, and shall render themselves on Board the same, or any other of Our Ships of War, on Notice of this Our Proclamation, according to Our Commands herein, shall not be Prosecuted for such their Absenting Our Service: But that all such Deserters, who shall not before the First Day of February render themselves on Board some of Our Ships of War, or who shall hereafter Absent themselves from Our Service, Without the Leave of their respective Captains, shall be Prosecuted at a Court Martial With the utmost Severity, according to the said Act of Parliament; and being found Guilty of Deserting, at this time, When their Countrey so much wants their Service, they shall be Uncapable of Our Royal Mercy, and shall suffer Death according to Law.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Fifteenth Day of *January*, 1702. and in the First Year of Our Reign.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCII.

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Commanding all Seamen and Soldiers belonging to the Marine Regiments, and other Regiments, to Render themſelves into Her Majeſties Service.

4. Febr. 170 2/3.

A N N E R.



Whereas it hath been Repreſented unto Us, That great Numbers of Our Seamen and Soldiers belonging to the Marine Regiments, ſerving on Board Our Ships of War, and other Our Regiments ſerving on Land, have Deſerted Our Service in the ſaid Regiments; We have therefore thought fit, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publiſh this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby Require and Command all and ſingular Seamen and Soldiers belonging to any of Our Marine Regiments, That they and every of them, before the Firſt day of March next enſuing, do Render themſelves on Board ſome or one of Our Ships of War, in Order to ſerve Us on Board Our Fleet in the Marine Regiments to which they do reſpectively belong. For which Purpoſe We do hereby Require the reſpective Captains of Our Ships of War, to Receive and Victual them till further Order; and that they do Tranſmit to the Secretary of Our moſt Dear Conſort, Our Lord High Admiral, Accounts from time to time of the Men that ſhall ſo Render themſelves, and of the Marine Regiments to which they ſhall belong reſpectively. And We do hereby further Require all other Soldiers belonging to any other of Our Regiments, ſerving on Land in England or beyond the Seas, That they do, before the ſaid Firſt day of March next, Render themſelves to any Officer of the reſpective Regiments to which they belong, or to Our Provoſt Marſhal General in London. And We are hereby Graciouſly pleaſed to Declare, That ſuch Seamen and Soldiers belonging to Our Marine Regiments, or other Our Regiments aforeſaid, who have Deſerted Our Service, and ſhall Render themſelves in manner aforeſaid, before the ſaid Firſt day of March, ſhall not be Proſecuted before a Court Martial as by Law they may be, but ſhall have Our Royal Pardon for ſuch their Deſertion. And We further Declare, That all ſuch Deſerters who ſhall not, before the ſaid Firſt day of March, Render themſelves according to Our Royal Commands herein before expreſſed, or who ſhall hereafter Deſert Our Service, ſhall be Proſecuted at a Court Martial with the utmoſt Severity according to Law; And being found Guilty of Deſerting, they ſhall be uncapable of Our Royal Mercy, and ſhall ſuffer Death according to Law.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Firſt Day of *February*, 1702. and in the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd; Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCCII.



ANNEX

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Seizing and Apprehending Captain *Coſhart*, and *La Touche*.

5. Febr. 170 2/3.

ANNE R.

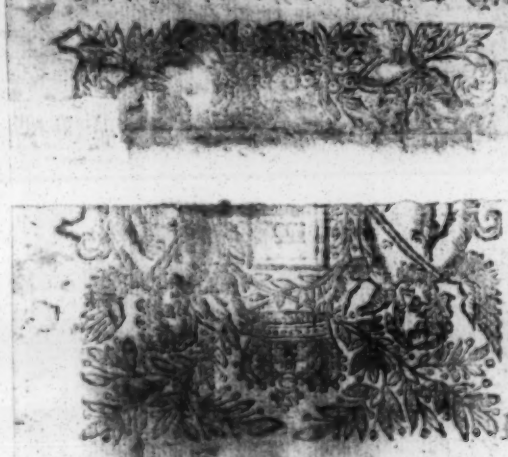
WHereas Captain Coſhart, and La Touche, Subjects of the French King, now in open War with Us, were lately Taken and made Priſoners of War, and as ſuch, were detained in Our Town of Southampton, but have made their Eſcape out of Priſon; We have therefore thought fit, by the Advice of Our Priby Council, to Iſſue this Our Royal Proclamation; and do hereby Require and Command all Our Loving Subjects whatſoever, to Diſcover, Take and Seize the ſaid Captain Coſhart, and La Touche, wherefoever they may be found; and them ſo Taken and Seized, to Carry or cauſe to be Brought before One of Our Juſtices of the Peace, or the Chief Magiſtrate of any of Our Cities or Towns Corporate, whom We hereby Require to Commit them to the next Goal, there to remain as Priſoners of War. And We do hereby Require ſuch Juſtice, or Chief Magiſtrate, immediately to give Notice thereof to One of Our Principal Secretaries of State. And We do hereby Promiſe, That whoſoever ſhall ſo Diſcover and Apprehend the ſaid Captain Coſhart, and La Touche, or either of them, ſhall have and Receive as a Reward for each of the ſaid Perſons ſo Apprehended, the Sum of Two hundred Pounds. And We do hereby Authorize and Require Our Lord High Treaſurer of England to make Payment thereof accordingly. And We do hereby Publiſh and Declare, That if any Perſon or Perſons whatſoever, after this Our Royal Proclamation, ſhall Directly or Indirectly Harbour, Retain, Keep, Succour or Maintain the ſaid Captain Coſhart, and La Touche, or either of them, or ſhall Aid or Aſſiſt them in any manner, whereby they, or either of them, may avoid being Taken or Arreſted, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall be Proſecuted with the utmoſt Severity of Law, as Traytors, for Adhering to Our Enemies. And We do hereby Declare, That if any Perſon or Perſons, other than Thomas Jackſon the Marſhal of the Priſoners of War at Southampton, who have been, or ſhall be any way Aiding or Aſſiſting to the ſaid Captain Coſhart, and La Touche, or either of them, before Notice of this Our Royal Proclamation, ſhall Seize and Retake them, or either of them, ſo that he or they be brought before ſome Juſtice of the Peace, or Chief Magiſtrate, as aforeſaid, ſuch Perſon or Perſons ſhall not only have Our Gracious Pardon for ſuch Offence, but ſhall have and Receive the Reward hereby Promiſed, as aforeſaid.

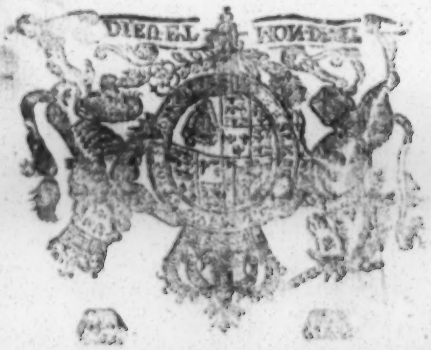
Given at Our Court at St. *James's*, the Firſt Day of *February*, 1702. In the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

LONDON,

Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. 1702.




DIEU ET MON DROIT

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

For Diſcovering and Apprehending the Murderers of *William Harriſon* and *Edward Simmonds*.

9. Febr. 170 2/3.

ANNE R.

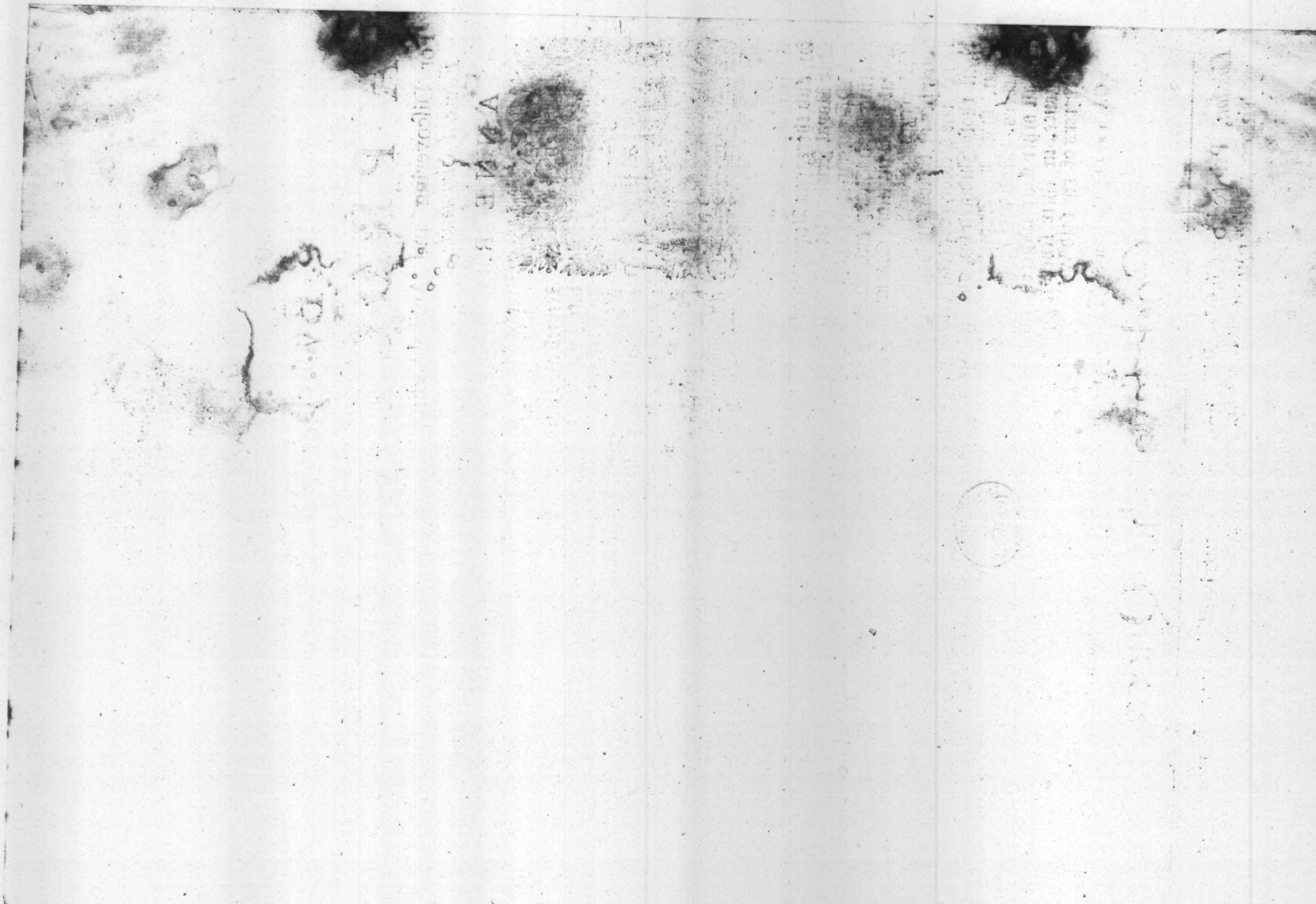


Whereas ſeveral of the Inhabitants of the Town of Hillingdon and Uxbridge in Our County of Middleſex, have by their Petition humbly Repreſented unto Us, That William Harriſon and Edward Simmonds were lately Barbarouſly Murdered, as Travelling betwæn the ſaid Towns, by Perſons not yet diſcovered; and that there is great reaſon to ſuſpect the ſaid Murders were Committed by Perſons Reſiding near the ſaid Towns, and have humbly beſought Us, That for the Diſcovering the ſaid Murderers, We would be Graciouſly Pleaſed to give Our Royal Pardon to ſuch Perſon who ſhall firſt make a Diſcovery of the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Barbarous Facts: And whereas William Perkins, Thomas Gowlet, Richard Eales and William Johnſon, have bæn Indicted for, and thereupon Acquitted of the Murder of the ſaid William Harriſon, and the ſaid Richard Eales, Thomas Gowlet, William Johnſon, William Perkins, and Mary his Wife, and Dorcas Gowlet Widow, have bæn Indicted for, and thereupon Acquitted of the Robbery and Murder of the ſaid Edward Simmonds, We out of Our Royal Inclination to Juſtice, and to the intent that ſuch Horrid and Deteſtable Murders and Offences may be Diſcovered and Puniſhed, whereby all others may be deterred from Committing ſuch Bloody and Wicked Crimes, do, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, by this Our Royal Proclamation, Graciouſly Promiſe, That if any one of the Murderers of the ſaid William Harriſon and Edward Simmonds, or either of them, other than ſuch Perſon or Perſons who actually with his or their own Hands Committed the ſaid Murder, or either of them, ſhall Diſcover the reſt of the Perſons concerned in the ſaid Murders, or either of them, (being other Perſons than thoſe Indicted for, and Acquitted of the ſame) whereby the ſaid Murderers, or any of them, ſhall be Apprehended, ſuch Diſcoverer ſhall have Our Royal Pardon of the ſaid Murders. And We do hereby ſtrictly Charge and Command all Our Juſtices of the Peace, and all other Our Officers, and other Our Loving Subjects, That they do uſe their utmoſt Diligence, in their ſeveral Places and Capacities, to Find out, Diſcover and Proſecute the Murderers of the ſaid William Harriſon and Edward Simmonds.

Given at Our Court at St. *James*'s the Fourth Day of *February*, 1702. and in the Firſt Year of Our Reign.

God ſave the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens moſt Excellent Majeſty. MDCCII.



257

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION,

Declaring Her Majesties Pleasure for the Distribution of Prize Goods taken at *Vigo*.

22. Febr. 170 2/3

ANNE R.

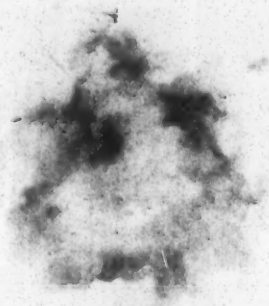


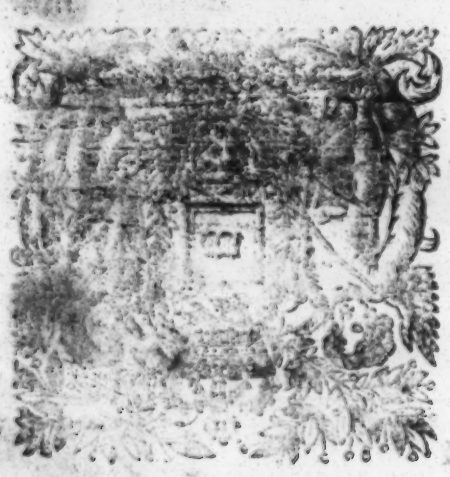
Whereas it hath been Represented unto Us, That part of the Goods taken at Vigo, in the Ships of Our Enemies, by Our Men of War, have been Condemned and Adjudged as Lawful Prize, and Sold to the best Advantage, and the Produce thereof remains to be Disposed of: We do by this Our Royal Proclamation, by the Advice of Our Privy Council, Declare, That We have given Direction to Our Commissioners for Prizes, That, after Satisfying the Duties and Customs Payable to Us, according to Our Declaration of the First of June last, For the Encouragement of Our Ships of War and Privateers, and the Legal and Necessary Expences thereupon, they forthwith Distribute and Pay One half of the Neat Proceed thereof to the Flag-Officers, Captains, Officers, and Company of Our Ships Engaged, or Assisting in, or Present at the Taking of the same, in such manner as in and by Our said Declaration of the First of June last is Directed. And We are farther hereby Graciously Pleased to Declare, That Our Royal Intention is, That One half of all the Neat Proceed of all the rest of the Effects taken out of Our Enemies Ships at Vigo, shall be Paid and Distributed among all the Officers and Seamen Engaged in, or Assisting, or Present at the Taking of the same: And We have accordingly given Direction to Our Commissioners of the Prizes, for Paying and Distributing the same according to Our said Declaration; And that in the Distribution thereof, they take particular Care, That the Common Seamen have their just Proportions, according to Our said Declaration. And We do hereby Require all the Commanders of Our Men of War, That they cause this Our Royal Proclamation to be Read Publickly, and Affixed up in every of Our Ships of War, to the Intent that all the Officers and Seamen in Our Service, that are concerned, may have Notice of Our Royal Intentions herein, and may Authorize Persons on their Behalf to Receive their Shares of the said Prizes.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Eighteenth Day of *February*, 1702. and in the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queens most Excellent Majesty. MDCCII.





258
2 25

By the Queen,

A PROCLAMATION.

ANNE R.

Requiring all Seamen & Soldiers belonging to ye marine Regimts to render ymselves on board by ye 10th of April next, or penalty of being prosecuted for desertors. 27 Febr. 170 2/3



WHereas by Our Royal Proclamation, dated the Fifteenth day of January last, We did Require and Command all Seamen, Mariners, and Seafaring-Men, belonging to any of Our Ships of War, and Absenting themselves from the same, without the Leave of their Captains, forthwith, on the Publishing of Our said Proclamation, or at farthest before the First day of this Instant February, to render themselves into Our Service: And by Our Royal Proclamation, dated the First day of February Instant, We did Require and Command all Seamen and Soldiers belonging to any of Our Marine Regiments, and Absenting themselves from the same, to render themselves on Board Our Fleet, in Our Service, before the First day of March next; in Obedience to which, several Seamen and Soldiers, who had Deserted Our Service, have rendred themselves on Board Our Fleet, and are Intituled thereby to Our Royal Pardon for their Desertions, according to Our Promises in Our said Proclamation. And whereas William Gray, who was a Seaman belonging to the Ipswich, one of Our Ships of War, and had Deserted Our Service therein, and Absconded, hath been Seized by Our Officers, and Proceeded against, and Condemned to Die, at a Court Martial holden at Spithead, for such his Desertion, according to the Seventeenth Article of an Act of Parliament made in the Thirteenth Year of the Reign of Our late Royal Brother King Charles the Second, [Intituled, An Act for the Establishing Articles and Orders for the Regulating and better Government of His Majesties Navies, Ships of War, and Forces at Sea,] whereby it is Enacted, That all Sea Captains, Officers or Mariners that shall Desert the Services, or their Imployment in the said Ships, or shall Run away, or shall Entice any others so to do, shall be Punished with Death. And whereas Our Dearest Consort Prince George of Denmark, Our Lord High Admiral of England, hath Requested Us, That We would be Graciously Pleased to Pardon the said William Gray, and Allow till the Tenth of April next for such Seamen belonging to Our Ships of War, or Soldiers belonging to Our Marine Regiments, who have Deserted Our Service, and have not yet returned, to Render themselves into Our Service, which We have Graciously Condescended unto, that We may give a farther Opportunity to such Deserters to Return to their Duty: We have therefore thought fit, with the Advice of Our Privy Council, to Publish this Our Royal Proclamation, and We do hereby Require and Command all Seamen, Mariners and Seafaring Men, belonging to any of Our Ships of War, and all Seamen and Soldiers belonging to any of Our Marine Regiments, and Absenting themselves from the same, that they and every of them, before the said Tenth day of April next, Repair on Board such of Our respective Ships and Vessels to which they do respectively belong, or some other of Our Ships of War, where they shall be Victualled, and otherwise Provided for, in such manner, and such Notice thereof shall be given, as is Required and Directed by Our said Proclamation of the said Fifteenth day of January last. And We do hereby Graciously Pleased to Declare, That such Seamen and Soldiers who have so Absented themselves from any of Our Ships, and shall Render themselves on Board the same, or any other of Our Ships of War, before the said Tenth day of April next, according to Our Commands herein, shall not be Prosecuted for their Absenting Our Service; But that all such Deserters, who shall not before the said Tenth day of April next, Render themselves on Board any of Our Ships of War, or shall hereafter Absent themselves from Our Service, shall be Prosecuted at a Court Martial for the same, according to the said Act of Parliament, and being found Guilty of Deserting, as aforesaid, shall suffer Death according to Law.

Given at Our Court at St. *James's* the Twenty fifth Day of *February*, 1702. In the First Year of Our Reign.

God save the Queen.

London, Printed by *Charles Bill*, and the Executrix of *Thomas Newcomb*, deceas'd, Printers to the Queen's most Excellent Majesty. 1702.

